

hands of dealers or users can be distributed, sold or used legally until they are exhausted, provided that such further sale and use comply with the EPA-approved label and labeling of the affected product(s). Exceptions to these general rules will be made in specific cases when more stringent restrictions on sale, distribution, or use of the products or their ingredients have already been imposed, as in Special Review actions, or where the Agency has identified significant potential risk concerns associated with a particular chemical.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Pesticides and pests, Product registrations.

Dated: August 24, 1995.

Frank Sanders,

Director, Program Management and Support Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95-22231 Filed 9-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[OPP-66215A; FRL-4972-7]

Notice of Receipt of Requests to Voluntarily Cancel Certain Pesticide Registrations; Correction

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice correction.

SUMMARY: In FR Doc. 95-18873 in the issue of the **Federal Register** of Wednesday, August 2, 1995, beginning in the third column on page 39388, make the following correction.

On page 39390, in the third column, seventeenth line from the top, the signature line which reads "Frank Smith," is corrected to read, "Frank Sanders,".

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: James A. Hollins, Office of Pesticide Programs (7502C), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location for commercial courier delivery and telephone number: Rm. 216, Crystal Mall No. 2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, (703) 305-5761. E-mail address: hollins.james@epamail.epa.gov.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Pesticides and pests, Product registrations.

Dated: August 24, 1995.

Frank Sanders,

Director, Program Management and Support Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95-22232 Filed 9-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[AD-FRL-5292-9]

Control Techniques Guideline Document; Wood Furniture Finishing and Cleaning Operations

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Release of draft control techniques guideline (CTG) document for public review.

SUMMARY: A draft CTG document for control of volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from wood furniture finishing and cleaning operations is available for public review and comment. This information document has been prepared to assist States in analyzing and determining reasonably available control technology (RACT) for stationary sources of VOC emissions located within ozone national ambient air quality standard nonattainment areas. The draft document recommends RACT for industries included in, but not limited to, nine Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes: Wood Kitchen Cabinets (SIC 2434), Wood Household Furniture, except upholstered (SIC 2511), Wood Household Furniture, upholstered (SIC 2512), Wood Television, Radio, Phonograph, and Sewing Machine Cabinets (SIC 2517), Household Furniture Not Classified Elsewhere (SIC 2519), Wood Office Furniture (SIC 2521), Public Building and Related Furniture (SIC 2531), Wood Office and Store Fixtures (SIC 2541), and Furniture and Fixtures Not Elsewhere Classified (SIC 2599).

DATES: Comments must be received on or before November 6, 1995.

ADDRESSES: *Comments.* Comments should be submitted (in duplicate and on computer disk, if possible) to Mr. Paul Almodóvar, (919) 541-0283, Coatings and Consumer Products Group, Emission Standards Division (MD-13), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711.

Control Techniques Guideline. Copies of the draft CTG may be obtained from the U.S. EPA Library (MD-35), Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711, telephone number (919) 541-2777.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Paul Almodóvar, (919) 541-0283,

Coatings and Consumer Products Group, Emission Standards Division (MD-13), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The docket is available for public inspection at the Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, which is listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice. The draft control technique guidelines document is also available on the Technology Transfer Network (TTN), on the EPA's electronic bulletin boards. This bulletin board provides information and technology exchange in various areas of air pollution control. The service is free, except for the cost of a telephone call. Dial (919) 541-5742 for up to a 14,400 bps modem. If more information on TTN is needed call the HELP line at (919) 541-5384.

I. Introduction

A. Background

Under the Clean Air Act (CAA), as amended in 1990, State implementation plans (SIP's) for ozone nonattainment areas must be revised to require RACT for control of VOC emissions from sources for which the EPA has already published a CTG or for which it will publish a CTG between the date the Amendments were enacted and the date an area achieves attainment status (CAA 182(b)(2)). The EPA has defined RACT as "the lowest emission limitation that a particular source is capable of meeting by the application of control technology that is reasonably available considering the technological and economic feasibility" (44 FR 53761, September 17, 1979).

The CTG's review current knowledge and data concerning the technology and costs of various emissions control techniques. The CTG's are intended to provide State and local air pollution authorities with an information base for proceeding with their own analyses of RACT to meet statutory requirements.

Each CTG contains a "presumptive norm" for RACT for a specific source category, based on the EPA's evaluation of the capabilities and problems general to the category. Where applicable, the EPA recommends that States adopt requirements consistent with the presumptive norm. However, the presumptive norm is only a recommendation. States may choose to develop their own RACT requirements on a case-by-case basis, considering the emission reductions needed to obtain achievement of the national ambient air quality standards and the economic and

technical circumstances of the individual source.

