antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 353.34(d)(1). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This administrative review and notice are in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Tariff Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(2)(B)) and 19 CFR 353.22(h).

Dated: January 16, 1997.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 97–2053 Filed 1–27–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–M

Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

Pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651; 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301), we invite comments on the question of whether instruments of equivalent scientific value, for the purposes for which the instruments shown below are intended to be used, are being manufactured in the United States.

Comments must comply with 15 CFR 301.5(a) (3) and (4) of the regulations and be filed within 20 days with the Statutory Import Programs Staff, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230. Applications may be examined between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 96–129. *Applicant:* University of Arizona, Soil, Water and Environmental Science, Shantz 429, Building #38, Tucson, AZ 85721. *Instrument:* Surface Forces Apparatus, Model Mark 4. *Manufacturer:* Australian National University, Australia. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to measure the force and distance between two surfaces coated with the bacterial outer membranes and phase separation of nonmiscible mixtures in mica slit pores. In addition, the instrument will be used in the course, SWES 607 Surface Chemistry of Soils, to teach students about molecular level phenomena that influence the fate and transport of contaminants in the soil. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 4, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–131. *Applicant:* Oklahoma State University, Purchasing Department, 208G Whitehurst, Stillwater, OK 74078. *Instrument:* Ti:Sapphire Laser, Model MBR–110. *Manufacturer:* Microlase Optical Systems Ltd., United Kingdom. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to conduct the following: (1) investigation of nonlinear optical properties of semiconductor microresonators, (2) determination of the compositions of composite media that enhance various nonlinear optical properties and in particular the relative effects of absorptive and dispersive contributions, (3) study of optical multistability in a system consisting of atoms transmitting through the mode of an optical resonator, (4) exploration of the interaction of atoms with very precisely modulated monochromatic intracavity radiation and (5) investigation of the interrelationship of various measures of cavity loss and their effects on experiments that depend on precise knowledge of atom-cavity coupling. In addition, the instrument will be used for educational purposes in graduate and undergraduate level physics courses. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 5, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–132. *Applicant:* National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, Building 5, Room 108, Bethesda, MD 20892. Instrument: Stopped-Flow Spectrometer, Model SX.18MV. *Manufacturer:* Applied Photophysics Ltd., United Kingdom. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used for studying protein folding and unfolding kinetics. The instrument has been redesigned to provide facile and accurate measurements of stopped-flow kinetics using both fluorescence and absorbance detection. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 6, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–133. *Applicant:* National Institutes of Health, Building 8, Room 421, 8 Center Drive, MSC 0850, Bethesda, MD 20892. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model CM120. *Manufacturer:* Philips, The Netherlands. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to study animal cells and tissues and macromolecular aggregates and organelles isolated from cells and tissue. These studies are designed to investigate the structure of cells and to correlate change in structure with functional variability leading to clinical disease. The objective of this research is to learn about transport of lipids, lipases and other molecules between and within normal cells and to identify translocation defects in mutant cells. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 9, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–134. *Applicant:* U. S. Department of the Interior, U. S. Geological Survey, 12201 Sunrise Valley Drive, MS 431, Reston, VA 20192. *Instrument: Mass Spectrometer, Model Deltaplus. Manufacturer:* Finnigan MAT, Germany. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to analyze the isotopic composition of natural materials in geologic and hydrologic systems. The studies will involve use of variations in the isotopic abundance of oxygen, carbon, sulfur and nitrogen to investigate problems in hydrology, geochemistry, microbiology and paleoclimatology. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs: December 10, 1996.*

