

(3) Information necessary for marking the instruments required by §§ 23.1549 through 23.1553.

(c) Weight.

(1) The maximum weight; and

(2) The maximum landing weight, if the design landing weight selected by the applicant is less than the maximum weight.

(3) The maximum takeoff weight for each airport altitude and ambient temperature within the range selected by the applicant not exceeding the weight at which the airplane complies with the climb requirements of SC23.63(b)(1).

(4) The maximum landing weight for each airport altitude and ambient temperature within the range selected by the applicant not exceeding the weight at which the airplane complies with the climb requirements of SC23.63(b)(2).

(5) The maximum zero fuel weight, where relevant.

(d) Center of gravity. The established center of gravity limits.

(e) Maneuvers. The following authorized maneuvers, appropriate airspeed limitations, and unauthorized maneuvers, as prescribed in this section:

(1) A list of approved acrobatic flight maneuvers demonstrated in the type flight tests, together with recommended entry speeds and any other associated limitations.

(2) Spin recovery procedure established to show compliance with § 23.221.

(f) Maneuver load factor. The positive and negative limit load factors in g's.

(g) Minimum flight crew. The number and functions of the minimum flight crew determined under § 23.1523.

(h) Kinds of operation. A list of the kinds of operation to which the airplane is limited or from which it is prohibited under § 23.1525, and also a list of installed equipment that affects any operating limitation and identification as to the equipment's required operational status for the kinds of operation for which approval has been granted.

(i) Maximum operating altitude. The maximum altitude established under § 23.1527.

(j) Allowable lateral fuel loading. The maximum allowable lateral fuel loading differential, if less than the maximum possible.

(k) Baggage cargo loading. The following information for each baggage and cargo compartment or zone;

(1) The maximum allowable load; and

(2) The maximum intensity of loading.

(l) Systems. Any limitations on the use of airplane systems and equipment.

(m) Ambient temperatures. Where appropriate, maximum and minimum ambient air temperatures for operation.

(n) Smoking. Any restrictions on smoking in the airplane.

(o) Types of surface. A statement of the types of surface on which operations may be conducted must be provided.

SC23.1585 Operating procedures.

Information concerning normal, abnormal (if applicable) and emergency procedures, and other pertinent information necessary for safe operation and the achievement of the

scheduled performance, must be furnished, including:

(a) An explanation of significant or unusual flight or ground handling characteristics.

(b) The maximum demonstrated values of crosswind for takeoff and landing and procedures and information pertinent to operations in crosswinds.

(c) Procedures, speeds, and configuration(s) for making a normal takeoff in accordance with SC23.51 and SC23.53 and the subsequent climb in accordance with SC23.65 and SC26.59.

(d) Procedures for abandoning a takeoff due to engine failure or other cause.

(e) A recommended speed for flight in rough air. This speed must be chosen to protect against the occurrence, as a result of gusts, of structural damage to the airplane and loss of control (for example, stalling).

(f) Procedures, speeds, and configuration(s) for making a normal approach and landing in accordance with SC23.73 and SC23.75 and a transition to the balked landing condition.

(g) Procedures for restarting the engine in flight, including the effects of altitude.

(h) The procedures, speeds and configurations for a glide following engine failure in accordance with SC23.71 and the subsequent forced landing, must be furnished.

(i) For each airplane showing compliance with § 23.1353 (g)(2) or (g)(3), the operating procedures for disconnecting the battery from its charging source must be furnished.

(j) Information on the total quantity of usable fuel for each fuel tank and the effect on the unusable fuel quantity as a result of a failure of any pump, must be furnished.

(k) Procedures for the safe operation of the airplane's systems and equipment, both in normal use and in the event of malfunction, must be furnished.

SC23.1587 Performance information

Unless otherwise prescribed, the following information must be furnished over the altitude and temperature ranges required by SC23.45(b):

(a) The stalling speeds V_{SO} and V_{SI} with the landing gear and wing flaps retracted, determined at maximum weight under § 23.49 and the effect on these stalling speeds of angles of bank up to 60 degrees.

(b) The takeoff distance, determined under SC23.53 and the type of runway surface for which it is valid.

(c) The steady rate and gradient of climb with all engines operating, determined under SC23.69(a).

(d) The landing distance, determined under SC23.75, and the type of runway surface for which it is valid.

