D. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

Under Section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 ("UMRA"), Public Law 104-4, EPA must prepare a budgetary impact statement to accompany any general notice of proposed rulemaking or final rule that includes a Federal mandate which may result in estimated costs to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector, of \$100 million or more. Under Section 205, for any rule subject to Section 202 EPA generally must select the least costly, most cost-effective, or least burdensome alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule and is consistent with statutory requirements. Under Section 203, before establishing any regulatory requirements that may significantly or uniquely affect small governments, EPA must take steps to inform and advise small governments of the requirements and enable them to provide input.

EPA has determined that today's supplemental proposal regarding marine engines and proposed revisions to Parts 89 and 90 of the CFR do not trigger the requirements of UMRA. EPA expects to prepare a budgetary impact statement in compliance with Section 202 of the UMRA, and to follow the requirements of Section 205 of the UMRA, at the time it issues a final rule on marine engines.

## List of Subjects

# 40 CFR Part 89

Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Confidential business information, Environmental protection, Imports, Incorporation by reference, Labeling, Nonroad source pollution, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

# 40 CFR Part 90

Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Confidential business information, Environmental protection, Imports, Incorporation by reference, Labeling, Nonroad source pollution, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

### 40 CFR Part 91

Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Confidential business information, Environmental protection, Imports, Incorporation by reference, Labeling, Nonroad source pollution, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: January 26, 1996.

Carol M. Browner,

Administrator.

[FR Doc. 96-2230 Filed 2-6-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

#### 40 CFR Part 180

[OPP-300410; FRL-4994-4]

Xanthan Gum-Modified, Produced by the Reaction of Xanthan Gum and Glyoxal; Tolerance Exemption

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This document proposes that xanthan gum-modified, produced by the reaction of xanthan gum and glyoxal (maximum 0.3% by weight) be exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a surfactant in pesticide formulations. This proposed regulation was requested by Rhone-Poulenc, Inc., pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA). DATES: Comments, identified by the docket control number [OPP–300410], must be received on or before March 8, 1996.

ADDRESSES: By mail, submit written comments to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person deliver comments to: Rm. 1132, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

Information submitted as a comment concerning this document may be claimed confidential by marking any part of all of that information as "Confidential Business Information" (CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. A copy of the comment that does not contain CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential will be included in the public docket by EPA without prior notice. The public docket is available for public inspection in Rm. 1132 at the address given above, from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

Comments and data may also be submitted electronically by sending electronic mail (e-mail) to: opp-docket@epamail.epa.gov. Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

Comments and data will also be accepted on disks in WordPerfect in 5.1 file format or ASCII file format. All comments and data in electronic form must be identified by the docket number, [OPP–300410]. No CBI should be submitted through e-mail. Electronic comments on this proposed rule may be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries. Additional information on electronic submissions can be found below in this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Amelia M. Acierto, Registration Support Branch, Registration Division (7505W), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location, telephone number, and e-mail address: 2800 Crystal Drive, North Tower, Arlington, VA, (703)–308–8375, e-mail:

acierto.amelia@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Rhone-Poulenc, Inc., CN 7500, Cranbury, NJ 08512-7500, has submitted pesticide petition (PP) 2E04084 to EPA requesting that the Administrator, pursuant to section 408(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 346a(e), propose to amend 40 CFR 180.1001(c) by establishing an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for xanthan gum, modified, produced by the reaction of xanthan gum and glyoxal (maximum 0.3% by weight) when used as a surfactant in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops or to raw agricultural commodities after harvest.

Inert ingredients are all ingredients that are not active ingredients as defined in 40 CFR 153.125 and include, but are not limited to, the following types of ingredients (except when they have a pesticidal efficacy of their own): solvents such as alcohols and hydrocarbons; surfactants such as polyoxyethylene polymers and fatty acids; carriers such as clay and diatomaceous earth; thickeners such as carrageenan and modified cellulose; wetting, spreading, and dispersing agents; propellants in aerosol dispensers; microencapsulating agents; and emulsifiers. The term "inert" is not intended to imply nontoxicity; the ingredient may or may not be chemically active.

