

agrees to indemnify and hold the United States harmless against any such damage or loss. No routine aircraft maintenance will be accomplished at WAFB. Emergency repairs and or maintenance are only authorized to avoid extended parking and storage of civil aircraft at WAFB.

Customs and Security

The installation commander will exercise administrative and security control over both the aircraft and passengers on WAFB. Customs officials will be transported to and from the base by air carrier representatives. The installation commander will cooperate with customer, health, and other public officials to expedite arrival and departure of the aircraft. Air carrier representatives will notify the WAFB Airfield Manager, in advance, of armed security or law enforcement officers arriving or departing on a flight. BIA officials and air carrier representatives must provide the WAFB Airfield Manager a list of employees, contractors, and vehicles requiring flightline access. Temporary passes will be issued to authorized individuals and vehicles.

Fire, Crash, and Rescue Services

BIA will provide technical information and training for WAFB Fire Department personnel prior to (date) . Fire, Crash, and Rescue Services will be provided in an emergency, but fire trucks will not routinely park on the flightline for aircraft arrivals and departures. BIA will reimburse WAFB for all such services.

Liability and Indemnification

The Air Force shall not be responsible for damages to property or injuries to persons which may arise from or be incident to the use of WAFB by BIA under this Agreement, or for damages to the property of BIA or injuries to the person of BIA's officers, agents, servants, employees, or invitees. BIA agrees to assume all risks of loss or damage to property and injury or death to persons by reason of or incident to the use of WAFB under this Agreement and expressly waives any and all claims against the United States for any such loss, damage, personal injury, or death caused by or occurring as a consequence of such use. BIA further agrees to indemnify, save, and hold the United States, its officers, agents, and employees harmless from and against all claims, demands, or actions, liabilities, judgments, costs, and attorneys fees, arising out of, claimed on account of, or in any manner predicated upon personal injury, death or property damage resulting from, related to, caused by, or arising out of the use of WAFB under this Agreement.

Fees

Landing and parking fees will be charged in accordance with to AFI 10-1001, Civil Aircraft Landing Permits. Charges will be made in accordance with the appropriate Air Force Instructions for any services or supplies required from WAFB. The WAFB Airfield Manager will be responsible for consolidating all charges which will be billed to BIA not later than (date) by the Accounting and Finance Office.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the respective duly authorized representatives of the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the date set forth below opposite their respective signatures.

BIA Representative (Name and Title)

DATE

WAFB Representative (Name and Title)

DATE

Patsy J. Conner,

Air Force Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 95-17834 Filed 7-19-95; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 117

[CGD05-94-117]

RIN 2115-AE47

Drawbridge Operation Regulations; Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, Chesapeake, VA

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: At the request of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Railroad Company, the Coast Guard is changing the regulations that govern the operation of the drawbridge across the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal, Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, mile 13.9, at Chesapeake, Virginia, by leaving the draw in the open position except for the passage of trains. This change to these regulations is, to the extent practical and feasible, intended to relieve the bridgeowners of the burden of having a person constantly available to open the draw while still providing for the reasonable needs of navigation.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule is effective on August 21, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ann B. Deaton, Bridge Administrator, Fifth Coast Guard District, at (804) 398-6222.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Drafting Information.

The principal persons involved in drafting this document are Linda L. Gilliam, Project Manager, Bridge Section, and CDR C.A. Abel, Project Counsel, Fifth Coast Guard District Legal Office.

Regulatory History

On March 13, 1995, the Coast Guard published a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking entitled Atlantic

Intracoastal Waterway, Chesapeake, Virginia, in the **Federal Register** (60 FR 13395). The comment period ended May 12, 1995. The Coast Guard did not receive any comments on the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. On April 5, 1995, the Coast Guard issued Public Notice 5-850 requesting comments on the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking. The comment period ended May 12, 1995. No comments were received. A public hearing was not requested and one was not held.

Background and Purpose

The Albemarle and Chesapeake Railroad Company has requested that the regulations for the drawbridge across the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal, Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, mile 13.9, in Chesapeake, Virginia, be changed to leave the bridge in the open position, except when a train is passing over it and for maintenance. Since the bridge would be left in the open position, a bridge tender would only be available to close the bridge for a train crossing, and, after the train cleared, to reopen the bridge to navigation.

Currently, the bridge opens on demand. This final rule will require the bridge to remain in the open position except for the passage of trains and during maintenance. A bridgetender will be available to reopen the bridge after trains have cleared the bridge and after completion of any maintenance work.

In developing this schedule, the Coast Guard considered all views, and believes this final rule will not unduly restrict commercial and recreational traffic, since the bridge will be left in the open position, except for the passage of trains.

