

Grumman Model G-73 Mallard airplanes.

**Compliance:** Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of the GPWS equipment to provide certain aural warnings, which could inhibit the ability of the flight crew to prevent the airplane from impacting the ground, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 60 days after the effective date of this AD, remove and replace Centaurus Model C3-100 GPWS equipment with a similar type of equipment that meets minimum performance standards specified in Technical Standard Order (TSO) C-92b, dated August 19, 1976. Accomplish the actions in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Flight Test and Systems Branch, ANM-111, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager,

Flight Test and Systems Branch, ANM-111. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Flight Test and Systems Branch, ANM-111.

Note: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Flight Test and Systems Branch, ANM-111.

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(d) This amendment becomes effective on February 25, 1997.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on January 3, 1997.

S. R. Miller,

*Acting Manager, Transport Airplane*

*Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 97-1351 Filed 1-17-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

## 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 96-AEA-09]

### Establishment of Class E Airspace; Montauk, NY; Correction

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This action corrects the airspace description of the Montauk, NY, Class E airspace area published in a final rule on November 27, 1996 (61 FR 60187), Airspace Docket Number 96-AEA-09.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 21, 1997.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Michael J. Sammartino, Air Traffic Division, Operations Branch, AEA-530, Federal Aviation Administration,

Federal Building #111, John F. Kennedy Int'l Airport, Jamaica, NY 11430; telephone: (718) 553-4530.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### History

Federal Register Document 96-30207, Airspace Docket 96-AEA-09, published on November 27, 1996 (61 FR 60187) established the Class E airspace at Montauk, NY. An error was discovered in the legal description. This action adds the Hampton VORTAC to the legal description.

##### Correction to Final Rule

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the airspace legal description, as published on November 27, 1996 (61 FR 60187), Federal Register Document 96-30207; page 60187, column 3 is corrected in the legal description to the incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 as follows:

#### § 71.1 [Corrected]

\* \* \* \* \*

AEA NY E5 Montauk, NY [Corrected]

Montauk Airport, NY

(lat. 41°04'35" N, long. 71°55'15" W)

Hampton VORTAC

(lat. 40°55'08" N, long. 72°19'00" W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.5-mile radius of Montauk Airport and within 4 miles each side of the 062° bearing from the Hampton VORTAC extending from the 6.5-mile radius to 10 miles northeast of the VORTAC and excluding that portion within the Block Island, RI 700 foot Class E Airspace Area and that portion within the East Hampton, NY Class E Airspace Area.

\* \* \* \* \*

Issued in Jamaica, New York, on January 8, 1997.

James K. Buckles,

*Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Eastern Region.*

[FR Doc. 97-1399 Filed 1-17-97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

## 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 96-AEA-13]

### Amendment to Class E Airspace; Galax, VA

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment modifies the Class E airspace at Galax, VA, to accommodate a Global Positioning System (GPS) Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) to Runway (RWY) 36 at Twin County Airport. This amendment also corrects the geographic

position of Twin County Airport published as a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the Federal Register November 27, 1996 (61 FR 60237). The intended effect of this action is to provide adequate controlled airspace for instrument flight rules (IFR) operations at the airport.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** 0901 UTC, March 27, 1997.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. Frances Jordan, Airspace Specialist, Operations Branch, AEA-530, Air Traffic Division, Eastern Region, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Building #111, John F. Kennedy International Airport, Jamaica, New York 11430, telephone: (718) 553-4521.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### History

On November 27, 1996, the FAA proposed to amend Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) by modifying Class E airspace at Galax, VA, (61 FR 60237). This action would provide adequate Class E airspace for IFR operations at Twin County Airport.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received.

Class E airspace areas designations are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9D, dated September 4, 1996, and effective September 16, 1996, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

##### The Rule

This amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) modifies Class E airspace area at Galax, VA, to accommodate a GPS RWY 36 SIAP and for IFR operations at Twin County Airport.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this regulation—(1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 10034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation it is certified that this rule will not have