

Panamanian Transactions Regulations, Kuwaiti Assets Control Regulations, and Haitian Transactions Regulations. Parts 540, 565, 570 and 580 relate to sanctions programs under national emergency declarations that have been terminated by Executive order. Parts 545 and 555 contained sanctions mandated by the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986, 22 U.S.C. 5001-5116 (1986), that have been lifted upon repeal of the authorizing provisions or terminated by Presidential determination pursuant to that Act. Part 520 contains residual sanctions measures imposed during World War II, including procedural requirements that have no further practical purpose relating to securities looted from their rightful owners by the Nazis. Removal of these parts does not affect ongoing enforcement proceedings, nor prevent the initiation of enforcement proceedings where the relevant statute of limitations has not run.

Because these Regulations involve a foreign affairs function, Executive Order 12866 and the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553, requiring notice of proposed rulemaking, opportunity for public participation, and delay in effective date, are inapplicable. Because no notice of proposed rulemaking is required for this rule, the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601-612, does not apply.

List of Subjects

31 CFR Part 520

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, Banking, Currency, Foreign Assets Control Office, Foreign investments in United States, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

31 CFR Part 540

Administrative practice and procedure, Foreign Assets Control Office, Foreign trade, Nicaragua, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

31 CFR Part 545

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, Banking, Foreign Assets Control office, Foreign currencies, Gold, Imports, Krugerrands, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, South Africa, United States investments abroad.

31 CFR Part 555

Gold, Imports, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Treasury Department, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

31 CFR Part 565

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, Banking, Currency, Foreign Assets Control Office, Foreign investments in United States, Panama, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

31 CFR Part 570

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, Banking, Currency, Foreign Assets Control Office, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Iraq, Kuwait, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

31 CFR Part 580

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, Banking, Currency, Foreign Assets Control Office, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Haiti, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 31 CFR chapter V is amended by removing parts 520, 540, 545, 555, 565, 570, and 580.

Dated: June 20, 1995

R. Richard Newcomb,

Director, Office of Foreign Assets Control.

Approved: June 20, 1995.

John P. Simpson,

Deputy Assistant Secretary (Regulatory, Tariff and Trade Enforcement).

[FR Doc. 95-15927 Filed 6-23-95; 4:58 pm]

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DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

34 CFR Part 682

RIN 1840 AC09

Federal Family Education Loan Program

AGENCY: Department of Education.

ACTION: Final regulations—Correction.

On November 30, 1994, and June 15, 1995 the Secretary published in the **Federal Register** final regulations for the Federal Family Education Loan Program (59 FR 61424) and (60 FR 31410). These regulations correct those regulations to read as follows—

1. In the November 30, 1994 regulations (page 61424) under "Effective Date", "682.603" is corrected to read "682.604".

§ 682.603 [Corrected]

2. In the June 15, 1995 regulations, page 31411, item 2, "682.603" is corrected to read "682.604".

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Pamela Moran, Loans Branch, Division

of Policy Development, Policy, Training, and Analysis Service, U.S. Department of Education, 600 Independence Avenue, SW., (Room 3053, ROB-3), Washington, DC 20202-5447. Telephone: (202) 708-8242. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Eastern time, Monday through Friday.

Dated: June 23, 1995.

David A. Longanecker,

Assistant Secretary for Postsecondary Education.

[FR Doc. 95-15966 Filed 6-28-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

36 CFR Part 242

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 100

Alaska Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Council Meetings

AGENCIES: Forest Service, USDA; Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of meetings.

SUMMARY: This notice informs the public of the Regional Council meetings identified above. The public is invited to attend and observe meeting proceedings. In addition, the public is invited to provide oral testimony before the Councils on the agenda items listed below.

DATES: The Federal Subsistence Board announces the forthcoming public meetings of the Federal Subsistence Regional Advisory Councils (Regional Councils). The Regional Council meetings will be held in the following Alaska locations, and begin at the specified dates and times:

Joint Region 7 (Seward Peninsula) and Region 8 (Northwest Arctic)—Kotzebue, Alaska Technical Center—July 6-7, 1995 at 10:00 a.m.
Region 2 (Southcentral)—Anchorage, July 12, 1995, 8:00 a.m.-12 a.m.
Specific location to be determined.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Chair, Federal Subsistence Board, c/o Richard S. Pospahala, Office of Subsistence Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1011 E. Tudor Road,

Anchorage, Alaska 99503; telephone (907) 786-3467. For questions related to subsistence management issues on National Forest Service lands, inquiries may also be directed to Ken Thompson, Regional Subsistence Program Manager, USDA, Forest Service, Alaska Region, P.O. Box 21628, Juneau, Alaska 99802-1628; telephone (907) 586-7921.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following agenda items will be discussed at the respective Regional Council meetings:

Joint Region 7 and Region 8 meeting—
Subsistence take of muskox on Federal lands in parts of Units 22 and 23.

