

The Authority directed the parties to file briefs on the foregoing issues as well as an issue whether, if the petition were to be granted, the resulting units would continue to be appropriate within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 7112. As these matters are likely to be of concern to agencies, labor organizations, and other interested persons, the Authority finds it appropriate to provide for the filing of amicus briefs addressing these issues.

Dated: March 18, 1996.

For the Authority.

James H. Adams,

*Acting Director, Case Control Office.*

[FR Doc. 96-6843 Filed 3-20-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6727-01-M

## FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

### Automated Tariff Filing and Information System, Firms Certified for Batch Filing Capability

[Of At Least One Type of Tariff]

As of March 13, 1996

Calcutta, East Coast of India and Bangladesh/U.S.A. Conference, Metuchen, New Jersey  
 Dart Maritime Service, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania  
 Distribution Publications, Inc. ("DPI"), Oakland, California  
 D.X.I., Inc., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania  
 Effective Tariff Management Corporation ("ETM"), Bowie, Maryland  
 Expeditors International ("EI"), Seattle, Washington  
 Flexible Business Systems, Inc., Miami, Florida  
 Glenserve Company, Glendora, New Jersey  
 Insight Consulting Group, Saddle Brook, NJ  
 Japan-Atlantic and Gulf Freight Conference, Tokyo, Japan  
 Japan-Puerto Rico & Virgin Island Freight Conference, Tokyo, Japan  
 Japan-United States Eastbound Freight Conference, Tokyo, Japan  
 King Ocean Central America, S.A., ("KOCA"), Gundo Alt, Panama  
 King Ocean Service de Venezuela, S.A. ("KOSDV"), Chuao, Caracas  
 Logistical Concepts Ltd. ("LCL"), Drexel Hill, Pennsylvania  
 Maersk Inc., San Francisco, California  
 Mariner Systems, Inc. San Francisco, California  
 Maritime Management International, Inc., Miami, Florida  
 Matson Navigation Company, Inc., San Francisco, California  
 Matson Terminals, Inc., San Francisco, California  
 Miller Traffic service, Inc., Maywood, California

Nippon Yusen Kaisha ("NYK"), San Francisco, California  
 NVO Tariff Services, Fremont, California  
 NX Corp., Columbia, Maryland  
 Ocean Tariff Bureau, Long Beach, California  
 Pacific Coast Tariff Bureau ("PCTB"), San Francisco, California  
 Paramount Tariff Services, Ltd. ("PTS"), Torrance, California  
 Rijnhaave Information Services, Inc., and World Tariff Services, Inc. ("WTS"), Union, New Jersey  
 Simple Transportation Solutions International, Titusville, Florida  
 Star Shipping A/S, San Francisco, California  
 Sumner Tariff Services, Inc. Washington, D.C.  
 Tariff Data Services, Houston, Texas  
 Transamericas T.I.S., Inc., Falls Church, Virginia  
 Transax Systems, Bridgewater, New Jersey  
 Trans-Pacific Freight Conference of Japan, Tokyo, Japan  
 Transportation Services, Inc. ("TSI"), Fort Lauderdale, Florida  
 U.S. Traffic Service, Torrance, California  
 Wallenius Lines AB, Woodcliff Lake, New Jersey  
 Wallenius Lines North America, Inc., Woodcliff Lake, New Jersey  
 Zim Container Service, Inc., New York, New York

Note: In the certification process, some certificants used software developed by other firms and may not be holding themselves out of file tariffs for the public, generally.

Joseph C. Polking,

*Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 96-6821 Filed 3-20-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-M

## FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

### Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notices have been accepted for processing, they will also be available

for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than April 4, 1996.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166:

1. *Rickie L. Wiggs, and Gary F. Hileman*, both Grand Tower, Illinois; each to acquire an additional 13.3 percent each, for a total of 33.3 percent, of the voting shares of Shawnee Bancshares, Inc., Grand Tower, Illinois.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, March 15, 1996.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

*Deputy Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 96-6785 Filed 3-20-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

### Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the application has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act, including whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company can "reasonably be expected to produce benefits to the public, such as greater convenience, increased competition, or gains in efficiency, that outweigh possible adverse effects, such as undue concentration of resources, decreased or unfair competition, conflicts of interests, or unsound banking practices" (12 U.S.C. 1843). Any request for