

days after the time limit for filing the case brief. Any hearing, if requested, will be held seven days after the scheduled date for submission of rebuttal briefs. Copies of case briefs and rebuttal briefs must be served on interested parties in accordance with 19 CFR 355.38(e).

Representatives of parties to the proceeding may request disclosure of proprietary information under administrative protective order no later than ten days after the representative's client or employer becomes a party to the proceeding, but in no event later than the date the case briefs, under 19 CFR 355.38(c), are due. The Department will publish the final results of this administrative review including the results of its analysis of issues raised in any case or rebuttal brief. The administrative review and notice are in accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1)) and 19 CFR 355.22.

Dated: March 16, 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 95-7613 Filed 3-27-95; 8:45 am]

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Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Order No. 732]

Grant of Authority for Subzone Status BASF Corporation (Caprolactam/ Nylon-6 Resin); Freeport, TX

Whereas, by an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1934, an Act "To provide for the establishment * * * of foreign-trade zones in ports of entry of the United States, to expedite and encourage foreign commerce, and for other purposes," as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u) (the Act), the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) is authorized to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign-trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

Whereas, the Board's regulations (15 CFR Part 400) provide for the establishment of special-purpose subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved;

Whereas, an application from the Port of Freeport, Texas (Brazos River Harbor Navigation District), grantee of Foreign-Trade Zone 149, for authority to establish special-purpose subzone status at the chemical products manufacturing facilities of BASF Corporation in Freeport, Texas, was filed by the Board on February 2, 1993, and notice inviting public comment was given in the

Federal Register (FTZ Docket 3-93, 58 FR 8929, 2-18-93); and,

Whereas, the Board has found that the requirements of the FTZ Act and Board's regulations would be satisfied, and that approval of the application would be in the public interest provided approval is subject to certain conditions;

Now, therefore, the Board hereby authorizes the establishment of a subzone (Subzone 149A) at the plant sites of BASF Corporation in Freeport, Texas, at the locations described in the application, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, and subject to the following conditions:

1. Privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41) shall be elected on all foreign merchandise admitted to the subzone, except that nonprivileged foreign (NPF) status (19 CFR 146.42) may be elected for foreign caprolactam extract (HTSUS 2933.71.0000-6) and cyclohexanone (HTSUS 2914.22.1000) up to a level of 45 million kilograms (100 mil. lbs.) annually for each item.

2. The authority with regard to the NPF option is initially granted until December 31, 1999, subject to extension.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 17th day of March 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Import Administration, Alternate Chairman, Foreign-Trade Zones Board.

Attest:

John Da Ponte, Jr.,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-7611 Filed 3-27-95; 8:45 am]

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National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

National Marine Sanctuary Symbol

AGENCY: Sanctuaries and Reserves Division (SRD), Office of Ocean and Coastal Resources Management (OCRM), National Ocean Service (NOS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: SRD is announcing the adoption of a symbol for the National Marine Sanctuary Program as required by the National Marine Sanctuaries Act. The symbol is one element of a pilot project to enhance funding for designation and management of national marine sanctuaries. In accordance with the Act, SRD is publishing, in the **Federal Register**, the symbol shown in the attachment to this document. This symbol shall be the official symbol for

the National Marine Sanctuary Program. This notice also announces the opportunity for interested persons to become official sponsors of the National Marine Sanctuary Program or of individual sanctuaries.

DATES: The Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management will begin using the symbol immediately.

ADDRESSES: Information on becoming an official sponsor may be obtained from: Justin Kenney, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Sanctuaries and Reserves Division, 1305 East-West Highway, 12th floor, Silver Spring, MD 20910.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Justin Kenney at (301) 713-3145 ext. 153 or Harriet Sopher at (301) 713-3125 ext. 109.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under Title III of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972, as amended, the United States Congress has authorized the designation of discrete areas of the marine environment as National Marine Sanctuaries to protect distinctive natural and cultural resources whose protection and beneficial use requires comprehensive planning and management. The National Marine Sanctuary Program was established by the Act, and is administered by the Sanctuaries and Reserves Division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

The mission of the National Marine Sanctuary Program is to identify, designate and manage areas of the marine environment of special national significance due to their conservation, recreational, ecological, historical, research, educational, and aesthetic qualities.

The Program currently has 14 designated sites including Olympic Coast, Cordell Bank, Gulf of the Farallones, Monterey Bay, Channel Islands, Hawaiian Islands Humpback Whale, Fagatele Bay, Flower Garden Banks, Looe Key, Key Largo, Gray's Reef, the Monitor, Florida Keys, and the Stellwaen Bank National Marine Sanctuaries.

In 1992, with the passage of the National Marine Sanctuaries Act, Pub. L. 102-587, Congress directed the National Marine Sanctuary Program to enhance funding for the designation and management of national marine sanctuaries through the creation, adoption and marketing of a logo. Through a partnership with the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, the Sanctuary Program received *pro bono* assistance from Lintas, a national public