

this section to withdraw the request no later than 90 days after the date of publication of notice of initiation of the requested review. The Secretary may extend this time limit if the Secretary decides that it is reasonable to do so." Because no significant work has yet been done, we have determined that it is reasonable to extend the 90-day time limit and to allow TT Systems to withdraw its request for review. See *Steel Wire Rope From Japan; Partial Termination of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews*, 56 FR 41118 (August 19, 1991). Accordingly, the Department is terminating this review.

This notice serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with section 353.34(d) of the Department's regulations. Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This notice is in accordance with section 353.22(a)(5) of the Department's regulations (19 CFR 353.22(a)(5)).

Dated: October 30, 1995.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Compliance.

[FR Doc. 95-27558 Filed 11-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

University of South Carolina, et al.; Notice of Consolidated Decision on Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

This is a decision consolidated pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89-651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Comments: None received. *Decision:* Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instruments described below, for such purposes as each is intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States.

Docket Number: 95-036. *Applicant:* University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC 29208. *Instrument:* ICP Mass Spectrometer, Model ELEMENT. *Manufacturer:* Finnigan MAT GmbH, Germany. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 29827, June 6, 1995. *Reasons:* The

foreign instrument provides: High resolution to 0.02 AMU to provide (1) separation of Fe Isotopes from ArO interferences and (2) resolution of interferences from Polatomic Species such as $^{40}\text{Ar}^{16}\text{O}$. *Advice Received From:* National Institutes of Health, September 13, 1995.

Docket Number: 95-037. *Applicant:* University of Miami, Coral Gables, FL 33145. *Instrument:* L-B Film Deposition Apparatus with Ellipsometric Microscope. *Manufacturer:* Nippon Laser & Electronics Lab., Japan. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 29827, June 6, 1995. *Reasons:* The foreign instrument provides a moving-wall though design and an ellipsometric microscope using polarizers working at the Brewster angle for study of the morphology of monolayer surfactants. *Advice Received From:* National Institutes of Health, September 13, 1995.

Docket Number: 95-038. *Applicant:* University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720-3140. *Instrument:* Mass Spectrometer. *Manufacturer:* Europa Scientific Ltd., United Kingdom. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 31144, June 13, 1995. *Reasons:* The foreign instrument provides: (1) 120° extended geometry magnetic sector analyzer (2) external precision of 0.1 per mil for 13C and 0.3 per mil for 15N and (3) simultaneous measurement of CO₂ and N₂. *Advice Received From:* National Institutes of Health, September 13, 1995.

Docket Number: 95-045. *Applicant:* The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA 92037. *Instrument:* Mass Spectrometer System, Model API 100. *Manufacturer:* PE Sciex, Canada. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 33190, June 27, 1995. *Reasons:* The foreign instrument provides: (1) curtain gas to reduce sample contamination, (2) mass range to 3000 m/z and (3) operation of the care system at room temperature. *Advice Received From:* National Institutes of Health, September 14, 1995.

National Institutes of Health that (1) the capabilities of each of the foreign instruments described above are pertinent to each applicant's intended purpose and (2) they know of no domestic instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value for the intended use of each instrument.

We know of no other instrument or apparatus being manufactured in the United States which is of equivalent scientific value to any of the foreign instruments.

Frank W. Creel

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff

[FR Doc. 95-27560 Filed 11-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-F

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award's Board of Overseers

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology, DOC.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. app. 2, notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the Board of Overseers of the Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award on Tuesday, November 28, 1995, from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m. The Board of Overseers consists of nine members prominent in the field of quality management and appointed by the Secretary of Commerce, assembled to advise the Secretary of Commerce on the conduct of the Baldrige Award. The purpose of the meeting on November 28, 1995, will be for the Board of Overseers to receive and then discuss reports from the National Institute of Standards and Technology with the chairman of the Judges Panel of the Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award. These reports will cover the following topics: Overview of the 1995 award program; report by the contractor, American Society for Quality Control; discussion of program status and plans for 1995; develop recommendations and report same to the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

DATES: The meeting will convene November 28, 1995 at 8:30 a.m., and adjourn at 4 p.m. on November 28, 1994.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the National Institute of Standards and Technology, Administration Building, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Curt W. Reimann, Director for Quality Programs, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899, telephone number (301) 975-2036.

Dated: November 1, 1995.

Samuel Kramer,

Associate Director.

