

report summarizing the workshop. EPA will address the comments of the peer reviewers in finalizing the Toxicological Review document for perchlorate and adopting the revised perchlorate RfD. The RfD will be utilized in performing risk assessments of perchlorate contamination in the environment. Although such risk assessments will be one of the factors considered in making future decisions regarding perchlorate contamination, these decisions and other risk management issues will not be a part of the peer review process.

Dated: January 7, 1999.

**Timothy Fields, Jr.,**

*Acting Assistant Administrator, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response.*

[FR Doc. 99-890 Filed 1-13-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### Public Information Collections Approved by Office of Management and Budget

January 7, 1999.

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has received Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for the following public information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. For further information contact Shoko B. Hair, Federal Communications Commission, (202) 418-1379.

#### Federal Communications Commission

*OMB Control No.:* 3060-0875.

*Expiration Date:* 06/30/99.

*Title:* Long-Term Portability Cost Classification Proceeding, CC Docket No. 95-116, MO&O, RM 8535 and Telephone Number Portability, CC Docket No. 95-116, 3rd R&O.

*Form No.:* N/A.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit;

*Estimated Annual Burden:* 67 respondents; 85.5 hours per response (avg.); 5729 total annual burden hours for all collections.

*Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Cost Burden:* \$0.

*Frequency of Response:* On occasion.

*Description:* In the *Third Report and Order*, the Commission implements, for long-term number portability costs, the statutory requirement that all telecommunications carriers bear the

costs of number portability on a competitively neutral basis, as set forth in Section 251(e)(2) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996. In the *Third Report and Order*, the Commission determined that all carriers would bear and recover their own carrier-specific costs directly related to providing number portability. For incumbent local exchange carriers (LECs) that wish to recover their carrier-specific costs directly related to providing long-term number portability, the *Third Report and Order* requires them to use a federally tariffed, monthly number-portability charge that will apply to end users for no longer than five years. In addition, the *Third Report and Order* delegated authority to the Common Carrier Bureau to determine appropriate methods for apportioning joint costs among portability and nonportability services, and to issue any orders to provide guidance for incumbent LECs before they file their tariffs and cost support. The Common Carrier Bureau's *Cost Classification Order* requires incumbent LECs to include many details in their cost support that are unique to the number portability proceeding. For instance, incumbent LECs must demonstrate that any incremental overhead costs claimed in their cost support are actually new costs incremental to and resulting from the provision of long-term number portability. The incumbent LECs' end-user charge will begin no earlier than February 1, 1999. To obtain an effective date for their end-user charges of February 1, 1999, incumbent LECs may file their tariffs and cost support information by January 15, 1999. Incumbent LECs that want to recover their carrier-specific costs directly related to providing long-term number portability from their end users will file federal end-user charge tariffs and cost support with the Commission. As part of the tariff proceeding, the Commission will collect detailed information on the incumbent LECs' cost support for the tariffs. The Commission will use this information to ensure that the end-user charge recovers the incumbent LECs' costs of implementing and providing number portability in a competitively neutral manner. Incumbent LECs will file the tariffs and cost support for their end-user charge electronically. The Commission has established a program of mandatory electronic filing of tariffs and associated documents by LECs. These carriers must file tariffs and associated documents electronically in accordance with the requirements established by the Bureau. Obligation to

respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits.

*OMB Control No.:* 3060-0877.

*Expiration Date:* 07/31/99.

*Title:* 1999 Central Office Code Utilization Survey (COCUS).

*Form No.:* N/A.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit;

*Estimated Annual Burden:* 2900 respondents; 9 hours per response (avg.); 26,100 total annual burden hours for all collections.

*Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Cost Burden:* \$0.

*Frequency of Response:* On occasion.

