or below which daily aggregate dietary exposure over a lifetime will not pose appreciable risks to human health. Despite the potential for exposure to oxyfluorfen in drinking water and from non-dietary, nonoccupational exposure, the chronic aggregate exposure is not expected to exceed 100% of the RfD. There is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from chronic aggregate exposure to oxyfluorfen residues.

ii. Acute risk. As mentioned above, the acute dietary exposure endpoint of concern for oxyfluorfen is fused sternebrae in ďeveloping pups which was observed in the rabbit developmental study. The population subgroup of concern is females 13+ years old (women of childbearing age). For this subgroup, the calculated MOE at the high end exposure is greater than 5,000. The Agency considers dietary (food) MOEs of greater than 100 to be acceptable for oxyfluorfen. Acute dietary exposure (food only) was calculated using the TMRC (worst case) assumptions.

In the absence of data for drinking water exposure, the ranges of exposure being considered by the Agency for consumption of contaminated water will be reserved for drinking water. Based on the ranges under consideration, the aggregate MOE level of concern for dietary plus the addition of drinking water is not likely to raise the MOE above the Agency's level of concern. The large MOE calculated for this use of oxyfluorfen provides assurance that there is a reasonable certainty of no harm for infants and children.

G. International Tolerances

There are no Codex Alimentarius Commission (CODEX) maximum residue levels (MRL's) established for residue of oxyfluorfen in or on raw agricultural commodities. (PM 23) [FR Doc. 98–557 Filed 1–8–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPPTS-44645; FRL-5763-9]

TSCA Chemical Testing; Receipt of Test Data

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces EPA's receipt of test data on n-amyl acetate (CAS No. 628–63–7), and alkyl glycidyl ether (CAS No. 120547–52–6). These

data were submitted pursuant to enforceable testing consent agreements/ orders issued by EPA under section 4 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). Publication of this notice is in compliance with section 4(d) of TSCA. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan B. Hazen, Director, Environmental Assistance Division (7408), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. E–543B, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, (202) 554–1404, TDD (202) 554–0551; e-mail: TSCA-Hotline@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under 40 CFR 790.60, all TSCA section 4 enforceable consent agreements/orders must contain a statement that results of testing conducted pursuant to testing enforceable consent agreements/orders will be announced to the public in accordance with procedures specified in section 4(d) of TSCA.

I. Test Data Submissions

Test data for n-amyl acetate were submitted by RegNet Environmental Services on behalf of Union Carbide Corporation pursuant to a TSCA section 4 enforceable testing consent agreement/ order at 40 CFR 799.5000. EPA received the data on October 29, 1997. The submission includes a final report entitled "A 13-Week Inhalation Neurotoxicity Study By Whole-Body Exposure of n-Amyl Acetate Vapor in the Albino Rat." This chemical is primarily used as a solvent for nitrocellulose lacquers and paints. Other large uses are as extraction solvents in penicillin manufacture and electrostatic spray coatings for automobiles. Miscellaneous uses include a solvent in photographic film, leather polishes, dry cleaning preparations, and as a flavoring agent.

Test data for alkyl glycidyl ether were submitted by The Society of the Plastics Industry, Inc. Epoxy Resin Systems Alkyl Glycidyl Ether Task Force. The following companies comprise the Task Force: Air Products and Chemicals Inc.; Callaway Chemical Company; Ciba-Geigy Corporation; CVC Specialty Chemicals; and Shell Chemical Company. The submission includes three final reports entitled (1) "Alkyl Glycidyl Ether: 2-Week Range Finding and 13-Week Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity Study in Fischer 344 Rats, (2) "A Dermal Developmental Toxicity Screening Study of Alkyl Glycidyl Ethers in Rats," and (3) "Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay with an Independent Repeat Assay." These reports were submitted in accordance with a TSCA section 4 enforceable testing consent agreement/order at 40

CFR 799.5000. The first two reports were received by EPA on November 12, 1977 and the third report was received by EPA on November 18, 1997. This chemical is used as an epoxy resin additive and as a modifier for other epoxides in flooring and adhesives.

EPA has initiated its review and evaluation process for this data submission. At this time, the Agency is unable to provide any determination as to the completeness of the submission.

II. Public Record

EPA has established a public record for this TSCA section 4(d) receipt of data notice (docket number OPPTS-44645). This record includes copies of all studies reported in this notice. The record is available for inspection from 12 noon to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, in the TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center (also known as the TSCA Public Docket Office), Rm. B-607 Northeast Mall, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Requests for documents should be sent in writing to: Environmental Protection Agency, TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center (7407), 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460 or fax: (202) 260-5069 or e-mail: oppt.ncic@epamail.epa.gov.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2603.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Test data. Dated: December 22, 1997.

Charles M. Auer.

Director, Chemical Control Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 98-560 Filed 1-8-98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPPTS-42199B; FRL-5765-1]

Enforceable Consent Agreement Development for Maleic Anhydride; Solicitation of Interested Parties and Notice of Public Meeting

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: EPA is soliciting interested parties who want to monitor or participate in negotiations on an enforceable consent agreement (ECA) concerning the use of pharmacokinetics (PK) studies and mechanistic data to help meet testing requirements for maleic anhydride in the proposed hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) test