

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. Section 180.482 is amended as follows:

a. In paragraph (a) by adding a heading.

b. In paragraph (b) by revising the introductory text and alphabetically adding the entries to the table.

c. By adding the headings and reserving new paragraphs (c) and (d).

§ 180.482 Tebufenozide; tolerances for residues.

(a) *General.* * * *

(b) *Section 18 emergency exemptions.* Time-limited tolerances are established for residues of the insecticide benzoic acid in connection with use of the pesticide under section 18 emergency exemptions granted by EPA. The tolerances will expire and are revoked on the dates specified in the following table.

Commodity	Parts per million	Expiration/Revocation Date
Apple pomace	2.0	6/30/98
Apples	1.0	6/30/98
Cattle, fat	0.10	6/30/98
Cattle, kidney	0.02	6/30/98
Cattle, liver	1.0	6/30/98
Cattle, mbyp	0.10	6/30/98
Cattle, meat	0.02	6/30/98
Cotton gin byproducts	4.0	6/30/98
Cottonseed hulls	0.8	6/30/98
Cottonseed meal	0.5	6/30/98
Cottonseed oil	1.3	6/30/98
Cottonseed, undelinted	0.2	6/30/98
Goats, fat	0.10	6/30/98
Goats, kidney	0.02	6/30/98
Goats, liver	1.0	6/30/98
Goats, mbyp	0.10	6/30/98
Goats, meat	0.02	6/30/98
Horses, meat	0.02	6/30/98
* * * * *		
Milk	0.05	6/30/98
* * * * *		
Sheep, fat	0.10	6/30/98
Sheep, kidney	0.02	6/30/98
Sheep, liver	1.0	6/30/98
Sheep, mbyp	0.10	6/30/98
Sheep, meat	0.02	6/30/98
* * * * *		

(c) *Tolerances with regional registrations.* [Reserved]

(d) *Indirect or inadvertent residues.* [Reserved]

[FR Doc. 97-17370 Filed 7-1-97; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 300

[FRL-5850-1]

National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan; National Priorities List

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of deletion of the Cheshire Ground Water Contamination Site from the National Priorities List.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region I announces the deletion of the Cheshire Ground Water

Contamination site from the National Priorities List (NPL). The NPL is Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 300 which is the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan (NCP), which EPA promulgated pursuant to section 105 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended. EPA and the State of Connecticut have determined that the Site poses no significant threat to public health or the environment and, therefore, no further remedial measures pursuant to CERCLA are appropriate.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 2, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jane Dolan, Remedial Project Manager, U.S. EPA Region I (HBT), JFK Federal Building, Boston, MA 02203, (617) 573-9698.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The site to be deleted from the NPL is: Cheshire Ground Water Contamination Site, Cheshire, Connecticut.

A Notice of Intent to Delete for this site was published on March 21, 1997 (62 FR 13568). The closing date for comments on the Notice of Intent to Delete was April 21, 1997. EPA received no comments.

EPA identifies sites that appear to present a significant risk to public health, welfare, or the environment and it maintains the NPL as the list of those sites. Sites on the NPL may be the subject of the Hazardous Response Trust Fund (Fund-) financed remedial actions. Any site deleted from the NPL remains eligible for Fund-Financed remedial actions in the unlikely event that conditions at the site warrants such action. Section 300.425(e)(3) of the NCP states that Fund-Financed actions may be taken at sites deleted from the NPL. Deletion of a site from the NPL does not affect responsible party liability or impede agency efforts to recover costs associated with response efforts.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 300

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Chemicals, Hazardous substances, Hazardous waste, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Superfund, Water pollution control, Water supply.

Dated: June 12, 1997.

Linda M. Murphy,

Director, Office of Site Remediation and Restoration.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, 40 CFR part 300 is amended as follows:

PART 300—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 300 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1321(c)(2); 42 U.S.C. 9601–9657; E.O. 12777, 56 FR 54757, 3 CFR, 1991 Comp., p.351; E.O. 12580, 52 FR 2923; 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p.193.

Appendix B—[Amended]

2. Table 1 of appendix B to part 300 is amended by removing the site “Cheshire Ground Water Contamination, Cheshire, Connecticut”.

[FR Doc. 97–17032 Filed 7–1–97; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**40 CFR Part 721**

[OPPTS–50581D; FRL–5715–3]

RIN 2070–AB27

Revocation of Significant New Use Rules For Certain Chemical Substances

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is revoking two significant new use rules (SNUR) promulgated under section 5(a)(2) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) for certain chemical substances based on new toxicity data. Based on the data, the Agency determined that it could no longer support a finding that activities not described in the TSCA section 5(e) consent order may result in significant changes in human exposure.

DATES: This rule is effective August 1, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan B. Hazen, Director, Environmental Assistance Division (7408), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection

Agency, Rm. E–543A, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone: 202–554–1404; TDD: 202–554–0551; e-mail: TSCA-Hotline@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the **Federal Register** of October 31, 1990 (55 FR 45994), EPA issued a SNUR for alkenoic acid, trisubstituted-benzyl-disubstituted-phenyl ester and alkenoic acid, trisubstituted-phenylalkyl-disubstituted-phenyl ester. Because of additional data, EPA has received for these substances, EPA is proposing to revoke the SNURs.

I. Background

The Agency proposed the revocation of the SNURs for these substances in the **Federal Register** of February 11, 1997 (62 FR 6160)(FRL–5580–8). The background and reasons for the revocation of the SNURs are set forth in the preamble to the proposed revocation. The Agency received no public comment concerning the proposed revocation. As a result, EPA is revoking these SNURs.

II. Background and Rationale for Revocation of the Rule

During review of the PMNs submitted for the chemical substances that are the subject of this revocation, EPA concluded that regulation was warranted based on the fact that activities not described in the section 5(e) consent order may result in significant changes in human exposure. Based on these findings, SNURs were promulgated.

EPA has revoked the section 5(e) consent order that is the basis for these SNURs and has determined that it can no longer support a finding that activities not described in the section 5(e) consent order may result in significant changes in human exposure. The proposed revocation of SNUR provisions for these substances designated herein is consistent with this finding.

In light of the above, EPA proposed to revoke the SNUR provisions for these chemical substances. When this revocation becomes final, EPA will no longer require notice of any company's intent to manufacture, import, or process these substances. In addition, export notification under section 12(b) of TSCA will no longer be required.

III. Rulemaking Record

The official record for this rulemaking, as well as the public version, has been established for this rulemaking under docket number 50581D (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record,

including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as confidential business information (CBI), is available for inspection from 12 noon to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The official rulemaking record is located in the TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center, Rm. NE–B607, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC.

IV. Regulatory Assessment

This final rule revokes or eliminates an existing regulatory requirement and does not contain any new or amended requirements. As such, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted these types of actions from review under Executive Order 12866, entitled Regulatory Planning and Review (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993). Since this final rule does not impose any requirements, it does not contain any information collections subject to approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*, or require any other action under Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA) (Pub. L. 104–4). Nor does it require any prior consultation as specified by Executive Order 12875, entitled Enhancing the Intergovernmental Partnership (58 FR 58093, October 28, 1993), or special considerations as required by Executive Order 12898, entitled Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, pursuant to section 605(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*), the Agency has determined that SNUR revocations, which eliminate requirements without imposing any new ones, have no adverse economic impacts. The Agency's generic certification for SNUR revocations appears at 62 FR 29688 (June 2, 1997), and was provided to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration.

V. Submission to Congress and the General Accounting Office

Under 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A), as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, the Agency has submitted a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the General Accounting Office prior to publication of this rule in today's **Federal Register**. This is not a major rule as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).