*Description:* In the past, the administration of the telecommunications numbering resource in the United States was performed by AT&T, and later by Bellcore. The Telecommunications Act of 1996 gave the Commission exclusive jurisdiction over those portions of the North American Numbering Plan (NANP) which pertain to the United States. The Act also provided that the Commission could delegate this jurisdiction to states or other entities. The Commission has, in fact, delegated the administration of the NANP to a neutral administrator, Lockheed Martin IMS. Historically, the administrator collected data regarding the use of the telecommunications numbering resource through a form called the Central Office Code Utilization Survey (COCUS). Lockheed Martin IMS is planning to send out the first COCUS since it assumed its duties as the NANP administrator. The North American Numbering Plan (NANP) is currently experiencing an unprecedented amount of growth of area codes. Adding area codes imposes costs not only on the telecommunications industry, but also on consumers. The proposed COCUS seeks information not only on the number of central office codes assigned to carriers, but also on the amount of individual numbers assigned to consumers from the central office codes. This information will assist the Commission in determining methods to help alleviate some of the costs associated with the addition of new area codes. **Authority:** 47 U.S.C. 251(e)(1). The increasing strain on the NANP, as evidenced through the rapid increase in the rate of introduction of new area codes, requires that the Commission take an active role in seeking solutions to slow the rate of number exhaust. The information collected will be used to better inform the Commission of the scope of the number exhaust problem, and which solutions may provide the greatest impact in different areas of the

country. Obligation to respond: Voluntary. Public reporting burden for the collections of information is as noted above. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of the collections of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden to Performance Evaluation and Records Management, Washington, DC 20554.

Federal Communications Commission.

**Magalie Roman Salas,**  
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-836 Filed 1-13-99; 8:45 am]

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**FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

**Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies**

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the

nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act. Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than February 8, 1999.

**A. Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland** (Paul Kaboth, Banking Supervisor) 1455 East Sixth Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44101-2566:

1. *LCNB Corp.*, Lebanon, Ohio; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Lebanon Citizens National Bank, Lebanon, Ohio.

**B. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City** (D. Michael Manies, Assistant Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198-0001:

1. *Nationwide Bancshares, Inc.*, West Point, Nebraska; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of FNB Insurance Agency, Walthill, Nebraska, and thereby indirectly acquire First National Bank, Walthill, Nebraska.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, January 11, 1999.

**Robert deV. Frierson,**  
*Associate Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 98-880 Filed 1-13-98; 8:45 am]

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**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**

[30 DAY-06-99]

**Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review**

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of

information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639-7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer; Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235; Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

**Proposed Projects**

1. Multi-Center Cohort Study to Assess the Risk and Consequences of Hepatitis C Virus Transmission from Mother to Infant (0920-0344)—Extension—The National Center for Infectious Diseases—The purpose of the study is to determine the incidence of vertical hepatitis C virus (HCV) transmission, to assess risk factors for vertical HCV transmission, to assess the clinical course of disease among infants with HCV infection, and to assess diagnostic methods for detecting HCV infection in infants. Respondents for the study will be anti-HCV positive mothers. We are requesting an extension to complete data collection for this study. The respondents will be remunerated for travel costs; provided well-child visits and free vaccinations for infants enrolled in the study; and, provided anti-HCV testing to all family members free of charge. The total annual burden hours are 53.

Respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses/respondent	Avg. burden/response (in hrs.)
Mothers .....	Form G .....	300	8	0.10

Note: The annualized response burden is estimated to be 240 hours/4.5 years= 53 hours.

2. Requirement for a Special Permit to Import *Cynomolgus*—African Green or Rhesus Monkeys—(0920-0263)—Extension—National Center for Infectious Disease (NCID) Division of Quarantine—A registered importer nonhuman primates must submit to the Director, CDC, a written plan which specifies the steps that will be taken to prevent exposure of persons and

animals during the entire importation and quarantine process for the arriving nonhuman primates. Under the special permit arrangement, registered importers must submit a plan to CDC for the importation and quarantine if they wish to import the specific monkeys covered. The plan must address disease prevention procedures to be carried out in every step of the chain of custody of

such monkeys, from embarkation in the country of origin to release from quarantine. Information such as species, origin and intended use for monkeys, transit information, isolation and quarantine procedures, and procedures for testing of quarantined animals is necessary for CDC to make public health decisions. This information enables CDC to evaluate compliance with the