

operations to provide its sales customers the choice of reducing and terminating their obligations under their existing sales contract.

Panhandle states that the purpose of this filing is to provide for Panhandle's recovery of \$1,753,014 of Gas Supply Realignment (GSR) Costs, (actual payments with associated carrying charges from date of payment to September 1, 1995) as defined in Section 18.7(b)(1) of the General Terms and Conditions of Panhandle's FERC Gas Tariff, First Revised Volume No. 1 (General Terms and Conditions), plus \$273,274 of levelized carrying charges calculated for the three year period these charges are to be in effect. The GSR Costs sought to be recovered in the present filing, which are associated with three gas supply termination agreements, were not included in Panhandle's prior GSR Cost Recovery filing in Docket No. RP94-325-000.

Panhandle states that the amounts included for recovery as GSR Reservation Surcharges under Rate Schedules FT, EFT, SCT and LFT and the amounts included for recovery under Rate Schedules IT and EIT have been calculated using the methods described which are consistent with the Commission's orders and pronouncements regarding the recovery of GSR Costs, and most particularly the so-called Natural discount attribution policies. Although Panhandle previously has objected to and sought rehearing of the application of that policy to its filings, Panhandle recognizes that the Natural approach is the Commission's current policy and Panhandle's present rate derivation conforms to it. Panhandle's use of that method is in compliance with prior Commission orders and is without prejudice to Panhandle's right to adjust the charges to shippers included in this filing by direct bill, surcharge or such other method as the Commission may permit, in the event of reversal, vacation or modification of that policy.

Panhandle states that a copy of this filing has been served on all customers affected by this filing and applicable state regulatory agencies.

Any person desiring to be heard or to protest this filing should file a motion to intervene or a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Sections 385.214 and 385.211 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations. All such motions or protests should be filed on or before August 11, 1995. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be

taken, but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection in the Public Reference Room.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-19726 Filed 8-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

[Docket No. TM95-3-49-002]

Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 4, 1995.

Take notice that on August 2, 1995, Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company (Williston Basin), tendered for filing a revised tariff sheet to Second Revised Volume No. 1 of its FERC Gas Tariff.

Williston Basin states that on July 7, 1995, Williston Basin filed Sub Fourteenth Revised Sheet No. 16 in compliance with the Commission's June 29, 1995, Order in the above-referenced docket to reflect the proper rate structure under Rate Schedule ST-1. Pursuant to a telephone conversation with a member of the FERC Staff, it came to Williston Basin's attention that the gas supply realignment surcharge amounts in Footnote C of that tariff sheet were incorrect.

Williston Basin states that it is filing 2nd Sub Fourteenth Revised Sheet No. 16, which reflects the correct gas supply realignment surcharge amounts in Footnote C. Williston Basin requests that the above referenced tariff sheet be made effective July 1, 1995.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street NE., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Rule 211 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211). All such protests should be filed on or before August 11, 1995. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-19727 Filed 8-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

[Docket No. TM95-4-49-004]

Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company; Notice of Compliance Filing

August 4, 1995.

Take notice that on August 2, 1995, Williston Basin Interstate Pipeline Company (Williston Basin), tendered for filing revised tariff sheets to Second Revised Volume No. 1 of its FERC Gas Tariff.

Williston Basin states that it is filing as a supplement to its July 28, 1995, Annual Gas Supply Realignment Reconciliation Compliance Filing revised tariff sheets which reflect the Annual Fuel Reimbursement Adjustment Provision filed by Williston Basin on June 30, 1995 in Docket No. TM95-5-49-000.

Williston Basin has requested that the Commission accept this filing to become effective August 1, 1995.

Any person desiring to protest said filing should file a protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street NE., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Rule 211 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211). All such protests should be filed on or before August 11, 1995. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Copies of this filing are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-19728 Filed 8-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-5275-7]

Agency Information Collection Activities Under OMB Review

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), this notice announces the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) responses to Agency PRA clearance requests.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sandy Farmer (202) 260-2740, Please refer to the EPA ICR No.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

OMB Responses to Agency PRA Clearance Requests*OMB Approvals*

EPA ICR No. 0940.11; Air Quality Networks, Monitoring and Quality Precision Data; was approved 06/28/95; OMB No. 2060-0084; expires 01/31/96.

EPA ICR No. 0193.05; NESHAP for Beryllium—Subpart C; was approved 06/30/95; OMB No. 2060-0092; expires 06/30/98.

EPA ICR No. 1739.01; National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for the Printing and Publishing Industry; was approved 07/03/95; OMB No. 2060-0335; expires 07/31/98.

EPA ICR No. 1686.02; NESHAP for the Secondary Lead Smelter Industry; was approved 06/30/95; OMB No. 2060-0296; expires 06/30/98.

EPA ICR No. 1668.02; Oil Pollution Prevention National Survey; was approved 06/21/95; OMB No. 2050-0134; expires 12/31/95.

