

ALASKA—Continued

Alaska—ADMINISTRATIVE REIMBURSEMENT Rates for Sponsoring Organizations of Day Care Homes—Per Home/Per Month Rates in Dollars:

Initial 50 day care homes .....	115
Next 150 day care homes .....	88
Next 800 day care homes .....	69
Additional day care homes ...	60

<sup>1</sup> These rates do not include the value of commodities (or cash-in-lieu of commodities) which institutions receive as additional assistance for each lunch or supper served to participants under the program. Notices announcing the value of commodities and cash-in-lieu of commodities are published separately in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The new payment rates for Hawaii are as follows:

HAWAII

Hawaii—Meals Served in CENTERS—Per Meal Rates in Dollars or Fractions thereof:

Breakfasts:	
Paid .....	.2175
Free .....	1.1575
Reduced .....	.8575
Lunches and Suppers: <sup>1</sup>	
Paid .....	.2025
Free .....	2.1025
Reduced .....	1.7025
Supplements:	
Paid .....	.0525
Free .....	.5775
Reduced .....	.2875

Hawaii—Meals Served in DAY CARE HOMES—Per Meal Rates in Dollars or Fractions thereof:

Breakfasts .....	.9775
Lunches and Suppers .....	1.80
Supplements .....	.5375

Hawaii—ADMINISTRATIVE REIMBURSEMENT Rates for Sponsoring Organizations of Day Care Homes—Per Home/Per Month Rates in Dollars:

Initial 50 day care homes .....	83
Next 150 day care homes .....	63
Next 800 day care homes .....	50
Additional day care homes ...	44

<sup>1</sup> These rates do not include the value of commodities (or cash-in-lieu of commodities) which institutions receive as additional assistance for each lunch or supper served to participants under the program. Notices announcing the value of commodities and cash-in-lieu of commodities are published separately in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The changes in the national average payment rates and the food service payment rates for day care homes reflect a 2.27 percent increase during the 12-month period May 1994 to May 1995 (from 145.3 in May 1994 to 148.6 in

May 1995) in the food away from home series of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor. The changes in the administrative reimbursement rates for sponsoring organizations of day care homes reflect a 3.18 percent increase during the 12-month period May 1994 to May 1995 (from 147.5 in May 1994 to 152.2 in May 1995) in the series for all items of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.

The total amount of payments available to each State agency for distribution to institutions participating in the program is based on the rates contained in this notice.

**Authority:** Sections 4(b)(2), 11(a), 17(c) and 17(f)(3)(B) of the National School Lunch Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1753, 1759(a), 1766) and section 4(b)(1)(B) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1773b).

Dated: June 26, 1995.

**William Ludwig,**  
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 95-16271 Filed 6-30-95; 8:45 am]  
BILLING CODE 3410-30-P

**National School Lunch, Special Milk, and School Breakfast Programs; National Average Payments/Maximum Reimbursement Rates**

**AGENCY:** Food and Consumer Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This Notice announces the annual adjustments to: (1) The "national average payments," the amount of money the Federal Government provides States for lunches, meal supplements and breakfasts served to children participating in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs; (2) the "maximum reimbursement rates," the maximum per lunch rate from Federal funds that a State can provide a school food authority for lunches served to children participating in the National School Lunch Program; and (3) the rate of reimbursement for a half-pint of milk served to nonneedy children in a school or institution which participates in the Special Milk Program for Children. The payments and rates are prescribed on an annual basis each July. The annual payments and rates adjustments for the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs reflect changes in the Food Away From Home series of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers. The annual rate adjustment for the Special Milk Program reflects

changes in the Producer Price Index for Fluid Milk Products. These payments and rates are in effect from July 1, 1995 through June 30, 1996.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** July 1, 1995.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Robert M. Eadie, Chief, Policy and Program Development Branch, Child Nutrition Division, FCS, USDA, Alexandria, Virginia 22302, (703) 305-2620.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** These programs are listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under No. 10.553, No. 10.555 and No. 10.556 and are subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials. (See 7 CFR part 3015, subpart V, and the final rule related notice published at 48 FR 29114, June 24, 1983.)

This action is not a rule as defined by the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601-612) and thus is exempt from the provisions of that Act. This notice has been determined to be exempt under Executive Order 12866. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3507), no new recordkeeping or reporting requirements have been included that are subject to approval from the Office of Management and Budget.

**Background**

*Special Milk Program for Children*

Pursuant to section 3 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1772), the Department announces the rate of reimbursement for a half-pint of milk served to nonneedy children in a school or institution which participates in the Special Milk Program for Children. This rate is adjusted annually to reflect changes in the Producer Price Index for Fluid Milk Products (Code 0231), published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.

