

Background

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Current FEMA regulations at 44 CFR 206.206 and 206.440 provide for a three-stage appellate process, with appeals directed to the Regional Director, the Associate Director, and to the Director.

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(b) On page 17111, in the first column, § 206.206(e)(2) is corrected to read as follows:

§ 206.206 Appeals

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(e) * * *

(2) Appeals pending from a decision of an Associate Director/Executive Associate Director before May 8, 1998 may be appealed to the Director in accordance with 44 CFR 206.206 as it existed before May 8, 1998 (44 CFR, revised as of October 1, 1997).

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Dated: April 28, 1998.

James L. Witt,

Director.

[FR Doc. 98-12007 Filed 5-5-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6718-02-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**47 CFR Part 73**

[MM Docket Nos. 94-76, 94-77, and 95-51, RMS-8470, 8477, 8523, 8524, and 8591]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Chester, Shasta Lake City, Alturas, McCloud, Weaverville, and Shingletown, California.

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; petition for reconsideration.

SUMMARY: The Commission denied the petitions for reconsideration, filed by JAYNE sawyer d/b/a m. JAYNE enterprises of the *Report and Order* in MM Dockets No. 94-76 and 94-77, 61 FR 24242, published May 14, 1996, and of the *Report and Order* in MM Docket 95-51, 61 FR 40746, published August 6, 1996. It also affirms both *Report and Orders* and their respective allotting of FM channels to six California communities, which accommodated all requests for FM channels made by each of the petitioners for rule making. With this action, the proceeding is terminated.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 6, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: J. Bertron Withers, Jr., Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418-2180.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's *Memorandum Opinion and Order*, MM Docket Nos. 94-76, 94-77, and 95-51, adopted April 15, 1998 and released April 24, 1998. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in Commission's Reference Center (Room 239), 1919 M Street, NW., Washington, DC 20554. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Services, 1231 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission.

Charles W. Logan,

Chief, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau.

[FR Doc. 98-11950 Filed 5-5-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-F

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration****50 CFR Parts 600 and 660**

[Docket No. 971229312-7312-01; I.D. 042398C]

Fisheries off West Coast States and in the Western Pacific; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Trip Limit Increases

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Fishing restrictions; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces changes to the restrictions to the Pacific Coast groundfish limited entry and open access fisheries for widow rockfish, yellowtail rockfish, Dover sole, thornyheads, and sablefish (taken with trawl or fixed gear); and in the open access fishery for bocaccio taken with hook-and-line or pot gear, and for thornyheads caught in the pink shrimp trawl fishery. These restrictions are intended to extend the fisheries as long as possible during the year and to keep landings within the 1998 harvest guidelines (HGs) and allocations for these species. This document also corrects an error in the annual specifications and management measures for the Pacific Coast fishery published January 6, 1998.

DATES: Effective 0001 hours local time (l.t.) May 1, 1998, except for the trip limit for vessels operating in the "B" platoon, which will become effective at 0001 hours l.t. May 16, 1998. Effective at 0001 hours l.t. May 3, 1998, for vessels operating in the limited entry, fixed gear sablefish fishery south of 36° N. lat. These changes are in effect, unless modified, superceded or rescinded, until the effective date of the 1999 annual specifications and management measures for the Pacific Coast Groundfish fishery, which will be published in the **Federal Register**. Comments will be accepted through May 21, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to William Stelle, Jr., Administrator, Northwest Region (Regional Administrator), NMFS, 7600 Sand Point Way NE., BIN C15700, Bldg. 1, Seattle, WA 98115-0070; or William Hogarth, Administrator, Southwest Region, NMFS, 501 West Ocean Blvd., Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802-4213.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William L. Robinson, Northwest Region, NMFS, 206-526-6140; or Svein Fougner, Southwest Region, NMFS, 562-980-4040.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following changes to current management measures were recommended by the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), in consultation with the States of Washington, Oregon, and California, at its April 6 to 10, 1998, meeting in Portland, OR.

