

timely comments adverse to or critical of the approval discussed above, which have not been addressed by the State or EPA, EPA will publish a **Federal Register** document which withdraws this final action. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent rulemaking document based on the proposed approval. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time.

Copies of the State's submittal and other information relied upon for the final approval are contained in a rulemaking file maintained at the EPA Regional Office. The file is an organized and complete record of all the information submitted to, or otherwise considered by, EPA in the development of this final approval. The file is available for public inspection at the location listed under the **ADDRESSES** section of this document.

Nothing in this action should be construed as permitting, allowing or establishing a precedent for any future request for revision to the State's delegated air toxics program. EPA shall consider each request for revision to the State's delegated air toxics program in light of specific technical, economic, and environmental factors and in relation to relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

This action has been classified as a Table 3 action by the Regional Administrator under the procedures published in the **Federal Register** on January 19, 1989 (54 FR 2214-2225), as revised by an October 4, 1993 memorandum from Michael H. Shapiro, Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation. The Office of Management and Budget exempted this regulatory action from Executive Order 12866 review.

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 600 *et seq.*, EPA must prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis assessing the impact of any proposed or final rule on small entities. (5 U.S.C. 603 and 604.) Alternatively, EPA may certify that the rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and government entities with jurisdiction over populations of less than 50,000.

Delegation of the Section 112 standards unchanged from the Federal standard does not create any new requirements, but simply allows the State to administer requirements that have been or will be separately promulgated. Therefore, because this delegation approval does not impose

any new requirements, I certify that it does not have a significant impact on any small entities affected.

Under Sections 202, 203 and 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 ("Unfunded Mandates Act"), signed into law on March 22, 1995, EPA must undertake various actions in association with proposed or final rules that include a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to the private sector, or to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate.

EPA has determined that the approval action promulgated today does not constitute a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to either State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector. The State voluntarily requested this delegation under Section 112(l) for the purpose of implementing and enforcing the air toxics program with respect to sources not covered by Part 70. The delegation imposes no new Federal requirements. Since the State was not required by law to seek delegation, this Federal action does not impose a mandate on the State.

Under Section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by June 2, 1997. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See Section 307(b)(2).)

Under 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A) as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, EPA submitted a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives and the Comptroller General of the General Accounting Office prior to publication of this rule in today's **Federal Register**. This rule is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 63

Environmental Protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Hazardous substances, Intergovernmental relations.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401, *et seq.*

Dated: February 7, 1997.

Michelle D. Jordan,

Acting Regional Administrator.

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BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

40 CFR Part 63

[IN74-1(a); FRL-5687-8]

Approval of Section 112(l) Program of Delegation; Indiana

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is approving, through a "direct final" procedure, a request for delegation of the Federal air toxics program contained within 40 CFR Parts 61 and 63 pursuant to section 112(l) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) of 1990. The State's mechanism of delegation involves State rule adoption of all existing and future section 112 standards unchanged from the Federal standards. The actual delegation of authority of individual standards will be in the form of a letter from EPA to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM). This request for approval of a mechanism of delegation encompasses all sources not covered by the Part 70 program.

DATES: This action will become effective June 2, 1997, unless adverse or critical comments not previously addressed by the State or EPA are received by May 1, 1997. If the effective date is delayed, timely notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the State's submittal and other supporting information used in developing the approval are available for inspection during normal business hours at the following location: EPA Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, AR-18J, Chicago, Illinois, 60604.

Please contact Sam Portanova at (312) 886-3189 to arrange a time if inspection of the submittal is desired.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sam Portanova, AR-18J, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, 60604, (312) 886-3189.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background and Purpose

Section 112(l) of the CAA enables the EPA to approve State air toxics programs or rules to operate in place of the Federal air toxics program. The Federal air toxics program implements the requirements found in section 112 of the CAA pertaining to the regulation of hazardous air pollutants. Approval of an

air toxics program is granted by the EPA if the Agency finds that the State program: (1) Is "no less stringent" than the corresponding Federal program or rule, (2) the State has adequate authority and resources to implement the program, (3) the schedule for implementation and compliance is sufficiently expeditious, and (4) the program is otherwise in compliance with Federal guidance. Once approval is granted, the air toxics program can be implemented and enforced by State or local agencies, as well as EPA. Implementation by local agencies is dependent upon appropriate subdelegation.

On February 7, 1996, Indiana submitted to EPA a request for delegation of authority to implement and enforce the air toxics program under section 112 of the CAA. On February 29, 1996, EPA found the State's submittal complete. In this document EPA is taking final action to approve the program of delegation for Indiana.

