

The environmental assessments and findings of no significant impact have been prepared in accordance with: (1) The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*), (2) Regulations of the Council on Environmental Quality for Implementing the Procedural Provisions of NEPA (40 CFR parts 1500-1508), (3) USDA Regulations Implementing NEPA (7 CFR part 1b), and (4) APHIS Guidelines Implementing NEPA (44 FR 50381-50384, August 28, 1979, and 44 FR 51272-51274, August 31, 1979).

Done in Washington, DC, this 22nd day of February 1995.

Terry L. Medley,

Acting Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 95-4882 Filed 2-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-34-M

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

U.S. Government Sponsored Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC); Seminars for the Chemical and Related Industry

AGENCIES: Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (ACDA) and the Department of Commerce (DOC).

ACTION: ACDA and DOC will sponsor regional one-day seminars to explain the CWC and its significance for U.S. industry.

SUMMARY: The Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) will directly affect a significant number of private sector chemical producers, consumers and processors. The CWC imposes requirements on certain industrial facilities. Depending on the specific chemical, the CWC requires:

- Detailed reports of the quantities produced, processed, or consumed in your facilities;
 - Detailed production plans and site (plant) information;
 - Short-notice on-site inspections of industry facilities and records by international inspection teams.
- The key issues for U.S. chemical and related industry managers:
- Compliance with CWC Requirements;
 - Protection of confidential/proprietary business information;
 - Prevention of adverse publicity/controversy;
 - Prevention of unnecessary costs/production disruptions;
 - Inspection readiness;
 - Schedule for implementation.

The U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (ACDA) and the Department of Commerce (DOC) are sponsoring regional one-day seminars to explain the CWC, the domestic draft implementation legislation that is currently being reviewed by the Senate, and their significance to U.S. industry. You are invited to attend one of the following:

Atlanta, GA	April 6, 1995.
Oakland, CA	April 20, 1995.
Newark, NJ	April 26, 1995.
Washington, DC	May 2, 1995.
Houston, TX	May 11, 1995.
Detroit, MI	May 18, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For registration materials and more information on how the CWC affects your company, contact: Naomi Lopez, EAI Corporation, 2111 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 302, Alexandria, VA 22314-4679, Telephone: (800) 528-1041 or (703) 739-1033, Fax: (703) 739-1525.

Cathleen E. Lawrence,

Director of Administration.

[FR Doc. 95-3562 Filed 2-27-95; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Economic Development Administration

Notice of Petitions by Producing Firms for Determination of Eligibility to Apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance

AGENCY: Economic Development Administration (EDA), Commerce.

ACTION: To Give Firms an Opportunity to Comment.

Petitions have been accepted for filing on the dates indicated from the firms listed below.

LIST OF PETITION ACTION BY TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR PERIOD 01/19/95-02/15/95

Firm name	Address	Date petition accepted	Product
Ball Variometers, Inc	6595 Odell Place, Suite C, Boulder, CO 80301.	12/20/94	Variometers—Electrical Instruments for Aeronautical use.
Kashier Specialties DBA Redford Coffee .	5302 E. Harbor Rd., P.O. Box 1430, Freeland, WA 98249.	01/12/95	Textile Filters.
Binder Brothers Incorporated	663 Grand Avenue, Ridgefield, NJ 07657	01/25/95	Jewelry.
Electro Plasma, Inc	4400 Martin-Moline Road, Millbury, OH 43447.	01/26/95	Information display panels which can be used as a replacement for CRT's.
Silver Cloud, Inc	2417 Baylor, Southeast, Albuquerque, NM 87106.	02/01/95	Jewelry.
Water & Power Technologies, Inc	3740 West 1987 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84127-0836.	02/02/95	Reverse osmosis equipment for the purpose of filtrating and dionizing water for purification.
Interplex Electronics, Inc	70 Fulton Terrace, New Haven, CT 06512.	02/06/95	Breadboards, Electronic Trainers and Custom Electronic Trainers.
Orscheln Co. (including Elisha Technologies Co.).	1177 N. Morley, Moberly, MO 65270	02/08/95	Levers, Cables, Fittings and Plating.
Jilarous, Inc	35 West 36th Street, New York, NY 10018-7906.	02/10/95	Jewelry—Earrings.
Geophysical Survey Systems, Inc	13 Klein Drive, North Salem, NH 03073 ..	02/13/95	Subsurface Interface Radar Systems.
Harrington Mold/California Pony Cars	1906 Quaker Ridge, Ontario, CA 91761 ..	02/13/95	Production Molds and Auto Parts—Mirrors, Horns, Bracket, Insignia, etc.
Nulco Manufacturing Corporation	30 Beecher St., Pawtucket, RI 02862	02/15/95	Chandeliers.
Klein Bicycle Corporation	118 Klein Road, Chehalis, WA 98532	02/17/95	Bicycle Frames.

