

application for authorization pursuant to Section 7 of the NGA.

**Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,**

*Acting Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 98-15790 Filed 6-12-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP98-587-000]

#### Questar Pipeline Company; Notice of Application

June 9, 1998.

Take notice that on June 2, 1998, Questar Pipeline Company (Questar), 180 East 100 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111, filed in Docket No. CP98-587-000 an application pursuant to Sections 7(c) and 7(b) of the Natural Gas Act to construct and abandon portions of its Main Line 40 facilities in Uintah County, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Specifically, Questar proposes to: (1) abandon approximately 929 feet of 20-inch pipeline, representing a portion of its Main Line 40, that is suspended immediately adjacent to the Glen Bench Road bridge; (2) relocate, replace, and bury approximately 846 feet of existing 20-inch pipeline at the White River crossing; and (3) install parallel to the relocated pipeline within the same Main Line 40 right of way, an additional 988 feet of 20-inch pipeline for use as part of an anticipated future project to loop the entire length of the Main Line 40. Questar indicates that the buried river crossing will be installed and tied into the existing Main Line 40 at an approximate cost of \$150,000, and that the proposed parallel pipeline segment will be installed at an approximate cost of \$150,000. It is indicated that the costs will be financed from funds on hand.

Questar explains that the replacement is required in anticipation of improvements that may be made to the existing Glen Bench Road Bridge by the Uintah County Special Service District and the Bureau of Indian Affairs involving the Uintah and Ouray Reservations. Questar indicates that the primary purpose of its proposal is to alleviate safety concerns with respect to future improvements to the bridge. Questar also states that it will bury the new pipeline to the east of the bridge. It is also indicated that 112 feet of the total length of the proposed pipeline will be buried under the White River

using open-cut pipeline trenching techniques.

With respect to the proposed parallel line, Questar explains that concurrent installation of the loop line within the same right of way will significantly minimize environmental impacts and construction costs that will be incurred if the segment of pipeline loop were installed at a later date. Questar also explains that the segment of pipeline loop will be capped on both ends and reserved for future use until the entire looping of Main Line 40 is accomplished. Questar also states that the costs associated with the pipeline loop will be maintained in Account 105 (Gas Plant Held for future use) until such time as the entire looping project is authorized and constructed and inclusion of the costs in rate base is approved in a future rate proceeding.

Questar requests that the requested authorization be issued prior to July 15, 1998, so that the construction may commence during a limited construction window stipulated by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service requiring all construction to be completed by August 15, 1998. It is indicated that the construction window is required because of the migration patterns of two endangered species, the Colorado Squawfish and the Razorback Sucker.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before June 19, 1998, file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a motion to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.214 or 385.211) and the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to take but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a motion to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by Sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission or its designee on this application if no motion to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the

certificate and permission for abandonment are required by the public convenience and necessity. If a motion for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Questar to appear or be represented at the hearing.

**Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,**

*Acting Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 98-15792 Filed 6-12-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. CP96-159-000, et al. and CP97-172-000]

#### Shell Gas Pipeline Company; Notice of Corporate Name Change

June 9, 1998.

Take notice that on June 4, 1998, Shell Gas Pipeline Company (SGPC) tendered for filing in the above-captioned dockets a notice concerning a change in its corporate name.

SGPC informs the Commission that effective May 15, 1998, the name of Shell Gas Pipeline Company has been changed to Mississippi Canyon Gas Pipeline, LLC. SGPC requests that the Commission modify its records in the above-docketed proceedings, including the certificates granted to SGPC, to reflect the new name. SGPC states that its corporate name change is a change in name only and does not reflect any substantive change in beneficial ownership or operation.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest this filing should file a motion to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Sections 385.211 and 385.214 of the Commission's rules and Regulations. All such motions must be filed on or before June 19, 1998, as provided in Section 154.210 of the Commission's regulations. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of the filing are on file with the Commission and are available