II. Review of State Submittal

A. Program Summary

Requirements for approval, specified in section 112(l)(5), require that a State's program contain adequate authorities, adequate resources for implementation, and an expeditious compliance schedule. These requirements are also requirements for an adequate operating permits program under Part 70 (40 CFR 70.4). On November 14, 1995, EPA promulgated a final interim approval under Part 70 of the State of Indiana's Operating Permit Program. The notice included the approval of a mechanism for delegation of all section 112 standards for sources subject to the Part 70 program. Sources subject to the Part 70 program are those sources that are operating pursuant to a Part 70 permit issued by the State, local agency, or EPA. Sources not subject to the Part 70 program are those sources that are not required to obtain a Part 70 permit from either the State, local agency, or EPA. This action supplements the Part 70 rulemaking in that Indiana will have the authority to implement and enforce the section 112 air toxics program regardless of a source's Part 70 applicability. The Indiana program of delegation for sources not subject to Part 70 will not include delegation of section 112(r) authority or section 112(i)(5) Early Reductions Program authority.

As stated above, this document constitutes EPA's approval of Indiana's program of delegation of all existing and future air toxics standards, except for section 112(r) standards as they pertain

to non-Part 70 sources. This delegation is for State rule adoption of all existing and future section 112 standards unchanged from the Federal standards delegation. Indiana intends to seek such delegation for all section 112 standards with the exception of section 112(r). The Indiana program of delegation will operate as follows:

1. For existing section 112 standards, IDEM has submitted a schedule for their adoption into the State regulations.

2. For a future section 112 standard for which IDEM intends to accept delegation, EPA will automatically delegate the authority to implement a standard to the State by letter unless IDEM notifies EPA differently within 45 days of EPA final promulgation of the standard. Upon receipt of the EPA letter, the State will be responsible for the implementation of the standard. Some activities necessary for effective implementation of the standard include receipt of initial notifications, recordkeeping, reporting and generally assuring that sources subject to the standard are aware of its existence.

3. IDEM will adopt the standard unchanged from the Federal standard into the State regulations as expeditiously as practicable. Indiana Code (IC) 13-7-7-5 requires IDEM to adopt such standards within 9 months of the effective date of the Federal standard.

4. Upon completion of regulatory action, IDEM will submit to EPA proof of rule adoption.

5. EPA will respond with a letter delegating enforcement authority to the State. EPA will enforce the standard until such time the State has been delegated the enforcement authority.

Indiana will assume responsibility for the timely implementation and enforcement required by the standard, as well as any further activities agreed to by IDEM and EPA. When deemed appropriate, IDEM will utilize the resources of its Small Business Assistance Program to assist in general program implementation.

B. Criteria for Approval

On November 26, 1993, EPA promulgated regulations to provide guidance relating to the approval of State programs under section 112(l) of the CAA. 58 FR 62262. That rulemaking outlined the requirements of approval with respect to various delegation options. The requirements for approval, pursuant to section 112(l)(5) of the CAA, of a program to implement and enforce Federal section 112 rules as promulgated without changes are found at 40 CFR 63.91. Any request for approval must meet all section 112(l)

approval criteria, as well as all approval criteria of 40 CFR 63.91. A more detailed analysis of the State's submittal pursuant to 40 CFR 63.91 is contained in the Technical Support Document included in the docket of this rulemaking.

Under section 112(l) of the CAA, approval of a State program is granted by the EPA if the Agency finds that it: (1) Is "no less stringent" than the corresponding Federal program, (2) that the State has adequate authority and resources to implement the program, (3) the schedule for implementation and compliance is sufficiently expeditious, and (4) the program is otherwise in compliance with Federal guidance.

C. Analysis

EPA is approving Indiana's mechanism of delegation because the State's submittal meets all requirements necessary for approval under section 112(l). The first requirement is that the program be no less stringent than the Federal program. The Indiana program is no less stringent than the corresponding Federal program or rule because the State has requested delegation of all standards unchanged from the Federal standards.

Second, the State has shown that it has adequate authority and resources to implement the program. The Indiana Air Pollution Control Board has statutory authority to adopt rules necessary to implement the Federal Clean Air Act, as amended by the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. IC 13-1-1-4. This authority includes the ability to adopt federal section 112 rules as promulgated without change. Indiana has adopted several existing section 112 rules, is in the process of adopting the remaining existing section 112 rules, and commits to the expeditious adoption of future section 112 rules. Adequate resources will be obtained through section 105 grant monies awarded to States by EPA, through State matching funds, and through any monies from the State's Title V program that can be used to fund acceptable Title V activities with respect to these non-Part 70 sources.

