

commenting would be aggrieved by approval of the proposal.

Comments regarding the application must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than July 20, 1995.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco (Kenneth R. Binning, Director, Bank Holding Company) 101 Market Street, San Francisco, California 94105:

1. *Bancorp Hawaii, Inc.*, Honolulu, Hawaii; to engage *de dovo* through its subsidiary, First Federal Savings and Loan Association of America, Honolulu, Hawaii, in making equity and debt investments in corporations or projects designed primarily to promote community welfare, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(6) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, June 30, 1995.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 95-16691 Filed 7-6-95; 8:45 am]

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Grover Lynn Shade, et al.; Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notices have been accepted for processing, they will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than July 20, 1995.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas (Genie D. Short, Vice President) 2200 North Pearl Street, Dallas, Texas 75201-2272:

1. *Grover Lynn & Nelda Sue Shade*, both of Muldoon, Texas; to retain 10 percent, for a total of 10 percent, of the voting shares of Lost Pines Bancshares, Inc., Smithville, Texas, and thereby indirectly acquire Lost Pines National Bank, Smithville, Texas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, June 30, 1995.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Announcement Number 529]

RIN 0905-ZA95

FY 1995 Epidemiologic Research Studies of Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) and Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection

Introduction

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces a program for competitive fiscal year (FY) 1995 grant or cooperative agreement applications to conduct epidemiologic and behavioral research studies of AIDS and HIV infection. These include studies to evaluate the implementation and effectiveness of policies to reduce mother-to-child HIV transmission, to examine factors related to mother-to-child HIV transmission, and to evaluate factors associated with healthy, long-term HIV- seropositive persons. The study of these research areas as they pertain to minority populations (defined as Black, Hispanic, Asian and Pacific Islander, and American Indian), is encouraged because minorities constitute over 50 percent of all reported cases of AIDS and approximately 76 percent of all women and children with AIDS.

The Public Health Service (PHS) is committed to achieving the health promotion and disease prevention objectives of "Healthy People 2000," a PHS-led national activity to reduce morbidity and mortality and improve the quality of life. This announcement is related to the priority area of HIV Infection. (To order a copy of "Healthy People 2000," see the section **WHERE TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.**)

Authority

This program is authorized under Sections 301(a) and 317(k)(2) of the Public Health Service Act [42 U.S.C. 241(a) and 247b(k)(2)], as amended. Applicable program regulations are set forth in 42 CFR Part 52, entitled "Grants for Research Projects."

Smoke Free Workplace

The Public Health Service strongly encourages all grant recipients to provide a smoke-free workplace and promote the non-use of all tobacco products. Public Law 103-227, the Pro-Children Act of 1994, prohibits smoking in certain facilities that receive Federal funds in which education, library, day care, health care, and early childhood development services are provided to children. This is consistent with the PHS mission to protect and advance the physical and mental health of American people.

Eligible Applicants

Eligible applicants include all public and private, nonprofit and for-profit organizations and governments and their agencies. Thus, universities, colleges, research institutions, hospitals, and other public and private organizations, State and local governments or their bonafide agents, federally recognized Indian tribal governments, Indian tribes or Indian tribal organizations, and small, minority- and/or women-owned businesses are eligible to apply.

Availability of Funds

Approximately \$3,900,000 will be available in FY 1995 to fund approximately eight awards. It is expected that the average award will be approximately \$375,000, ranging from \$350,000 to \$400,000. It is expected that about 5 new and 3 competing renewal awards will be made and that awards will begin on or about September 30, 1995. Awards will be funded for a 12-month budget period within a project period of up to 3 years. Funding estimates may vary and are subject to change. Continuation awards within the project period will be made on the basis of satisfactory programmatic progress and the availability of funds.

Purpose

The purpose of these awards is to conduct epidemiologic and behavioral research studies of AIDS and HIV infection. These include studies to evaluate the implementation and effectiveness of policies to reduce mother-to-child HIV transmission, to examine factors related to mother-to-child HIV transmission, and to evaluate factors associated with healthy long-term HIV- seropositive persons. The study of these research areas as they pertain to minority populations (defined as Black, Hispanic, Asian and Pacific Islander, and American Indian), is encouraged because minorities constitute over 50 percent of all reported cases of AIDS and