The petitions were submitted pursuant to Section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2341). Consequently, the United States Department of Commerce has initiated separate investigations to determine whether increased imports into the United States of articles like or directly competitive with those produced by each firm contributed importantly to total or partial separation of the firm's workers, or threat thereof, and to a decrease in sales or production of each petitioning firm.

Any party having a substantial interest in the proceedings may request a public hearing on the matter. A request for a hearing must be received by the Trade Adjustment Assistance Division, Room 7023, Economic Development Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230, no later than the close of business of the tenth calendar day following the publication of this notice.

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance official program number and title of the program under which these petitions are submitted is 11.313, Trade Adjustment Assistance.

Dated: February 15, 1995.

Lewis R. Podolske,

Acting Director, Trade Adjustment Assistance Division.

[FR Doc. 95-4899 Filed 2-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-24-M

International Trade Administration

[A-201-806]

Steel Wire Rope From Mexico; Affirmative Final Determination of Circumvention of Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of affirmative final determination of circumvention of antidumping duty order.

SUMMARY: On June 3, 1994, the Department of Commerce (the Department) preliminarily determined that imports into the United States of steel wire strand from Mexico, which are assembled in the United States into steel wire rope for sale in the United States, were circumventing the antidumping duty order on steel wire rope from Mexico. The inquiry into the possible circumvention of this order covers one Mexican manufacturer/exporter of the subject merchandise, and a related party in the United States. This inquiry covers the period October 1,

1992, through September 30, 1993. Interested parties were invited to comment on the preliminary affirmative determination of circumvention. We received comments from only one party, supporting the Department's preliminary affirmative determination of circumvention. The findings of the preliminary determination remain unchanged; as a result, we have determined that the respondent, Grupo Camesa S.A. de C.V. and its United States affiliate, Camesa Inc. (collectively, Camesa), are circumventing the order and that steel wire strand produced in Mexico by Camesa and imported into the United States for use in the production of steel wire rope falls within the scope of the antidumping duty order on steel wire rope from Mexico.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 28, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Wendy Frankel, Office of Antidumping Compliance, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230, telephone: (202) 482-5253.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On June 3, 1994, the Department published in the **Federal Register** (59 FR 29176) a preliminary affirmative determination that imports into the United States of steel wire strand from Mexico were circumventing the order on steel wire rope within the meaning of section 781(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Tariff Act), and 19 CFR 353.29(e), and a subsequent finding that the imported product subject to the inquiry, steel wire strand manufactured in Mexico, fell within the order. Pursuant to this determination, the Department instructed the U.S. Customs Service (Customs) to suspend liquidation of, and require cash deposits on entries of, the imported product, steel wire strand, manufactured in Mexico. Interested parties were invited to comment on this preliminary determination. We received comments from the petitioner, the Committee on Domestic Steel Wire Rope and Specialty Cable Manufacturers (the Committee), on July 5, 1994, supporting the Department's preliminary affirmative determination of circumvention. No other party submitted comments.

In accordance with section 781(e) of the Tariff Act, the Department also notified the International Trade Commission (ITC) of its preliminary determination that the imported product fell within the scope of the order. In

response, the ITC notified the Department that consultations between the Department and the ITC regarding the Department's preliminary determination were unnecessary.

The Department has now completed this inquiry in accordance with section 781(a) of the Tariff Act.

Scope of Antidumping Duty Order

The product covered by the order is steel wire rope, which is defined in the Department's antidumping duty order on steel wire rope from Mexico as: "ropes, cables, and cordage of iron or carbon steel, other than stranded wire, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles, and not made up of plated wire."

During the period of this inquiry (POI), such merchandise was classifiable under subheadings 7312.10.9030, 7312.10.9060, and 7312.10.9090 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS). HTS subheadings are provided for convenience and for Customs purposes. The Department's written description of the scope of the order remains dispositive.

Scope of the Circumvention Inquiry

Products subject to this circumvention inquiry are entries of strand, which are defined as stranded wire having a lay or twist of not more than one revolution for a length equal to the strand diameter multiplied by 8.5. During the inquiry, such merchandise was classifiable under subheading 7312.10.3020 of the HTS. The HTS subheading is provided for convenience and for Customs purposes. The Department's written description of the scope of the inquiry remains dispositive.

Nature of the Circumvention Inquiry

As set forth in our preliminary determination, we examined whether (A) steel wire rope sold in the United States is of the same class or kind as merchandise that is subject to the order; (B) such steel wire rope sold in the United States is completed or assembled in the United States from parts or components (*i.e.*, steel wire strand) produced in Mexico, the foreign country with respect to which such order applies; and (C) the difference between the value of such steel wire strand referred to in (B) above, is small. Section 781(a)(2) of the Tariff Act further provides that, in determining whether to include parts or components in an antidumping duty order, the Department shall take into account such factors as (A) pattern of trade; (B) whether the manufacturer or exporter of the parts or components is related to the