

review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act. The Department is soliciting public comments on the subject proposal.

DATES: Comments due: November 17, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Comments should refer to the proposal by name and/or OMB Control Number and should be sent to: Oliver Walker, Housing, Department of Housing & Urban Development, 451—7th Street, SW, Room 9116, Washington, DC 20410.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Oliver Walker, Telephone number (202) 708-1694 (this is not a toll-free number) for copies of the proposed forms and other available documents.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department will submit the proposed information collection to OMB for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended).

The Notice is soliciting comments from members of the public and affecting agencies concerning the proposed collection of information to: (1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond; including through the use of appropriate automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

This Notice also lists the following information:

Title of Proposal: Section 8 Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Contract, Part II.

OMB Control Number: 2502-0409.

Description of the need for the information and proposed use: The Secretary of HUD, according to Multifamily Housing Property Disposition (MFPD) Reform Act of 1994 (section 203(e)(1)), is authorized under certain circumstances to enter into contracts under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, with owners of multifamily housing projects. 24 CFR 886, Subpart C authorizes the use of the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) contract, Part II as the administrative mechanism to provide Section 8

housing assistance to purchasers of HUD-owned and foreclosure sale multifamily projects. The HAP Contract, Part II (HUD-52522-D) is a legal document, which as the administrative mechanism to provide Section 8 housing assistance from the Federal Government to the owner, commits the owner to HUD regulations and procedures governing the purpose and use of Section 8 assistance funds.

Agency form numbers: HUD-52522-D.

Members of affected public: Property Owners and Property Management Agents.

An estimation of the total numbers of hours needed to prepare the information collection is 22,824, the number of respondents is 729, frequency of response is 1, and the hours of response is 2,597.

Status of the proposed information collection: Extension with change.

Authority: Section 3506 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended.

Dated: September 8, 1995.

Nicolas P. Retsinas,

A/S Secretary for Housing-Federal Housing Commissioner.

[FR Doc. 95-22940 Filed 9-15-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-27-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Notice of Availability of a Draft Recovery Plan for the Madison Cave Isopod for Review and Comment

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of document availability.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service announces the availability for public review of a draft Recovery Plan for the Madison Cave Isopod (*Antrolana lira*). The Madison Cave Isopod is a subterranean freshwater crustacean endemic to the Shenandoah Valley in Virginia. The species was listed as threatened in November 1982 due to its extremely limited distribution and threats to the quality of its deep karst habitat. The objective of the proposed Recovery Plan is to protect Madison Cave isopod populations by conserving its groundwater habitat, thereby enabling its removal from the Federal list of endangered and threatened wildlife and plants. To accomplish this, the draft Plan recommends recovery activities that should continue or be initiated. If the Recovery Plan is successfully implemented, full recovery

may be achieved by 2005. The Service solicits review and comment from the public on this draft Plan.

DATES: Comments on the draft Recovery Plan must be received December 18, 1995 to receive consideration by the Service.

ADDRESSES: Persons wishing to review the draft Recovery Plan can obtain a copy from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Chesapeake Bay Field Office, 177 Admiral Cochrane Drive, Annapolis, Maryland 21401, telephone 410/573-4537 and fax 410/269-0832. Comments should be sent to the same address, to the attention of G. Andrew Moser.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: G. Andrew Moser at 410/573-4537 (see **ADDRESSES**).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Background

Restoring an endangered or threatened animal or plant to the point where it is again a secure, self-sustaining member of its ecosystem is a primary goal of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's endangered species program. To help guide the recovery effort, the Service is working to prepare Recovery Plans for most of the listed species native to the United States. Recovery Plans describe actions considered necessary for conservation of the species, establish criteria for the recovery levels for downlisting or delisting them, and estimate time and cost for implementing the recovery measures needed.

The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Act), as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) requires the development of Recovery Plans for listed species unless such a Plan would not promote the conservation of a particular species. Section 4(f) of the Act, as amended in 1988, requires that public notice and an opportunity for public review and comment be provided during Recovery Plan development. The Service will consider all information presented during a public comment period prior to approval of each new or revised Recovery Plan. The Service and other Federal agencies will also take these comments into account in the course of implementing Recovery Plans.

The document submitted for review is the draft Madison Cave Isopod (*Antrolana lira*) Recovery Plan. The Madison Cave isopod is a subterranean crustacean endemic to the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia. This monotypic genus is the only freshwater member of the family Cirolanidae found north of Texas. Until 1990, *A. lira* was known only from two sites, Madison Saltpetre

Cave and a fissure near the cave; since June 1990, the isopod has been collected from five additional sites. Although specimens from all seven sites are morphologically identical, they probably represent more than one but less than seven genetic populations. Population size appears to be extremely small at five of the species' seven occurrence sites.