Increases to Limited Entry 2-Month Cumulative Limits

El Nino climate changes have created unusually severe winter weather conditions off the Pacific Coast. Hazardous weather has led to lower groundfish landings than the Council had expected when it recommended the 1998 limited entry cumulative trip limits at its November 1997 meeting. Preliminary landing estimates for the first quarter of 1998 indicate, that if the fishery were to continue under current restrictions, the groundfish fleet would not achieve the HGs or allocations for several of the groundfish species managed with cumulative trip limits. For this reason, the Council recommended at its April 1998 meeting to raise the 2-month cumulative trip limits by 20 percent for some of the major groundfish species landed by the limited entry fishery, which also results in increases to the 60 percent limits in the limited entry fishery and to the 50 percent limits in the open access fishery. (For more information, see

annual specifications at 63 FR 419, January 6, 1998.) The adjusted trip limits are calculated to provide a year-long fishing opportunity. Pacific coast groundfish landings will be monitored throughout the year, and further adjustments to the cumulative trip limits will be made as necessary.

Widow Rockfish

The limited entry fishery for widow rockfish currently is managed under a 2-month cumulative trip limit of 25,000 lb (11,340 kg). The best available information at the April 1998 Council meeting indicated that 464 mt of widow rockfish had been taken through March 31, 1998, and that the 4,276 mt HG would not be met by the end of 1998 at the current cumulative trip limit level. Therefore, the Council recommended for the above reasons that the 2-month cumulative trip limit for widow rockfish be increased coastwide on May 1, 1998, to 30,000 lb (13,608 kg).

The Sebastes Complex (Including Yellowtail Rockfish, Canary Rockfish, and Bocaccio)

The limited entry fishery for the *Sebastes* complex currently is managed under 2-month cumulative trip limits of yellowtail rockfish (north of Cape Mendocino), 11,000 lb (4,990 kg); canary rockfish (coastwide), 15,000 lb (6,804 kg), and bocaccio (south of Cape Mendocino), 2,000 lb (907 kg). The overall 2-month cumulative trip limit for the *Sebastes* complex north of Cape Mendocino is 40,000 lb (18,144 kg). South of Cape Mendocino, the *Sebastes* complex 2-month cumulative trip limit is 150,000 lb (68,039 kg). The best available information at the April 1998 Council meeting indicated that 259 mt of yellowtail rockfish had been taken through March 31, 1998, and that the HG for yellowtail rockfish would not be met by the end of 1998 at the current cumulative trip limit levels. Therefore, the Council recommended that the 2-month cumulative trip limit for yellowtail rockfish landed north of Cape Mendocino be increased on May 1, 1998, to 13,000 lb (5,897 kg). The 40,000 lb (18,144 kg) cumulative limit for the *Sebastes* complex north of Cape Mendocino will not increase.

DTS Complex (Dover Sole, Thornyheads, and Trawl-caught Sablefish)

The limited entry fishery for the Dover sole, thornyheads, and trawl-caught sablefish (DTS complex) is managed under 2-month cumulative trip limits of Dover sole, 18,000 lb (8,165 kg); longspine thornyheads, 10,000 lb (4,536 kg); shortspine thornyheads,

4,000 lb (1,814 kg), and trawl-caught sablefish, 5,000 lb (2,268 kg). There is an overall DTS complex 2-month cumulative trip limit of 37,000 lb (16,783 kg). The best available information at the April 1998 Council meeting indicated that 292 mt of trawl-caught sablefish, 1,678 mt of Dover sole, 361 mt of longspine thornyheads, and 178 mt of shortspine thornyheads had been taken through March 31, 1998. Landing levels for each of these species are well below November 1997 projections for landings in this fishery during the January through March 1998 period. Therefore, the Council recommended increasing the 2-month cumulative limits within the DTS complex on May 1, 1998 to: Dover sole, 22,000 lb (9,979 kg); longspine thornyheads, 12,000 lb (5,443 kg); shortspine thornyheads 5,000 lb (2,268 kg), and; trawl-caught sablefish, 6,000 lb (2,722 kg).

