

must be identified by the docket number [OPP-180980]. No Confidential Business Information (CBI) should be submitted through e-mail. Electronic comments on this notice may be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries. Additional information on electronic submissions can be found below in this document.

Information submitted in any comment concerning this notice may be claimed confidential by marking any part or all of that information as (CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. A copy of the comment that does not contain (CBI) must be provided by the submitter for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice. All written comments filed pursuant to this notice will be available for public inspection in Rm. 1128, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Margarita Collantes, Registration Division (7505W), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: 6th Floor, Crystal Station I, 2800 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, (703) 308-8347; e-mail: collantes.margarita@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 18 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) (7 U.S.C. 136p), the Administrator may, at her discretion, exempt a State agency from any registration provision of FIFRA, if she determines that emergency conditions exist which require such exemption. The Applicants have requested the Administrator to issue specific exemptions for use of the insecticide Pirate, available as Pirate 3SC from American Cyanamid Company, to control tobacco budworms on up to 2,000,000 acres within the south eastern cotton belt region. Information in accordance with 40 CFR part 166 was submitted as part of this request.

According to the Applicants, excessive economic losses will occur if Pirate is not granted for use on cotton to control the tobacco budworm (TBW) in these regions. The Applicants claim that there are no other alternative pesticides to control this pest due to pyrethroid resistance.

Under the uses requested and/or authorized in these specific exemptions, Pirate was requested, a maximum of 4

applications of Pirate may be applied at the rate of [0.2 to 0.35 lb active ingredient (ai/A)] (8.53 to 14.93 fl. oz. of product) per acre using ground or aerial equipment, in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre total volume by ground or 5 gallons of spray solution per acre by air. A 5 to 7 day application interval, and a 21-day preharvest interval must be observed. The granted specific exemptions expire September 30, 1995.

The regulations governing section 18 require that the Agency publish notice of receipt in the **Federal Register** and solicit public comment on an application for a specific exemption proposing use of a new chemical (i.e., an active ingredient not contained in any currently registered pesticide) [40 CFR 166.24 (a)(1)]. Pirate is an unregistered (new) chemical. In the case of these states', and the situation found in their cotton producing areas, there was not adequate time to publish a notice of receipt and solicit public comments on these applications prior to the Agency reviewing the submitted data, and making and issuing its decisions. Therefore, as allowed for by 40 CFR 166.24(c), the comment period following a notice of receipt was eliminated, since the time available to make a decision required this.

A record has been established for this notice under docket number "OPP-180980" (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record, including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in Room 1132 of the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

Electronic comments can be sent directly to EPA at:
opp-docket@epamail.epa.gov

Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

The official record for this notice, as well as the public version, as described above will be kept in paper form. Accordingly, EPA will transfer all comments received electronically into printed, paper form as they are received and will place the paper copies in the official record which will also include all comments submitted directly in writing. The official record is the paper

record maintained at the address in **ADDRESSES** at the beginning of this document.

Interested persons are still invited to submit written views on this subject to the Field Operations Division at the address above. The Agency will review and consider all comments received regarding continuance of these emergency exemptions for the use of Pirate on cotton.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Pesticides and pests, Crisis exemptions.

Dated: August 25, 1995.

Stephen L. Johnson,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95-22494 Filed 9-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[PF-633; FRL-4975-3]

DuPont Co. and Monsanto Co.; Notice of Filings of Pesticide Petitions

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: EPA announces that it has received various pesticide petitions and food/feed additive petitions from the DuPont Co. and the Monsanto Co. proposing the establishment and/or amendment of pesticide tolerances in or on various agricultural commodities.

ADDRESSES: By mail, submit written comments to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring comments to: Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA. Information submitted and any comment(s) concerning this notice may be claimed confidential by marking any part or all of that information as "Confidential Business Information" (CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. A copy of the comment(s) that does not contain CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice to the submitter. Information on the proposed test and any written comments will be available for public inspection in Rm. 1132 at the Virginia address given above, from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

Comments and data may also be submitted electronically by sending electronic mail (e-mail) to: opp-docket@epamail.epa.gov. Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Comments and data will also be accepted on disks in WordPerfect in 5.1 file format or ASCII file format. All comments and data in electronic form must be identified by the docket number [PF-633]. No Confidential Business Information (CBI) should be submitted through e-mail. Electronic comments on this proposed rule may be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries. Additional information on electronic submissions can be found below in this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Robert Taylor, Product Manager (PM) 25, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 241, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA, (703)-305-6800; e-mail: taylor.robert@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces that EPA has received various notices of filing under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 346a) for pesticide petitions (PP) and food/feed additive petitions (FAP) to amend 40 CFR parts 180, 185, and 186 to establish tolerances for various pesticides in or various commodities as described below. The Monsanto Co. (Monsanto), 700 14th St., NW., Suite 1100, Washington, DC 20005, and the E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co. (DuPont), Agricultural Products, Walkers Mill, Barley Mill Plaza, P.O. Box 80038, Wilmington, DE 19880-0038, submitted the petitions described herein.

