Whereas, the Port of Corpus Christi Authority, grantee of FTZ 122, has requested, pursuant to § 400.32(b)(1)(i), a revision (filed 6/12/95, A(32b1)–8–95; FTZ Doc. 37–95, assigned 7/19/95) of the grant of authority for FTZ Subzone 122I which would make its scope of authority identical to that recently granted for FTZ Subzone 199A at the refinery complex of Amoco Oil Company, Texas City, Texas (Board Order 731, 60 FR 13118, 3/10/95); and,

Whereas, the request has been reviewed and the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, acting for the Board pursuant to § 400.32(b)(1), concurs in the recommendation of the Executive Secretary, and approves the request;

Now Therefore, the Board hereby orders that, subject to the Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, Board Order 407 is revised to replace the two conditions currently listed in the Order with the following conditions:

- 1. Foreign status (19 CFR 146.41, 146.42) products consumed as fuel for the refinery shall be subject to the applicable duty rate.
- 2. Privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41) shall be elected on all foreign merchandise admitted to the subzone, except that non-privileged foreign (NPF) status (19 CFR 146.42) may be elected on refinery inputs covered under HTSUS Subheadings # 2709.00.1000—# 2710.00.1050 and # 2710.00.2500 which are used in the production of:
- Petrochemical feedstocks and refinery by-products (FTZ staff report, Appendix B);
- -Products for export; and,
- —Products eligible for entry under HTSUS # 9808.00.30 and 9808.00.40 (U.S. Government purchases).
- 3. The authority with regard to the NPF option is initially granted until September 30, 2000, subject to extension.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 4th day of August 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

[FR Doc. 95–19941 Filed 8–10–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-357-810]

Antidumping Duty Order: Oil Country Tubular Goods From Argentina

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 11, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Beck or Jennifer Stagner, Office of Antidumping Duty Investigations, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–3464 or (202) 482–1673, respectively.

Scope of Order

The merchandise covered by this order are oil country tubular goods (OCTG), hollow steel products of circular cross-section, including oil well casing, tubing, and drill pipe, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel (both carbon and alloy), whether seamless or welded, whether or not conforming to American Petroleum Institute (API) or non-API specifications, whether finished or unfinished (including green tubes and limited service OCTG products). This scope does not cover casing, tubing, or drill pipe containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium. The OCTG subject to this order are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers:

7304.20.10.10, 7304.20.10.20, 7304.20.10.30, 7304.20.10.40, 7304.20.10.50, 7304.20.10.60, 7304.20.10.80, 7304.20.20.10, 7304.20.20.20, 7304.20.20.30, 7304.20.20.40, 7304.20.20.50, 7304.20.20.60, 7304.20.20.80, 7304.20.30.10, 7304.20.30.20, 7304.20.30.30, 7304.20.30.40, 7304.20.30.50, 7304.20.30.60, 7304.20.30.80, 7304.20.40.10, 7304.20.40.20, 7304.20.40.30, 7304.20.40.40, 7304.20.40.50, 7304.20.40.60, 7304.20.40.80, 7304.20.50.15, 7304.20.50.30, 7304.20.50.45, 7304.20.50.60, 7304.20.50.75, 7304.20.60.15, 7304.20.60.30, 7304.20.60.45, 7304.20.60.60, 7304.20.60.75, 7304.20.70.00, 7304.20.80.30, 7304.20.80.45, 7304.20.80.60, 7305.20.20.00, 7305.20.40.00, 7305.20.60.00, 7305.20.80.00, 7306.20.10.30, 7306.20.10.90, 7306.20.20.00, 7306.20.30.00, 7306.20.40.00, 7306.20.60.10, 7306.20.60.50, 7306.20.80.10, and 7306.20.80.50.

Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive.

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute and to the Department's regulations are in reference to the provisions as they existed on December 31, 1994.

Antidumping Duty Order

On August 2, 1995, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the U.S. **International Trade Commission (ITC)** notified the Department of its final determination in this investigation. In its determination, the ITC found two like products: (1) Drill pipe; and (2) OCTG other than drill pipe (i.e., casing and tubing). The ITC determined that imports of drill pipe from Argentina threaten material injury to a U.S. industry. Because there was no suspension of liquidation between the Department's preliminary and final determinations due to the Department's negative amended preliminary determination, the ITC did not determine, pursuant to section 735(b)(4)(B) of the Act, that, but for the suspension of liquidation of entries of drill pipe from Argentina, the domestic industry would have been materially

When the ITC finds threat of material injury, and makes a negative "but for" finding, the "Special Rule" provision of section 736(b)(2) applies. Therefore, all unliquidated entries of drill pipe from Argentina, entered or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the **Federal Register**, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Regarding OCTG other than drill pipe, the ITC determined that imports of such merchandise are materially injuring a U.S. industry. Therefore, all unliquidated entries of OCTG other than drill pipe from Argentina, entered or withdrawn from warehouse, are also subject to assessment of antidumping duties.