The data submitted in the petition and other relevant material have been evaluated. As part of the EPA policy statement on inert ingredients published in the Federal Register of April 22, 1987 (52 FR 13305), the Agency set forth a list of studies which would generally be used to evaluate the risks posed by the presence of an inert ingredient in a pesticide formulation. However, where

it can be determined without that data that the inert ingredient will present minimal or no risk, the Agency generally does not require some or all of the listed studies to rule on the proposed tolerance or exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for an inert ingredient. The Agency has decided that no data, in addition to that described below, for xanthan gum, modified, produced by the reaction of xanthan gum and glyoxal will need to be submitted. The rationale for this decision is described below:

1. Xanthan gum-modified, is a glyoxal-treated xanthan gum that, while similar to xanthan gum, has improved

dispersion properties.

- 2. Xantham gum is a naturally occurring high molecular weight biopolysaccharide which is already exempted from the requirement of a tolerance when used as a thickener in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops or to raw agricultural commodities after harvest (40 CFR 180.1001(c)) and when used in pesticide formulations applied to animals (40 CFR 180.1001(e)).
- 3. Glyoxal is cleared for use as a component of coated or uncoated food contact surface paper and paperboard (21 CFR 176.180 (b)(2)).
- 4. Hydrolysis of xantham gummodified results in the formation of xanthan gum and sodium glycolate, which is toxicologically similar to oxalic acid.
- 5. Based on an estimation of dietary exposure utilizing a worst-case situation in which a pesticide formulation utilizes modified xanthan gum containing 0.3% glyoxal, the resultant dietary exposure to glyoxal would be considered to be of no toxicological concern.
- 6. A pesticide formulation containing modified xanthan gum with a 0.1 to 0.3% glyoxal concentration would typically contain from 2.9 to 7.5 ppm (parts per million) glyoxal. At these levels, it is considered to be of low ecological effects or environmental fate concern.

Based upon the above information and review of its use, EPA has found that, when used in accordance with good agricultural practice, this ingredient is useful and a tolerance is not necessary to protect the public health. Therefore, EPA proposes that the exemption from the requirement of a tolerance be established as set forth below.

Any person who has registered or submitted an application for registration of a pesticide, under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) as amended, which contains any of the ingredients listed herein, may request within 30 days after publication of this document in the Federal Register that this proposal be referred to an Advisory Committee in accordance with section 408(e) of FFDCA.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the proposed regulation. Comments must bear a notation indicating the docket control number, [OPP–300410]. All written comments filed in response to this petition will be available in the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, at the address given above from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday, except legal holidays.

A record has been established for this rulemaking under docket number [OPP-300410] (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record, including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in Room 1132 of the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

Electronic comments can be sent directly to EPA at:

opp-docket@epamail.epa.gov

Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

The official record for this rulemaking, as well as the public version, as described above will be kept in paper form. Accordingly, EPA will transfer all comments received electronically into printed, paper form as they are received and will place the paper copies in the official rulemaking record which will also include all comments submitted directly in writing. The official rulemaking record is the paper record maintained at the address in "ADDRESSES" at the beginning of this document.

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this proposed rule from the requirements of section 3 of Executive Order 12866.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the Federal Register of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: January 25, 1996. Stephen L. Johnson,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, it is proposed that 40 CFR part 180 be amended as follows:

## PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. Section 180.1001 is amended in paragraph (c) in the table therein by adding and alphabetically inserting the inert ingredient, to read as follows:

# § 180.1001 Exemptions from the requirements of a tolerance.

(c) \* \* \* \* \*

Xanthan gum-modified, produced by the reaction of xanthan gum and glyoxal (maximum 0.3% by weight).  * * * * * Surfactant  * * * Surfactant	Ingredients	Limits	Uses
* * * * * * *	xanthan gum and glyoxal (maximum 0.3% by weight).	Not more than 0.5% of pesticide formulation.	

