

manufacturing practice. The affirmation of this ingredient as GRAS as a direct food ingredient is based upon the following current good manufacturing practice conditions of use:

(1) The ingredient is used as an enzyme as defined in § 170.3(o)(9) of this chapter to hydrolyze proteins or polypeptides.

(2) The ingredient is used in food at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice.

Dated: June 14, 1995.

Fred. R. Shank,

Director, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.

[FR Doc. 95-15239 Filed 6-23-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

34 CFR Parts 75, 200, 201, 364, 365, 366, 367, 386, 388, 396, 403, 405, 406, 607, 641, 647, and 682

Announcement of Effective Dates

AGENCY: Department of Education.

ACTION: Notice of effective dates.

SUMMARY: Prior to its amendment by the Improving America's Schools Act of 1994 (IASA), section 431(d) of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA) required that most Department of Education regulatory documents be published in the **Federal Register** for forty-five (45) calendar days, or longer if Congress took certain adjournments, before they became effective. Since future congressional adjournments could not be predicted with certainty when a document was published, the Department could not announce a specific effective date at the time of publication. This notice announces the effective dates for certain regulatory documents subject to the delayed effective date requirement of section 431(d) prior to its amendment.

DATES: For effective dates, see **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.**

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kenneth C. Depew, Division of Regulations Management, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Department of Education, Room 5112, FB-10, 600 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20202-2241; telephone: (202) 401-8300.

Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339 between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Eastern time, Monday through Friday.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: GEPA section 431(d) was amended by the

IASA, Pub. L. 103-382, enacted October 20, 1994. Section 431 was also redesignated as section 437. As a consequence of the new legislation, regulations of the Department are no longer subject to a 45-day delayed effective date. This notice announces the effective dates for those regulations subject to the previous statutory requirement for the delayed effective date. In the future, as a result of the new legislation, it will not be necessary for the Department to publish a special announcement of effective dates.

The effective date provision for each of the regulatory documents included in the notice stated that the effective date would be announced in a notice published in the **Federal Register**. Accordingly, this notice announces the following effective dates:

1. 34 CFR Part 682, final regulations for the Federal Family Education Loan Program, published May 17, 1994 (59 FR 25744).

DATES: Effective date: July 1, 1994.

2. 34 CFR Part 75, final regulations for Direct Grant Programs, published June 10, 1994 (59 FR 30258).

DATES: Effective date: July 25, 1994.

3. 34 CFR Part 386, final regulations for Rehabilitation Training: Rehabilitation Long-Term Training, published June 16, 1994 (59 FR 31060).

DATES: Effective date: July 31, 1994.

4. 34 CFR Part 641, final regulations for the Faculty Development Fellowship Program, published July 1, 1994 (59 FR 34198).

DATES: Effective date: August 15, 1994.

5. 34 CFR Parts 403, 405, and 406, final regulations for the State Vocational and Applied Technology Education Program, National Tech-Prep Education Program, and State-Administer Tech-Prep Education Program, published July 28, 1994 (59 FR 38512).

DATES: Effective date: September 21, 1994.

6. 34 CFR Part 388, final regulations for State Vocational Rehabilitation Unit In-Service Training, published August 5, 1994 (59 FR 40176).

DATES: Effective date: September 21, 1994.

7. 34 CFR Parts 200 and 201, final regulations for the Chapter 1 Program in Local Educational Agencies and Chapter 1—Migrant Education Program, published August 10, 1994 (59 FR 41168).

DATES: Effective date: September 24, 1994.

8. 34 CFR Parts 364, 365, 366, and 367, final regulations for State

Independent Living Services Program and Centers for Independent Living Program: General Provisions, State Independent Living Services, Centers for Independent Living, and Independent Living Services for Older Individuals Who Are Blind, published August 15, 1994 (59 FR 41908).

DATES: Effective date: September 29, 1994.

9. 34 CFR Part 607, final regulations for the Strengthening Institutions Program, published August 15, 1994 (59 FR 41914).

DATES: Effective date: September 29, 1994.

10. 34 CFR Part 647, final regulations for the Ronald E. McNair Postbaccalaureate Achievement Program, published August 25, 1994 (59 FR 43986).

DATES: Effective date: November 7, 1994.

11. 34 CFR Part 396, final regulations for Training Interpreters for Individuals Who Are Deaf and Individuals Who Are Deaf-Blind, published October 14, 1994 (59 FR 52218).

DATES: Effective date: November 28, 1994.

Dated: June 21, 1995.

Judith A. Winston,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 95-15559 Filed 6-23-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000-01-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 63

[AD-FRL-5225-9]

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories: Gasoline Distribution (Stage I)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document makes clarifications and corrects errors in the regulatory text of the final rule for National Emission Standards for Gasoline Distribution Facilities (Bulk Gasoline Terminals and Pipeline Breakout Stations) which appeared in the **Federal Register** on December 14, 1994 (59 FR 64303).

