

remains were transferred to the University of Pennsylvania Museum. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Based on accession information, this individual has been determined to be Native American. Based on the original accession information from the Academy of Natural Sciences, this individual has been determined to be S'Klallam. The northwestern region of Puget Sound, which extends to the Dungeness River mouth, incorporates the traditional territory of the Port Gamble S'Klallam Reservation. Geographical and historical evidence provided by representatives of the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe indicates cultural affiliation between these human remains and the present-day Port Gamble S'Klallam Indian Community of the Port Gamble Reservation.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the University of Pennsylvania Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the University of Pennsylvania Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Port Gamble Indian Community of the Port Gamble Reservation, and the Lower Elwha Tribal Community of the Lower Elwha Reservation.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Port Gamble Indian Community of the Port Gamble Reservation, and the Lower Elwha Tribal Community of the Lower Elwha Reservation. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains should contact Dr. Jeremy Sabloff, the Williams Director, University of Pennsylvania Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology, 33rd and Spruce Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19104-6324; telephone: (215) 898-4051, fax: (215) 898-0657, before [thirty days after publication in the **Federal Register**]. Repatriation of the human remains to the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe, the Port Gamble Indian Community of the Port Gamble Reservation, and the Lower Elwha Tribal Community of the Lower Elwha

Reservation may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: September 25, 1998.

**Francis P. McManamon**,  
*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,  
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography  
Program.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

#### **Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects from Munnsville, NY in the Possession of the University of Pennsylvania Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA**

**AGENCY:** National Park Service

**ACTION:** Notice

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects from Munnsville, NY in the possession of the University of Pennsylvania Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by University of Pennsylvania Museum professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Oneida Indian Nation of New York and the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin.

In 1944, human remains representing two individuals were removed from the Ellenwood site, Munnsville, NY by Mr. (Elton?) Lake. In 1944, these human remains were donated to the University of Pennsylvania Museum by George Roberts of Sharon Hill, PA. No known individuals were identified. The four associated funerary objects include three iron fragments and mirror glass.

Based on accession information and associated funerary objects, these individuals have been determined to be Native American from the early historic period. Based on historic documents, the Ellenwood site has been identified as an Oneida village and cemetery occupied during the 17th century. Representatives of the Oneida Indian Nation of New York have presented geographical and historical evidence during consultation indicating cultural affiliation with the Ellenwood site.

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the University of Pennsylvania Museum have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the University of Pennsylvania Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2), the four objects listed above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony. Officials of the University of Pennsylvania Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Oneida Indian Nation of New York and the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Oneida Indian Nation of New York and the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Dr. Jeremy Sabloff, the Williams Director, University of Pennsylvania Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology, 33rd and Spruce Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19104-6324; telephone: (215) 898-4051, fax: (215) 898-0657 before November 2, 1998. Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Oneida Indian Nation of New York and the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: September 25, 1998.

**Francis P. McManamon**,  
*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,  
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography  
Program.*

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## INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731-TA-25 (Review)]

### **Anhydrous Sodium Metasilicate From France; Institution of a Five-Year Review Concerning the Antidumping Duty Order on Anhydrous Sodium Metasilicate From France**

**SUMMARY:** The Commission hereby gives notice that it has instituted a review pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff