

Individuals or households; 2,000,000 responses; 60,000 hours  
Jon Meade, (202) 205-1129

#### Revision

- Agricultural Research Service National Nutrient Database for Child Nutrition Program (NNDCNP) Business or other for-profit; Federal Government; 1,500 responses; 4,125 hours

Rena Cutrufelli, (301) 734-5639

- Consolidated Farm Service Agency 7 CFR Part 1435, Sugar and Fructose Marketing Allotment Regulations for Fiscal Years 1992 through 1998 CCC-831, CCC-832, CCC-835, CCC-833 Individuals or households; Business or other for-profit; Farms; 936 responses; 23,460 hours

Bob Barry, (202) 720-3391

#### Reinstatement Without Change

- Consolidated Farm Service Agency 7 CFR Part 7 and Title 5 U.S.C. 1104, Application for County Employment and Supplemental Qualifications Statement ASCS-650 and ASCS-675 Individuals or households; responses 15,000; hours 16,000

Don Samuels, (202) 720-7517

**Donald E. Hulcher,**

*Deputy Departmental Clearance Officer.*

[FR Doc. 95-14005 Filed 6-7-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-01-M

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 28-95]

#### Foreign-Trade Zone 145—Shreveport, Louisiana; Application for Expansion

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Caddo-Bossier Port Commission, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 145, requesting authority to expand its zone in the Shreveport, Louisiana, area, within the Shreveport-Bossier City Customs port of entry. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on May 30, 1995.

FTZ 145 was approved on January 7, 1988 (Board Order 370, 53 FR 1503, 1/20/88). The zone currently consists of a 116-acre site on U.S. Highway 171 at Baird Road, Shreveport. The zone project also includes subzone status for the AT&T Shreveport Works.

The applicant is now requesting authority to expand the general-purpose

zone to include the new Port of Shreveport-Bossier terminal complex (2,000 acres), located 4 miles south of Shreveport in Caddo Parish, Louisiana. The Port complex primarily is owned and operated by the applicant, with some privately-owned facilities.

No specific manufacturing requests are being made at this time. Such requests would be made to the Board on a case-by-case basis.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is August 7, 1995. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to August 22, 1995).

A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

Office of the Port Director, U.S. Customs Service, 6125 Interstate Drive, Bay 11, Shreveport, Louisiana 71109

Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, Room 3716, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

Dated: June 2, 1995.

**Dennis Puccinelli,**

*Acting Executive Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 95-14071 Filed 6-7-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

[Order No. 748]

#### Grant of Authority for Subzone Status, Loop Inc. (Crude Oil Terminal System) Lafourche and St. James Parishes, LA

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment . . . of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u) (the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade

zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board's regulations (15 CFR part 400) provide for the establishment of special-purpose subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved;

Whereas, an application from the South Louisiana Port Commission, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 124, for authority to establish special-purpose subzone status for the crude oil terminal system operated by LOOP Inc. in Lafourche and St. James Parishes, Louisiana, was filed by the Board on November 17, 1994, and notice inviting public comment was given in the **Federal Register** (FTZ Docket 37-94, 59 FR 60951, 11/29/94); and,

Whereas, the Board has found that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations are satisfied, and that approval of the application is in the public interest;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby authorizes the establishment of a subzone (Subzone 124D) at the LOOP Inc. facilities in Lafourche and St. James Parishes, Louisiana, at the location described in the application, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 1st day of June, 1995.

**Susan G. Esserman,**

*Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.*

**John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,**

*Executive Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 95-14072 Filed 6-7-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

[Order No. 750]

#### Grant of Authority for Subzone Status, Merck & Co., Inc., (Pharmaceuticals), Rahway, New Jersey

Pursuant to its authority under the Foreign-Trade Zones Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) adopts the following Order:

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment . . . of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u) (the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board's regulations (15 CFR part 400) provide for the establishment of special-purpose subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved;

Whereas, an application from the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 49, for authority to establish special-purpose subzone status at the pharmaceutical manufacturing facility of Merck & Co., Inc., in Rahway, New Jersey, was filed by the Board on May 20, 1994, and notice inviting public comment was given in the **Federal Register** (FTZ Docket 21-94, 59 FR 28052, 5-31-94); and,

Whereas, the Board has found that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations are satisfied, and that approval of the application is in the public interest;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby authorizes the establishment of a subzone (Subzone 49D) at the plant site of Merck & Co., Inc., in Rahway, New Jersey, at the location described in the application, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 1st day of June 1995.