For the period July 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996, the rate of reimbursement for a half-pint of milk served to a nonneedy child in a school or institution which participates in the Special Milk Program is 11.25 cents. This reflects an increase of 1.4 percent in the Producer Price Index for Fluid Milk Products (Code 0231) from May 1994 to May 1995 (from a level of 121.1 in May 1994 to 122.8 in May 1995).

As a reminder, schools or institutions with pricing programs which elect to serve milk free to eligible children continue to receive the average cost of a half-pint of milk (the total cost of all milk purchased during the claim period divided by the total number of

purchased half-pints) for each half-pint served to an eligible child.

#### *National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs*

Pursuant to sections 11 and 17A of the National School Lunch Act, (42 U.S.C. 1759a and 1766a), and section 4 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, (42 U.S.C. 1773), the Department annually announces the adjustments to the National Average Payment Factors and to the maximum Federal reimbursement rates for meals and supplements served to children participating in the National School Lunch Program. Adjustments are prescribed each July 1, based on changes in the Food Away From Home series of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor. The changes in the national average payment rates for schools and residential child care institutions for the period July 1, 1995 through June 30, 1996 reflect a 2.27 percent increase in the Price Index during the 12-month period May 1994 to May 1995 (from a level of 145.3 in May 1994 to 148.6 in May 1995).

#### *Lunch Payment Factors*

Section 4 of the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1753) provides general cash for food assistance payments to States to assist schools in purchasing food. There are two section 4 National Average Payment factors for lunches served under the National School Lunch Program. The lower payment factor applies to lunches served by school food authorities in which less than 60 percent of the lunches served in the school lunch program during the second preceding school year were served free or at a reduced price. The higher payment factor applies to lunches served by school food authorities in which 60 percent or more of the lunches served during the second preceding school year were served free or at a reduced price. To supplement these section 4 payments, section 11 of the National School Lunch Act provides special cash assistance payments to aid schools in providing free and reduced price lunches. The section 11 National Average Payment Factor for each reduced price lunch served is set at 40 cents less than the factor for each free lunch.

As authorized under sections 8 and 11 of the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1757, 1759a), maximum reimbursement rates for each type of lunch are prescribed by the Department in this Notice. These maximum rates

ensure equitable disbursement of Federal funds to school food authorities.

#### *Meal Supplement Payments in Afterschool Care Programs*

Section 17A (42 U.S.C. 1766a) of the National School Lunch Act authorizes elementary and secondary schools to be reimbursed for meal supplements as part of the National School Lunch Program if they meet the following requirements: (1) Operate school lunch programs under the National School Lunch Act; (2) sponsor afterschool care programs; and (3) were participating in the Child and Adult Care Food Program as of May 15, 1989. The reimbursement rates for supplements served in Afterschool Care Programs under the National School Lunch Program are the same as the rates for supplements served in centers under the Child and Adult Care Food Program.

#### *Breakfast Payment Factors*

Section 4 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 establishes National Average Payment Factors for free, reduced price and paid breakfasts served under the School Breakfast Program and additional payments for schools determined to be in "severe need" because they serve a high percentage of needy children.

#### **Revised Payments**

The following specific section 4 and section 11 National Average Payment Factors and maximum reimbursement rates are in effect through June 30, 1996. Due to a higher cost of living, the average payments and maximum reimbursements for Alaska and Hawaii are higher than those for all other States. The District of Columbia, Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshalls, and the Republic of Palau use the figures specified for the contiguous States.

#### **National School Lunch Program Payments**

##### *Section 4 National Average Payment Factors*

In school food authorities which served *less than 60 percent* free and reduced price lunches in School Year 1993-94, the payments are: *Contiguous States*—17.25 cents, maximum rate 25.25 cents; *Alaska*—28.00 cents, maximum rate 39.75 cents; *Hawaii*—20.25 cents, maximum rate 29.25 cents.

In school food authorities which served *60 percent or more* free and reduced price lunches in School Year 1993-94, payments are: *Contiguous*

*States*—19.25 cents, maximum rate 25.25 cents; *Alaska*—30.00 cents, maximum rate 39.75 cents; *Hawaii*—22.25 cents, maximum rate 29.25 cents.

##### *Section 11 National Average Payment Factors*

*Contiguous States*—free lunch—162.25 cents, reduced price lunch 122.25 cents; *Alaska*—free lunch 263.00 cents, reduced price lunch 223.00 cents; *Hawaii*—free lunch 190.00 cents, reduced price lunch 150.00 cents.

#### *Meal Supplements in Afterschool Care Programs*

The payments are: *Contiguous States*—free supplement—49.25 cents, reduced price supplement—24.75 cents, paid supplement—4.50 cents; *Alaska*—free supplement—80.00 cents, reduced price supplement—40.00 cents, paid supplement—7.25 cents; *Hawaii*—free supplement—57.75 cents, reduced price supplement—28.75 cents, paid supplement—5.25 cents.