Regulatory Evaluation

This rule is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that order. It has been exempted from review by the Office of Management and Budget under that order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040; February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this rule to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10e of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*), the Coast Guard must consider whether this final rule

will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. "Small entities" include independently owned and operated small businesses that are not dominant in their field and that otherwise qualify as "small business concerns" under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632); Because it expects the impact of this rule to be minimal, the Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Collection of Information

This final rule contains no collection of information requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Federalism

The Coast Guard has analyzed this rule under the principals and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612, and it has been determined that this rule will not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Environment

The Coast Guard considered the environmental impact of this rule and concluded that under section 2.B.2.e(32)(2) of Commandant Instruction M16475.1B (as amended, 59 FR 38654, 29 July 1994), this rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A Categorical Exclusion Determination statement and checklist has been prepared and placed in the rulemaking docket.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 117

Bridges.

Final Regulations

In consideration of the foregoing, the Coast Guard is amending Part 117 of Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations to read as follows:

PART 117—DRAWBRIDGE OPERATION REGULATIONS

1. The authority citation for Part 117 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 499; 49 CFR 1.46; 33 CFR 1.05-1(g) section 117.255 also issued under the authority of Pub. L. 102-587, 106 Stat. 5039.

2. In § 117.997, paragraph (g) is redesignated as (h) and a new paragraph (g) is added to read as follows:

§ 117.997 Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, South Branch of the Elizabeth River to the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal.

* * * * *

(g) The draw of the Albemarle & Chesapeake Railroad bridge, mile 13.9, in Chesapeake, Virginia, shall be maintained in the open position; the draw may close only for the crossing of trains and maintenance of the bridge. When the draw is closed, a bridgetender shall be present to reopen the draw after the train has cleared the bridge.

* * * * *

Dated: June 15, 1995.

W.J. Ecker,
Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commander,
Fifth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 95-17872 Filed 7-19-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-14-M

33 CFR Part 117

[CGD05-94-103]

RIN 2115-AE47

Drawbridge Operation Regulations; Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, Chesapeake, VA

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is adopting as final the interim rule published in the **Federal Register** on December 30, 1994, changing the regulations governing the drawbridge across the Southern Branch of the Elizabeth River, Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, mile 5.8, at Chesapeake, Virginia, by limiting bridge openings during the morning and evening rush hours. This rule will allow commercial cargo vessels, tugs, and tugs with tows passage through the bridge during morning and evening rush hours, provided a 2-hour advance notice is given to the Gilmerton Bridge. This rule also includes a provision that allows public vessels of the United States, vessels in distress, commercial vessels carrying liquefied flammable gas or other harmful substances, and commercial or public vessels assisting in an emergency situation passage through the bridge at any time. All other commercial and recreational vessel traffic will be denied draw openings during the morning and evening rush hours. This new rule is intended to provide regularly scheduled drawbridge openings to help reduce motor vehicle traffic delays and congestion on the roads and highways linked by this drawbridge while providing for the reasonable needs of navigation.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule is effective on August 21, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ann B. Deaton, Bridge Administrator, Fifth Coast Guard District, at (804) 398-6222.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Drafting Information

The principal persons involved in drafting this document are Linda L. Gilliam, Project Manager, Bridge Section, and CDR Christopher A. Abel, Project Counsel, Fifth Coast Guard District Legal Office.

Regulatory History

On December 30, 1994, the Coast Guard published an interim final rule with request for comments entitled Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, Chesapeake, Virginia, in the **Federal Register** (59 FR 67630). The comment period ended March 30, 1995. The Coast Guard received no comments on the interim final rule. The Commander, Fifth Coast Guard District, also published the interim rule as a public notice on January 13, 1995, with the comment period ending March 30, 1995, and no comments were received as a result of this notice. A public hearing was not requested and one was not held.

Background and Purpose

The City of Chesapeake, Virginia, requested that the regulations for the operation of the drawbridge across the Southern Branch of the Elizabeth River, Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, mile 5.8, at Chesapeake, Virginia, be changed by limiting bridge openings during the morning and evening rush hours, from 6:30 a.m. to 8 a.m. and from 3:30 p.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays, year-round. This will help reduce highway traffic congestion problems, and respond to public safety and welfare concerns associated with frequent bridge openings caused by recreational boat traffic. This also will help reduce the wear and tear that is already apparent on the bridge's mechanical machinery. Prior to the publication of the interim rule in the **Federal Register**, the drawbridge operated by opening on demand.

In addition to restricting bridge openings during the morning and evening rush hours, commercial cargo vessels, tugs and tugs with tows will be allowed passage through the bridge during the hours of restriction provided a 2-hour advance notice is given to the Gilmerton Bridge. Public vessels of the United States, vessels in distress, commercial vessels carrying liquefied flammable gas or other harmful substances, and commercial or public vessels assisting in an emergency situation will be able to pass through the bridge at any time.

Further explanation of the interests considered was provided in the