The Madison Cave isopod was listed as a threatened species in November 1982. Urban and agricultural development threaten the quality of its groundwater habitat, and the small population size at most of its sites indicates that this species is highly sensitive to disturbance. The Madison Cave isopod, which is difficult to study and collect, is known only from areas where fissures descend to the groundwater table, thus allowing access to the surface of underground lakes, or deep karst aquifers. Little is known of the physical and chemical conditions of A. lira habitat. The temperature of the water ranges from 11–14 °C, as is typical of groundwater for the latitude, and the water is saturated with calcium carbonate, a condition also typical of groundwater in areas of limestone. The level of the karst aquifers can fluctuate for tens of meters at some sites. The extent of the recharge zone of the aquifer at any site is unknown.

The objective of the draft Recovery Plan is to protect populations of Antrolana lira from potential threats to the quality of its deep karst aquifer habitat, thereby enabling the removal of this threatened species from the Federal list of endangered and threatened wildlife and plants. Delisting may be considered when: (1) Populations of Antrolana lira and groundwater quality at Front Royal Caverns, Linville Quarry Cave No. 3, and Madison Saltpetre Cave/Steger's Fissure are shown to be stable over a ten-year monitoring period; (2) the recharge zone of the deep karst aquifer at each of these population sites is protected from all significant contamination sources; and (3) sufficient population sites are protected to maintain the genetic diversity of the species.

Recovery activities designed to achieve these objectives include: (1) Determining the number of genetic populations, (2) searching for additional populations, (3) identifying potential sources and entry points of contamination of the deep karst aquifer habitat, (4) protecting known populations and habitats from a watershed perspective, (5) collecting baseline ecological data for management and recovery, and (6) implementing a program to monitor recovery progress

and future needs. Contingent on vigorous implementation of all recovery tasks, full recovery is anticipated by the year 2005.

The draft Recovery Plan is being submitted for technical and agency review. After consideration of comments received during the review period, the Plan will be submitted for final approval.

Public Comments Solicited

The Service solicits written comments on the Recovery Plan described. All comments received by the date specified above will be considered prior to approval of the Plan.

Authority

The authority for this action is Section 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1533(f).

Dated: September 8, 1995.

Ralph C. Pisapia,

Acting Regional Director.

[FR Doc. 95-23083 Filed 9-15-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

Bureau of Land Management

[AK-963-1410-00-P; F-14893-A2]

Alaska; Modified Notice for Publication; Alaska Native Claims Selection

On August 7, 1995, a notice was published stating that a decision to issue conveyance of certain lands to Mary's Igloo Native Corporation would be forthcoming. The first paragraph stated that the lands to be conveyed aggregated approximately 11,529 acres and proceeded to give a land description of T. 2 S., R. 29 W., and Tps. 3, 4, and 5 S., R. 30 W., Kateel River Meridian. That paragraph is modified to read as follows:

In accordance with Departmental regulation 43 CFR 2650.7(d), notice is hereby given that a decision to issue conveyance under the provisions of Sec. 14(a) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(a), will be issued to Mary's Igloo Native Corporation for certain lands within Tps. 3 and 4 S., R. 30 W., Kateel River Meridian, aggregating approximately 5,603 acres. The lands involved are in the vicinity of Mary's Igloo, Alaska.

Any party claiming a property interest which is adversely affected by the decision, an agency of the Federal government, or regional corporation, shall have until October 18, 1995 to file an appeal. However, parties receiving service by certified mail shall have 30

days from the date of receipt to file an appeal. Appeals must be filed in the Bureau of Land Management at the address identified above, where the requirements for filing an appeal may be obtained. Parties who do not file an appeal in accordance with the requirements of 43 CFR Part 4, Subpart E, shall be deemed to have waived their rights.

Except as modified above, the Notice of August 7, 1995, remains as written.

Katherine L. Flippen,

Acting Chief, Branch of Southwest Adjudication.

[FR Doc. 95-23082 Filed 9-15-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-JA-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731-TA-738 (Preliminary)]

Foam Extruded PVC and Polystyrene Framing Stock From the United Kingdom

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Institution and scheduling of a preliminary antidumping investigation.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the institution of preliminary antidumping investigation No. 731-TA-738 (Preliminary) under section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by section 212(b) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA), Public Law 103-465, 108 Stat. 4809 (1994) (19 U.S.C. 1673b(a)) to determine whether there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured, or is threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports from the United Kingdom of foam extruded PVC and polystyrene framing stock, provided for in subheadings 3924.90.20 and 3926.90.98 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that is alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value. Unless the Department of Commerce extends the time for initiation pursuant to section 732(c)(1)(B), the Commission must complete preliminary antidumping investigations in 45 days, or in this case by October 23, 1995. The Commission's views are due at the Department of Commerce within 5 business days thereafter, or by October 30, 1995.

For further information concerning the conduct of this investigation and rules of general application, consult the