(e) The effect on takeoff and landing distances of operation on other than smooth hard surfaces, when dry, determined under SC23.45(g).

(f) The effect on takeoff and landing distances or runway slope and 50 percent of the headwind component and 150 percent of the tailwind component.

(g) The steady gradient of climb/descent, determined under SC23.66.

(h) The glide performance determined under SC23.71.

§ SC23.1589 Loading information.

The following loading information must be furnished:

(a) The weight and location of each item of equipment that can easily be removed, relocated, or replaced and that is installed when the airplane was weighed under § 23.25.

(b) Appropriate loading instructions for each possible loading condition between the maximum and minimum weights established under § 23.25, to facilitate the center of gravity remaining within the limits established under § 23.23.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri on June 16, 1995.

Henry A. Armstrong,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 95-16163 Filed 6-29-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 94-NM-120-AD; Amendment 39-9279; AD 95-12-26]

Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 747SP Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment supersedes an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Boeing Model 747SP series airplanes, that currently requires repetitive inspections for cracks in the web of the wing front spar over engine numbers 2 and 3, and repair, if necessary. This amendment requires additional inspections in an area beyond that specified in the existing AD. This action also would provide for a new, optional modification, which, if accomplished, would constitute terminating action for the repetitive inspections. This amendment is prompted by a report of cracking in the web in an area outside the inspection zone specified in the existing AD. A crack in the web that is not detected before it extends outside the chord footprints can allow fuel leakage. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent fuel leakage onto an engine and a resultant fire due to cracking in the web of the wing front spar.

DATES: Effective July 31, 1995.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of July 31, 1995.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane

Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124-2207. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Backman, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe Branch, ANM-120S, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (206) 227-2776; fax (206) 227-1181.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) by superseding AD 90-17-18, amendment 39-6702 (55 FR 33279, August 15, 1990), which is applicable to certain Boeing Model 747SP series airplanes, was published as a supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) in the **Federal Register** on February 21, 1995 (60 FR 9645). The action proposed to require repetitive inspections to detect cracks in the web of the wing front spar in an area beyond that specified in the existing AD, and modification, if cracking is found. The action also proposed to provide for a new, optional modification, which, if accomplished, would constitute terminating action for the repetitive inspections.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the single comment received.

The commenter supports the proposed rule.

Since the issuance of the supplemental NPRM, the manufacturer completed development of the modification program for the engine struts on the affected airplanes; subsequently, the FAA approved that program. On May 10, 1995, the FAA issued AD 95-10-16, amendment 39-9233 (60 FR 27008, May 22, 1995), which is applicable to Boeing Model 747 series airplanes equipped with JT9D-3 and -7 series engines, including those airplanes affected by this AD. That AD requires incorporation of the modification program discussed previously. Paragraph (e) of this final rule has been revised to indicate that installation of a terminating modification in accordance with AD 95-10-16, amendment 39-9233, constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.

After careful review of the available data, including the comment noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the change previously described. The FAA has determined that this change will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

There are approximately 35 Model 747SP series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 11 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD. The FAA estimates that it will take approximately 22 work hours per airplane to accomplish the required inspections (between front spar stations 628 and 675) specified in this AD, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$14,520, or \$1,320 per airplane.

The total cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Should an operator elect to accomplish the terminating modification that is provided by this AD action, it will take approximately 644 work hours to accomplish it, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. The cost of required parts will be \$21,800. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the terminating modification will be \$60,440 per airplane.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy

of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption **ADDRESSES**.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. App. 1354(a), 1421 and 1423; 49 U.S.C. 106(g); and 14 CFR 11.89.

§ 39.13— [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by removing amendment 39-6702 (55 FR 33279, August 15, 1990), and by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD), amendment 39-9279, to read as follows:

95-12-26 BOEING: Amendment 39-9279. Docket 94-NM-120-AD. Supersedes AD 90-17-18, Amendment 39-6702.

Applicability: Model 747SP series airplanes; variable numbers RG001 through RG142 inclusive, and RG171 through RG222 inclusive; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (f) of this AD to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition; or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent fuel leakage onto an engine and a resultant fire, accomplish the following:

(a) For airplanes on which the "terminating modification" [between front spar station (FSS) 640 and FSS 670] specified in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, dated February 15, 1990; or Revision 1, dated September 6, 1990; has not been accomplished: Within the next 6 months after September 21, 1990 (the effective date

of AD 90-17-18, amendment 39-6702), perform a visual and an ultrasonic inspection of the front spar web between FSS 636 and FSS 675, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, dated February 15, 1990; or Revision 1, dated September 6, 1990. If no crack is found, repeat these inspections at intervals not to exceed 1,000 landings until the inspections required by paragraph (b) of this AD are accomplished.

