

This proposal does not request any new authority under FTZ procedures in terms of products or components, but it does involve a potential increase in the facility's level of production under FTZ procedures. NASI will operate the proposed sites as an integral part of Subzone 124B.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is July 27, 1998. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to August 11, 1998).

A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

Office of the Port Director, U.S. Customs Service, 110 North Airline Avenue, Gramercy, LA 70052

Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 3716, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th & Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230

Dated: May 20, 1998.

Dennis Puccinelli,

Acting Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98-14153 Filed 5-27-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 981]

Expansion of Foreign-Trade Zone 33; Pittsburgh, PA

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, an application from the Regional Industrial Development Corporation of Southwestern Pennsylvania, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 33, for authority to expand FTZ 33-Site 1 and Site 2 and to include two new sites in Pittsburgh and Leetsdale, Pennsylvania, within the Pittsburgh Customs port of entry area, was filed by the Board on November 17, 1997 (FTZ Docket 79-97, 62 FR 63315, 11/28/97);

Whereas, notice inviting public comment was given in **Federal Register**

and the application has been processed pursuant to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations; and,

Whereas, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations are satisfied, and that the proposal is in the public interest;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby orders:

The application to expand FTZ 33 is approved, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including Section 400.28, and subject to the standard 2,000-acre activation limit for the overall zone project.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 14th day of May 1998.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

Attest:

Dennis Puccinelli,

Acting Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 98-14152 Filed 5-27-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-122-823]

Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From Canada; Initiation of Anticircumvention Inquiry on Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of initiation of anticircumvention inquiry; cut-to-length carbon steel plate from Canada.

SUMMARY: In response to a request from Kentucky Electric Steel Company (Kentucky Steel), the Department of Commerce (the Department) is initiating an anticircumvention inquiry to determine whether imports of boron-added grader blade and draft key steel, falling within the physical dimensions outlined in the scope of the order, are circumventing the antidumping duty order on cut-to-length carbon steel plate from Canada (58 FR 44162, August 19, 1993).

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 28, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gideon Katz, Eric Scheier, or Maureen Flannery, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW,

Washington, DC, 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4733.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise stated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise stated, all citations to the Department's regulations are references to the regulations as codified at 62 FR 27296 (May 19, 1997).

Background

On March 14, 1997, the Department initiated a scope inquiry to determine whether certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate used to make grader blades and draft keys ("grader blade" and "draft key" steel) that contain small amounts of boron (approximately 0.0016 percent by weight) fall within the scope of the order on certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate from Canada. The Department gave interested parties the opportunity to provide comments pursuant to 19 CFR § 353.29(i) and 19 CFR 353.29(g).

On January 16, 1998, the Department issued a ruling, based on 19 CFR § 353.29(i), that boron-added grader blade and draft key steel falls outside the scope of the order. The Department concluded that, because the petition relied on the HTS definition of carbon steel, which excluded other-alloy steel (i.e. steel containing more than 0.0008 percent boron), and because the petition equated the term 'carbon steel' with the HTS term 'non-alloy steel', variants of grader blade and draft key steel which contain at least 0.0008 percent boron by weight fell outside the scope of the order. Specifically, the HTSUS defines the term "steel" as certain "ferrous materials * * * usually malleable and which contain by weight two percent or less of carbon. * * *" and defines the term "non-alloy" steel as steel *other than A*) "stainless steel", i.e. alloy steel containing, by weight, 1.2 percent or less of carbon and 10.5 percent or more of chromium or B) "other alloy steel, i.e. steel * * * containing by weight 0.3 percent or more of aluminum or 0.0008 percent or more of boron. See HTSUS, Chapter 72, Note 1(d) and (f).

The Department also solicited comments from interested parties concerning the possible applicability of the "minor alterations" provision pursuant to 19 CFR 353.29(g) (now codified as § 351.225(i), see 62 FR 27296, 27404 (May 19, 1997)).