

### *Termination of Suspension of Liquidation*

On June 2, 1995, the ITC determined that these imports neither cause, nor threaten to cause, material injury to the industry in the United States. Therefore, we are directing the U.S. Customs Service to refund or cancel all securities posted.

This notice is published pursuant to sections 735(d) and (e) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.20(a)(4).

**Susan G. Esserman,**

*Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.*

Dated: July 5, 1995.

[FR Doc. 95-17766 Filed 7-18-95; 8:45 am]

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### **City University of Wisconsin, et al.; Notice of Consolidated Decision on Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Electron Microscopes**

This is a decision consolidated pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89-651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

*Docket Number:* 95-032. *Applicant:* University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI 53706. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model CM120. *Manufacturer:* Philips, The Netherlands. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 29826, June 6, 1995. *Order Date:* October 18, 1994.

*Docket Number:* 95-034. *Applicant:* Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, IL 60439. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model H-9000NAR. *Manufacturer:* Hitachi, Japan. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 29826, June 6, 1995. *Order Date:* April 27, 1994.

*Comments:* None received. *Decision:* Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument, for such purposes as these instruments are intended to be used, was being manufactured in the United States at the time the instruments were ordered. *Reasons:* Each foreign instrument is a conventional transmission electron microscope (CTEM) and is intended for research or scientific educational uses requiring a CTEM. We know of no CTEM, or any other instrument suited to these purposes, which was being manufactured in the United States either at the time of order of each instrument or at the time of receipt of

application by the U.S. Customs Service.

**Frank W. Creel**

*Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff*  
[FR Doc. 95-17768 Filed 7-18-95; 8:45 am]  
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### **Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments**

Pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89-651; 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301), we invite comments on the question of whether instruments of equivalent scientific value, for the purposes for which the instruments shown below are intended to be used, are being manufactured in the United States.

Comments must comply with 15 CFR 301.5(a)(3) and (4) of the regulations and be filed within 20 days with the Statutory Import Programs Staff, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230. Applications may be examined between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

*Docket Number:* 95-051. *Applicant:* National Renewable Energy Laboratory, 1617 Cole Blvd., Golden, CO 80401.

*Instrument:* Sonic Anemometer/Thermometer. *Manufacturer:* Kaijo Denki, Co. Inc., Ltd., Japan. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to study the 3-D structure of small-scale atmospheric turbulence related to the operation, efficiency, and fatigue life of wind turbine generators and their component parts. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* June 23, 1995.

*Docket Number:* 95-052. *Applicant:* Dartmouth College, Department of Earth Sciences, 6105 Fairchild Science Center, North College Street, Hanover, NH 03755-3571. *Instrument:* ICP Mass Spectrometer, Model ELEMENT.

*Manufacturer:* Finnigan MAT, Germany. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to measure elemental concentrations and isotope ratios of all elements in geological and environmental samples in support of a wide range of research projects undertaken by the faculty and students. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* June 27, 1995.

*Docket Number:* 95-053. *Applicant:* Georgia Institute of Technology, 225 North Avenue, NW, Atlanta, GA 30332. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model HF-2000. *Manufacturer:* Hitachi Instruments, Japan. *Intended Use:* The

instrument will be used in research programs in virtually all areas of materials research including but not limited to the following:

- (1) Ceramic composites,
- (2) Fabrication of advanced ceramic materials,
- (3) Electronic interconnect technology and materials,
- (4) Specialized properties of coatings and thin films,
- (5) Ion engine cathode structure characterization,
- (6) Semiconductor heterostructures,
- (7) Zeolite/catalyst development, and
- (8) Study of epitaxial oxide heterostructures: Growth structure and phase transition.

In addition, the instrument will be used in teaching formal courses in electron microscopy. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* June 27, 1995.

**Frank W. Creel**

*Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff*  
[FR Doc. 95-17770 Filed 7-18-95; 8:45 am]  
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### **University of Minnesota, Notice of Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instrument**

This decision is made pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89-651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

*Docket Number:* 95-029. *Applicant:* University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN 55455. *Instrument:* Gyrotory Compactor. *Manufacturer:* Invelop Oy, Finland. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 24838, May 10, 1995.

*Comments:* None received. *Decision:* Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument, for such purposes as it is intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States. *Reasons:* The foreign instrument provides: (1) mold capacity of both 100 and 150 mm, (2) gyration speed from 15 to 80 cycles per minute, (3) a variable gyration angle from 0 to 3 degrees and (4) recording of shear resistance. The Federal Highway Administration advised June 12, 1995 that (1) these capabilities are pertinent to the applicant's intended purpose and (2) it knows of no domestic instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value

to the foreign instrument for the applicant's intended use.

We know of no other instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument which is being manufactured in the United States.

**Frank W. Creel**

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff.

[FR Doc. 95-17769 Filed 7-18-95; 8:45 am]

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**National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration**

[I.D. 071095G]

**Endangered Species; Permits**

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Issuance of modification 3 to permit 847 (P211E), modification 6 to permit 795 (P503A), modification 1 to permit 921 (P503P), and denial of modifications to permits 919 (P503N) and 922 (P503Q).

