

11.3.1. For domestic interchanges, agencies may use, at this time, standards employing either X12 or UN/EDIFACT syntax or both. Selection of syntax for an interchange shall take into account the prevailing syntax used in the industry of the interchange partner. However, standards using UN/EDIFACT syntax shall be employed for new or significantly upgraded interchanges in the absence of demonstrably higher costs, or at the request of interchange partners providing a significant fraction of interchange traffic. Continued long-term use and maintenance of dual standards is unacceptably inefficient.

11.3.2. For internal interchanges, migration to standards using UN/EDIFACT syntax shall commence at this time if that syntax is not currently being used. A timetable for conversion to UN/EDIFACT of existing international implementations shall be set as applicable standards and software becomes available. New or significantly upgraded interchanges shall employ only standards using UN/EDIFACT syntax.

11.4. Use of Draft Standards. Both X12-syntax and EDIFACT-syntax standards approved and published by ASC X12, if not approved at a higher level are designated DSTUs for purposes of this FIPS PUB. Federal agencies shall use only the following two type of standards for EDI implementations: (1) Draft standards, i.e., UN/EDIFACT Status 1 standards or STUs from ASC X12, or (2) full standards, i.e., UN/EDIFACT Status 2 standards or ANSs submitted by ASC X12. Industry practice is to use draft standards; these represent the latest consensus and are available sooner than the corresponding full standards. Consequently, draft standards are preferred for use over full standards.

11.5. Age-Limitations on Acceptable Standards. Agencies, in their agreements with interchange partners, may not use any version of an acceptable standard specified in Subsections 11.3 and 11.4 that is more than four years old, unless it is the most recent version. Any version of an ISO standard may be used, e.g., ISO 9735, subject to the same age-limitation.

11.6. Continued Use of EDI Industry Standards. Federal agencies using industry-specific EDI standards on September 30, 1991 may continue to use those standards for five years from that date. However, such agencies shall, without delay, submit their standardization requirements as indicated in Subsections 9.2.2 and 9.2.3. Industry-specific EDI standards may be used beyond five years only if no equivalent X12 or UN/EDIFACT

standards, as appropriate, have been approved and issued by September 30, 1995. If an equivalent X12 DSTU or UN/EDIFACT Status 1 standard, as appropriate, is approved and issued after September 30, 1995, Federal agencies using an industry-specific standard shall have one year to convert, following the first publication of the approved standard. Implementation shall be consistent with the requirements of Subsections 11.3 and 11.4.

11.7. Security and Authentication. Agencies shall employ risk management techniques to determine the appropriate mix of security controls needed to protect specific data and systems. The selection of controls shall take into account procedures required under applicable laws and regulations.

Optional tools and techniques for implementation of security and authentication may be provided by ASC X12 and UN/ECE/WP.4 for use in connection with their respective families of standards. Agencies may utilize these tools and techniques, and/or they may utilize other methods in systems supporting the EDI data interchange. Methods and procedures implemented shall be consistent with applicable FIPS PUBS and guidance documents issued by NIST.

12. Waivers. Under certain exceptional circumstances, the heads of Federal departments and agencies may approve waivers to Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS). The head of such agency may redelegate such authority only to a senior official designated pursuant to section 3506(b) of Title 44, U.S.Code.

Waivers shall be granted only when:

a. Compliance with a standard would adversely affect the accomplishment of the mission of an operator of a Federal computer system, or

b. Cause a major adverse financial impact on the operator which is not offset by Governmentwide savings.

Agency heads may act upon a written waiver request containing the information detailed above. Agency heads may also act without a written waiver request when they determine that conditions for meeting the standard cannot be met. Agency heads may approve waivers only by a written decision which explains the basis on which the agency head made the required finding(s). A copy of each such decision, with procurement sensitive or classified portions clearly identified, shall be sent to: National Institute of Standards and Technology; Attn: FIPS Waiver Decisions, Technology Building, Room B-154; Gaithersburg, MD 20899.

In addition, notice of each waiver granted and each delegation of authority to approve waivers shall be sent promptly to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and shall be published promptly in the **Federal Register**.

When the determination on a waiver applies to the procurement of equipment and/or services, a notice of the waiver determination must be published in the *Commerce Business Daily* as part of the notice of solicitation for officers of an acquisition or, if the waiver determination is made after that notice is published, by amendment to such notice.

A copy of the waiver, any supporting documents, the document approving the waiver and any supporting and accompanying documents, with such deletions as the agency is authorized and decides to make under 5 U.S.C. sec. 552(b), shall be part of the procurement documentation and retained by the agency.

13. Where to Obtain Copies of NIST Publications. Copies of this publication and NIST publications referenced in Section 6 are for sale by the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), U.S. Department of Commerce, Springfield, VA 22161; phone (703) 487-4650. When ordering this publication, refer to Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 161-2 (FIPSPUB161-2), the title. Payment may be made by check, money, or NTIS deposit account.

[FR Doc. 95-8068 Filed 3-31-95; 8:45 am]

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## National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 032395B]

### Endangered Species; Permits

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Issuance of Amendment 1 to Permit 895 (P504D).

Notice is hereby given that on March 28, 1995, as authorized by the provisions of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (16 U.S.C. 1531-1543) and the NMFS regulations governing listed fish and wildlife permits (50 CFR parts 217-222), NMFS issued Amendment 1 to Permit Number 895 held by the Army Corps of Engineers (P504D), to transport listed Snake River

chinook and sockeye salmon below the Bonneville Dam, subject to certain conditions set forth therein.