Region 2—Proposed customary and traditional use determinations for the Kenai Peninsula and proposed subsistence harvest regulations for the taking of moose on Federal lands in Unit 15.

The Regional Councils have been established in accordance with Section 805 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, Pub. L. 96-487, and Subsistence Management Regulations for Public Lands in Alaska, subparts A, B, and C (57 FR 22940-22964). The Regional Councils advise the Federal Government on all matters related to the subsistence taking of fish and wildlife on public lands in Alaska and operate in accordance with provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. The identified Regional Council meetings will be open to the public. The public is invited to attend these meetings, observe the proceedings, and provide comments to the Regional Councils.

Dated: June 15, 1995.

Mitch Demientieff,

Chair, Federal Subsistence Board.

[FR Doc. 95-15921 Filed 6-28-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-M; 4310-55-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[AK9-1-6975a; FRL-5223-1]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plan for Vehicle Miles Traveled Forecasting and Tracking: Alaska

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: The EPA today approves the State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision submitted by the State of

Alaska for the purpose of forecasting and tracking vehicle miles traveled (VMT) in the Anchorage area. On March 24, 1994, the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) submitted a SIP revision to EPA to satisfy the requirements of sections 187(a)(2)(A) and 187(a)(3) of the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990 (CAA).

Section 187(a)(2)(A) requires Moderate and Serious carbon monoxide (CO) non-attainment areas with a design value above 12.7 to submit a SIP revision that contains a forecast of VMT in the non-attainment area for each year before the year in which the SIP projects the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for CO to be attained. The SIP revision, which was due by November 15, 1992, also requires annual updates of the forecasts and specific contingency measures to be implemented if the annual estimate of actual VMT or a subsequent VMT forecast exceeds the most recent prior forecast of VMT or if the area fails to attain the CO NAAQS by the attainment date.

DATES: This action will be effective on August 28, 1995 unless adverse or critical comments are received by July 31, 1995. If the effective date is delayed, timely notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to: Montel Livingston, SIP Manager, EPA, Air & Radiation Branch (AT-082), 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, Washington 98101.

Documents which are incorporated by reference are available for public inspection at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20460. Copies of material submitted to EPA may be examined during normal business hours at the following locations: EPA, Region 10, Air & Radiation Branch, 1200 Sixth Avenue (AT-082), Seattle, Washington 98101, and ADEC, 410 Willoughby, Suite 105, Juneau, AK 99801-1795.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Montel Livingston, Air & Radiation Branch (AT-082), EPA, Seattle, Washington 98101, (206) 553-0180.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Section 187(a)(2)(A) of the Clean Air Act required EPA, in consultation with the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), to develop guidance for states to use in complying with the VMT forecasting and tracking provisions of section 187. A Notice of Availability for the resulting *Section 187 VMT*

Forecasting and Tracking Guidance was published in the **Federal Register** on March 19, 1992.

The Section 187 Guidance identifies the Federal Highway Administration's Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) as the foundation for VMT estimates and forecasts. HPMS was chosen as the best method for estimating actual VMT since it is a count-based, statistically-based, nationwide program with auditing procedures in place, and since travel demand models would require resource intensive, annual updates of input data and annual validation against traffic counts in order to be useful for estimating annual VMT. EPA believes that these time and resource requirements generally make travel demand models an unrealistic option for estimating actual annual VMT with reasonable accuracy.

To develop growth factors for forecasting VMT, the Section 187 Guidance offers as one alternative the use of network-based travel demand models. If these models are properly updated and validated, and if they use an equilibrium approach to allocating trips, they are considered to be the best predictor of growth factors for VMT forecasts. Moderate areas without a network model that is validated according to the specifications described in the Section 187 Guidance are offered the alternative of developing growth factors based on a linear regression extrapolation of the past six years' HPMS VMT. In both cases, the growth factors are applied to the HPMS VMT reported to the Federal Highway Administration.

As specified in the Act, the contingency measure triggers serve to address as early as possible any situation in which a trend towards higher than expected VMT has been detected, since such a trend may affect the forecasted attainment date.

When determining that actual annual VMT or a VMT forecast has exceeded the most recent prior forecast and, therefore, that contingency measures should be implemented, EPA believes that it is appropriate to take into account the statistical variability in the estimates of VMT generated through HPMS. Consequently, EPA has identified a margin of error to be applied when making VMT comparisons. With the expectation that HPMS sampling procedures will improve over the next few years in response to recent Federal Highway Administration guidance, the margin of error starts at 5.0 percent for VMT comparisons made in 1994, becomes 4.0 percent for VMT comparisons made in