

ELECTRONIC INSURANCE FILING TRANSACTIONS

Field name	Number of positions	Description	Required F=filing C=cancel B=both	Start field	End field
Record type	1 Numeric	1=Filing 2=Cancellation	B	1	1
Insurer number	8 Text	ICC Assigned Insurer Number (Home Office) With Suffix (Issuing Office), If Different, e.g. 12345-01.	B	2	9
Filing type	1 Numeric	1 = BI&PD 2 = Cargo 3 = Bond 4 = Trust Fund	B	10	10
ICC docket number	8 Text	ICC Assigned MC or FF Number, e.g., MC000045.	B	11	18
Insured legal name	120 Text	Legal Name	B	19	138
Insured d/b/a name	60 Text	Doing Business As Name If Different From Legal Name.	B	139	198
Insured address	35 Text	Either street or mailing address	B	199	233
Insured city	30 Text	B	234	263
Insured state	2 Text	B	264	265
Insured zip code	9 Numeric	(Do not include dash if using 9 digit code) ...	B	266	274
Insured country	2 Text	(Will default to US)	B	275	276
Form code	10 Text	BMC-91, BMC-91X, BMC-34, BMC-35, etc	B	277	286
Full, primary or excess coverage.	1 Text	If BMC-91X, P or E = indicator of primary or excess policy; 1 = Full under § 1043.2(b)(1); 2 = Full under § 1043.2(b)(2).	F	287	287
Limit of liability	5 Numeric	\$ in Thousands	F	288	292
Underlying limit of liability	5 Numeric	\$ in Thousands (will default to \$000 if Primary).	F	293	297
Effective date	8 Text	MM/DD/YY Format for both Filing or Cancellation.	B	298	305
Policy number	25 Text	Surety companies may enter bond number .	B	306	330

(d) All registered insurers agree to furnish upon request to the Commission a duplicate original of any policy (or policies) and all endorsements, surety bond, trust fund agreement, or other filing.

PART 1084—SURETY BONDS AND POLICIES OF INSURANCE

3. The authority citation for part 1084 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 10102, 10321 and 10927; 5 U.S.C. 553.

4. A new § 1084.10 is added to read as follows:

§ 1084.10 Electronic filing of surety bonds, certificates of insurance and cancellations.

Insurers may, at their option and in accordance with the requirements and procedures set forth at 49 CFR 1043.12, file certificates of insurance, surety bonds, and other securities and agreements electronically.

[FR Doc. 95-8093 Filed 3-31-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 663

[Docket No. 941265-4365; I.D. 032295B]

Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Thornyhead Trip Limits

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Fishing restrictions; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces reductions in the cumulative vessel trip limits for longspine and shortspine thornyheads in the groundfish fishery off Washington, Oregon, and California. This action is authorized by the regulations implementing the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan. The trip limits are intended to keep landings from exceeding the 1995 harvest guidelines for longspine thornyheads and the overfishing level for shortspine thornyheads, while extending the fishery as long as possible during the year.

DATES: Effective from 0001 hours (local time) April 1, 1995, until the effective date of the 1996 annual specifications and management measures, which will be published in the **Federal Register**. Comments will be accepted through April 18, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to William Stelle, Jr., Director, Northwest Region, National Marine Fisheries Service, 7600 Sand Point Way NE., BIN-C15700, Seattle, WA 98115-0070; or Hilda Diaz-Soltero, Director, Southwest Region, National Marine Fisheries Service, 501 W. Ocean Blvd., Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802-4213.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William L. Robinson at 206-526-6140; or Rodney McInnis at 310-980-4030.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Dover sole, thornyheads, and trawl-caught sablefish (DTS) are managed collectively as the DTS complex because they are often caught together in the trawl fishery. Thornyheads include two species, shortspine and longspine, which also often are caught together. In 1995, the 1,500 metric ton (mt) harvest guideline for shortspine thornyheads was set higher than the 1,000-mt acceptable biological catch (ABC),

largely because of uncertainty in the new stock assessment. The harvest guideline for shortspine thornyheads is near the level that would produce the maximum sustainable yield (MSY) and the overfishing level is about 1,800 mt. Longspine thornyheads are being fished down to the level that would produce MSY. However, in 1995, longspine thornyheads have a 6,000-mt harvest guideline, which is below its ABC of 7,000 mt, primarily to protect the fully exploited shortspine thornyheads.

