

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 15, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jenetha M. Hickson, Alternate Liaison Officer, (202) 898-3807.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In preparing the final rule for publication in the Federal Register, typographical errors were inadvertently made. Accordingly, the final rule is corrected as follows:

§ 327.9 [Corrected]

1. On page 42741, second column, in § 327.9, in the fifth line of paragraph (b)(3)(i), "paragraph (c)(2)(i) through (iv)" is corrected to read "paragraph (b)(2)(i) through (iv)".

2. On page 42741, third column, in § 327.9:

a. In the second line of paragraph (c)(2) introductory text "§ 327.7(a)(3)" is corrected to read "§ 327.7(a)(2)"; and

b. In the second line of paragraph (c)(3), "§ 327.7(b)(3)" is corrected to read "§ 327.7(b)(2)".

Dated: December 22, 1995.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Robert E. Feldman,

Deputy Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-31412 Filed 12-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6714-02-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Customs Service

19 CFR Part 101

[T.D. 96-4]

Name Change for Consolidated Port of Philadelphia

AGENCY: Customs Service, Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Customs Regulations to change the name of the Consolidated Port of Philadelphia to the Consolidated Port of the Delaware River and Bay, and to identify the participating ports within the consolidated port. This change is being made to more clearly reflect that the port encompasses Wilmington, Delaware and other cities and territory as well as Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 29, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: A. Donald Gilman, Office of Congressional and Public Affairs, (202) 927-1169.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 101.3, Customs Regulations (19 CFR 101.3), lists as one of Customs ports of entry Philadelphia-Chester, Pa.

and Wilmington, De. This port includes the named cities and includes Camden, Gloucester City and Salem, New Jersey and territory described in T. D. 84-195. The port of entry is popularly known as the Consolidated Port of Philadelphia.

After a meeting with trade community representatives from both Wilmington, Delaware and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Customs proposed in a document published in the Federal Register (60 FR 47505) on September 13, 1995, that the name of the consolidated port should be changed to the Consolidated Port of the Delaware River and Bay. The name change would reflect that the port encompasses Wilmington, Delaware and other cities and territory as well as Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. As noted in the proposal, the Wilmington, Delaware trade community strongly favors such a name change, and the Philadelphia trade community has not expressed any objection to that suggestion.

Comments Received

A total of seven entities responded to the proposal. All seven were in favor of the name change.

Conclusion

After review of the comments and further consideration, Customs has determined to proceed with changing the name of the port.

Accordingly, Customs is amending section 101.3, Customs Regulations (19 CFR 101.3) to change the name of the port of Philadelphia-Chester, Pa. and Wilmington, De., popularly known as the Consolidated Port of Philadelphia, to the Consolidated Port of the Delaware River and Bay, and to identify the participating ports within the consolidated port.

Territory of the Consolidated Port

The geographical limits of the consolidated port are as follows:

The ports of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (comprising the territory within the corporate limits of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Camden, Gloucester City, and Salem, New Jersey; the territory within the limits of the Boroughs of Brooklawn, National Park, and Paulsboro, and the Townships of West Deptford and Greenwich, all in New Jersey; the Borough of Folcroft and the Townships of Darby and Tinicum, all in Pennsylvania; and the territory between the Delaware River and U. S. Highway No. 13, in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, from the corporate limits of Philadelphia to and including Morrisville, Pennsylvania; and the territory between the Delaware River

and U. S. Highway No. 130 and U. S. Highway No. 206, in Camden, Burlington, and Mercer Counties, New Jersey, from the corporate limits of Camden, New Jersey, to and including Trenton, New Jersey); Chester, Pennsylvania (comprising the territory within the corporate limits of Chester, Pennsylvania; the territory within the limits of the Boroughs of Marcus Hook, Trainer, Upland, Parkside, and Eddystone, and the Townships of Lower Chichester and Ridley, all in Pennsylvania; and the territory extending along the Pennsylvania side of the Delaware River from Darby Creek to the Delaware State line, a distance of approximately 10 miles); and Wilmington, Delaware (comprising the territory within the corporate limits of Wilmington, Delaware; the territory within the limits of New Castle, Newport, and Claymont, Delaware; the territory within the limits of Carneys Point and Deep Water Point, New Jersey; and the territory lying between U. S. Highway No. 13 and the Delaware River, from the corporate limits of Wilmington to the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, Delaware.)