EPA ICR No. 1701.02; National Human Exposure Assessment Survey (NHEXAS): Phase I Field Study; was approved 07/07/95; OMB No. 2080-0053; expires 07/31/98.

EPA ICR No. 0794.07; Notification of Substantial Risk of Injury to Health and the Environment under Section 8(e) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA); was approved 06/30/95; OMB No. 2070-0046; expires 06/30/97.

EPA ICR No. 1656.02; Risk Management Program for Chemical Accident Prevention; was approved 06/21/95; OMB No. 2050-0144; expires 06/30/98.

EPA ICR No. 1189.05; Identification, Listing and Rulemaking Petitions; was approved 06/28/95; OMB No. 2050-0053; expires 06/30/95.

EPA ICR No. 1597.02; Universal Waste Handlers and Destination Facilities, Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements; was approved 06/28/95; OMB No. 2050-0147; expires 06/30/98.

EPA ICR No. 1381.04; Compliance with 40 CFR Part 258 Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria, Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements; was approved 06/21/95; OMB No. 2050-0122; expires 12/31/96.

EPA ICR No. 1681.02; Epoxy Resin and Non-Nylon Polyamide Resin Production, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants; was approved 07/03/95; OMB No. 2060-0290; expires 07/31/98.

EPA ICR No. 1713.01; Federal Operating Permits Program of the Clean Air Act—Part 71; was approved 07/14/95; OMB No. 2060-0336; expires 07/31/98.

EPA ICR No. 0107.05; Source Compliance and State Action Reporting; was approved 07/30/95; OMB No. 2060-0096; expires 07/31/98.

EPA ICR No. 1748.01; State Small Business Stationary Source Technical and Environmental Compliance Assistance Program; was approved 07/20/95; OMB No. 2060-0337; expires 07/31/98.

EPA ICR No. 0186.07; NESHAP for Vinyl Chloride 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart F; was approved 06/30/95; OMB No. 2060-0071; expires 06/30/98.

EPA Withdrawals

EPA ICR No. 1744.01; Carbamate Production Waste, Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements for Needs Listed; was withdrawn from OMB Review.

EPA ICR No. 1692.01; NESHAP for Petroleum Refineries, Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements, Part 63, Subpart CC; was withdrawn from OMB Review.

Dated: August 4, 1995.

Joseph Retzer,

Director, Regulatory Information Division.

[FR Doc. 95-19792 Filed 8-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

[FRL-5275-6]

Office of the Federal Environmental Executive; Guidance for Presidential Memorandum on Environmentally and Economically Beneficial Landscape Practices on Federal Landscaped Grounds

AGENCY: Office of the Federal Environmental Executive, EPA.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This document announces guidance developed by the interagency workgroup under the direction of the Federal Environmental Executive to assist federal agencies in the implementation of environmentally and economically beneficial landscape practices. This guidance is in response to the requirements of the executive memorandum on Environmentally and Economically Beneficial Landscape Practices on Federal Landscaped Grounds.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Debra Yap, (202) 260-9291.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 26, 1994, the President issued a memorandum to Federal agencies addressing landscape management practices on federal landscaped grounds. In developing the implementing guidance, the Federal Environmental Executive sought public

comment through a **Federal Register** "Notice, Review & Comment." This guidance, as written by the interagency taskforce, represents the culmination of discussions among interested parties, industry and government, and the responses to the **Federal Register** Notice.¹

The principles identified here provide a framework for the use of environmentally and economically beneficial landscape practices on managed federal lands and federally-funded projects. They are meant to improve and expand upon current principles of landscape design, implementation and management. They are intended to assist in federal planning and decision-making and can be incorporated into federal agency guidance/policy for landscape management practices.

As identified in the memorandum the guidance focuses on 5 (five) guiding principles: (1) Use regionally native plants (see definition below) for landscaping; (2) Design, use or promote construction practices that minimize adverse effects on the natural habitat; (3) Seek to prevent pollution; (4) Implement water and energy efficient practices; (5) Create outdoor demonstration projects.

This guidance is intended to promote principles of "sustainable landscape design and management" which recognizes the interconnection of natural resources, human resources, site design, building design, energy management, water supply, waste prevention, and facility maintenance and operation. In general, sustainable design embodies the concept that,

* * * human civilization is an integral part of the natural world and that nature must be preserved and perpetuated if the human community is to sustain itself indefinitely.² Sustainable landscape management seeks to minimize impact on the environment and maximize the value received for the dollars expended.

Sustainable landscape design is economically beneficial in its principle of evaluating and optimizing the full life-cycle of products and processes: cost is considered from initial design through the life of the project. For example, although sustainable site design and development may have a higher initial cost, it may prove economical over the life of the project.

¹ **Federal Register**, Vol. 59, No. 161, Monday August 22, 1994. The Executive Memorandum was incorporated and printed in the Notice, Review & Comment.

² p. 4, *Guiding Principles of Sustainable Design*, U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Denver Service Center, September 1993.