

administrative jurisdiction over the land, and segregation shall not have the effect of authorizing any use of the land by the Department of the Air Force.

Dated: September 9, 1996.

J. David Brunner,

Deputy State Director for Resource Services.

[FR Doc. 96-24001 Filed 9-18-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-GG-M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-378]

Certain Asian-Style Kamaboko Fish Cakes; Notice of Issuance of Limited Exclusion Order and Cease and Desist Orders and Termination of Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has issued a limited exclusion order and cease and desist orders to domestic respondents New Japan Food Corporation and Rhee Brothers, Inc. in the above-captioned investigation and terminated the investigation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jay H. Reiziss, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20436, telephone 202-205-3116.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Complainant Yamasa Enterprises filed a complaint with the Commission on August 15, 1995, and a supplementary complaint on September 6, 1995, alleging that certain respondents were importing, selling for importation, and selling in the United States after importation certain Asian-style kamaboko fish cakes bearing marks or logos that were infringing trademarks owned by Yamasa Enterprises. The complaint named six entities as respondents: Yamasa Kamaboko Co., Ltd. ("YKCL"), Alpha Oriental Foods, Inc. ("Alpha"), N.A. Sales, Inc., New Japan Food Corporation ("New Japan"), Rhee Brothers, Inc. ("Rhee Brothers"), and Rokko Trading Co., Inc. N.A. Sales, Inc. and Rokko Trading Co., Inc. were terminated from the investigation on the basis of a settlement agreement. Alpha was never served and is believed to be out of business.

The Commission voted to institute an investigation of Yamasa Enterprise's complaint on September 12, 1995. 60 FR 48722 (September 20, 1995). On December 6, 1995, the complaint was

amended to reflect the issuance to complainant by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on September 12, 1995, of a registered trademark for the word "Yamasa."

On May 21, 1996, the ALJ issued Order No. 15 comprising, inter alia, two initial determinations (IDs) in which he granted (1) complainant's motion for summary determination that its investments in the United States satisfy the domestic industry requirement of section 337, and (2) complainant's motion for summary determination on all issues (including domestic industry) necessary to establish a violation of section 337. Order No. 15 also granted complainant's motion that respondents Rhee Brothers and New Japan be found in default, and granted in part complainant's motion for evidentiary sanctions against respondent YKCL for its failure to provide discovery.

On June 21, 1996, the Commission determined not to review the IDs, thereby finding a violation of section 337, and issued a notice seeking submissions from the parties on the issues of remedy, the public interest, and bonding. Complainants and the IA filed briefs on the issues of remedy, the public interest, and bonding. None of the respondents filed any written submissions on these issues. No reply briefs were filed.

Having reviewed the record in this investigation, including the written submissions of the parties, the Commission made its determinations on the issues of remedy, the public interest, and bonding. The Commission determined that a limited exclusion order prohibiting the unlicensed importation for consumption of infringing Asian-style Kamaboko fish cakes produced and/or imported by YKCL is an appropriate remedy. In addition, the Commission issued cease and desist orders to domestic respondents New Japan and Rhee Brothers requiring them to cease and desist from the following activities in the United States: importing, selling, marketing, advertising, distributing, soliciting agents or distributors for, offering for sale, or otherwise transferring (except for exportation) in the United States infringing imported Asian-style kamaboko fish cakes.

The Commission also determined that the public interest factors enumerated in 19 U.S.C. §§ 1337 (d) and (f) do not preclude the issuance of the limited exclusion order and the cease and desist orders, and that the bond during the Presidential review period shall be in the amount of one hundred (100) percent of the entered value of the imported fish cakes.

This action is taken under the authority of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. § 1337), and section 210.50 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 210.50).

Copies of the Commission's remedial orders, the Commission opinion in support thereof, and all other nonconfidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20436, telephone 202-205-2000. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810.

Issued: September 13, 1996.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96-24032 Filed 9-18-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

[Investigation No. 731-TA-746 (Final)]

Beryllium Metal and High-Beryllium Alloys From Kazakhstan

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Scheduling of the final phase of an antidumping investigation.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the scheduling of the final phase of antidumping investigation No. 731-TA-746 (Final) under section 735(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673d(b)) (the Act) to determine whether an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of less-than-fair-value imports from Kazakhstan of beryllium metal and high-beryllium alloys.¹

¹ The imported products covered by this investigation consist of beryllium metal and high-beryllium alloys with a beryllium content equal to or greater than 30 percent by weight, whether in ingot, billet, powder, block, lump, chunk, blank, or other semifinished form. These are intermediate or semifinished products that require further machining, casting and/or fabricating into sheet, extrusions, forgings or other shapes in order to meet the specifications of the end user. Beryllium metal and alloys in which beryllium predominates by weight are provided for in subheadings 8112.11.30 and 8112.11.60 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS). Other alloys containing beryllium are provided for elsewhere in the HTS—

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