This CTG addresses RACT for control of VOC emissions from wood furniture finishing and cleaning operations. The VOC emissions from wood furniture finishing, cleaning, and washoff operations are addressed. Many of the steps in these operations involve the use of organic solvents and are sources of VOC emissions. The sources, mechanisms, and control of these VOC emissions are described in the CTG.

The determination of presumptive RACT for the wood furniture industry was negotiated under the Federal Advisory Committee Act with members of industry, environmental groups, States, and local agencies. The regulatory negotiation was conducted in conjunction with the negotiation for the proposed national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) for the wood furniture industry developed under Section 112(d) of the Act. This combined effort ensured that both sets of requirements are consistent and coordinated. The wood furniture industry NESHAP was proposed on December 6, 1994 (59 FR 62652), and is court ordered to be promulgated by November 15, 1995.

B. Solicitation of Comments

The EPA requests comments from the public on all aspects of the draft CTG, including the recommendations for RACT and the estimated cost of control.

II. Summary of Impacts

The EPA estimates that State and local regulations developed pursuant to this draft CTG would affect about 970 facilities and reduce VOC emissions by about 20,400 tons per year at a cost of about \$20,200,000. Further information on costs and controls is presented in the draft CTG document.

III. Administrative Requirements

A. Executive Order 12866

Under Executive Order 12866 [58 FR 51735 (October 4, 1993)], the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and therefore subject to OMB review and the requirements of the Executive Order. The Order defines "significant regulatory action" as one that is likely to result in a rule that may:

(1) Have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more or adversely affect in a material way the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local or tribal governments or communities;

(2) Create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency;

(3) Materially alter the budgetary impact of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or

(4) Raise novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in the Executive Order.

It has been determined that this draft CTG document is not a "significant regulatory action" under the terms of Executive Order 12866 and is therefore not subject to OMB review. This CTG document is not a "rulemaking," rather it provides information to States to aid them in developing rules.

Dated: August 18, 1995.

Richard D. Wilson,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation.

[FR Doc. 95-22089 Filed 9-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

[FRL-5293-2]

Approval of Categorical Sulfide Pretreatment Waiver for Uber Tanning Co. Discharging to City of Owatonna Subject to Pretreatment Standards Under 40 CFR Part 425

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The City of Owatonna (hereinafter referred to as "Owatonna"), Minnesota operates a publicly owned treatment works (POTW) which accepts wastewater from Uber Tanning Company, which is subject to pretreatment standards at 40 CFR part 425. Pursuant to 40 CFR 425.04(c), Owatonna certified to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) on June 28, 1995, that discharge of sulfide from the tannery would not interfere with the operation of the POTW. Pursuant to 40 CFR 425.04(c) Owatonna provided documentation to the U.S. EPA on August 14, 1995, of notice that presents the findings supporting this determination published in the local newspaper with the largest circulation and notice of opportunity for public hearing.

Pursuant to 40 CFR 425.04(c) and in consideration of the information provided by Owatonna, I hereby, waive the sulfide pretreatment standards at 40 CFR part 425 for Uber Tanning Company in Owatonna, Minnesota.

DATES: This action is effective as of September 7, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Morris Beaton, Permits Section, Water Quality Branch, U.S. EPA, Region 5, at (312) 353-0850.

Jo Lynn Traub,

Director, Water Division.

[FR Doc. 95-22084 Filed 9-6-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

CNB Bancorp, Inc., et al.; Formations of; Acquisitions by; and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied for the Board's approval under section 3 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1842) and § 225.14 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.14) to become a bank holding company or to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in section 3(c) of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)).

Each application is available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the application has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Any comment on an application that requests a hearing must include a statement of why a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute and summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received not later than September 29, 1995.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland (John J. Wixted, Jr., Vice President) 1455 East Sixth Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44101:

1. *CNB Bancorp, Inc.*, Woodsfield, Ohio; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of The Citizens National Bank of Woodsfield, Woodsfield, Ohio.

2. *F&A Financial Company*, Kittanning, Pennsylvania; to acquire up to 95.9 percent of the voting shares of Snyder Holding Company, Kittanning, Pennsylvania, and thereby indirectly acquire The Farmers National Bank of Kittanning, Kittanning, Pennsylvania.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Zane R. Kelley, Vice President) 104