

mandatory review by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Office of the Deputy Attorney General. Changes in country conditions in Nicaragua coupled with improvements in the asylum adjudications process have rendered these special procedures unnecessary. Cases of affected individuals will be handled individually under normal procedures to decide whether any factors permit them to remain in the United States.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 13, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert A. Jacobson, Director, Policy Development and Special Programs Branch, Detention and Deportation Division, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 425 I Street NW., Room 3008, Washington, D.C. 20536, telephone (202) 514-2871.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In 1987, then Attorney General Meese initiated the Nicaraguan Review Program (NRP). Under these special procedures, the INS and Department of Justice (DOJ) reviewed the case of each Nicaraguan who had received a final deportation order to ensure that no Nicaraguan with a well founded fear of persecution was deported unless it was determined that the person had engaged in serious criminal activity or posed a danger to the national security.

The INS reviewed the country conditions in Nicaragua and considered the need for continued specialized review. The INS concluded that the political situation in Nicaragua and the United States government's asylum adjudications procedures had improved to such an extent that it was no longer necessary to have a special review of every final order of deportation involving a Nicaraguan national. Therefore, the INS requested that the Attorney General discontinue the NRP. Attorney General Janet Reno approved the termination of the NRP. Accordingly, all DOJ and INS implementing and procedural NRP memoranda and wires are hereby rescinded. The INS Headquarters is issuing a directive notifying its field offices that Nicaraguans are no longer subject to special review under the NRP.

Future Consideration of Cases

Cases of Nicaraguan nationals under deportation or exclusion proceedings will receive no further special review. Nicaraguan cases will be handled under normal procedures, on a case-by-case basis. Each case will receive all appropriate consideration consistent with applicable law and regulations.

Due regard will be given to any existing equities or immigration benefits which might accrue to the specific alien involved.

Nicaraguan nationals affected by the termination of the NRP may be eligible to apply for suspension of deportation pursuant to section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1254 if they (1) have been present in the United States for at least 7 years (10 years in the case of certain criminal aliens), (2) are persons of good moral character, and (3) are persons whose deportation would pose an extreme hardship to themselves or to their spouse, parent, or child who is either a United States citizen or a lawful permanent resident. To apply for such relief, aliens with final orders must file a motion to reopen with the immigration judge pursuant to 8 CFR 3.23 and 242.22 or the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA) pursuant to citations 8 CFR 3.2 and 3.8.

Nicaraguans have no need to fear immediate expulsion from the United States as a group. Discontinuation of the NRP will not cause Nicaraguans to be targeted as a group or treated as a special class for any enforcement activity.

Work Authorization

As the work authorization of individual Nicaraguans with final deportation orders expires, the INS will review requests for renewal on a case-by-case basis. Work authorization will not be extended automatically due to the termination of the NRP. Moreover, the regulatory authority under which many Nicaraguans whose cases were under review by the NRP received employment authorization, 8 CFR 274a.12(c)(13), was eliminated as a result of new asylum regulations which became effective on January 4, 1995.

Nicaraguans and other persons who now have work authorization and who filed asylum applications *before* January 4, 1995, may obtain extensions of this authorization while their applications are pending adjudication or review by the INS, an immigration judge, the BIA, or a Federal court. Those who file asylum applications after January 4, 1995, must wait 150 days after their applications are filed to apply for work authorization.

Transitional criteria, however, will apply for 1 year from the date of this notice to some employment authorization requests from Nicaraguans affected by termination of the NRP. Specifically, the INS will treat the filing of a motion to reopen deportation proceedings accompanied by an application for suspension of

deportation as a sufficient basis upon which such a person may apply for work authorization. In such cases, work authorization may be granted upon a finding that the alien has met the physical presence requirement for suspension of deportation.

Dated: June 6, 1995.

Doris Meissner,

Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

[FR Doc. 95-14386 Filed 6-8-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-10-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary

Women's Bureau; Commission on Family and Medical Leave; Notice of Public Hearing

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Labor.

ACTION: Notice of public hearing.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Title III of the Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) of 1993 (P.L. 103-3) this is to announce a hearing on the experience of family and temporary medical leave policies for the Commission which is to take place on Monday, June 26, 1995. The purpose of the Commission is to, among other things, study the effects of existing and proposed policies relating to family and medical leave. The Commission has the practical task of conducting a comprehensive study of: (a) Existing and proposed mandatory and voluntary policies relating to family and temporary medical leave, including policies provided by employers not covered under the Act; (b) the potential costs, benefits, and impact on productivity, job creation and business growth of such policies on employers and employees; (c) possible differences in costs, benefits, impact on productivity, job creation and business growth of such policies on employers based on business type and size; (d) the impact of family and medical leave policies on the availability of employee benefits provided by employers, including employers not covered under this Act; (e) alternative and equivalent State enforcement of Title I with respect to employees described in section 108(a); (f) methods used by employers to reduce administrative costs of implementing family and medical leave policies; (g) the ability of the employers to recover, under section 104(c)(2), the premiums described in such section; and (h) the impact on employers and employees of policies that provided temporary wage replacement during periods of family and medical leave.