At the April 1998 Council meeting, the Council's Enforcement Consultants also noted that having an overall cumulative limit for the DTS complex could lead to double prosecutions where fishers are cited for both exceeding the cumulative trip limit of a species within the DTS complex and for exceeding the overall DTS complex cumulative trip limit. For this reason, and because the Council saw no merit in retaining an overall DTS complex limit that equals the sum of the cumulative trip limits of the species in the complex, the Council recommended removing the overall DTS complex cumulative limit from the annual specifications and management measures.

Changes to Limited Entry and Open Access Fixed Gear Limits for Sablefish, North and South of 36°00' N. lat.

Limited Entry North of 36°00' N. Lat.

The limited entry, fixed gear sablefish fishery is managed with a short, intense primary season consisting of two openings (regular and mop-up), during which the majority of the limited entry, fixed gear sablefish allocation is taken for the year. Outside the regular and mop-up seasons, there is a small daily trip limit fishery to allow fixed gear vessels to make incidental sablefish landings throughout the year. Currently, the limited entry, fixed gear sablefish fishery north of 36°00' N. lat. is managed with a 300-lb (136-kg) daily trip limit and a cumulative limit of 1,500 lb (680 kg) per 2-month period (excluding any harvest in the regular or mop-up seasons). As with the limited entry trawl fisheries, landings have been low in this fishery due to the severe

winter weather. For this reason, the Council recommended increasing the limited entry, fixed gear cumulative limit to 1,800 lb (816 kg) per 2-month period, beginning on May 1, 1998, but retaining the 300 lb (136 kg) daily limit.

Limited Entry South of 36° N. Lat.

The limited entry, fixed gear fishery for sablefish south of 36° N. lat. is currently managed with a daily trip limit of 350 lb (159 kg). There is no cap on the amount of sablefish that can be landed under the daily trip limit in the area south of 36° N. lat. At the April 1998 Council meeting, fixed gear fishers who take sablefish south of 36° N. lat. asked the Council to reinstate a management measure from 1997, where a vessel was allowed to choose to either land up to 350 lb (159 kg) per day or to make one landing per week above 350 lb (159 kg) but not to exceed 1,050 lb (476 kg). This choice of limits was successful in 1997 as it did not result in increased fishing pressure and allowed fish to be landed that otherwise would have been discarded. The Council recognized that this measure would allow greater flexibility for fixed gear fishers who target groundfish on fishing trips of several days in duration, but that it would not be so liberal as to allow fishers to exceed the 425 mt HG for this area. Therefore, the Council recommended allowing limited entry fixed gear fishers landing sablefish south of 36° N. lat. to choose each week whether to make landings of sablefish of up to 350 lb (159 kg) per day or to make a single landing exceeding 350 lb (159 kg), but not to exceed 1,050 lb (476 kg), beginning on May 3, 1998. For the purposes of this measure, a week is 7 consecutive days, from 0001 hours l.t. Sunday through 2400 hours l.t. Saturday. The projected limited entry and open access sablefish landings in the area south of 36° N. lat. will be monitored throughout the year. This weekly landing option may be revised or rescinded if projected landings for the area south of 36° N. lat. increase to a level where it is anticipated that the HG would be achieved before the end of the year. Because this measure offers an option for fishers to make a single large landing within a week that begins at 0001 hours l.t. on Sunday, this measure will not take effect until May 3, 1998, at 0001 hours l.t.

Open Access North of 36° N. Lat.

Currently, the open access, fixed gear sablefish fishery north of 36°00' N. lat. is managed with a 300-lb (136-kg) daily trip limit and a cumulative limit of 600 lb (171 kg) per 2-month period (excluding any harvest in the regular or

mop-up seasons). As with the limited entry, fixed gear fishery for sablefish, landings have been low in this fishery due to the severe winter weather. For this reason, the Council recommended increasing the open access, fixed gear cumulative limit to 700 lb (318 kg) per 2-month period, beginning on May 1, 1998. This change is unusual because it does not allow another full daily trip limit to be landed within the 2-month period, although it does reflect the Council's intent to retain the incidental harvest character of open access sablefish landings. The Council determined that, while the pace of open access sablefish landings in the January-March 1998 period had been slow enough to allow an increase in the cumulative limit level, there was not enough sablefish in the open access allocation north of 36° N. lat. to increase the 2-month cumulative limit to 900 lb (408 kg), which would accommodate another complete daily trip limit.

