produced on that equipment will be imported into the United States at some point in the future and, thus, be a significant reason to conclude that potential future imports contributed significantly to the previous employment declines at Precision Scientific.

Conclusion

After review of the application and investigative findings, I conclude that there has been no error or misinterpretation of the law or of the facts which would justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. Accordingly, the application is denied.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 27th day of October 1997.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–29214 Filed 11–4–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA–W–33, 446; TA–W–33, 447; TA–W–33, 448; TA–W–33, 449]

Quarles Drilling Corporation Headquartered in Tulsa, Oklahoma and Quarles Drilling Corporation Operating at Various Locations in the Following States: Oklahoma (Except Tulsa); Texas; Louisiana; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on June 12, 1997, applicable to workers of Quarles Drilling Corporation, headquartered in Tulsa, Oklahoma, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, Houston, Texas and Houma, Louisiana. The notice will soon be published in the **Federal Register**.

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm location in Houston, Texas. All workers at Quarles Drilling Corporation are engaged in employment related to the production of crude oil and natural gas. Findings on review show that the Department inadvertently limited the certification to workers at the subject firm locations in Tulsa and Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, Houston, Texas, and Houma, Louisiana. It was the intent of the Department's certification to include all workers of Quarles Drilling at various locations within the States of Oklahoma, Texas and Louisiana. Accordingly, the Department is amending the worker certification to reflect this matter.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–33, 446 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Quarles Drilling Corporation, headquartered in Tulsa, Oklahoma (TA–W–33, 446), and operating at various locations in the following States: Oklahoma, except Tulsa, (TA–W–33, 447), Texas (TA–W–33, 448), and Louisiana (TA–W–33, 449) engaged in employment related to the production of crude oil and natural gas, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 15, 1996, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 27th day of October 1997.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–29215 Filed 11–4–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA–W–33,654]

Webster Lens Company, Webster, Massachusetts, Notice of Revised Determination on Reopening

On August 8, 1997, the Department issued a Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, applicable to workers and former workers of Webster Lens Company located in Webster, Massachusetts. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on August 8,1997 (62 FR 48887).

By letter of August 14, 1997, Mr. Mauno A. Petajasoja, a petitioner, requested administrative reconsideration regarding the Department's denial of trade adjustment assistance for workers of the subject firm. Workers at the subject firm were engaged in employment related to the production of eyeglass lenses. The workers are not separately identifiable by product line.

New information provided by Webster Lens Company and one of its suppliers shows that company was purchasing through a broker eyeglass lenses which were manufactured overseas and being imported into the U.S.

Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on reopening, I conclude that increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with eyeglass lenses contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers of Webster Lens Company, Webster, Massachusetts. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

All workers of Webster Lens Company of Webster, Massachusetts engaged in employment related to the production of eyeglass lenses, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after June 24, 1996 are eligible to apply for worker adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1976.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 22nd day of October 1997.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 97–29216 Filed 11–4–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA–W–33,654]

Webster Lens Company Webster, Massachusetts; Notice of Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration

By letter of August 14, 1997, Mr. Mauno A. Petajasoja, a petitioner, requested administrative reconsideration of the Department of Labor's Notice of Negative Determination Regarding Eligiblity to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance, applicable to petition number TA–W–33,654. The denial notice was signed on August 8, 1997 and published in the **Federal Register** on September 17, 1997 (62 FR 48887).

The Petitioner asserts that there are imports of like and directly competitive articles from foreign sources and that these imported products are being obtained by the subject company from another domestic source.

Conclusion

After careful review of the application, I conclude that the claim is of sufficient weight to justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. The application is, therefore, granted.