Initial Filings

1. *PP 5F4555.* Monsanto proposes that 40 CFR 180.364 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit residues of glyphosate [N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine] resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate and/or the monoammonium salt of glyphosate in or on the raw agricultural commodity corn forage at 1.0 part per million (ppm). The analytical methods are HPLC with a fluorometric detector and GC/MS.

2. *PP 5F4565.* DuPont proposes that 40 CFR part 180 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit the combined residues of the herbicide terbacil (3-tert-butyl-5-chloro-6-

methyluracil) and its hydroxylated metabolites, 3-tert-butyl-5-chloro-6-hydroxymethyluracil, 6-chloro-2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxymethyl-3,3-dimethyl-5H-oxazolo (3,2a) pyrimidin-5-one, and 6-chloro-2,3-dihydro-3,3,7-trimethyl-5H-oxazolo (3,2a)pyrimidin-5-one (calculated as terbacil) in or on alfalfa, forage at 1 ppm and alfalfa, hay at 1 ppm.

3. *PP 6F3408.* Monsanto proposes that 40 CFR 180.364 be amended by proposing a regulation to permit the combined residues of the herbicide glyphosate and its metabolite aminomethylphosphonic acid in or on the raw agricultural commodity sunflowers at 0.1 ppm. The analytical method is HPLC.

Amended Filings

4. *PP 3F4268.* In the **Federal Register** of August 17, 1995 (60 FR 42884), EPA issued a notice that DuPont proposed that 40 CFR part 180 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit residues of the herbicide quizalofop-p-ethyl ester (ethyl, R-2-(4-(6-chloro-quinoxalin-2-yl)oxy)phenoxy)propanoic acid) and the S-enantiomers of the ester and the acid, all expressed as quizalofop-p-ethyl ester, in or on the legume vegetable (succulent and dried) group at 0.3 ppm; foliage of legume vegetables (except soybeans and bean hay) at 0.7 ppm; sugar beet root at 0.1 ppm; sugar beet top at 0.5 ppm; and cottonseed at 0.1 ppm. Dupont is amending the petition by proposing a regulation to permit the combined residues of the herbicide quizalofop-p-ethyl ester and its acid metabolite, quizalofop-p-[R-(4-((6-chloro-quinoxalin-2-yl)oxy)phenoxy)propanoic acid), and the S enantiomers of the ester and the acid all expressed as quizalofop-p-ethyl ester in or on the following raw agricultural commodities (RACs): cotton seed at 0.1 ppm; legume vegetable (succulent or dried) group at 0.3 ppm; foliage of legume vegetable (except soybeans and bean hay) at 0.7 ppm; sugar beet root at 0.1 ppm; and sugar beet top at 0.5 ppm. (PM-25).

5. *PP 4F4312.* In the **Federal Register** of July 13, 1994 (59 FR 35718), EPA issued a notice that Monsanto proposed that 40 CFR 180.463 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit the combined residues of the herbicide glyphosate and its metabolite aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA) resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate and/or the monoammonium salt of glyphosate in or on alfalfa, hay at 200 ppm and alfalfa, forage at 75 ppm. Monsanto is amending the petition by proposing to remove the metabolite

AMPA from the expression and to amend 40 CFR 180.364 by establishing a regulation to permit residues of glyphosate resulting from the application of the isopropylamine and/or monoammonium salt of glyphosate for herbicidal and plant growth regulator purposes and/or the sodium sesqui salt of glyphosate for growth regulator purposes in or on the kidney of cattle, goats, hogs, sheep, and horses at 4.0 ppm.

6. *PP 4F4338.* In the **Federal Register** of November 2, 1994 (59 FR 54907), EPA issued a notice that Monsanto proposed that 40 CFR 180.364 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit the combined residues of glyphosate and its metabolite aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA), resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate and/or the monoammonium salt of glyphosate in or on citrus fruits at 0.5 ppm. Monsanto is amending the petition by proposing to remove the metabolite AMPA from the expression.

7. *PP 4F4369.* In the **Federal Register** of February 8, 1995 (60 FR 7540), EPA issued a notice that Monsanto proposed that 40 CFR 180.364 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit the combined residues of glyphosate [N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine in or on soybean forage at 100 ppm, resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate and/or the monoammonium salt of glyphosate. Monsanto is amending the petition by proposing that 40 CFR 180.364 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit residues of glyphosate resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate in or on the raw agricultural commodities (RACs) soybean grain at 20 ppm, soybean forage at 100 ppm, soybean hay at 200 ppm, and soybean, aspirated grain fractions at 50 ppm. These tolerances are to replace the existing tolerances for soybeans, soybean forage, soybean hay, and soybean straw.

8. *PP 4F4405.* In the **Federal Register** of February 8, 1995 (60 FR 7540), EPA issued a notice that DuPont proposed that 40 CFR part 180 be amended to establish a regulation to permit residues of the herbicide nicosulfuron (3-pyridinecarboxamide, 2-(((4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)aminocarbonyl)aminosulfonyl)-N,N-dimethyl) in or on sweet corn (kernels plus cobs with husks removed) and corn, sweet, forage at 0.1 ppm. DuPont is amending the petition to propose the establishment of a regulation to permit residues of nicosulfuron in or on corn, sweet (kernels plus cobs with husks

removed); corn, sweet, forage; and corn, sweet, fodder (stover at 0.1 ppm).

