

banking practices." Any request for a hearing on this question must be accompanied by a statement of the reasons a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute, summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing, and indicating how the party commenting would be aggrieved by approval of the proposal.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated for the application or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than March 24, 1995.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166:

1. *Cass Commercial Corporation*, St. Louis, Missouri; to acquire Cass Information Systems, Inc., St. Louis, Missouri (formerly Cass Logistics, Inc.), and thereby engage in acquiring and holding credit card receivables generated by an affiliated bank, including acting as the soliciting agent for the affiliated bank, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(1)(ii), of the Board's Regulation Y.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (James M. Lyon, Vice President) 250 Marquette Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480:

1. *Norwest Corporation*, Minneapolis, Minnesota; to acquire, through its subsidiary *Norwest Mortgage Inc.*, Des Moines, Iowa, the mortgage origination and servicing business of *First National Bank of Parker, Parker, Colorado*, and thereby engage in mortgage lending and servicing activities, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(1) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, March 6, 1995.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 95-5928 Filed 3-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

Charles H. Deters; Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies; Correction

This notice corrects a notice (FR Doc. 95-4972) published on page 11096 of the issue for Wednesday, March 1, 1995.

Under the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland heading, the entry for Charles H. Deters, is revised to read as follows:

1. *Charles H. Deters*, Walton, Kentucky; to acquire an additional 45.5 percent, for a total of 50 percent, of the voting shares of *Commonwealth Trust Bancorp, Inc.*, Butler, Kentucky, and

thereby indirectly acquire *Farmers Bank, Butler, Kentucky*.

Comments on this application must be received by March 15, 1995.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, March 6, 1995.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 95-5929 Filed 3-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

First Interstate BancSystem of Montana, Inc.; Formation of, Acquisition by, or Merger of Bank Holding Companies

The company listed in this notice has applied for the Board's approval under section 3 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1842) and § 225.14 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.14) to become a bank holding company or to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in section 3(c) of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)).

The application is available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the application has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that application or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Any comment on an application that requests a hearing must include a statement of why a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute and summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing.

Comments regarding this application must be received not later than April 3, 1995.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis (James M. Lyon, Vice President) 250 Marquette Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55480:

1. *First Interstate BancSystem of Montana, Inc.*, Billings, Montana; to acquire 100 percent of the voting shares of *First Park County Bancshares, Inc.*, Livingston, Montana, and thereby indirectly acquire *First National Park Bank* in Livingston, Livingston, Montana.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, March 6, 1995.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 95-5930 Filed 3-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-F

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Publication of "Made in the USA" Provisions of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice of provisions of statute.

SUMMARY: On September 13, 1994, Congress enacted the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 ("Crime Bill"). Section 320933 of the Crime Bill states, *inter alia*, that "Made in the U.S.A." or "Made in America" claims or their equivalent shall be consistent with decisions and orders of the Federal Trade Commission ("Commission"). Section 320933 further states that it "shall be effective upon publication in the **Federal Register** of a Notice of the provisions of this section." This notice implements the latter requirement.

DATES: Section 320933 of the Crime Bill is effective on March 10, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Easton, Special Assistant, Division of Enforcement, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, DC 20580, telephone 202/326-3029.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act ("FTC Act"), 15 U.S.C. 45, directs the Commission to prevent "deceptive acts and practices," including deceptive claims of domestic origin. Although goods manufactured in the United States generally are not required to have a label identifying domestic content, a manufacturer may choose to make an unqualified or a qualified domestic origin claim for its products.¹ An example of an unqualified claim is that a product is "Made in USA," while an example of a qualified claim is that a product is "Made in USA of foreign components." The Commission reviews Made in USA claims principally under its section 5 authority to prohibit deceptive acts or practices.²

On September 13, 1994, Congress enacted the Crime Bill, P.L. 103-322, 108 Stat. 2135. Section 320933 of the

¹ Some statutes require disclosure of domestic origin or domestic content for certain products. *E.g.*, Textile Products Identification Act, 15 U.S.C. 70; Wool Products Labeling Act, 15 U.S.C. 68 (both enforced by the Federal Trade Commission); American Automobile Labeling Act, 15 U.S.C. 1950 (enforced by the U.S. Department of Transportation).

² The Commission will find deception "if there is a representation, omission or practice that is likely to mislead the consumer acting reasonably in the circumstances, to the consumer's detriment." Letter dated October 14, 1983, from the Federal Trade Commission to the Honorable John D. Dingell, Chairman, Committee on Energy and Commerce, U.S. House of Representatives ("Deception Statement"), *reprinted in Cliffdale Associates, Inc.*, 103 F.T.C. 110, 176 (1984).