[FR Doc. 95-27561 Filed 11-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-13-M

COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton, Man-Made Fiber, Silk Blend and Other Vegetable Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Bangladesh

November 1, 1995.

AGENCY: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

ACTION: Issuing a directive to the Commissioner of Customs adjusting limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 1, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ross Arnold, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port or call (202) 927-5850. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, call (202) 482-3715.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority: Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854).

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted, variously, for swing, special shift and carryforward.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the **CORRELATION:** Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see Federal Register notice 59 FR 65531, published on December 20, 1994). Also see 60 FR 5371, published on January 27, 1995.

The letter to the Commissioner of Customs and the actions taken pursuant to it are not designed to implement all of the provisions of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing, but are designed to assist only in the implementation of certain of their provisions.

D. Michael Hutchinson,
Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements

November 1, 1995.

Commissioner of Customs,
Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20229.

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on January 24, 1995, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton, man-made fiber, silk blend and other vegetable fiber textiles and textile products, produced or manufactured in Bangladesh and exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 1995 and extends through December 31, 1995.

Effective on November 1, 1995, you are directed to amend further the January 24, 1995 directive to adjust the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreements Act and the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit ¹
237	399,546 dozen.
331	943,828 dozen pairs.
334	133,792 dozen.
335	144,772 dozen.
336/636	378,453 dozen.
342/642	327,604 dozen.
347/348	1,843,587 dozen.
369-S ²	1,171,007 kilograms.
634	384,226 dozen.
635	235,375 dozen.
641	490,263 dozen.
638/639	1,198,962 dozen.
645/646	279,211 dozen.
647/648	1,322,319 dozen.
847	456,945 dozen.

¹The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 1994.

²Category 369-S: only HTS number 6307.10.2005.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C.553(a)(1).

Sincerely,
D. Michael Hutchinson,
Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.
[FR Doc.95-27472 Filed 11-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-F

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Availability of the Tritium Supply and Recycling Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement

AGENCY: Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The Department of Energy (DOE) announces the availability of the Tritium Supply and Recycling Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PEIS), DOE/EIS-0161. The Tritium Supply and Recycling PEIS evaluates alternatives for an assured, long-term supply of tritium, a

radioactive gas which is a necessary component of every weapon in the Nation's nuclear weapons stockpile.

DATES: The Final PEIS was approved by the Department on October 13, 1995. The Environmental Protection Agency published its Notice of Availability regarding this Final PEIS on October 27, 1995. DOE intends to issue a Record of Decision on the Tritium Supply and Recycling PEIS; the decision may be issued no sooner than 30 days from the publication date of the Environmental Protection Agency Notice of Availability in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES AND FURTHER INFORMATION: A copy of the Final PEIS, its Executive Summary, or both may be obtained by calling 1-800-776-2765, or writing to: Office of Reconfiguration, DP-25, U.S. Department of Energy, P.O. Box 3417, Alexandria, Virginia 22302.

Requests for copies of the Final PEIS can also be made electronically via computer as follows: Federal Information Exchange Bulletin Board, InterNet Address: FEDIX.FIECOM, Modem Toll-Free: 1-800-783-3349, DC Metro Modem: 301-258-0953.

For general information on the DOE NEPA review process, please contact: Carol M. Borgstrom, Director, Office of NEPA Policy and Assistance, EH-42, U.S. Department of Energy, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington DC 20585, (202) 586-4600 or (800) 472-2756.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Tritium Supply and Recycling Final PEIS was prepared pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the Council on Environmental Quality NEPA regulations (40 CFR Parts 1500-1508) and the DOE NEPA regulations (10 CFR Part 1021). In the PEIS, the Department proposes to acquire a long-term, assured capability for tritium supply and recycling. Tritium, a radioactive gas with a relatively short radioactive half-life of 12.3 years, is a necessary component of every weapon in the Nation's nuclear weapons stockpile and must be replenished periodically in nuclear weapons to ensure that they function as designed. Currently, the Department does not have the capability to produce the quantity of tritium that is expected to be required to maintain the readiness of the nuclear weapons stockpile.

The Tritium Supply and Recycling PEIS evaluates alternatives for providing long-term, assured tritium supply and recycling. Four technologies for new tritium supply facilities are assessed in the PEIS: Heavy Water Reactor, Modular High-Temperature Gas-Cooled Reactor,