Notices

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Bureau of Land Management

[WO–1550–00–7111–111–24–1A]

Fish and Wildlife Service

National Biological Service

National Park Service

Federal Wildland Fire Management Policy and Program Review

AGENCIES: Forest Service, Agriculture; Bureau of Indian Affairs, Bureau of Land Management, Fish and Wildlife Service, National Biological Service, National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice; opening of public comment period.

SUMMARY: On June 22, 1995, the Departments of Agriculture and the Interior gave notice in the **Federal Register** (60 FR 32485) of a draft report of the Federal Wildland Fire Management Policy and Program Review and invited public comment. The period for commenting on this draft report ended July 24, 1995. However, the agencies have received numerous requests from reviewers for additional time to complete the review and prepare responses. Accordingly, an additional 45-day comment period is hereby established to allow reviewers to submit comments on the draft report.

DATES: Comments must be submitted in writing by September 25, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be directed to Federal Wildland Fire Policy and Program Review, Department of the Interior, 1849 C Street NW, Mail Stop 7356; Washington, D.C. 20240, or via FAX to (202) 208–5078.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Hartzell, Bureau of Land Management, (202) 208–5472; John Chambers, USDA Forest Service, (202) 205–1505. Additional copies of the draft report may be obtained by calling BLM's National Office of Fire and Aviation, (208) 387–5150, or the National Interagency Fire Center, (208) 387–5457.

For the Department of Agriculture.

Jack Ward Thomas,

Chief, Forest Service.

Dated: August 3, 1995.

For the Department of the Interior.

Claudia P. Schechter,

Director of Operations, USDOI.

Dated: August 3, 1995.

[FR Doc. 95–19892 Filed 8–10–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–84–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 760]

Revision of Grant of Authority, for Subzone 87B, CITGO Petroleum Corp., Lake Charles, LA

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Board (the Board) authorized subzone status at the refinery complex of CITGO Petroleum Corporation in Lake Charles, Louisiana, in 1989, subject to two conditions (Subzone 87B, Board Order 420, 54 FR 27660, 6/30/89);

Whereas, the Lake Charles Harbor & Terminal District, grantee of FTZ 87, has requested, pursuant to § 400.32(b)(1)(i), a revision (filed 6/12/95, A(32b1)–9–95; FTZ Doc. 38–95, assigned 7/19/95) of the grant of authority for FTZ Subzone 87B which would make its scope of authority identical to that recently granted for FTZ Subzone 199A at the refinery complex of Amoco Oil Company, Texas City, Texas (Board Order 731, 60 FR 13118, 3/10/95); and,

Whereas, the request has been reviewed and the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, acting for the Board pursuant to § 400.32(b)(1), concurs in the recommendation of the Executive Secretary, and approves the request;

Now therefore, the Board hereby orders that, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, Board Order 420 is revised to replace the two conditions currently listed in the Order with the following conditions:

1. Foreign status (19 CFR 146.41, 146.42) products consumed as fuel for the refinery shall be subject to the applicable duty rate.
2. Privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41) shall be elected on all foreign merchandise admitted to the subzone, except that non-privileged foreign (NPF) status (19 CFR 146.42) may be elected on refinery inputs covered under HTSUS Subheadings # 2709.00.1000–# 2710.00.1050 and # 2710.00.2500 which are used in the production of:
   —Petrochemical feedstocks and refinery by-products (FTZ staff report, Appendix B);
   —Products for export; and,
   —Products eligible for entry under HTSUS # 9808.00.30 and 9808.00.40 (U.S. Government purchases).
3. The authority with regard to the NPF option is initially granted until September 30, 2000, subject to extension.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 4th day of August 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration Alternate Chairman Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 95–19940 Filed 8–10–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 759]

Revision of Grant Authority, Subzone 122I, CITGO Refining and Chemicals Inc., Corpus Christi, TX

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, the Foreign-Trade Zones (FTZ) Board (the Board) authorized subzone status at the refinery complex of CITGO Refining and Chemicals Inc. (formerly owned by Champlin Refining Company) in Corpus Christi, Texas, in 1988, subject to two conditions (Subzone 122I, Board Order 407, 53 FR 52457, 12/28/88);

Whereas, the Port of Corpus Christi Authority, grantee of FTZ 122, has requested, pursuant to § 400.32(b)(1)(i), a revision (filed 6/12/95, A(32b1)–8–95; FTZ Doc. 37–95, assigned 7/19/95) of the grant of authority for FTZ Subzone 122I which would make its scope of authority identical to that recently granted for FTZ Subzone 199A at the refinery complex of Amoco Oil Company, Texas City, Texas (Board Order 731, 60 FR 13118, 3/10/95); and,

Whereas, the request has been reviewed and the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, acting for the Board pursuant to § 400.32(b)(1), concurs in the recommendation of the Executive Secretary, and approves the request;

Now Therefore, the Board hereby orders that, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, Board Order 407 is revised to replace the two conditions currently listed in the Order with the following conditions:

1. Foreign status (19 CFR 146.41, 146.42) products consumed as fuel for the refinery shall be subject to the applicable duty rate.

2. Privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41) shall be elected on all foreign merchandise admitted to the subzone, except that non-privileged foreign (NPF) status (19 CFR 146.42) may be elected on refinery inputs covered under HTSUS Subheadings # 2709.00.1000—# 2710.00.1050 and # 2710.00.2500 which are used in the production of:

—Petrochemical feedstocks and refinery by-products (FTZ staff report, Appendix B);

—Products for export; and,

—Products eligible for entry under HTSUS # 9808.00.30 and 9808.00.40 (U.S. Government purchases).

3. The authority with regard to the NPF option is initially granted until September 30, 2000, subject to extension.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 4th day of August 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 95–19941 Filed 8–10–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–357–810]

Antidumping Duty Order: Oil Country Tubular Goods From Argentina

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 11, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Beck or Jennifer Stagner, Office of Antidumping Duty Investigations, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–3464 or (202) 482–1673, respectively.

Scope of Order

The merchandise covered by this order are oil country tubular goods (OCTG), hollow steel products of circular cross-section, including oil well casing, tubing, and drill pipe, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel (both carbon and alloy), whether seamless or welded, whether or not conforming to American Petroleum Institute (API) or non-API specifications, whether finished or unfinished (including green tubes and limited service OCTG products). This scope does not cover casing, tubing, or drill pipe containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium. The OCTG subject to this order are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers:

7304.20.10.10, 7304.20.10.20, 7304.20.10.30, 7304.20.10.40, 7304.20.10.50, 7304.20.10.60, 7304.20.10.80, 7304.20.20.10, 7304.20.20.20, 7304.20.20.30, 7304.20.20.40, 7304.20.20.50, 7304.20.20.60, 7304.20.20.80, 7304.20.30.10, 7304.20.30.20, 7304.20.30.30, 7304.20.30.40, 7304.20.30.50, 7304.20.30.60, 7304.20.30.80, 7304.20.40.10, 7304.20.40.20, 7304.20.40.30, 7304.20.40.40, 7304.20.40.50, 7304.20.40.60, 7304.20.40.80, 7304.20.50.15, 7304.20.50.30, 7304.20.50.45, 7304.20.50.60, 7304.20.50.75, 7304.20.60.15, 7304.20.60.30, 7304.20.60.45, 7304.20.60.60, 7304.20.60.75, 7304.20.70.00, 7304.20.80.30, 7304.20.80.45, 7304.20.80.60, 7305.20.20.00, 7305.20.40.00, 7305.20.60.00, 7305.20.80.00, 7306.20.10.30, 7306.20.10.90, 7306.20.20.00, 7306.20.30.00, 7306.20.40.00, 7306.20.60.10, 7306.20.60.50, 7306.20.80.10, and 7306.20.80.50.

Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive.

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute and to the Department's regulations are in reference to the provisions as they existed on December 31, 1994.

Antidumping Duty Order

On August 2, 1995, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) notified the Department of its final determination in this investigation. In its determination, the ITC found two like products: (1) Drill pipe; and (2) OCTG other than drill pipe (*i.e.*, casing and tubing). The ITC determined that imports of drill pipe from Argentina threaten material injury to a U.S. industry. Because there was no suspension of liquidation between the Department's preliminary and final determinations due to the Department's negative amended preliminary determination, the ITC did not determine, pursuant to section 735(b)(4)(B) of the Act, that, but for the suspension of liquidation of entries of drill pipe from Argentina, the domestic industry would have been materially injured.

When the ITC finds threat of material injury, and makes a negative ''but for'' finding, the ''Special Rule'' provision of section 736(b)(2) applies. Therefore, all unliquidated entries of drill pipe from Argentina, entered or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the **Federal Register**, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Regarding OCTG other than drill pipe, the ITC determined that imports of such merchandise are materially injuring a U.S. industry. Therefore, all unliquidated entries of OCTG other than drill pipe from Argentina, entered or withdrawn from warehouse, are also subject to assessment of antidumping duties.

Therefore, the Department will direct the Customs Service to terminate the suspension of liquidation for entries of drill pipe imported from Argentina entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption before the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the **Federal Register**, and to release any bond or other security, and refund any cash deposit, posted to secure the payment of estimated antidumping duties with respect to these entries.

In accordance with section 736 of the Act, the Department will also direct the Customs Service to assess antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the foreign market value of the merchandise exceeds the United States price for all