Docket Number: 96–135. *Applicant:* Medical University of South Carolina, 171 Ashley Avenue, Charleston, SC 29425. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model JEM–1210. *Manufacturer:* JEOL, Ltd., Japan. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used for ultrastructural studies involving pediatric and adult cancer, retinal degenerative diseases, osteoporosis, endometriosis, teratogenic effect of prenatal alcohol exposure, cochlear changes associated with aging, cardiomyopathy and adrenoleukeodystrophy. The objective of these studies is to better understand the mechanisms involved in various disease processes. In addition, the instrument will be used for educational purposes in a graduate level course entitled ''Techniques in Biological Electron Microscopy.'' *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 10, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–137. *Applicant:* Cornell University, Purchasing Department, 55 Judd Falls Road, Ithaca, NY 14850. *Instrument:* Mass Spectrometer, Model GEO 20–20. *Manufacturer:* Europa Scientific Ltd., United Kingdom. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used for the high precision determination of stable isotopes of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, and sulfur during studies of (1) water and CO_2 flux in environmental systems, (2) plant-water-atmosphere relationships and (3) artificially enriched carbon, trace gases, and isotopes in carbonates. In addition, the instrument will be used in the course BioES6xx: Methods in Biogeochemistry to train research students. *Application*

accepted by Commissioner of Customs: December 16, 1996.

Docket Number: 96–138. *Applicant:* University of California, Berkeley, Procurement and Business Contracts, Berkeley, CA 94720–5600. *Instrument:* (4 each) Broadband Seismometers, Model STS–2. *Manufacturer:* G. Streckeisen AG, Switzerland. *Intended Use:* The instruments will be used to study the high frequency components of regional earthquakes and the low frequency (long period) components of global teleseismic earthquakes. The instruments are typically deployed in site specific, specifically constructed observatories (vaults), and may be operated continuously for 20–30 years. Alternatively, they are used to augment data from permanent seismic observatories. *Application accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* December 18, 1996.

Frank W. Creel,

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff.

[FR Doc. 97–2054 Filed 1–27–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Notice of a Jointly Owned Invention Available for Licensing

SUMMARY: The invention listed below is jointly owned by the U.S. Government, as represented by the Department of Commerce and the Department of Defense. The Department of Commerce's ownership interest in this invention is available for licensing in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 207 and 37 CFR part 404 to achieve expeditious commercialization of results of federally funded research and development.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Technical and licensing information on this inventions may be obtained by writing to: Marcia Salkeld, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Office of Industrial Partnerships Program, Building 820, Room 213, Gaithersburg, MD 20899; Fax 301–869–2751. Any request for information should include the NIST Docket No. and Title for the relevant invention as indicated below.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NIST may enter a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (''CRADA'') with the licensee to perform further research on the invention for purposes of commercialization. The invention available for licensing is:

NIST Docket No. 96–031CIP

Title: Ultra-Low Temperature Neck Bonding Process.

Description: New types of ceramic structures and ceramic composites are formed by a low cost, moderate temperature sintering process using a pre-ceramic precursor which, upon mild heating, decomposes to form ''necks'' between individual ceramic particles. The properties of the resulting porous ceramic bodies can be further modified to form a new class of composite materials.

Dated: January 22, 1997.

Elaine Bunten-Mines,

Director, Program Office.

[FR Doc. 97–2057 Filed 1–27–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–13–M

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton, Man-Made Fiber, Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Bangladesh

January 22, 1997.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs reducing limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 28, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ross Arnold, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927–5850. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482–3715.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Uruguay Round Agreements Act.

The current limits for certain categories are being reduced for carryforward applied in 1996.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 61 FR 66263, published on December 17, 1996). Also see 61 FR 68241, published on December 27, 1996.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions.

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

January 22, 1997.

Commissioner of Customs,

Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on December 20, 1996, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Bangladesh and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 1997 and extends through December 31, 1997.

Effective on January 28, 1997, you are directed to reduce the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit [1]
237	416,177 dozen.
331	1,054,366 dozen pairs.
334	126,966 dozen.
335	227,968 dozen.
336/636	407,955 dozen.
341	2,213,122 dozen.
342/642	382,905 dozen.
351/651	608,132 dozen.
352/652	9,072,698 dozen.
369–S [2]	1,519,427 kilograms.
634	444,196 dozen.
635	287,786 dozen.
641	926,697 dozen.
647/648	1,252,711 dozen.
847	665,143 dozen.

[1] The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 1996.

[2] Category 369-S: only HTS number 6307.10.2005.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C.553(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Troy H. Cribb,

Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

[FR Doc.97–2049 Filed 1–27–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DR–F