On January 4, 1995, (60 FR 2331, January 9, 1995), the cumulative trip limit for both longspine and shortspine thornyheads combined was set at 20,000 lb (9,072 kg) per vessel per month, of which no more than 4,000 lb (1,814 kg) may be shortspine thornyheads. The catch of thornyheads is counted toward the cumulative trip limit for the DTS complex, which is 35,000 lb (15,876 kg) per vessel per month north of Cape Mendocino (40°30'00" N. lat.) and 50,000 lb (22,680 kg) per vessel per month south of Cape Mendocino. A cumulative trip limit is the maximum amount that may be taken and retained, possessed or landed per vessel in a specified period of time, without a limit on the number of landings or trips.

During the March 1995 meeting of the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), the Council was advised that at the current rate of harvest, the harvest guidelines for both longspine and shortspine thornyheads would be achieved well before the end of the year and the overfishing level for shortspine thornyheads would be exceeded. The Council, therefore, asked NMFS to convene an emergency teleconference with key members of the Council, its Groundfish Management Team (GMT) and Groundfish Advisory Subpanel, state fishery representatives, and the interested public to consider the issue and take action to reduce the harvest of thornyheads before the April 1995 Council meeting.

The best available information presented at the March 14, 1995, teleconference indicated that the catch of shortspine thornyheads through March 4, 1995, was 350 mt. The GMT

projected that if the February rate continued to the end of the year, the total catch of shortspine thornyheads would be 2,251 mt, the harvest guideline would be exceeded by 50 percent, and the overfishing level would be exceeded by about 25 percent. The landings of longspine thornyheads through March 4, 1995, was 993 mt or 17 percent of the harvest guideline, and if the February rate continued, the total catch for the year would be 7,248 mt, and the harvest guideline would be exceeded by 21 percent. At the March 14, 1995, teleconference, the GMT recommended a 25 percent reduction to current trip limits for thornyheads to avoid exceeding the overfishing level for shortspine thornyheads and the harvest guideline for longspine thornyheads. The participating Council and state representatives all concurred. The reductions would bring the catch of shortspine thornyheads down to about 1,800 mt by the end of the year, near its overfishing level, and the catch of longspine thornyheads to just below its 6,000-mt harvest guideline. This provides flexibility to take later actions in June 1995, if necessary. Larger reductions of the trip limits were not recommended at this time because: (1) Discards may increase, (2) there is adequate time to adjust the trip limits later in the year, and (3) diversion to other fisheries in the spring may reduce the effort on thornyheads.

NMFS concurs with the GMT recommendation and is imposing an immediate 25 percent reduction in the cumulative trip limit for thornyheads. Beginning April 1, 1995, no more than 15,000 lb (6,804 kg) cumulative per month may be longspine and shortspine thornyheads combined (reduced from 20,000 lb (9,072 kg)), of which no more than 3,000 lb (1,361 kg) may be shortspine thornyheads (reduced from 4,000 lb (1,814 kg)). The north and south cumulative trip limits for DTS complex and the cumulative per trip limits for sablefish remain unchanged.

NMFS Action

NMFS hereby announces the following changes to the management

measures for the DTS complex announced at paragraphs IV.E(b)(ii)(A) and (B) at 60 FR 2342, January 9, 1995:

(A) *North of Cape Mendocino.* The cumulative trip limit for the DTS complex taken and retained north of Cape Mendocino is 35,000 lb (15,876 kg) per vessel per month. Within this cumulative trip limit, no more than 6,000 lb (2,722 kg) may be sablefish, and no more than 15,000 lb (6,804 kg) may be thornyheads. No more than 3,000 lb (1,361 kg) of the thornyheads may be shortspine thornyheads.

(B) *South of Cape Mendocino.* The cumulative trip limit for the DTS complex taken and retained south of Cape Mendocino is 50,000 lb (22,680 kg) per vessel per month. Within this cumulative trip limit, no more than 6,000 lb (2,722 kg) may be sablefish, and no more than 15,000 lb (6,804 kg) may be thornyheads. No more than 3,000 lb (1,361 kg) of the thornyheads may be shortspine thornyheads.

Classification

The determination to take this action is based on the most recent data available. The aggregate data upon which the determination is based are available for public inspection at the Office of the Director, Northwest Region, (see ADDRESSES) during business hours.

Because any delay in the implementation of this action could result in exceeding the overfishing level for shortspine thornyheads, NMFS finds good cause to waive the 30-day delayed effectiveness requirement of the Administrative Procedure Act.

This action is taken under the authority of 50 CFR 663.23(c)(1)(i)(G), and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Dated: March 28, 1995.

David S. Crestin,

Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 95-8058 Filed 3-29-95; 12:14 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F