**Susan G. Esserman,**

*Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.*

Attest:

**John J. Da Ponte, Jr.,**

*Executive Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 95-14073 Filed 6-7-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

## International Trade Administration

[A-475-818, A-489-805]

### Initiation of Antidumping Duty Investigations: Certain Pasta From Italy and Turkey

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 8, 1995.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** John Brinkmann at (202) 482-5288, or Greg Thompson at (202) 482-3003, Office of Antidumping Investigations, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230.

### Initiation of Investigations

#### *The Applicable Statute*

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to

the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA).

#### *The Petition*

On May 12, 1995, the Department of Commerce (the Department) received a petition filed in proper form by Borden, Inc., Hershey Foods Corp., and Gooch Foods, Inc. (the petitioners), three U.S. producers of certain pasta. Supplements to the petition were filed on May 26 and June 1, 1995.

In accordance with section 732(b) of the Act, the petitioners allege that imports of certain pasta from Italy and Turkey are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value within the meaning of section 731 of the Act, and that such imports are materially injuring, or threatening material injury to, a U.S. industry.

The petitioners state that they have standing to file the petition because they are interested parties, as defined under section 771(9)(C) of the Act.

#### *Determination of Industry Support for the Petition*

Section 732(c)(4)(A) of the Act requires the Department to determine, prior to the initiation of an investigation, the domestic industry supports an antidumping petition. A petition meets this requirement if (1) the domestic producers or workers who support the petition account for at least 25 percent of the total production of the domestic like product; and (2) the domestic producers or workers who support the petition account for more than 50 percent of the production of the domestic like product produced by that portion of the industry expressing support for, or opposition to, the petition.

A review of the industry support data provided in the petition and other production information readily available to the Department indicates that the petitioners account for more than 25 percent of the total production of the domestic like product and for more than 50 percent of that produced by companies expressing support for, or opposition to, the petition. The Department received no expressions of opposition to the petition from any interested party. Accordingly, the Department determines that this petition is supported by the domestic industry.

#### *Scope of the Investigations*

The Department has inherent authority to redefine and clarify the scope of an investigation, as set forth in

a petition, whenever it determines that the petition language is overly broad, or insufficiently specific to allow proper investigation, or is in any other way defective. See *NTN Bearing Corp. v. United States*, 747 F. Supp. 726 (CIT 1990). We revised the petitioners' proposed scope to eliminate channel of trade as a scope criterion in order to ensure that it would be clear and administrable.

The scope of these investigations consists of certain non-egg dry pasta in packages of five pounds (or 2.27 kilograms) or less, whether or not enriched or fortified or containing milk or other optional ingredients such as chopped vegetables, vegetable purees, milk, gluten, diastases, vitamins, coloring and flavorings, and up to two percent egg white. The pasta covered by this scope is typically sold in the retail market, in fiberboard or cardboard cartons or polyethylene or polypropylene bags, of varying dimensions.

Excluded from the scope of these investigations are refrigerated, frozen, or canned pastas, as well as all forms of egg pasta, with the exception of non-egg dry pasta containing up to two percent egg white.

The merchandise under investigation is currently classifiable under items 1902.19.20 of the *Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS)*. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

#### *Italy*

##### *Export Price and Normal Value*

The petitioners based export price on two sources. First, the petitioners based export price on the average unit values (AUVs) derived from the IM-146 monthly import statistics for HTSUS subheading 1902.19.20, published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, for the months of December 1994 and January and February 1995. These AUVs corresponded to the months the available home market price lists were in effect. The AUVs, which represent the f.o.b. Italy price of the subject pasta, were not adjusted for foreign inland freight. We find the AUVs a reasonable basis for export price because 1) the HTSUS subheading is inclusive of all sales of the subject merchandise, 2) there were limited imports of non-subject pasta under this subheading, and 3) a market research report submitted by the petitioners shows the AUVs to be consistent with the average export values of non-egg pasta from Italy to the U.S.