Therefore, the Department will direct the Customs Service to terminate the suspension of liquidation for entries of drill pipe imported from Argentina entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption before the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the **Federal Register**, and to release any bond or other security, and refund any cash deposit, posted to secure the payment of estimated antidumping duties with respect to these entries.

In accordance with section 736 of the Act, the Department will also direct the Customs Service to assess antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the foreign market value of the merchandise exceeds the United States price for all

entries of OCTG from Argentina. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of: (1) drill pipe from Argentina entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the **Federal Register**; and (2) OCTG other than drill pipe from Argentina entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after June 28, 1995, the date on which the Department published its final determination notice in the Federal Register (60 FR 33539).

On or after the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register, the Customs Service must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, the following cash deposits for the subject merchandise:

| Manufacturer/producer/exporter | Weighted- average margin per- centage |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Siderca S.A.I.C | 1.36 1.36 |

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to OCTG from Argentina, pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act. Interested parties may contact the Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the Main Commerce Building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.21.

Dated: August 7, 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 95-19933 Filed 8-10-95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

[A-201-817]

Antidumping Duty Order: Oil Country Tubular Goods From Mexico

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 11, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jennifer Stagner or John Beck, Office of Antidumping Duty Investigations, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482-1673 or (202) 482–3464, respectively.

Scope of Order

The merchandise covered by this order are oil country tubular goods (OCTG), hollow steel products of circular cross-section, including oil well casing, tubing, and drill pipe, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel (both carbon and alloy), whether seamless or welded, whether or not conforming to American Petroleum Institute (API) or non-API specifications, whether finished or unfinished (including green tubes and limited service OCTG products). This scope does not cover casing, tubing, or drill pipe containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium. The OCTG subject to this order are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers:

7304.20.10.10, 7304.20.10.20, 7304.20.10.30, 7304.20.10.40, 7304.20.10.50, 7304.20.10.60, 7304.20.10.80, 7304.20.20.10, 7304.20.20.20, 7304.20.20.30, 7304.20.20.40, 7304.20.20.50, 7304.20.20.60, 7304.20.20.80, 7304.20.30.10, 7304.20.30.20, 7304.20.30.30, 7304.20.30.40, 7304.20.30.50, 7304.20.30.60, 7304.20.30.80, 7304.20.40.10, 7304.20.40.20, 7304.20.40.30, 7304.20.40.40, 7304.20.40.50, 7304.20.40.60, 7304.20.40.80, 7304.20.50.15, 7304.20.50.30, 7304.20.50.45, 7304.20.50.60, 7304.20.50.75, 7304.20.60.15, 7304.20.60.30, 7304.20.60.45, 7304.20.60.60, 7304.20.60.75, 7304.20.70.00, 7304.20.80.30, 7304.20.80.45, 7304.20.80.60, 7305.20.20.00, 7305.20.40.00, 7305.20.60.00, 7305.20.80.00, 7306.20.10.30, 7306.20.10.90, 7306.20.20.00, 7306.20.30.00, 7306.20.40.00, 7306.20.60.10, 7306.20.60.50, 7306.20.80.10, and 7306.20.80.50.

Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive.

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute and to the Department's regulations are in reference to the provisions as they existed on December 31, 1994.

Antidumping Duty Order

On August 2, 1995, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) notified the Department of its final determination in this investigation. In its determination, the ITC found two like products: (1) Drill pipe; and (2) OCTG other than drill pipe (i.e., casing and tubing). The ITC determined that imports of drill pipe from Mexico threaten material injury to a U.S. industry. Because there was no suspension of liquidation between the Department's preliminary and final determinations due to the Department's negative preliminary determination, the ITC did not determine, pursuant to

section 735(b)(4)(B) of the Act, that, but for the suspension of liquidation of entries of drill pipe from Mexico, the domestic industry would have been materially injured.

When the ITC finds threat of material injury, and makes a negative "but for" finding, the "Special Rule" provision of section 736(b)(2) applies. Therefore, all unliquidated entries of drill pipe from Mexico, entered or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the Federal Register, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Regarding OCTG other than drill pipe, the ITC determined that imports of such merchandise are materially injuring a U.S. industry. Therefore, all unliquidated entries of OCTG other than drill pipe from Mexico, entered or withdrawn from warehouse, are also subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Therefore, the Department will direct the Customs Service to terminate the suspension of liquidation for entries of drill pipe imported from Mexico entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption before the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the Federal Register, and to release any bond or other security, and refund any cash deposit, posted to secure the payment of estimated antidumping duties with respect to these entries.

In accordance with section 736 of the Act, the Department will also direct the Customs Service to assess antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the foreign market value of the merchandise exceeds the United States price for all entries of OCTG from Mexico. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of: (1) Drill pipe from Mexico entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date on which the ITC published its notice of final determination of threat of material injury in the Federal Register; and (2) OCTG other than drill pipe from Mexico entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after June 28, 1995, the date on which the Department published its final determination notice in the Federal Register (60 FR 33567).

On or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the Customs Service must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, the following cash deposits for the subject merchandise: