

January 19, 1994. Two periods of time are identified for the receipt of comments on this analysis. These two public comment periods are: During this scoping process and the period between draft and final environmental impact statements. Comments received within 30 days from the date of this publication (**Federal Register**) will be especially useful in the preparation of the draft EIS.

Several issues have been identified from scoping, field surveys and reconnaissance. The principal issues identified to date are:

1. The vegetation patterns and species composition of the area do not mimic the natural variability noted from data compiled in the early 1900's.

2. There is a lack of quality wildlife security which is perpetuated by existing road management and well established All Terrain Vehicle use in the project area.

3. The forest surrounding the project area is fairly well fragmented.

4. There are areas with past clearcut harvest units that detract from the visual attractiveness of the landscape.

5. There is unauthorized trail building in the area.

6. The old Forest Service Nakarna-Tyson (#338), Eena Creek (#337) and Moolock Creek (#320) trails lie within the project area. These trails are still being used by the public and are in good condition. This is an opportunity to put this trail back on the system.

7. There are some areas needing watershed/fish habitat rehabilitation and this is an opportunity to complete this work. In addition, if management activities were to be implemented, what would be potential impacts on the fish habitat, water quality and stream channel equilibrium.

8. If management activities were to be implemented, what would be the potential impacts on wildlife habitats.

9. How much sustainable timber harvest is available from the project area.

10. The local community has voiced their concern over availability of small timber sales. These sales enable smaller timber operators the opportunity to purchase timber sales.

Development of alternatives is underway. The analysis will consider the No Action alternative in addition to the proposed action (described above) and two alternative actions. The two alternative actions would respond in varying degrees to the purpose and need defined above. These two alternatives are as follows:

1. One alternative would confine proposed timber management activities to areas which can be reached by

existing roads, i.e. no new system roads would be necessary. This proposal would include underburning, timber harvesting, a wildlife security area in the Charlie-Preston Creek drainages, watershed/fish improvements and trail development. Potential harvest units for this alternative present many small sale opportunities.

2. One alternative is being proposed for management activities that are limited to certain areas of the project area. This addresses the wildlife security issue for a different part of the project area. This alternative would include underburning, timber harvesting, road construction, potential road obliteration, a wildlife security area in the Eena, Moolock, Brown, Pamas and Short Creek drainages, watershed/fish improvements and trail development. Potential harvest units for this alternative present many small sale opportunities.

The Forest Service believes it is important to give reviewers notice at this early stage of several court rulings related to public participation in the environmental review process. First, reviewers of draft environmental impact statements must structure their participation in the environmental review of the proposal so that it is meaningful and alerts an agency to the reviewer's position and contentions. *Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Corp. v. NRDC*, 435 U.S. 519, 553 (1978). Also, environmental objections that could be raised at the draft EIS stage but that are not raised until after completion of the final EIS may be waived or dismissed by the courts. *City of Angoon v. Hodel*, 803 F.2d 1016, 1022 (9th Cir. 1986) and *Wisconsin Heritages, Inc. v. Harris*, 490 F. Supp. 334, 1338 (E.D. Wis. 1980). Reviewers may wish to refer to CEQ regulations 40 CFR 1503.3.

The draft environmental impact statement should be available for public review in May, 1994. The final EIS is scheduled to be completed by September, 1994. The District Ranger, who is the responsible official for this EIS, will make a decision regarding this proposal. This decision and reasons for the decision will be documented in a Record of Decision.

Dated: March 3, 1995.

Bradley J. Gilbert,

District Ranger, St. Maries Ranger District, Idaho Panhandle National Forests.

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should write to: Chief, Forest Service, USDA, P.O. Box 96090, Washington, DC 20090-6090.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 17-95]

Foreign-Trade Zone 153—City of San Diego, California, Application for Subzone, Calbiochem-Novabiochem Corporation (Life Science Chemicals), San Diego, CA

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the City of San Diego, California, grantee of FTZ 153, requesting special-purpose subzone status for the life science chemicals processing/distribution facility of Calbiochem-Novabiochem Corporation (CNC) in San Diego, California, within the San Diego Customs port of entry. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on April 26, 1995.

CNC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Calbiochem-Novabiochem International, Inc. (U.S.), a global manufacturer and distributor of life science fine chemicals used for clinical research and the development of biochemical products. Life science chemicals include human plasma proteins, enzymes, amino acids, detergents, peptides, toxins, antibodies, immunochemicals, resins, inhibitors, buffers, coupling reagents, and chiral synthons.

The CNC facility (2 buildings—a 3rd one planned—totalling 134,000 sq. ft. on 7.8 acres) is located at 10394 Pacific Center Court, San Diego, California. The facility (80 employees) is primarily used to test and repackage life science chemicals for use by academic and government researchers and, industrial and pharmaceutical companies. Some of the products, accounting for about 5 percent of plant shipments, are also involved in blending/processing activity prior to packaging.

The application identifies three types of products that would be initially produced by the blending activity under zone procedures at this time: Chromium tripicolate (duty rate—3.7%), sodium cholate (3.1%), and amino acids (4.2%). The foreign sourced materials involved in their manufacture are picolinic acid

(5.8%), cholic acid (4.0%), and various packaging materials (4.8%–5.3%).

Foreign materials (accounting for about 13–15 percent of material value) that may also be involved in blending/processing activity include buffers, antibodies, detergents, proteins, avidin/biotin, toxins, conjugates, enzymes, enzyme substrates, inhibitors, growth factors, amino acids, reagents for peptide or phosphopeptide synthesis, and peptides. The duty rates on imported materials range from duty-free to 18.6 percent, with most falling between 4 percent and 7 percent. Currently, about 45 percent of merchandise is exported.

Zone procedures would exempt CNC from Customs duty payments on foreign materials that are reexported. The company would be able to choose, in some cases, the finished product duty rates (3.1%–4.2%) rather than the duty rates that would otherwise apply to the foreign materials (duty-free to 18.6%) on the above noted items blended/processed at the facility. The application indicates that zone procedures will improve the plant's international competitiveness and will help increase exports.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original

and 3 copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is July 10, 1995. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period (to July 24, 1995).

A copy of the application and accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

U.S. Department of Commerce District Office, Suite 230, 6363 Greenwich Drive, San Diego, CA 92122
Office of the Executive Secretary, Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 3716, 14th & Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230

Dated: May 2, 1995.

John J. Da Ponte, Jr.

Executive Secretary.

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ACTION: Notice of opportunity to request administrative review of antidumping or countervailing duty order, finding, or suspended investigation.

Background

Each year during the anniversary month of the publication of an antidumping or countervailing duty order, finding, or suspension of investigation, an interested party, as defined in section 771(9) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, may request, in accordance with section 353.22 or 355.22 of the Department of Commerce (the Department) Regulations (19 CFR 353.22/355.22 (1993)), that the Department conduct an administrative review of that antidumping or countervailing duty order, finding, or suspended investigation.

Opportunity to Request a Review

Not later than May 31, 1995, interested parties may request administrative review of the following orders, findings, or suspended investigations, with anniversary dates in May for the following periods:

International Trade Administration

Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity To Request Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

	Period
Antidumping Duty Proceedings:	
Argentina: Light-Walled Welded Rectangular Carbon Steel Tubing (A-357-802)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Brazil: Cast-Iron Pipe Fittings (A-351-505)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Brazil: Certain Iron Construction Castings (A-351-503)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Brazil: Frozen Concentrated Orange Juice (A-351-605)	05/01/94-04/30/95
France: Ball Bearings, Cylindrical Roller Bearings, Spherical Plain Bearings, and Parts Thereof (A-427-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Germany: Ball Bearings, Cylindrical Roller Bearings, Spherical Plain Bearings, and Parts Thereof (A-428-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
India: Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes (A-533-502)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Italy: Ball Bearings, Cylindrical Roller Bearings, and Parts Thereof (A-475-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Japan: Ball Bearings, Cylindrical Roller Bearings, Spherical Plain Bearings, and Parts Thereof (A-588-804)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Japan: Impression Fabric (A-588-066)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Japan: Gray Portland Cement and Clinker (A-588-815)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Korea: DRAMS of One Megabit and Above (A-580-812)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Korea: Malleable Cast Iron Pipe Fittings, Other Than Grooved (A-580-507)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Romania: Ball Bearings and Parts Thereof (A-485-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Singapore: Ball Bearings and Parts Thereof (A-559-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Sweden: Ball Bearings, Cylindrical Roller Bearings, and Parts Thereof (A-401-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Taiwan: Certain Circular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes (A-583-507)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Taiwan: Malleable Cast-Iron Pipe Fittings, Other Than Grooved (A-583-507)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Thailand: Ball Bearings and Parts Thereof (A-549-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
The People's Republic of China: Certain Iron Construction Castings (A-570-502)	05/01/94-04/30/95
United Kingdom: Ball Bearings, Cylindrical Roller Bearings, and Parts Thereof (A-412-801)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Turkey: Welded Carbon steel Standard Pipe and Tube Products (A-489-501)	05/01/94-04/30/95
Countervailing Duty Proceedings:	
Brazil: Certain Heavy Iron Construction Castings (C-351-504)	01/01/94-12/31/94
Mexico: Ceramic Tile (C-201-003)	01/01/94-12/31/94
Singapore: Ball Bearings and Parts Thereof (C-559-802)	01/01/94-12/31/94
Singapore: Cylindrical Roller Bearings and Parts Thereof (C-559-802)	01/01/94-12/31/94
Singapore: Needle Roller Bearings and Parts Thereof (C-559-802)	01/01/94-12/31/94
Singapore: Spherical Plane Bearings and Parts Thereof (C-559-802)	01/01/94-12/31/94
Singapore: Spherical Roller Bearings and Parts Thereof (C-559-802)	01/01/94-12/31/94