

Initial investigation findings show that the workers produce handguns. The workers were denied eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 because the "contributed importantly" test of the Group Eligibility Requirements of the Trade Act was not met. This test is generally determined through a survey of the workers' firm's major declining customers.

On April 17, 1997, Smith & Wesson requested administrative reconsideration of the Department's findings.

Findings on reconsideration revealed that major customers of the subject firm increased their purchases of important handguns in 1996 compared to 1995.

#### Conclusion

After careful consideration of the new facts obtained on reconsideration, it is concluded that the workers of Smith & Wesson, located in Springfield, Massachusetts were adversely affected by increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with handguns produced at the subject firm.

All workers of Smith & Wesson, located in Springfield, Massachusetts who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after December 13, 1995 through two years from the date of certification are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, D.C. this 12th day of June 1997.

**Russell T. Kile,**

*Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. 97-18279 Filed 7-10-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-33,155]

#### Springlift Corporation Division of Attwood Corporation, Monticello, Arkansas; Notice of Revised Determination on Reopening

At the request of the State agency, the Department has reviewed the findings of the subject case.

The initial investigation resulted in the determination that workers of Springlift Corporation engaged in the production of gas springs were denied eligibility to apply for TAA, while all other workers of the subject firm were eligible to apply for TAA. The notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility to

Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance, applicable to workers of the subject firm will soon be published in the **Federal Register**.

New information reported by adversely affected workers of the subject firm show that workers at Springlift Corporation are not separately identifiable by product line. All workers at the Monticello plant were engaged in the production of gas springs and seat pedestals.

#### Conclusion

After careful consideration of the new facts obtained on reopening, it is concluded that increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the subject firm contributed importantly to the decline in sales and to the total or partial separation of workers of the subject firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Trade Act of 1974, I make the following revised determination:

"All workers of Springlift Corporation, Division of Attwood Corporation, Monticello, Arkansas who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after January 22, 1996, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed in Washington, D.C. this 12th day of June 1997.

**Russell T. Kile,**

*Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. 97-18278 Filed 7-10-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

#### School-to-Work Opportunities Act: Out-of-School Youth

**AGENCY:** Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

**ACTION:** Notice of Availability of Funds and Solicitation for Grant Application (SGA).

**SUMMARY:** All information required to submit a proposal is contained in this announcement. The U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration (DOL/ETA), in collaboration with the U.S. Department of Education and the National School-to-Work Office, announces the availability of \$1,270,000 to award competitive grants to youth employment and/or education program providers that currently have a solid foundation of serving out-of-school youth in a school-to-work framework. The purpose of the

grants will be to support the adaptation of school-to-work principles by existing out-of-school youth initiatives and to connect their efforts to the Federally-funded school-to-work systems in their states. This project is not designed to help existing youth programs plan how to serve out-of-school youth in a school-to-work framework. Rather, the purpose is to select a variety of types of youth initiative that already are implementing school-to-work elements for out-of-school youth, and to help them build on this foundation. Applications are required to demonstrate that they have already designed and begun implementation of a substantial number of the components and strategies of a school-to-work system, as described in the School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994, to be considered.

**DATES:** The closing date for receipt of proposals at the Department of Labor shall be August 14, 1997, at 2:00 P.M., Eastern time. Any proposal not received at the designated place, date and time of delivery specified will not be considered.

**ADDRESSES:** Proposals shall be mailed to: Division of Acquisition and Assistance, Attention: Ms. Brenda Banks, Reference SGA/DSS 97-017, U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room S-4203, Washington, D.C. 20210.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Brenda Banks or Laura Cesario, Division of Acquisition and Assistance. Telephone (202) 219-8694 (**Note:** This is not a toll-free telephone number. This solicitation will also be published on the Internet at "http://www.doleta.gov.") To gain access to the solicitation, click on "What's Hot."

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This announcement consists of four parts: Part I Background/Description, Part II Application Process, Part III Statement of Work, and Part IV Evaluation Criteria for Award.

#### Part I. Background/Description

The School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994 is intended to create statewide systems to help all students attain high academic and occupational standards and identify and navigate paths to rewarding roles in the workplace "All student" is defined in the Act as "both male and female students from a broad range of background and circumstances, including disadvantaged students, students with diverse racial, ethnic or cultural backgrounds, American Indians, Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians, students with disabilities,