Third, upon promulgation of a standard, Indiana will immediately begin activities necessary for timely implementation of the standard. These activities will involve identifying sources subject to the applicable requirement, education and outreach to affected sources, and providing assistance to sources in completing and submitting initial notifications. Indiana has already conducted such activities for several section 112 standards. In addition, Indiana is committed to

adopting section 112 standards into the State regulations within 9 months of Federal promulgation. This schedule is sufficiently expeditious for approval.

Fourth, nothing in the Indiana program for delegation is contrary to Federal guidance.

D. Determinations

In approving this delegation, EPA expects that the State will obtain concurrence from EPA on any matter involving the interpretation of section 112 of the Clean Air Act or 40 CFR Part 63 to the extent that implementation, administration, or enforcement of these sections have not been covered by EPA determinations or guidance.

III. Final Action

The EPA is promulgating final approval of the February 7, 1996, request by the State of Indiana for delegation of section 112 standards unchanged from Federal standards because the request meets all requirements of 40 CFR 63.91 and section 112(l) of the CAA. Upon the effective date of this document, all existing section 112 standards which have been adopted unchanged into the State rules are delegated to the State of Indiana. Future delegation of the section 112 standards to the State will occur upon EPA's promulgation of the standard according to the procedures outlined in this rulemaking action.

Upon the effective date of this action, all notifications, reports and other correspondence required under section 112 standards should be sent to the State of Indiana rather than to the EPA, Region 5, in Chicago. Affected sources should send this information to: Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Office of Air Management, 100 North Senate Avenue, P.O. Box 6015, Indianapolis, Indiana 46206-6015.

In this action, EPA approves the delegation of the Federal air toxics program pursuant to section 112(l) of the CAA. EPA is publishing this action without prior proposal because EPA views this action as a noncontroversial revision and anticipates no adverse comments. However, the rulemaking will not be deemed final if timely unaddressed adverse or critical comments are filed. The "direct final" approval shall be effective on June 2, 1997, unless EPA receives such adverse or critical comments by May 1, 1997. EPA is now soliciting public comments on this action. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time. In the proposed rules section of this **Federal Register**, EPA is publishing a separate document which

constitutes a "proposed approval" of the requested delegation. If EPA receives timely comments adverse to or critical of the approval discussed above, which have not been addressed by the State or EPA, EPA will publish a **Federal Register** document which withdraws this final action. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent rulemaking document based on the proposed approval. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time.

Copies of the State's submittal and other information relied upon for the final approval are contained in a docket maintained at the EPA Regional Office. The docket is an organized and complete file of all the information submitted to, or otherwise considered by, EPA in the development of this final approval. The docket is available for public inspection at the location listed under the **ADDRESSES** section of this document.

Nothing in this action should be construed as permitting, allowing or establishing a precedent for any future request for revision to the State's delegated air toxics program. EPA shall consider each request for revision to the State's delegated air toxics program in light of specific technical, economic, and environmental factors and in relation to relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

This action has been classified as a Table 3 action by the Regional Administrator under the procedures published in the **Federal Register** on January 19, 1989 (54 FR 2214-2225), as revised by an October 4, 1993 memorandum from Michael H. Shapiro, Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation. The Office of Management and Budget exempted this regulatory action from Executive Order 12866 review.

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 600 *et seq.*, EPA must prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis assessing the impact of any proposed or final rule on small entities. (5 U.S.C. 603 and 604.) Alternatively, EPA may certify that the rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and government entities with jurisdiction over populations of less than 50,000.

Delegation of the section 112 standards unchanged from the Federal standard does not create any new requirements, but simply allows the State to administer requirements that have been or will be separately

promulgated. Therefore, because this delegation approval does not impose any new requirements, I certify that it does not have a significant impact on any small entities affected.

Under sections 202, 203 and 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 ("Unfunded Mandates Act"), signed into law on March 22, 1995, EPA must undertake various actions in association with proposed or final rules that include a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to the private sector, or to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate.

EPA has determined that the approval action promulgated today does not constitute a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to either State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector. The State voluntarily requested this delegation under section 112(l) for the purpose of implementing and enforcing the air toxics program with respect to sources not covered by Part 70. The delegation imposes no new Federal requirements. Since the State was not required by law to seek delegation, this Federal action does not impose a mandate on the State.

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by June 2, 1997. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

Under 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A) as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, EPA submitted a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives and the Comptroller General of the General Accounting Office prior to publication of this rule in today's **Federal Register**. This rule is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 63

Environmental Protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Hazardous substances, Intergovernmental relations.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401, *et seq.*

Dated: January 28, 1997.

David A. Ullrich,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 97-8181 Filed 3-31-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

40 CFR Part 271

[FRL-5802-9]

State of Florida: Final Authorization of State Hazardous Waste Management Program Revisions

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Immediate final rule.

