

Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on September 22, 1995, applicable to all workers at the subject firm located in Pottsville, Pennsylvania. The notice will soon be published in the Federal Register.

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for the subject firm. New findings show that the workers at the Pine Shirt Company location in New York, New York were excluded from the certification. The Department is amending the certification to cover these workers.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Pine Shirt Company adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-31,429 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Pine Shirt Company, Pottsville, Pennsylvania (TA-W-31,429) and New York, New York (TA-W-31,329A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after September 5, 1994 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC., this 5th day of October 1995.

Victor J. Trunzo,
Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.
[FR Doc. 95-26016 Filed 10-19-95; 8:45 am]
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[NAFTA-00484]

Farah Manufacturing Company, Farah USA, Inc., El Paso, TX; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Certification of Eligibility to Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on July 21, 1995, applicable to all workers at the subject firm.

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification. Workers are engaged in the production of men's and boy's trousers and slacks. New findings show that workers at the subject firm performing cutting operations were excluded from the certification.

It is the Department's intent to provide coverage to all workers of Farah Manufacturing adversely affected by increased imports. Accordingly, the

Department is amending the certification to cover all workers.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-00484 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Farah Manufacturing Company, Farah USA, Inc. located in El Paso, Texas who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after June 8, 1994, are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 6th day of October 1995.

Victor J. Trunzo,
Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95-26018 Filed 10-19-95; 8:45 am]
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[TA-W-31,295 and TA-W-31,296]

PORTAC Incorporated of Tacoma, Beaver, WA and Forks, WA; Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration

By letter of September 13, 1995, the petitioners requested administrative reconsideration of the Department of Labor's Notice of Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance for workers of the subject firm. The denial notice was signed on September 5, 1995 and published in the Federal Register on September 19, 1995 (60 FR 48525).

The petitioners claim that the Department's survey of Portac's customer base was inadequate.

Conclusion

After careful review of the application, I conclude that the claim is of sufficient weight to justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. The application is, therefore, granted.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 6th day of October 1995.

Victor J. Trunzo,
Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.
[FR Doc. 95-26019 Filed 10-19-95; 8:45 am]
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Employment Standards Administration

Wage and Hour Division; Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in

accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedeas decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing

Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department. Further information and self-explanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room S-3014, Washington, D.C. 20210.

New General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of the decisions added to the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts" are listed by Volume and State:

Volume II

Virginia

VA950114 (Oct. 20, 1995)
VA950115 (Oct. 20, 1995)

Modifications to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed in the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the Federal Register are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

Volume I

New Jersey

NJ950003 (Feb. 10, 1995)

Volume II

Washington

DC950003 (Feb. 10, 1995)

Virginia

VA950104 (Feb. 10, 1995)
Index

Volume III

None

Volume IV

Michigan

MI950001 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950002 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950003 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950004 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950005 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950007 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950012 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950031 (Feb. 10, 1995)

MI950046 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950049 (Feb. 10, 1995)
MI950060 (Feb. 10, 1995)
Wisconsin
WI950002 (Feb. 10, 1995)

Volume V

None

Volume VI

California
CA950028 (Feb. 10, 1995)
CA950030 (Feb. 10, 1995)

Colorado

CO950004 (Feb. 10, 1995)
CO950006 (Feb. 10, 1995)
CO950007 (Feb. 10, 1995)
CO950009 (Feb. 10, 1995)
CO950014 (Feb. 10, 1995)

Nevada

NV950002 (Feb. 10, 1995)

General Wage Determination Publication

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon and Related Acts". This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

The general wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically by subscription to the FedWorld Bulletin Board System of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at (703) 487-4630.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be purchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (2020 512-1800).

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since, subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the six separate volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which includes all current general wage determinations for the States covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regular weekly updates are distributed to subscribers.

Signed at Washington, D.C. that 13th day of October 1995.

Philip J. Gloss,

Chief, Branch of Construction Wage Determinations.

[FR Doc. 95-25914 Filed 10-19-95; 8:45 am]

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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 40-8027]

Decommissioning of Sequoyah Fuels Corporation Uranium Conversion Facility in Gore, Oklahoma: Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement and To Conduct a Scoping Process

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

SUMMARY: The NRC intends to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the decommissioning of the Sequoyah Fuels Corporation's (SFC) uranium conversion facility located in Gore, Oklahoma. From 1970 until 1993, SFC operated a uranium conversion facility at a site located in Gore, Oklahoma, under the authority of an NRC license issued pursuant to 10 CFR part 40. The main process was the conversion of uranium oxide (yellowcake) to uranium hexafluoride. A second process, begun in 1987, consisted of the conversion of depleted uranium hexafluoride to uranium tetrafluoride.

SFC supplied formal notice of its intent to seek license termination in accordance with 10 CFR 40.42(e) in a letter dated February 16, 1993. Based on available information, at least some of the identified waste and contamination at the site is known to exceed NRC's existing radiological criteria for decommissioning. Therefore, SFC is required to remediate the SFC facility to meet the NRC's decommissioning criteria, as described in the Site Decommissioning Management Plan (SDMP) Action Plan (April 16, 1992, 57 FR 13389). In the Preliminary Plan for the Completion of Decommissioning of February 1993, however, SFC identified on-site disposal using the criteria developed for uranium mill tailings sites (10 CFR part 40, appendix A), as appropriate for the SFC facility because of similarity of materials at the mills and at SFC. The uranium mill tailings criteria exceed the criteria has generally found acceptable for decommissioning nuclear facilities other than uranium mill tailings disposal sites.

This notice indicates NRC's intent to prepare an EIS in conjunction with this proposed action and to conduct a scoping process that will include a public scoping meeting. The EIS will consider the licensee's proposed approach for on-site disposal along with alternatives. NRC will consider the EIS in reaching a decision on the acceptability of the licensee's proposed approach.