#### **School Breakfast Program Payments**

For schools "not in severe need" the payments are:

*Contiguous States*—free breakfast 99.75 cents, reduced price breakfast 69.45 cents, paid breakfast 19.50 cents; *Alaska*—free breakfast 157.75 cents, reduced price breakfast 127.75 cents, paid breakfast 28.00 cents; *Hawaii*—free breakfast 115.75 cents, reduced price breakfast 85.75 cents, paid breakfast 21.75 cents.

For schools in "severe need" the payments are:

*Contiguous States*—free breakfast 118.50 cents, reduced price breakfast 88.50 cents, paid breakfast 19.50 cents; *Alaska*—free breakfast 188.25 cents, reduced price breakfast 158.25 cents, paid breakfast 28.00 cents; *Hawaii*—free breakfast 137.75 cents, reduced price breakfast 107.75 cents, paid breakfast 21.75 cents.

#### **Payment Chart**

The following chart illustrates: The lunch National Average Payment Factors with the sections 4 and 11 already combined to indicate the per meal amount; the maximum lunch reimbursement rates; the reimbursement rates for meal supplements served in afterschool care programs; the breakfast National Average Payment Factors including "severe need" schools; and the milk reimbursement rate. All amounts are expressed in dollars or fractions thereof. The payment factors and reimbursement rates used for the District of Columbia, Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico and the Pacific Territories

are those specified for the contiguous States.

SCHOOL PROGRAMS—MEALS AND MILK PAYMENTS TO STATES AND SCHOOL FOOD AUTHORITIES  
 [Expressed in dollars or fractions thereof—effective from July 1, 1995—June 30, 1996]

National School Lunch Program <sup>1</sup>	Less than 60 percent	60 percent or more	Maximum rate
Contiguous States:			
Paid .....	\$0.1725	\$0.1925	\$0.2525
Reduced price .....	1.3950	1.4150	1.5650
Free .....	1.7950	1.8150	1.9650
Alaska:			
Paid .....	.28	.30	.3975
Reduced price .....	2.51	2.53	2.77
Free .....	2.91	2.93	3.17
Hawaii:			
Paid .....	.2025	.2225	.2925
Reduced price .....	1.7025	1.7225	1.8950
Free .....	2.1025	2.1225	2.2950
School Breakfast Program	Non-Severe Need		Severe Need
Contiguous States:			
Paid .....	\$0.1950	.....	\$0.1950
Reduced price .....	.6975	.....	.8850
Free .....	.9975	.....	1.1850
Alaska:			
Paid .....	.28	.....	.28
Reduced price .....	1.2775	.....	1.5825
Free .....	1.5775	.....	1.8825
Hawaii:			
Paid .....	.2175	.....	.2175
Reduced price .....	.8575	.....	1.0775
Free .....	1.1575	.....	1.3775
Special Milk Program	All milk	Paid milk	Free milk
Pricing Programs without Free Option .....	\$.1125	N/A	N/A
Pricing Programs with Free Option .....	N/A	\$.1125	N/A <sup>(2)</sup>
Nonpricing programs .....	.1125	N/A	N/A
Supplements Served in Afterschool Care Programs			
Contiguous States:			
Paid .....	.....	\$.0450	.....
Reduced price .....	.....	.2475	.....
Free .....	.....	.4925	.....
Alaska:			
Paid .....	.....	.0725	.....
Reduced price .....	.....	.4000	.....
Free .....	.....	.8000	.....
Hawaii:			
Paid .....	.....	.0525	.....
Reduced price .....	.....	.2875	.....
Free .....	.....	.5775	.....

<sup>1</sup> Payments listed for Free and Reduced Price Lunches include both sections 4 and 11 funds.  
<sup>2</sup> Average cost 1/2 pint milk.

**Authority:** Sec. 4, 8, 11 and 17A of the National School Lunch Act, as amended, (42 U.S.C. 1753, 1757, 1759a, 1766a) and sections 3 and 4(b) of the Child Nutrition Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1772 and 42 U.S.C. 1773(b)).

Dated: June 27, 1995.

**William E. Ludwig,**  
 Administrator.

[FR Doc. 95-16272 Filed 6-30-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-30-P

**Forest Service**

**Snowcreek Golf Course Expansion**

**AGENCY:** Forest Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement.

**SUMMARY:** The Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, will prepare a environmental impact statement (EIS) for the proposed expansion of the Snowcreek Golf Course on National

Forest System lands. The proposed expansion is located adjacent to the Town of Mammoth Lakes, within the boundary of the Inyo National Forest, Mono County, California. The EIS will evaluate at least four alternatives, the expansion as proposed, land exchange between the Forest Service and the proponent, expansion of the golf course on private lands, and denial of the Special-Use Application (the No Action alternative). In addition, the agency