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**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Access Board has established an advisory committee to review the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG) for buildings and facilities. 36 CFR part 1191, appendix A. The advisory committee will make recommendations to the Access Board for updating ADAAG to ensure that the guidelines remain a state-of-the-art document which is generally consistent with technological developments and changes in national standards and model codes, and meets the needs of individuals with disabilities. The advisory committee is composed of organizations representing individuals with disabilities, model code organizations, professional associations, State and local governments, building owners and operators, and other organizations.

The advisory committee has formed the following subcommittees to assist in its work: Editorial, Accessible Routes, Plumbing, Communications, and Special Occupancies.

Subcommittee and full committee meetings are open to the public. The meeting sites are accessible to individuals with disabilities. Sign language interpreters and assistive listening systems will be available for individuals with hearing impairments.

**Lawrence W. Roffee,**

*Executive Director.*

[FR Doc. 95-8573 Filed 4-6-95; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-549-809]

### Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Carbon Steel Butt-Weld Pipe Fittings From Thailand

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** April 7, 1995.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Vincent Kane or Julie Anne Osgood, Office of Countervailing Investigations,

Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482-2815 or 482-0167, respectively.

### Amended Final Determination

We are amending the final determination of sales at less than fair value of certain carbon steel butt-weld pipe fittings (pipe fittings) from Thailand to reflect the correction of ministerial errors made in the margin calculation in the final determination.

### Case History

In accordance with section 735(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1673d(a)) (the Act), on February 27, 1995, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published its final determination that pipe fittings from Thailand were being sold at less than fair value (60 FR 10552). On March 13, 1995, respondent, Awaji Sangyo (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (AST), alleged that the Department made several clerical errors in its final determination regarding the margin calculations and requested that the Department correct these errors.

### Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are certain carbon steel butt-weld pipe fittings having an inside diameter of less than fourteen inches (355 millimeters), imported in either finished or unfinished condition. Pipe fittings are formed of forged steel products used to join pipe sections in piping systems where conditions require permanent welded connections, as distinguished from fittings based on other methods of fastening (e.g., threaded, grooved, or bolted fittings). Butt-weld fittings come in a variety of shapes which include "elbows," "tees," "caps," and "reducers." The edges of finished pipe fittings are beveled, so that when a fitting is placed against the end of a pipe (the ends of which have also been beveled), a shallow channel is created to accommodate the "bead" of the weld which joins the fitting to the pipe. These pipe fittings are currently classifiable under subheading 7307.93.3000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS"). Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and Customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

### Amended Final Determination

On March 13, 1995, respondent alleged that the Department had made

three ministerial errors in the final calculations performed to determine the dumping margin for AST in accordance with section 353.28 of the Department's regulations. Each alleged error is discussed below.

### Comment 1

Upon exportation of finished pipe fitting, AST received drawback of import duties on imported pipe used to produce the pipe fittings. AST alleges that the Department incorrectly added the drawback amount to the foreign market value (FMV), rather than to the United States price (USP).

### DOC Position

We agree with respondent. Section 772(d)(1)(B) of the Act provides that the U.S. price shall be increased by the amount of any import duties imposed in the country of exportation which have been rebated, or not collected, by reason of exportation of the merchandise to the United States. In the final determination, we inadvertently added drawback to FMV rather than to USP. We have recalculated FMV and USP to correct this error.

### Comment 2

AST alleges that in allocating indirect selling expenses to the home market, the Department used an incorrect value for home market shipments during the period of investigation (POI).

### DOC Position

We agree with respondent. We have now reallocated home market selling expenses using the correct value.

### Comment 3

AST alleges the Department erroneously included a quantity of seamless pipe in its calculation of total welded pipe consumed. AST contends that this quantity of seamless pipe should be excluded from the Department's welded pipe consumption calculation.

### DOC Position

We agree with AST that the Department erroneously included some seamless pipe quantities in its calculation of per unit welded pipe consumed. We intended to include only welded pipe in our welded pipe consumption calculation. Thus, we have recomputed per unit welded pipe consumed based solely on AST's welded pipe consumption.

Accordingly, pursuant to section 735(e) of the Act, we have corrected the ministerial errors in the final determination of sales at less than fair value. The final estimated margin

changes from 38.41 percent to 17.13 percent.

#### Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d)(1) of the Act, we are directing the U.S. Customs Service to continue to suspend liquidation of all entries of butt-weld pipe fittings from Thailand, as defined in the "Scope of Investigation" section of this notice, that are produced and sold by AST and that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after October 4, 1994.

The Customs Service shall require a cash deposit or the posting of a bond equal to the estimated weighted-average amount by which the foreign market value of AST's subject merchandise exceeds the United States price as shown below. The suspension of liquidation will remain in effect until further notice. The amended weighted-average dumping margin is as follows:

Manufacturer/producer/ exporter	Margin percent	De- posit percent
Awaji Sangyo (Thailand) Co., Ltd. ....	17.13	16.39

We did not determine an "all others" rate in this investigation, because all other producers and exporters of butt-weld pipe fittings from Thailand are already subject to an antidumping duty order on this merchandise, which was published in the **Federal Register** on July 6, 1992 (57 FR 29702).

#### Adjustment of Deposit Rate for Countervailing Duties

Article VI, paragraph 5 of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade provides that "[no] product \* \* \* shall be subject to both antidumping and countervailing duties to compensate for the same situation for dumping or export subsidization." This provision is implemented by section 772(d)(1)(D) of the Act. Because antidumping duties cannot be assessed on the portion of the margin attributable to export subsidies, there is no basis to require a cash deposit or bond for that amount.

Accordingly, the level of export subsidies as determined in the most recent administrative review of the countervailing duty order, Carbon Steel Butt-Weld Pipe Fittings From Thailand; Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review, (57 FR 5248, February 13, 1992), which was 0.74 percent, will be subtracted from the margin for cash deposit or bonding purposes. This results in a deposit rate of 16.39 percent for AST.

This amended final determination is published in accordance with section 735(e) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.21.

Dated: March 29, 1995.

**Susan G. Esserman,**

*Assistant Secretary for Import  
Administration.*

[FR Doc. 95-8629 Filed 4-6-95; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-WS-M**

#### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 033195B]

#### Pacific Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Pacific Fishery Management Council's (Council) Coastal Pelagic Species Plan Development Team and Advisory Subpanel will hold a public meeting on April 27, 1995, beginning at 10 a.m. at the NMFS Southwest Regional Office, 501 West Ocean Boulevard, Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jim Morgan, NMFS Southwest Regional Office at (310) 980-4036, or Larry Jacobson, NMFS Southwest Fisheries Science Center at (619) 546-7117.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The purpose of the meeting is to review the draft Coastal Pelagic Species Fishery Management Plan (FMP), compile the preferred alternatives into a more concise document, review any problems identified at the Council's March 1995 meeting, and address any new concerns identified during the interim. The Council has scheduled final action on the draft FMP for its June 1995 meeting.

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Michelle Perry Sailer at (503) 326-6352 at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

Dated: April 3, 1995.

**Richard W. Surdi,**

*Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 95-8622 Filed 4-6-95; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-22-F**

#### COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

##### Procurement List; Addition

**AGENCY:** Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

**ACTION:** Addition to the Procurement List.

**SUMMARY:** This action adds to the Procurement List a commodity to be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 8, 1995.

**ADDRESSES:** Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, Crystal Square 3, Suite 403, 1735 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202-3461.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Beverly Milkman (703) 603-7740.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On February 3, 1995, the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled published notice (60 FR 6702) of proposed addition to the Procurement List.

Comments were received from a cup manufacturer which has not been a Government contractor for the cup at issue in this addition to the Procurement List. The commenter indicated that it considered the cup not to be suitable for production by blind individuals because it requires visual inspection during production and allowing blind people to work in close proximity to high speed machinery would be dangerous. The commenter

also indicated that the Committee should meet its goal of creating employment for people with severe disabilities by giving private manufacturers an opportunity to hire such people rather than by adding commodities to the Procurement List. The commenter stated that the Committee's method of assessing impact on contractors is biased against larger companies because it looks at impact on the total company rather than a single plant or product line. The commenter indicated that the Committee should not add items to the Procurement List on an open-ended basis, but should allow occasional competitive bidding to ensure that the nonprofit agencies maintain their ability to produce effectively.

The Committee's determination that the nonprofit agency is capable of producing this cup was based on capability determinations by the Government agency which procures the