9. *PP 8F2128*. In the **Federal Register** of November 7, 1978 (43 FR 53816), EPA issued a notice that Monsanto proposed to amend 40 CFR 180.314 by establishing a tolerance for residues of the herbicide triallate (S-(2,3,3-trichloroallyl) diisopropylthiocarbamate) in or on the raw agricultural commodities sugarbeets, sugarbeet tops, soybeans, soybean forage and hay all at 0.05 ppm. Monsanto is amending the petition to propose that tolerances with regional registration be established for residues of triallate and its metabolite 2,3,3-trichloro-2-propene sulfonic acid and expressed as parent equivalent in/on the raw agricultural commodities sugarbeet roots at 0.05 ppm and sugarbeet foliage at 0.5 ppm.

10. *PP 8F3673*. In the **Federal Register** of October 12, 1988 (53 FR 39785), EPA issued a notice that Monsanto Co. proposed that 40 CFR 180.364 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit residues of the herbicide glyphosate in or on corn grain at 1.0 ppm, corn fodder at 20 ppm, and corn forage at 20 ppm. Monsanto is amending the petition by proposing to establish a regulation permitting residues of glyphosate resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate and/or the monoammonium salt of glyphosate in or on corn grain at 1.0 ppm, corn fodder (stover) at 100 ppm, and corn, aspirated grain fractions at 200 ppm. Also proposed is the establishment of tolerances for residues of glyphosate resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt and/or glyphosate monoammonium salt for herbicidal and plant growth regulator purposes and/or the sodium sesqui salt for growth regulator purposes in or on liver and kidney of cattle, goats, hogs, horses, and sheep and the liver and kidney of poultry at 1.0 ppm.

11. *FAP 4H5701*. In the **Federal Register** of March 15, 1995 (60 FR 13979), EPA issued a notice that Monsanto had submitted an FAP to EPA that proposed amending 40 CFR 186.3500 to establish a regulation permitting residues of the herbicide glyphosate resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt and/or the monoammonium salt of glyphosate in or on the feed commodity aspirated grain fractions at 30 ppm. Monsanto is amending the petition by deleting the feed commodity soybeans, aspirated grain fractions at 30 ppm from this expression and repropounding it as a raw agricultural commodity under PP No. 4F4369 (Refer to amended filing notice for 4F4369 elsewhere in this

document). Monsanto is also proposing that a feed additive regulation be established permitting residues of glyphosate resulting from the application of the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate and/or the monoammonium salt of glyphosate in or on the feed commodity soybean hulls at 100 ppm. This entry would replace the current entry for soybean hulls.

12. *FAP 4H5705*. In the **Federal Register** of November 2, 1994 (59 FR 54907), EPA issued a notice that Monsanto Co. proposed that 40 CFR 185.3500 be amended by establishing a feed additive regulation to permit residues of glyphosate and its metabolite aminomethylphosphonic acid in or on citrus pulp, dried at 1.0 ppm. Monsanto is amending the petition by proposing that 40 CFR part 186 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit residues of glyphosate in or on the feed commodity citrus pulp, dried at 1.5 ppm.

13. *FAP 5H5720*. In the **Federal Register** of August 17, 1995 (60 FR 42885), EPA issued a notice that DuPont proposed that 40 CFR part 186 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit residues of the herbicide quizalofop-p-ethyl ester and the S-enantiomers of the ester and the acid, all expressed as quizalofop-p-ethyl ester, in or on the animal feed sugar beet molasses at 0.2 ppm. DuPont is amending the petition by proposing that 40 CFR part 186 be amended by establishing a regulation to permit the combined residues of the herbicide quizalofop-p-ethyl ester and its acid metabolite quizalofop-p-(R-(2-(4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2-yl)oxy)phenoxy)propanoic acid and the S-enantiomers of the ester and the acid, all expressed as quizalofop-p-ethyl ester, in or on the feed commodity sugar beet molasses at 0.5 ppm.

A record has been established for this rulemaking under docket number [PF-633] (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record, including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in Room 1132 of the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

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List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Agricultural commodities, Food additives, Feed additives, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 348.

Dated: August 22, 1995.

Peter Caulkins,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95-22870 Filed 9-11-95; 12:03 pm]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[FRL-5295-4]

Jack's Creek/Sitkin Smelting Superfund Site De Micromis Settlement; Proposed Administrative Settlement Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, As Amended

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Request for Public Comment.

SUMMARY: The United States Environmental Protection Agency is proposing to enter into a *de micromis* settlement pursuant to Section 122(g)(4) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. § 9622(g)(4). This proposed settlement is intended to resolve the liabilities under CERCLA of Gould Electronics, Inc. ("Gould") and Texas Instruments Incorporated ("TI"), for response costs incurred by the United States Environmental Protection Agency at the Jack's Creek/Sitkin Smelting Superfund Site, Maitland County, Pennsylvania.

DATES: Comments must be provided on or before October 13, 1995.