This Amendment is being issued to conform to guidelines in the Reinitiation of Consultation on 1994–1998 Operation of the Federal Columbia River Power System and Juvenile Transportation Program in 1995 and Future Years (FCRPS). All transportation activities conducted under this permit must comply with the guidelines of the FCRPS.

Issuance of this Amendment, as required by the ESA, was based on a finding that such permit: (1) Was applied for in good faith; (2) will not operate to the disadvantage of the listed species which are the subject of the permit; (3) is consistent with the purposes and policies set forth in section 2 of the ESA. This Amendment was also issued in accordance with and is subject to parts 217-222 of Title 50 CFR, the NMFS regulations governing listed species permits.

The application, permit, and supporting documentation are available for review by interested persons in the following offices, by appointment:

Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, 1335 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910–3226 (301–713–1401); and

Environmental and Technical Services Division, NMFS, NOAA, 911 North East 11th Ave., Room 620, Portland, OR 97232 (503-230-5400).

Dated: March 28, 1995.

**Robert C. Ziobro,**

*Acting Chief, Endangered Species Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 95–8059 Filed 3–31–95; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Department of the Navy

#### Government Owned Inventions; Availability for Licensing

**AGENCY:** Department of the Navy, DOD.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability of invention for licensing.

**SUMMARY:** The invention listed below is assigned to the United States Government as represented by the Secretary of the Navy and is available for licensing by the Department of the Navy.

Request for copies of the patent application cited should be directed to the Office of Naval Research, ONR 00CC, Ballston Tower One, 800 North Quincy Street, Arlington, Virginia

22217–5660 and must include the application serial number.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. R.J. Erickson, Staff Patent Attorney, Office of Naval Research, ONR 00CC, Ballston Tower One, 800 North Quincy Street, Arlington, Virginia 22217–5660, telephone (703) 696–4001.

Patent Application Serial No. 08/080,418: Thermal Insulation of Wet Shielded Metal Arc Welds; filed 18 June 1993.

Dated: March 27, 1995.

**M.D. Schetzle**

*Lt, JAGC, USNR, Alternate Federal Register Liaison Officer.*

[FR Doc. 95–8057 Filed 3–31–95; 8:45 am]

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#### Community Redevelopment Authority and Available Surplus Buildings and Land at Military Installations Designated for Closure: Naval Station, Long Beach, CA (Los Angeles Parcels)

**AGENCY:** Department of the Navy, DOD.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This Notice provides information regarding the redevelopment authority established to plan the reuse of the former Naval Station, Long Beach, CA, (Los Angeles Parcels), the surplus property that is located at that base closure site, and the timely election by the redevelopment authorities to proceed under the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of 1994.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** John J. Kane, Deputy Division Director, Department of the Navy, Real Estate Operations, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, 200 Stovall Street, Alexandria, VA 22332–2300, telephone (703) 325–0474, or Ms. Kimberly Kesler, Base Closure Manager, Southwest Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, 1420 Kettner Blvd., Suite 507, San Diego, CA 92101–2404, telephone (619) 556–0771. For detailed information regarding particular properties identified in this Notice (i.e., acreage, floor plans, condition, exact street address, etc.), contact Lieutenant Commander Kevin Barre, Base Transition Coordinator, Long Beach Naval Shipyard, Building 5, Long Beach, CA 90822–5080, telephone (310) 547–6875.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In 1991, the Naval Station, Long Beach, CA, was designated for closure pursuant to the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990, Public Law 101–510, as amended. On October 8, 1993, and April 21, 1994, respectively, the Taper

Avenue housing site and the Seaside Avenue parcel, both of which are described below, were declared surplus to the federal government and available for use by (a) non-federal public agencies pursuant to various statutes which authorize conveyance of surplus properties, and (b) homeless providers pursuant to the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11411), as amended.

#### Election to Proceed Under New Statutory Procedures

Subsequently, the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of 1994 (Pub. L. 103–421) was signed into law. Section 2 of the Act gives the redevelopment authority at base closure sites the option of proceeding under new procedures with regard to the manner in which the redevelopment plan for the base is formulated and how requests are made for future use of the property by homeless assistance providers and non-federal public agencies. On December 19, 1994, the City of Los Angeles submitted a timely request to proceed under the new procedures. Accordingly, this notice of information regarding the redevelopment authority fulfills the **Federal Register** publication requirement of section 2(e)(3) of the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of 1994.

Also, pursuant to paragraph (7)(B) of section 2905(b) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990, as amended by the Base Closure Community Redevelopment and Homeless Assistance Act of 1994, the following information regarding the surplus property at the former Naval Station, Long Beach, (Los Angeles Parcels), is published in the **Federal Register**:

#### Redevelopment Authorities

The redevelopment authority for the Taper Avenue housing and the Seaside Avenue parcel at the former Naval Station, Long Beach, for purposes of implementing the provisions of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990, as amended, is the City of Los Angeles. The City has established a local community advisory committee to provide recommendations to the City concerning the redevelopment plan. This committee is known as the “San Pedro Area Reuse Committee (SPARC).” A cross section of community interests is represented on the committee. Day-to-day operations of the committee are handled by Ms. Nancy Scrivner. The address of the committee is Los Angeles