(b) For airplanes on which the "terminating modification" [between FSS 640 and FSS 670] specified in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, dated February 15, 1990; or Revision 1, dated September 6, 1990; has not been accomplished: Prior to the accumulation of 4,000 total landings on the airplane, or within 6 months after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform the inspections specified in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this AD to detect cracks in the web between FSS 628 and FSS 675, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, Revision 2, dated June 9, 1994. Accomplishment of these inspections terminates the repetitive inspection requirement of paragraph (a) of this AD. If no crack is found, repeat these inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 1,000 landings.

(1) Perform an ultrasonic inspection in the web under the upper and lower chord footprints; and

(2) Perform a high frequency eddy current inspection in the web in an area one inch below the upper chord and one inch above the lower chord footprints; and

(3) Perform a detailed visual inspection in the forward face of the web of the wing front spar at fastener locations in the web-to-stiffeners and web-to-rib posts.

(c) For airplanes on which the "terminating modification" specified in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, dated February 15, 1990; or Revision 1, dated September 6, 1990; has been accomplished: Prior to the accumulation of 4,000 total landings on the airplane, or within 6 months after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform the inspections specified in paragraphs (c)(1), (c)(2), and (c)(3) of this AD to detect cracks in the web between FSS 628 and FSS 636, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, Revision 2, dated June 9, 1994. If no crack is found, repeat these inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 1,000 landings.

(1) Perform an ultrasonic inspection of the web under the upper and lower chord footprints; and

(2) Perform a high frequency eddy current inspection of the web in an area one inch below the upper chord and one inch above the lower chord footprints; and

(3) Perform a detailed visual inspection of the forward face of the web of the wing front spar at fastener locations in the web-to-stiffeners and web-to-rib posts.

(d) If any crack is found during any inspection required by this AD, prior to further flight, accomplish a terminating modification (between FSS 623 and FSS 670) in accordance with Boeing Alert Service

Bulletin 747-57A2259, Revision 2, dated June 9, 1994; or in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.

(e) Modification of the wing front spar web between FSS 623 and FSS 670 in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, Revision 2, dated June 9, 1994; or in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Seattle ACO; or in accordance with AD 95-10-16, amendment 39-9233; constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.

(f) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle ACO, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

(g) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(h) The inspections and modification shall be done in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, dated February 15, 1990; or Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 747-57A2259, Revision 1, dated September 6, 1990; or Boeing Alert Service Bulletin Revision 2, dated June 9, 1994; as applicable. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124-2207. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(i) This amendment becomes effective on July 31, 1995. Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 9, 1995.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 95-14631 Filed 6-29-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-U

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

18 CFR Part 35

[Docket No. RM94-14-000; and Order No. 580]

Nuclear Plant Decommissioning Trust Fund Guidelines; Final Rule

Issued June 16, 1995.

AGENCY: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission) is adopting rules setting forth the guidelines for the formation, organization and purpose of nuclear plant decommissioning trust funds (Fund) and for Fund investments. The rules will give Funds greater investment flexibility. The rules are intended to improve the returns earned on funds contributed through wholesale electric rates and thus decrease the amount collected from ratepayers for decommissioning.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This order is effective July 31, 1995. The incorporation by reference of a publication listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of July 31, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Joseph C. Lynch (Legal Information), Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Office of the General Counsel, 825 North Capitol St., N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, Telephone: (202) 208-2128
James K. Guest (Accounting Information), Office of Chief Accountant, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, Telephone: (202) 219-2602

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In addition to publishing the full text of this document in the **Federal Register**, the Commission also provides all interested persons an opportunity to inspect or copy the contents of this document during normal business hours in Room 3401, at 941 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426.

The Commission Issuance Posting System (CIPS), an electronic bulletin board service, provides access to the texts of formal documents issued by the Commission. CIPS is available at no charge to the user and may be accessed using a personal computer with a modem by dialing (202) 208-1397. To access CIPS, set your communications software to 19200, 14400, 12000, 9600, 7200, 4800, 2400 or 1200, full duplex,