TIME AND PLACE: The hearing will be held on Monday, June 26, 1995, from 9:00 am until 12:00 pm, at the St. Mary's Medical Center, 450 Stanyan Street, San Francisco, California 94117.

AGENDA: The agenda for the hearing is as follows: three panels of witnesses will give testimony on their experiences with family and temporary medical leave policies.

STATEMENTS: Interested persons may submit, in writing, data, information or views on employer or employee experiences with family and temporary medical leave policies prior to or at the hearing.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION: The hearing will be open to the public. Seating will be available on a first-come, first-served basis. Seats will be reserved for the media. Persons with disabilities should contact the Commission no later than June 19, 1995, if special accommodations are needed.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Susan King, Executive Director, Commission on Leave, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Room S-3002, Washington, D.C. 20210, telephone: (202) 219-4526, Ext. 102.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 5th day of June, 1995.

Susan King,

Executive Director, Commission on Leave.

[FR Doc. 95-14432 Filed 6-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-23-M

Employment and Training Administration

National Skill Standards Board; Notice of Open Meeting

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Notice of open meeting.

SUMMARY: The National Skill Standards Board was established by an Act of Congress, the Goals 2000: Educate America Act of 1994, Title V, Pub. L. 103-227. The 28-member National Skill Standards Board will serve as a catalyst and be responsible for the development and implementation of a national system of voluntary skill standards and certification through voluntary partnerships which have the full and balanced participation of business, industry, labor, education, and other key groups.

TIME AND PLACE: The meeting will be held from 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon on Monday, June 26, 1995, at the Main Conference Room of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

(IBEW), International Office, 1125 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

AGENDA: The agenda for the Board meeting will include presentations on existing skill standards efforts by industries and States.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION: The meeting from 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon, is open to the public. Seating is limited and will be available on a first-come, first-served basis. Seats will be reserved for the media. Disabled individuals should contact Daniel Burkitt at 202/208-7018, no later than June 19, 1995, if special accommodations are needed.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Daniel Burkitt at 202/208-7018.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 7th day of June, 1995.

Tim Barnicle,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training, Department of Labor.

[FR Doc. 95-14423 Filed 6-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 95-039]

Government-Owned Inventions; Available for Licensing

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of availability of inventions for licensing.

SUMMARY: The inventions below are owned by the U.S. Government and are available for domestic, and possibly, foreign licensing.

Copies of patent applications cited are available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161. Requests for copies of patent applications must include the patent application serial number. Claims are deleted from the patent applications sold to avoid premature disclosure.

DATES: June 13, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Harry Lupuloff, Director of Patent Licensing, Code GP, Washington, DC 20546, telephone (202) 358-2041, fax (202) 358-4341.

Patent Application 07/973,592:

Composite Flexible Blanket Insulation; filed November 9, 1992
Patent Application 08/014,584:

Aerodynamic Surface Distention System for High Angle of Attack Forebody Vortex Control; filed February 8, 1993

Patent Application 08/014,581: Lift Enhancing Tab for Airfoils; filed February 8, 1993

Patent Application 08/018,128: A Current Loop Measuring System; filed February 16, 1993

Patent Application 08/032,067: Aircraft Maneuver Envelope Warning System; filed March 1, 1993

Patent Application 08/024,133: Optical Poterial Field Mapping System; filed March 1, 1993

Patent Application 08/031,972: Liquid Crystal Flow Direction Indicator; filed March 16, 1993.

Dated: June 6, 1995.

Edward A. Frankle,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 95-14433 Filed 6-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-382]

Entergy Operations, Inc.; Notice of Withdrawal of Application for Amendment to Facility Operating License

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has granted the request of Entergy Operations, Inc. (the licensee) to withdraw its October 15, 1993, application for proposed amendment to Facility Operating License No. NPF-38 for the Waterford Steam Electric Station, Unit No. 3, located in St. Charles Parish, Louisiana.

The proposed amendment would have revised the Technical Specifications by removing the requirement to maintain operational and test the containment hydrogen recombiners.

The Commission had previously issued a Notice of Consideration of Issuance of Amendment published in the **Federal Register** on December 22, 1993, (58 FR 67845). However, by letter dated May 19, 1995, the licensee withdrew the proposed change.

For further details with respect to this action, see the application for amendment dated October 15, 1993, and the licensee's letter dated May 19, 1995, which withdrew the application for license amendment. The above documents are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street NW., Washington, DC, and at the local public document room located at the University of New Orleans Library, Louisiana Collection, Lakefront, New Orleans, LA 70122.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 5th day of June 1995.