Groundfish Other Than Sablefish Taken in Open Access Fisheries

Bocaccio Taken by Hook-and-Line or Pot Gear

Landings in the open access fishery for yellowtail, canary rockfish, bocaccio, and the *Sebastes* complex as a whole are constrained by the 50-percent monthly limit, which counts toward the open access limit for rockfish. However, there are additional restrictions specific to hook-and-line or pot gear landing rockfish in the open access fishery that include (1) a 10,000 lb (4,536 kg) limit of rockfish per vessel per fishing trip, and (2) south of Cape Mendocino, a 1-month cumulative trip limit for bocaccio of 1,000 lb (454 kg) (the 50 percent monthly trip limit), and a per trip limit of 250 lb (113 kg) of bocaccio. At the April 1998 Council meeting, the Council recommended to increase the per trip limit for bocaccio to 500 lb (227 kg) on May 1, 1998, to reduce discards for those fishers whose incidental bocaccio catch exceeds 250 lb (113 kg). The 1-month cumulative limit of 1,000 lb (454 kg) would remain in place.

Thornyheads Landed in the Pink Shrimp Trawl Fishery Open access. Currently, a vessel engaged in fishing for pink shrimp may land, per trip, up to 500 lb (227 kg) of groundfish, multiplied by the number of days of the fishing trip, and with a daily trip limit of 300 lb (136 kg) for sablefish coastwide and a daily trip limit of 50 lb (23 kg) for thornyheads landed south of Pt. Conception. The daily trip limits for sablefish and thornyheads may not be multiplied by the number of days of the fishing trip. No open access landings of

thornyheads currently are allowed north of Pt. Conception. At the April 1998 Council meeting, the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) noted that the prohibition on landing thornyheads north of Pt. Conception is leading to thornyhead discards in the pink shrimp trawl fishery. ODFW further noted that, under a 100 lb (45 kg) trip limit, only 2 mt of shortspine thornyheads would be landed, accounting for 94 percent of the shortspine thornyheads that currently are caught and discarded due to the prohibitions against landing thornyheads in the pink shrimp fishery. Therefore, the open access shortspine thornyhead allocation of 3 mt would not be exceeded if vessels fishing for pink shrimp were allowed to land thornyheads under a limit of 100 lb (45 kg) per trip. Therefore, the Council recommended setting a limit of 100 lb (45 kg) per trip for vessels engaged in fishing for pink shrimp, which would be counted against the overall groundfish trip limit, beginning on May 1, 1998. The 100 lb (45 kg) per trip limit for thornyheads would not be multiplied by the number of days in the fishing trip.

In rule document 97-34234, on page 440, in the issue of January 6, 1998 (63 FR 419), make the following correction:

1. In the first column, in paragraph (A), in the tenth line, "(V.A.(1)(c)(i) do not apply)" should read "(IV.A.(1)(c)(i) do not apply)".

NMFS Action

For the reasons stated above, NMFS concurs with the Council's recommendations and announces the following changes to the 1998 annual management measures (63 FR 419, January 6, 1998 as amended). The trip limit changes for the limited entry fishery may also affect the open access fishery, including exempt trawl gear used to harvest pink shrimp and prawns, California halibut, and sea cucumbers. As stated in paragraph III. of the annual management measures: "[A] vessel operating in the open access fishery, besides being constrained by specific open access limits, must not exceed in any calendar month 50 percent of any 2-month cumulative trip limit for the same area in the limited entry fishery, called the "50-percent monthly limit." The annual management measures are modified as follows:

1. In section IV, under B. *Limited Entry Fishery*, paragraphs B.(i); (2)(b) and (2)(c); (4)(c)(i) and (ii); (4)(d)(ii)(A) and (4)(d)(ii)B are revised to read as follows:

B. Limited Entry Fishery

(1) *Widow Rockfish* (commonly called brownies). The cumulative trip limit for widow rockfish is 30,000 lb (13,608 kg) per vessel per 2-month period. The 60-percent monthly limit, which is the maximum amount of widow rockfish that may be taken and retained, possessed, or landed in either month in a 2-month period, is 18,000 lb (8,165 kg).