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that NMFS has issued three modifications to permits authorizing takes of listed species for the purpose of scientific research and enhancement, subject to certain conditions set forth therein, to the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) and the Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG) and has denied two permit modification requests from IDFG.

**ADDRESSES:** The applications and related documents are available for review in the following offices, by appointment:

Office of Protected Resources, F/PR8, NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910-3226 (301-713-1401); and

Environmental and Technical Services Division, F/NWO3, NMFS, 525 NE Oregon Street, Portland, OR 97232-4169 (503-230-5400).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Modification 3 to permit 847, modification 6 to permit 795, and modification 1 to permit 921 were issued under the authority of section 10 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (16 U.S.C. 1531-1543) and the NMFS regulations governing listed fish and wildlife permits (50 CFR parts 217-222).

Notice was published on May 4, 1995 (60 FR 22051) that an application had been filed by ODFW (P211E) for modification 3 to permit 847. Permit 847, issued on May 28, 1993, authorizes a take of listed Snake River spring/

summer chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) associated with supplementation programs at the Imnaha River and Lookingglass Creek Hatcheries. For modification 3, ODFW requested authorization to retain all of the adult listed salmon that return to the adult trap for broodstock in 1995 if the forecasted runsize of returning adults is less than 100. If the forecasted runsize of returning adults is greater than or equal to 100 in 1995, ODFW proposed to release 20 percent of the returning adult listed salmon above the adult trap for natural spawning, with no restriction on the percentage of hatchery-origin fish to be released.

Modification 3 to permit 847 was issued on June 29, 1995 and is valid in 1995 only. Permit 847 expires on March 31, 1998.

Notice was published on April 5, 1995 (60 FR 17316) that an application had been filed by IDFG (P503A) for modification 6 to permit 795. Permit 795, issued on July 29, 1992, authorizes a take of listed species associated with scientific research and enhancement activities, including a captive broodstock program, with endangered Snake River sockeye salmon (*Oncorhynchus nerka*). For modification 6, IDFG requested authorization to: (1) Release broodyear (BY) 1994 juvenile, listed, artificially-propagated, Snake River sockeye salmon, progeny of listed adults, directly into Redfish Lake in July, into net pens in Redfish Lake in July and then directly into the lake from the net pens in the fall, and directly into the lake in October; (2) release BY 1994 juvenile sockeye progeny of listed adults directly into Pettit Lake in June, 1995; and (3) modify a condition in the permit requiring that an auxiliary water supply must accompany any vehicle used to transport listed sockeye salmon to pertain to the transport of listed adults only.

Following a discussion with NMFS, IDFG agreed to modify the release schedule of listed sockeye salmon juveniles into Pettit Lake in 1995 by carrying out the releases approximately 3 weeks after the last rainbow trout have been stocked in the lake. This modified release schedule for Pettit Lake in 1995 will serve to minimize any potential adverse impacts to the listed fish due to interactions with trout.

Modification 6 to permit 795 was issued on June 23, 1995. The juvenile, listed, sockeye salmon releases are authorized in 1995 only. The modified permit condition is valid for the duration of the permit. Permit 795 expires on July 31, 1997.

Notice was published on May 4, 1995 (60 FR 22051) that an application had

been filed by IDFG (P503P) for modification 1 to permit 921. Permit 921, issued on June 16, 1994, authorizes a take of listed Snake River spring/summer chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) associated with a supplementation program at McCall Hatchery. For modification 1, IDFG requested authorization to retain adult, listed, naturally-produced salmon that return to the adult trap for broodstock without any restrictions due to the annual forecasted runsize of returning adults. IDFG also requested authorization to release non-listed, hatchery-origin adults above the adult trap at Stolle Meadows, if necessary, to meet the minimum target of 35 adult pairs to be released annually for natural spawning.

Modification 1 to permit 921 was issued on June 30, 1995 and is valid for the duration of the permit. Permit 921 expires on December 31, 1998.

Notice was published on May 4, 1995 (60 FR 22051) that applications had been filed by IDFG for modifications to permits 919 (P503N, Sawtooth Hatchery) and 922 (P503Q, Pahsimeroi Hatchery), similar to the modification request of permit 921 described above. NMFS has denied these two permit modification requests because of the lack of a demonstrated adult-to-adult survival benefit from the rearing at these hatcheries. In addition, the take of adult listed fish for broodstock from these two watersheds may adversely impact the demographics of the naturally-spawning adults. Permits 919 and 922, and the respective takes of listed species authorized therein, will continue to be valid as written. Permits 919 and 922 expire on December 31, 1998.

Issuance of these modifications, as required by the ESA, was based on a finding that such modifications: (1) Were applied for in good faith, (2) will not operate to the disadvantage of the listed species that are the subject of the permits, and (3) are consistent with the purposes and policies set forth in section 2 of the ESA and the NMFS regulations governing listed species permits.

Dated: July 12, 1995.

**Robert C. Ziobro,**

Acting Chief, Endangered Species Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service.

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