Regulatory Flexibility Act

Although this document was issued for public comment, it is not subject to the notice and public procedure requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553 because it relates to agency management and organization. Accordingly, the document is not subject to the regulatory analysis requirements of 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604.

Executive Order 12866

Agency organization matters such as this are exempt from Executive Order 12866.

Drafting Information

The principal author of this document was Janet L. Johnson, Regulations Branch. However, personnel from other offices participated in its development.

List of Subjects in Part 101

Customs duties and inspection, Harbors, Organization and functions (Government agencies), Seals and insignia, Vessels.

Amendments to the Regulations

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, part 101 of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR 101) is amended as set forth below.

PART 101—GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The general authority citation for Part 101 and the relevant specific

authority citation continue to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 19 U.S.C. 2, 66, 1202 (General Note 20, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States), 1623, 1624.

Sections 101.3 and 101.4 also issued under 19 U.S.C. 1 and 58b;

2. Section 101.3(b)(1) is amended by removing the entry for Philadelphia-

Chester, PA and Wilmington, DE under the states of Delaware, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania and adding in appropriate alphabetical order under those states the following entries:

§ 101.3 Customs service ports and ports of entry.

- (b) *List of Ports of Entry and Service Ports.* * * *
- (1) *Customs ports of entry.* * * *

Ports of entry	Limits of port
Delaware	
Wilmington	Included in the Consolidated Port of the Delaware River and Bay described in T.D. 96-4.
New Jersey	
Camden, Gloucester City, and Salem	Included in the Consolidated Port of the Delaware River and Bay described in T.D. 96-4.
Pennsylvania	
Chester	Included in the Consolidated Port of the Delaware River and Bay described in T.D. 96-4.
Philadelphia	Included in the Consolidated Port of the Delaware River and Bay described in T.D. 96-4.

George J. Weise,
Commissioner of Customs.
 Approved: December 13, 1995.
 Dennis M. O'Connell,
Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.
 [FR Doc. 95-31327 Filed 12-27-95; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4820-02-P

19 CFR Part 101

[T.D. 96-3]

Customs Service Field Organization—Sioux Falls, SD

AGENCY: Customs Service, Treasury.
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Customs Regulations pertaining to the field organization of Customs by establishing Sioux Falls, South Dakota, as a port of entry. The change is made as part of Customs continuing efforts to obtain more efficient use of its personnel, facilities, and resources and to provide better service to carriers, importers, and the general public.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 29, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bob Jones, Office of Field Operations (202-927-0456).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

As part of its continuing efforts to obtain more efficient use of its personnel, facilities, and resources and to provide better service to carriers, importers, and the general public, Customs published a document in the Federal Register (60 FR 52347) on October 6, 1995, proposing to amend § 101.3 of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR 101.3) by establishing a port of entry at Sioux Falls, South Dakota encompassing the counties of Minnehaha and Lincoln in the State of South Dakota.

As the proposal stated, South Dakota presently does not have a port of entry and the Governor of the State of South Dakota requested the establishment of the port of entry in the state. In support of the establishment of the port at Sioux Falls, it was stated to Customs that the port would yield significant immediate and future economic benefits for the State of South Dakota, including the retention and expansion of jobs, the

more efficient transportation of imported and exported merchandise, the opportunity for the establishment of a foreign trade zone, the expanded development of infrastructure within the proposed port area, an enhanced business competitiveness for existing enterprises and the opportunity to encourage new businesses to locate within South Dakota.

As further stated in the proposal, the Customs office within the port of entry would be located at the Joe Foss Field airport in Sioux Falls, which is the largest urban area within the State of South Dakota. It has been represented to Customs that the cost to the Federal Government would only involve the services of one full-time Customs official and therefore would be minimal compared to the significant benefits that port of entry status would impart to the South Dakota business community.

Sioux Falls is located at the junction of two major state interstate highways (Interstate 90 and Interstate 29), is serviced by a major national freight railway company, and is serviced at the Joe Foss Field airport by national passenger and cargo airlines, express air freight services and commuter airlines.