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(2) * * *

(b) *Cumulative trip limits*. The cumulative trip limit for the *Sebastes* complex is 40,000 lb (18,144 kg) north of Cape Mendocino or 150,000 lb (68,039 kg) south of Cape Mendocino, per vessel per 2-month period. Within the cumulative trip limit for the *Sebastes* complex, no more than 13,000 lb (5,897 kg) may be yellowtail rockfish taken and retained north of Cape Mendocino, no more than 2,000 lb (907 kg) may be bocaccio taken and retained south of Cape Mendocino, and no more than 15,000 lb (6,804 kg) may be canary rockfish.

(c) The 60-percent monthly limits, which are the maximum amounts that may be taken and retained, possessed, or landed in either month in a 2-month period, are: For the *Sebastes* complex, 24,000 lb (10,866 kg) north of Cape Mendocino, and 90,000 lb (40,823 kg) south of Cape Mendocino; for yellowtail rockfish, 7,800 lb (3,538 kg) north of Cape Mendocino; for bocaccio, 1,200 lb (5,443 kg) south of Cape Mendocino; and for canary rockfish coastwide, 9,000 lb (4,082 kg).

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(4) * * *

(c) * * *

(i) The 2-month cumulative trip limits for species in the Dover sole, thornyheads, and trawl-caught sablefish complex are: for Dover sole, 22,000 lb (9,979 kg); for longspine thornyheads, 12,000 lb (5,443 kg); for shortspine thornyheads, 5,000 lb (2,268 kg); for trawl-caught sablefish, 6,000 lb (2,722 kg).

(ii) The 60-percent monthly limits, which are the maximum amounts that may be taken and retained, possessed or landed in either month in a 2-month period, are: for trawl-caught sablefish, 3,600 lb (1,633 kg); for Dover sole, 13,200 lb (5,987 kg); for longspine thornyheads, 7,200 lb (3,266 kg); and for shortspine thornyheads, 3,000 lb (1,361 kg).

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(d) * * *

(ii) * * *

(A) The daily trip limit for sablefish taken and retained with nontrawl gear

north of 36° N. lat. is 300 lb (136 kg), which counts toward a cumulative trip limit of 1,800 lb (816 kg) per 2 month period. (Landings from the regular or mop-up seasons do not count toward this cumulative limit, and the 60-percent monthly limits described at paragraph IV.A.(1)(c)(i) do not apply.)

(B) The daily trip limit for sablefish taken and retained with nontrawl gear south of 36° N. lat. is (1) 350 lb (159 kg) with no cumulative limit on the amount of sablefish that may be retained in a month; or (2) one landing of sablefish per week above 350 lb (159 kg) but not to exceed 1,050 lb (476 kg). A week is 7 consecutive days, from 0001 hours l.t. Sunday through 2400 hours l.t. Saturday.

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2. In section IV, under C. *Trip limits in the Open Access Fishery*, the following paragraphs: C.(1)(a)(i), (ii), and (iv)(A); the first two sentences of (1)(b)(i); paragraphs (2)(a)(i) and (2)(b); and paragraphs (4) and (5) introductory text and (5) (a) are revised to read as follows.

C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery

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(1) * * *
(a) * * *

(i) *Thornyheads*. Thornyheads (shortspine and longspine) may not be taken and retained, possessed, or landed north of Pt. Conception, the daily trip limit for thornyheads is 100 lb (45 kg) for vessels engaged in fishing for pink shrimp. South of Pt. Conception, the daily trip limit for thornyheads is 50 lb (23 kg). (The 50-percent monthly limit is not relevant for thornyheads taken in the open access fishery because it is much larger than the amount that could be taken under daily trip limits.)

(ii) *Widow rockfish*. The 50-percent monthly limit for widow rockfish is 15,000 lb (6,804 kg).

