

Certification Regarding Environmental Tobacco Smoke

Public Law 103-277, Part C—Environmental Tobacco Smoke, also known as the Pro-Children Act of 1994 (Act), requires that smoking not be permitted in any portion of any indoor routinely owned or leased or contracted for by an entity and used routinely or regularly for provision of health, day care, education, or library services to children under the age of 18, if the services are funded by Federal programs either directly or through State or local governments, by Federal grant, contract, loan, or loan guarantee. The law does not apply to children's services provided in private residences, facilities funded solely by Medicare or Medicaid funds, and portions of facilities used for inpatient drug or alcohol treatment. Failure to comply with the provisions of the law may result in the imposition of a civil monetary penalty of up to \$1000 per day and/or the imposition of an administrative compliance order on the responsible entity.

By signing and submitting this application the applicant/grantee certifies that it will comply with the requirements of the Act. The applicant/grantee further agrees that it will require the language of this certification to be included in any subawards which contain provisions for the children's services and that all subgrantees shall certify accordingly.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Grant to the Farm Resource Center, Inc.

AGENCY: Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS), Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), DHHS.

ACTION: Planned single-source award to support mental health outreach to coal miners, farmers, and their families.

SUMMARY: This notice is to provide information to the public concerning a planned single-source award by the CMHS/SAMHSA to the Farm Resource Center (FRC) of Cairo, Illinois, to fund the "Mental Health Outreach to Coal Miners, Farmers, and their Families" project. Upon receipt of a satisfactory application that is recommended for approval by an Initial Review Group and the CMHS National Advisory Council, up to \$300,000 in Federal funds may be awarded to the FRC for each of the 2 years of this program.

This is not a formal request for applications. Grant funds will be provided only to the FRC.

Authority/Justification: This grant will be made under the authority of

Section 520A of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 290bb-32).

Eligibility for this grant award is limited to the Farm Resource Center (FRC) of Cairo, Illinois. The FRC has provided mental health and substance abuse outreach services in rural Illinois since 1986. FRC has provided counseling to farmers, coal miners and their families, established a Statewide hotline, and utilized outreach counselors to work with rural families in their homes to address problems such as depression, alcoholism and domestic violence.

FRC is uniquely qualified to carry out the goals of this program in that it has the distinction of being the only suitably located organization with extensive experience in linking coal miners, farmers, and their families with mental health and substance abuse services. As part of their program, FRC has recruited, trained, and dispatched volunteers to provide outreach and counseling services to the target population. Further, because of this and their years of experience and organizational readiness, the FRC can deliver services immediately to those in need.

Background: A significant portion of the adult population in the United States reports experiencing personal or emotional problems in the course of a year. Half of these people say they are unable to solve their problems, and approximately one-third report they are unable to do anything to make their problems more bearable; yet relatively few seek help. Therefore, outreach services are important to engage more persons into appropriate services. Outreach, when carried out aggressively, can engage and empower coal miners, farmers, and their families by giving them access to needed mental health services.

The effects of economic stress are pervasive in rural areas, and coal miners, farmers, and their families have been particularly hard hit. Unemployment and underemployment have resulted in a high incidence of problems including alcohol/drug abuse, family violence, depression, suicides, and other stress-related symptoms. This grant is intended to address the mental health needs of a wide range of rural population groups including the poor, the elderly, the disabled, women (particularly those of child bearing age), and minority populations in Illinois and West Virginia.

The proposed project will serve as a national demonstration site on the development and implementation of outreach to rural families who are experiencing mental illnesses or are at risk of developing mental illnesses.

Dated: June 10, 1997.

Richard Kopanda,

Executive Officer, SAMHSA.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration U.S.-Mexico Border Four-State Substance Abuse Initiative

AGENCY: Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP), Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), HHS.

ACTION: Availability of funds for grant awards to the Single State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Agencies (SSAs) of Arizona, California, New Mexico and Texas for delivery of community-based substance abuse prevention programs and services.

SUMMARY: This notice is to inform the public that CSAP is making available approximately \$800,000 for four awards of \$200,000 each in FY 1997 to these State governments so they may provide community-level substance abuse prevention services in U.S. towns and communities within 60 miles of the U.S.-Mexico Border. Upon receipt of satisfactory applications that are recommended for approval by an Initial Review Group and the CSAP National Advisory Council, Federal funds may be awarded.

Eligibility for these funds is limited to the SSA in the states of Arizona, California, New Mexico and Texas—the only states that are on the U.S.-Mexico border. Grants may be awarded to the SSA, which, in turn, will issue subgrants or contracts for locally developed prevention programs and services. Subrecipients could include: local prevention providers, local civic groups and associations, county prevention councils, and other health-oriented providers that apply on behalf of themselves or on behalf of community-based anti-drug coalitions. Applicants are encouraged to consider community partnerships and coalitions, which may be strategically located and well suited to administer community-based prevention activities along the border.

The U.S.-Mexico Border Initiative is consistent with the ONDCP and HHS/SAMHSA approach for working collaboratively with State agencies and local communities to refine and strengthen their ability to provide more efficient and responsive prevention services. Accordingly, eligibility is