

**§ 178.1010 Sanitizing solutions.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(45) An aqueous solution of hydrogen peroxide, acetic acid, peroxyacetic acid, octanoic acid, peroxyoctanoic acid, sodium 1-octanesulfonate, and 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid. In addition to use on food-processing equipment and utensils, this solution may be used on food-contact surfaces in public eating places, subject to the limitations in paragraph (c)(39) of this section.

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) \* \* \*

(39)(i) The solution identified in paragraph (b)(45) of this section, when used on food processing equipment and utensils, including dairy and beverage-processing equipment but excluding food-contact surfaces in public eating places and dairy and beverage containers, shall provide when ready for use at least 72 parts per million and not more than 216 parts per million of hydrogen peroxide; at least 46 parts per million and not more than 138 parts per million of peroxyacetic acid; at least 40 parts per million and not more than 122 parts per million of octanoic acid (including peroxyoctanoic acid); at least 281 parts per million and not more than 686 parts per million of acetic acid; at least 7 parts per million and not more than 34 parts per million of 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid; and at least 36 parts per million and not more than 109 parts per million of sodium 1-octanesulfonate.

(ii) The solution identified in paragraph (b)(45) of this section, when used on food-contact equipment and utensils in warewashing machines, including warewashing machines in public eating places, at temperatures no less than 120 °F (49 °C) shall provide when ready for use at least 30 parts per million and not more than 91 parts per million of hydrogen peroxide; at least 19 parts per million and not more than 58 parts per million of peroxyacetic acid; at least 17 parts per million and not more than 52 parts per million of octanoic acid (including peroxyoctanoic acid); at least 119 parts per million and not more than 290 parts per million of acetic acid; at least 3 parts per million and not more than 14 parts per million of 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid; and at least 15 parts per million and not more than 46 parts per million of sodium 1-octanesulfonate.

(iii) The solution identified in paragraph (b)(45) of this section, when used on dairy or beverage containers, shall provide when ready for use at least 36 parts per million and not more than

108 parts per million of hydrogen peroxide; at least 23 parts per million and not more than 69 parts per million of peroxyacetic acid; at least 20 parts per million and not more than 61 parts per million of octanoic acid (including peroxyoctanoic acid); at least 140 parts per million and not more than 343 parts per million of acetic acid; at least 3 parts per million and not more than 17 parts per million of 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid; and at least 18 parts per million and not more than 55 parts per million of sodium 1-octanesulfonate.

\* \* \* \* \*

Dated: May 24, 1996.  
 Fred R. Shank,  
 Director, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.  
 [FR Doc. 96-13982 Filed 6-3-96; 8:45 am]  
 BILLING CODE 4160-01-F

**DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**

**Internal Revenue Service**

**26 CFR Parts 40 and 48**

[TD 8659]

RIN 1545-AR92

**Gasoline and Diesel Fuel Excise Tax; Registration Requirements; Correction**

**AGENCY:** Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

**ACTION:** Correction to final regulations.

**SUMMARY:** This document contains corrections to final regulations [TD 8659] which were published in the Federal Register for Thursday, March 14, 1996 (61 FR 10450). The final regulations relate to the taxes on gasoline and diesel fuel reflecting and implementing certain changes made by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** March 14, 1996.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Frank Boland (202) 622-3130 (not a toll-free number).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

The final regulations that are subject to these corrections are under sections 4081 and 4101 of the Internal Revenue Code.

**Need for Correction**

As published, [TD 8659] contains errors that are in need of clarification.

**Correction of Publication**

Accordingly, the publication of final regulations which are the subject of FR Doc. 96-5586 is corrected as follows:

**§ 48.4101-1 [Corrected]**

On page 10460, column 2, paragraph (f)(3)(ii)(D), lines 4 and 5 are corrected by merging the two lines to read "paragraph (j) of this section, without regard to".

Cynthia E. Grigsby,  
 Chief, Regulations Unit, Assistant Chief Counsel (Corporate).  
 [FR Doc. 96-13721 Filed 6-3-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4830-01-P

**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

**Occupational Safety and Health Administration**

**29 CFR Part 1952**

[Docket No. T-015A]

**North Carolina State Plan: Approval of Revised Compliance Staffing Benchmarks**

**AGENCY:** Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

**ACTION:** Approval of revised State compliance staffing benchmarks.

**SUMMARY:** This document amends Subpart I of 29 CFR 1952 to reflect the Assistant Secretary's decision to approve revised compliance staffing benchmarks of 64 safety inspectors and 50 industrial hygienists for the North Carolina State plan.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 4, 1996.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Anne Cyr, Acting Director, Office of Information and Consumer Affairs, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N-3637, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210, (202) 219-8148.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

Section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 ("the Act," 29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) provides that States which desire to assume responsibility for developing and enforcing occupational safety and health standards may do so by submitting, and obtaining Federal approval of, a State plan. Section 18(c) of the Act sets forth the statutory criteria for plan approval, and among these criteria is the requirement that the State's plan provide satisfactory assurances that the