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(iv) * * *

(A) *Yellowtail rockfish*. The 50-percent monthly limit for yellowtail rockfish is 6,500 lb (2,948 kg).

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(b) * * *

(i) *Hook-and-line or pot gear*: 10,000 lb (4,536 kg) of rockfish per vessel per fishing trip, of which no more than 500 lb (227 kg) may be bocaccio taken and retained south of Cape Mendocino. As stated in paragraph IV.C (1) (iv)(B) above, no more than 1,000 lb (454 kg) cumulative per month may be bocaccio taken and retained south of Cape Mendocino. * * *

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(2) * * *

(a) * * *

(i) *North of 36°00' N. lat.* North of 36°00' N. lat., the daily trip limit for sablefish is 300 lb (136 kg), which counts toward a cumulative trip limit of 700 lb (318 kg) per 2-month period. The 2-month cumulative trip limit may be taken at any time during the 2-month period; there is no 60-percent monthly limit for the open access fishery.

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(b) *Exempted trawl gear*. The 50-percent monthly limit of 3,000 lb (1,361 kg) applies to sablefish taken and retained with exempted trawl gear.

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(4) *Dover sole*. The 50-percent monthly trip limit for Dover sole is 11,000 lb (4,990 kg), and applies to all open access gear.

(5) *Groundfish taken by shrimp or prawn trawl*. The daily trip limits, which count toward the trip limit for groundfish, are: For sablefish coastwide, 300 lb (136 kg); and for thornyheads south of Pt. Conception, 50 lb (23 kg). The limits in paragraphs IV.C(1)(a), (2)(b), (3), and (4) also apply.

(a) *Pink shrimp*. The trip limit for a vessel engaged in fishing for pink shrimp is 500 lb (227 kg) of groundfish, multiplied by the number of days of the fishing trip. The daily trip limits for sablefish and thornyheads may not be multiplied by the number of days of the fishing trip. North of 36° N. lat., a trip limit of 100 lb (45 kg) of thornyheads also applies, which may not be multiplied by the number of days of the fishing trip, and is counted toward the groundfish trip limit.

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Classification

These actions are authorized by the regulations implementing the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan. The determination to take these actions is based on the most recent data available. The aggregate data upon which the determinations are based are available for public inspection at the office of the Administrator, Northwest Region, NMFS (see ADDRESSES) during business hours. Because of the need for immediate action to implement these changes at the beginning of the May through June 2-month cumulative limit period and because the public had an opportunity to comment on the action at the April 1998 Council meeting, NMFS has determined that good cause exists for this document to be published without affording a prior opportunity for public comment or a 30-day delayed effectiveness period. These actions are taken under the authority of 50 CFR

660.323 (b)(1), and are exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: April 30, 1998.

Gary C. Matlock,

Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries.

[FR Doc. 98-11964 Filed 5-1-98; 3:28 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 980429110-8110-01; I.D. 042398B]

RIN 0648-AK25

Fisheries Off West Coast States and in the Western Pacific; West Coast Salmon Fisheries; 1998 Management Measures

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Annual management measures for the ocean salmon fishery; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS establishes fishery management measures for the ocean salmon fisheries off Washington, Oregon, and California for 1998 and 1999 salmon seasons opening earlier than May 1, 1999. Specific fishery management measures vary by fishery and by area. The measures establish fishing areas, seasons, quotas, legal gear, recreational fishing days and catch limits, possession and landing restrictions, and minimum lengths for salmon taken in the exclusive economic zone (3-200 nautical miles) off Washington, Oregon, and California. These management measures are intended to prevent overfishing and to apportion the ocean harvest equitably among treaty Indian and non-treaty commercial and recreational fisheries. The measures are also intended to allow a portion of the salmon runs to escape the ocean fisheries in order to provide for spawning escapement and inside fisheries.

DATES: Effective from 0001 hours Pacific Daylight Time (P.d.t.), May 1, 1998, until the effective date of the 1999 management measures, as published in the **Federal Register**. Comments must be received by May 15, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Comments on the management measures and the related