

permanent until the circumstances of the taxpayer change. A taxpayer whose status changes (for example, a nonresident alien individual with a social security number becomes a U.S. resident alien) must notify the Internal Revenue Service of the change of status under such procedures as the Internal Revenue Service shall prescribe, including the use of a form as the Internal Revenue Service may specify.

(3) *Waiver of prohibition to disclose taxpayer information when acceptance agent acts.* As part of its request for an IRS individual taxpayer identification number or submission of proof of foreign status with respect to any taxpayer identifying number, where the foreign person acts through an acceptance agent, the foreign person will agree to waive the limitations in section 6103 regarding the disclosure of certain taxpayer information. However, the waiver will apply only for purposes of permitting the Internal Revenue Service and the acceptance agent to communicate with each other regarding matters related to the assignment of a taxpayer identifying number and change of foreign status.

(h) *Effective date.* The provisions of this section generally are effective for any return, statement, or other document to be filed after December 31, 1995. However, the provision of paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section that requires an estate to obtain an employer identification number applies on and after January 1, 1984.

Margaret Milner Richardson,

Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

[FR Doc. 95-13818 Filed 6-7-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4830-01-U

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[UT24-1-7036b; FRL-5218-5]

Determination of Attainment of Ozone Standard for Salt Lake and Davis Counties, Utah, and Determination Regarding Applicability of Certain Reasonable Further Progress and Attainment Demonstration Requirements

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The EPA proposes to determine that the Salt Lake and Davis Counties ozone nonattainment area has attained the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for ozone

and that certain reasonable further progress and attainment demonstration requirements, along with certain other related requirements, of Part D of Title 1 of the Clean Air Act are not applicable to the area for so long as the area continues to attain the ozone NAAQS. In the Final Rules section of this **Federal Register**, EPA is making these determinations without prior proposal. A detailed rationale for the action is set forth in the direct final rule. If no adverse comments are received in response to that direct final rule, no further activity is contemplated in relation to this proposed rule. If EPA receives adverse comments, EPA will withdraw the direct final rule and address the comments in a subsequent final rule based on this proposed rule. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this notice. Any parties interested in commenting on this notice should do so at this time.

DATES: Comments on this action must be received by July 10, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to: Douglas M. Skie, Chief, Air Programs Branch (8ART-AP), United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8, 999 18th Street, Suite 500, Denver, Colorado 80202-2466.

A copy of the air quality data and EPA's analysis are available for inspection at the following address: United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8, Air Programs Branch, 999 18th Street, Suite 500, Denver, Colorado 80202-2466.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Russ, Air Programs Branch (8ART-AP), United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8, 999 18th Street, Suite 500, Denver, Colorado 80202-2466
Phone: (303) 293-1814

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: For additional information, see the direct final rule published in the Final Rules section of this **Federal Register**.

Dated: May 31, 1995.

William P. Yellowtail,

Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 95-14066 Filed 6-7-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

40 CFR Part 455

[FRL-5214-7]

RIN 2040-AC21

Pesticide Chemicals Category, Formulating, Packaging and Repackaging Effluent Limitations Guidelines, Pretreatment Standards, and New Source Performance Standards; Supplemental Notice

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Supplemental notice to proposed rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is publishing this Supplemental Notice to obtain public comment on two topics for which comments were received on the proposed rulemaking (59 FR 17850, April 14, 1994) for the Pesticides Formulating, Packaging and Repackaging (PFPR) Industry. EPA seeks comment on the scope and applicability of the rulemaking as they pertain to commenters' requests for the exemption of certain pesticide active ingredients (PAIs) and certain wastewater discharges from the rulemaking.

In addition, EPA is soliciting comment on a regulatory option under consideration by the Agency that is comprised of two alternatives between which industry may choose: (1) Achieving zero discharge or (2) incorporating specific pollution prevention (or best management) practices and treatment technologies and achieving an allowable discharge of small quantities of pollutants.

EPA's addition of the pollution prevention alternative to achieving zero discharge provides benefits to the environment by reducing the cross-media impacts that would otherwise occur from hauling and incinerating the non-reusable portion of PFPR wastewaters. The provision of an alternative compliance method also provides flexibility to industry in meeting the effluent limitations guidelines and standards. Reducing the scope of the rule will reduce regulatory burden without compromising environmental protection. This notice also solicits comment on various means of implementing a pollution prevention alternative to zero discharge.

EPA has estimated the compliance costs and economic impacts expected to result from a rule comprised of a zero discharge and a pollution prevention alternative (referred to as the Zero/P2 Option) as specified in this notice. The Agency has determined that the Zero/P2 Option will result in a similar removal of toxic pound equivalents per year