[FR Doc. 96–2233 Filed 2–6–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

40 CFR Part 180

[PP 4E3060/P641; FRL-4996-6]

RIN 2070-AC18

#### Pesticide Tolerance for 2,4-D

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule

**SUMMARY:** EPA proposes to extend the tolerances for residues of the herbicide 2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid) in or on the raw agricultural commodity soybeans. The Agency has not completed the regulatory assessment of its science findings; therefore, the Agency is proposing to extend this tolerance for 3 years.

**DATES:** Comments, identified by the docket number, [PP 4E3060/P641], must be received on or before February 16, 1996. The proposed tolerance would expire on December 31, 1998.

ADDRESSES: By mail, submit written comments to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring comments to: Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202. Information submitted as a comment concerning this document may be claimed confidential by marking any part or all of that information as "Confidential Business Information" (CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. A copy of the comment that does not contain CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice. All written comments will be available for public inspection in Rm. 1132 at the address given above, from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

Comments and data may also be submitted electronically by sending electronic mail (e-mail) to: oppdocket@epamail.epa.gov. Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Comments and data will also be accepted on disks in WordPerfect 5.1 file format or ASCII file format. All comments and data in electronic form must be identified by the docket number

[PP 4E3060/P641]. No CBI should be submitted through e-mail. Electronic comments on this proposed rule may be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries. Additional information on electronic submissions can be found below in this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Joanne Miller, Product Manager (PM 23), Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 237, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202, (703)–305–6224.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA issued a final rule, published in the Federal Register of August 19, 1992 (57 FR 37475), which established a tolerance for residues of 2,4-D (2,4dichlorophenoxyacetic acid) in or on soybeans with an expiration date of December 1995. This tolerance, with an expiration date, was required by EPA to allow the Industry Task Force II on 2,4-D Research Data to submit additional field residue trials, including bridging studies with ester and amine formulations, plant metabolism studies, storage stability data, and oncogenicity studies in two species, rat and mouse preferred. All the studies except the oncogenicity studies in the rat and mouse and the storage stability data have been reviewed. Oncogenicity studies using male and female mice and female rats are currently in review, and an oncogenicity study in the male rat is due into the Agency in January 1996. The storage stability data is currently in progress. Because the Agency has not completed the regulatory assessment of its scientific findings, EPA is proposing to amend 40 CFR 180.142(k) to extend the expiration date for these tolerances until December 31, 1998. Based on the information cited above and in the document proposing the establishment of the time-limited tolerance for 2,5-D (57 FR 24565, June 10, 1992), the Agency has determined that when used in accordance with good agricultural practices, this ingredient is useful and the tolerance will protect the public health. Therefore, EPA is proposing to extend the tolerance as set forth below.

Any person who has registered or submitted an application for registration of a pesticide, under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) as amended, which contains any of the ingredients listed herein, may request within 30 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register that this rulemaking proposal be referred to an Advisory Committee in

accordance with section 408(e) of the FFDCA.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the proposed regulation. Comments must bear a notation indicating the document control number, [PP 4E3060/P641]. All written comments filed in response to this proposed rule will be available in the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, at the address given above from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays.

A record has been established for this rulemaking under docket number [PP 4E3060/P641] (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record, including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in Room 1132 of the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington,

Electronic comments can be sent directly to EPA at: opp-Docket@epamail.epa.gov

Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

The official record for this rulemaking, as well as the public version, as described above will be kept in paper form. Accordingly, EPA will transfer all comments received electronically into printed, paper form as they are received and will place the paper copies in the official rulemaking record which will also include all comments submitted directly in writing. The official rulemaking record is the paper record maintained at the address in "ADDRESSES" at the beginning of this document.

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirements of section 3 of Executive Order 12866.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96–354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601–612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or food additive regulations or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this