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 14, 1994.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For general and technical information concerning the final rule, contact Mr. Stephen Shedd, Waste and Chemical

Processes Group, Emission Standards Division (MD-13), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711; telephone (919) 541-5397. For information regarding the test methods and procedures referenced in the rule, contact Mr. Roy Huntley, Emission Inventory and Factors Group, Emissions, Monitoring and Analysis Division (MD-14), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC 27704; telephone (919) 541-1060.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On December 14, 1994 (59 FR 64303), the EPA promulgated regulations requiring sources to achieve emission limits reflecting application of the maximum achievable control technology (MACT) consistent with section 112 of the Clean Air Act (Act). The final rule regulates all hazardous air pollutants (HAP) identified in the Act's list of 189 HAP that are emitted from new and existing bulk gasoline terminals and pipeline breakout stations at plant sites that are major sources of HAP. On February 8, 1995 (60 FR 7627), the Office of the Federal Register made three corrections to the regulatory text in the final rule. Today, four additional corrections are being made to correct and clarify requirements in the National Emission Standards for Gasoline Distribution Facilities (Bulk Gasoline Terminals and Pipeline Breakout Stations).

The affected public has requested that the EPA clarify the date of compliance for testing, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements for reducing vapor leakage from gasoline cargo tanks (tank trucks and railcars) loading at major source bulk gasoline terminals affected by this rule. The regulatory text provided compliance dates for the equipment that collects and processes the vapor displaced from cargo tanks and inadvertently did not specify compliance dates for the cargo tank leak testing, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements. The vapor collection and processing equipment requirements in the final rule are required to be met by December 15, 1997 (three years from the effective date) for existing terminals and upon startup for new terminals. The EPA intended that the rule require that all the components of this vapor control system comply during the same compliance period, including cargo tanks. Today's notice is to clarify that the compliance date for both the cargo tank requirements and the other loading rack vapor control requirements occur no later than December 15, 1997 at existing terminals and upon startup at new terminals.

A typographical error was made on an equation in the regulatory text that calculates the minimum allowable final headspace pressure for the nitrogen pressure decay field test for cargo tanks. Additionally, the location of one variable in the subject equation was incorrectly specified. Today's notice corrects the typographical error in both the equation and the location of one of the equation's variables.

Dated: June 15, 1995.

Mary D. Nichols,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation.

The following corrections are being made in the regulatory text for: National Emission Standards for Gasoline Distribution Facilities (Bulk Gasoline Terminals and Pipeline Breakout Stations) published in the **Federal Register** on December 14, 1994 (59 FR 64303).

§ 63.422 [Corrected]

1. In paragraph (b) of § 63.422 on page 64320, column 1, remove the second sentence "Each owner or operator shall comply as expeditiously as practicable, but no later than December 15, 1997 at existing facilities and upon startup for new facilities."

2. In § 63.422 on page 64320, column 1, add a new paragraph (d) as follows: "(d) Each owner or operator shall meet the requirements in all paragraphs of this section as expeditiously as practicable, but no later than December 15, 1997 at existing facilities and upon startup for new facilities."

§ 63.425 [Corrected]

3. The equation in the paragraph (g)(3) of § 63.425 on page 64321, column 3, is revised to read as follows:

$$P_F = 18 \left(\frac{(18 - N)}{18} \right)^{\left(\frac{V_s}{5(V_n)} \right)}$$

4. The reference to Table 2 in paragraph (g)(3) of § 63.425 on page 64322, column 1, first two lines, is revised to read as follows: "column of Table 2 of § 63.425(e)(1), inches H₂O."

[FR Doc. 95-15431 Filed 6-23-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

40 CFR Part 70

[AD-FRL-5226-7]

Clean Air Act Final Full Approval of Operating Permits Program; State of South Carolina

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final full approval.

SUMMARY: The EPA is promulgating full approval of the Operating Permits Program submitted by the State of South Carolina through the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) for the purpose of complying with Federal requirements for an approvable State program to issue operating permits to all major stationary sources and to certain other sources.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 26, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the State's submittal and other supporting information used in developing the final full approval are available for inspection during normal business hours at the following location: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 345 Courtland Street NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30365, on the 3rd floor of the Tower Building. Interested persons wanting to examine these documents, contained in EPA docket number SC-94-01, should make an appointment at least 24 hours before the visiting day.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kelly Fortin, Title V Program Development Team, Air Programs Branch, Air Pesticides & Toxics Management Division, U.S. EPA Region 4, 345 Courtland Street NE, Atlanta, GA 30365, (404) 347-3555 extension 4223.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background and Purpose

A. Introduction

Title V of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (sections 501-507 of the Clean Air Act ("the Act")), and implementing regulations at 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 70 require that States develop and submit operating permits programs to EPA by November 15, 1993, and that EPA act to approve or disapprove each program within 1 year after receiving the submittal. EPA's program review occurs pursuant to section 502 of the Act and the part 70 regulations, which together outline criteria for approval or disapproval. Where a program substantially, but not fully, meets the requirements of part 70, EPA may grant the program interim approval for a period of up to two years. If EPA has not