SUMMARY: The State of Florida has applied for final authorization of revisions to its hazardous waste program under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has reviewed Florida's application and has made a decision, subject to public review and comment, that Florida's hazardous waste management program revision satisfies all of the requirements necessary to qualify for final authorization. Thus, EPA intends to approve Florida's hazardous waste management program revision. Florida's application for program revision is available for public review and comment.

DATES: Final authorization for Florida will be effective June 2, 1997 unless EPA publishes a prior **Federal Register** action withdrawing this immediate final rule. All comments on Florida's program revision application must be received by the close of business May 1, 1997.

ADDRESSES: Copies of Florida's program revision applications are available during the regular business hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. at the following addresses for inspection and copying: Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Twin Towers Office Building, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399. U.S. EPA Region IV, Library, Atlanta Federal Center, 100 Alabama Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-3104. Written comments should be sent to Narindar Kumar, Chief, RCRA Branch, U.S. EPA,

Atlanta Federal Center, 100 Alabama Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-3104. Telephone (Florida State Coordinator) 404-562-8469.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Narindar Kumar, (404) 562-8448.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

States with final authorization under Section 3006(b) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA" or "the Act"), 42 U.S.C. 6929(b), have a continuing obligation to maintain a hazardous waste program that is equivalent to, consistent with, and no less stringent than the Federal hazardous waste program. In addition, as an interim measure, the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 (Pub. L. 98-616, November 8, 1984, hereinafter "HSWA") allows States to revise their programs to become substantially equivalent instead of equivalent to RCRA requirements promulgated under HSWA authority. States exercising the latter option receive "interim authorization" for the HSWA requirements under Section 3006(g) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. 6926(g), and later apply for final authorization for the HSWA requirements.

Revisions to State hazardous waste programs are necessary when Federal or State statutory or regulatory authority is modified or when certain other changes occur. Most commonly, State program revisions are necessitated by changes to EPA's regulations in 40 CFR Parts 124, 260 through 266, 268, 270 and 279.

B. Florida

Florida initially received final authorization on February 12, 1985. Florida received authorization for revisions to its program on January 30, 1988; January 3, 1989; February 12, 1991; April 6, 1992; July 20, 1992; April 7, 1992; April 6, 1992, and September 9, 1994. HSWA Cluster I, without corrective action, was authorized on January 10, 1994, and HSWA II was authorized on December 27, 1994. RCRA I and II were authorized on October 17, 1994. Today, Florida is seeking approval of its program revision for RCRA Cluster III, RCRA Cluster IV, and the Universal Waste Rule from

RCRA Cluster V in accordance with 40 CFR 271.21(b)(3).

EPA has reviewed Florida's applications, and has made an immediate final decision that Florida's hazardous waste program revisions satisfies all of the requirements necessary to qualify for final authorization. Consequently, EPA intends to grant final authorization for the additional program modifications to Florida. Florida has also made conforming changes to make its regulations internally consistent relative to the revisions made for the above listed authorizations. EPA has reviewed these changes and has made an immediate final decision, in accordance with 40 CFR 271.21(b)(3), that Florida's hazardous waste program revisions satisfy all of the requirements necessary to qualify for final authorization. The public may submit written comments on EPA's immediate final decision up until May 1, 1997. Copies of Florida's application for program revision are available for inspection and copying at the locations indicated in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice.

Approval of Florida's program revision will become effective in 60 days unless an adverse comment pertaining to the State's revision discussed in this notice is received by the end of the comment period. If an adverse comment is received EPA will publish either (1) a withdrawal of the immediate final decision or (2) a notice containing a response to comments which affirms that either the immediate final decision takes effect or reverses the decision.

Florida is seeking approval for its rule revision for the RCRA Cluster III, RCRA Cluster IV and the Universal Waste Rule in RCRA Cluster V. Florida adopts the federal rules by reference and the authority is found in Florida Statute (FS) 403.704(15) (1993). The Florida Administrative Code (FAC) Chapter 62-730, effective 1/5/95, and the FAC effective 9/7/95, document the adoption of the federal rules and extends the description of the rules which apply in Florida. The following chart is a listing of the Federal requirements and Florida's analogous rule and supporting statutes.

Checklist	Federal provision	State provision
109 HSWA, 57 FR 37194 8/18/92, Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Debris	40 CFR Parts 260.10, 261.3 262.34 264.110, 264.111, 264.112, 264.140,	62-730.020(1) F.A.C. 403.704(15) F.S., 62-730.030(1), 403.72, 62-730.160(1), 403.721, 62-730.180 (1) & (2), 403.721 (2) & (6), 403.724.