

Any person adversely affected by this regulation may, within 30 days after publication of this document in the Federal Register, file written objections and/or request a hearing with the Hearing Clerk, at the address given above (40 CFR 178.20). A copy of the objections and/or hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be submitted to the OPP docket for this rulemaking. The objections submitted must specify the provisions of the regulation deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections and the relief sought (40 CFR 178.25). Each objection must be accompanied by the fee prescribed by 40 CFR 180.33(i). If a hearing is requested, the objections must include a statement of the factual issue(s) on which a hearing is requested, the requestor's contentions on such issues, and a summary of any evidence relied upon by the objector (40 CFR 178.27). A request for a hearing will be granted if the Administrator determines that the material submitted shows the following: There is a genuine and substantial issue of fact; there is a reasonable possibility that available evidence identified by the requestor would, if established, resolve one or more of such issues in favor of the requestor, taking into account uncontested claims or facts to the contrary; and resolution of the factual issue(s) in the manner sought by the requestor would be adequate to justify the action requested (40 CFR 178.32).

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, Oct. 4, 1993), the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and therefore subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the requirements of the Executive Order. Under section 3(f), the order defines a "significant regulatory action" as an action that is likely to result in a rule (1) having an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more, or adversely and materially affecting a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities (also referred to as "economically significant"); (2) creating serious inconsistency or otherwise interfering with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially altering the budgetary impacts of entitlement, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or (4) raising novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in this Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of the Executive Order, EPA has determined that this rule is not "significant" and is therefore not subject to OMB review.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the **Federal Register** of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 14, 1995.

Stephen L. Johnson,
Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR part 180 is amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. In § 180.254, by adding new paragraph (c), to read as follows:

§ 180.254 2,3-Dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofuranyl-N-methylcarbamate; tolerances for residues.

* * * * *

(c) A time-limited tolerance, to expire on February 22, 1997, with regional registration, as defined in § 180.1(n), is established for the combined residues of the insecticide carbofuran (2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofuranyl-N-methylcarbamate), its carbamate metabolite, 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-hydroxy-7-benzofuranyl-N-methylcarbamate, and its phenolic metabolites 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofuranol, 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3-oxo-7-benzofuranol and 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-3,7-benzofurandiols in or on the following raw agricultural commodity:

Commodity	Parts per million
Canola (of which no more than 0.2 ppm is carbamate)	1.0

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40 CFR Part 180

[OPP-300372A; FRL-4933-5]
RIN 2070-AB78

Acrylamide-Potassium Acrylate-Acrylic Acid Copolymer, Crosslinked; Tolerance Exemption

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document establishes an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of acrylamide-potassium acrylate-acrylic acid copolymer, crosslinked (CAS Reg. No. 31212-13-2) when used as an inert ingredient (carrier) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops or to raw agricultural commodities after harvest. Kelly Products, Inc., requested this rule.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This regulation becomes effective February 22, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Written objections, identified by the document control number, [OPP-300372A], may be submitted to: Hearing Clerk (1900), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. M3708, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. A copy of any objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be identified by the document control number and submitted to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring copy of objections and hearing request to: Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202. Fees accompanying objections shall be labeled "Tolerance Petition Fees" and forwarded to: EPA Headquarters Accounting Operations Branch, OPP (Tolerance Fees), P.O. Box 360277M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Connie Welch, Registration Support Branch, Registration Division (7505W), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Westfield Building North, 6th Fl., 2800 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-308-8320.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the **Federal Register** of November 30, 1994 (59 FR 61302), EPA issued a proposed

rule that gave notice that Kelly Products, Inc., P.O. Box 1508, 4132 Highway 278, NW., Covington, GA 30209, had submitted pesticide petition (PP) 4E4348 to EPA requesting that the Administrator, pursuant to section 408(e) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a(e), propose to amend 40 CFR 180.1001(c) by establishing an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of acrylamide potassium acrylate-acrylic acid copolymer, crosslinked (CAS Reg. No. 31212-13-2) when used as an inert ingredient (carrier) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops or to raw agricultural commodities after harvest.

Inert ingredients are all ingredients that are not active ingredients as defined in 40 CFR 153.125, and include, but are not limited to, the following types of ingredients (except when they have a pesticidal efficacy of their own): solvents such as alcohols and hydrocarbons; surfactants such as polyoxyethylene polymers and fatty acids; carriers such as clay and diatomaceous earth; thickeners such as carrageenan and modified cellulose; wetting, spreading, and dispersing agents; propellants in aerosol dispensers; microencapsulating agents; and emulsifiers. The term "inert" is not intended to imply nontoxicity; the ingredient may or may not be chemically active.

There were no comments or requests for referral to an advisory committee received in response to the proposed rule.

The data submitted with the proposal and other relevant material have been evaluated and discussed in the proposed rule. Based on the data and information considered, the Agency concludes that the tolerance exemption will protect the public health. Therefore, the tolerance exemption is established as set forth below.

Any person adversely affected by this regulation may, within 30 days after publication of this document in the

Federal Register, file written objections and/or request a hearing with the Hearing Clerk, at the address given above (40 CFR 178.20). A copy of the objections and/or hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be submitted to the OPP docket for this rulemaking. The objections submitted must specify the provisions of the regulation deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections (40 CFR 178.25). Each objection must be accompanied by the fee prescribed by 40 CFR 180.33(i). If a hearing is requested, the objections must include a statement of the factual issue(s) on which a hearing is requested, the requestor's contentions on such issues, and a summary of any evidence relied upon by the objector (40 CFR 178.27). A request for a hearing will be granted if the Administrator determines that the material submitted shows the following: There is a genuine and substantial issue of fact; there is a reasonable possibility that available evidence identified by the requestor would, if established, resolve one or more of such issues in favor of the requestor, taking into account uncontested claims or facts to the contrary; and resolution of the factual issue(s) in the manner sought by the requestor would be adequate to justify the action requested (40 CFR 178.32).

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, Oct. 4, 1993), the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and therefore subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the requirements of the Executive Order. Under section 3(f), the order defines a "significant regulatory action" as an action that is likely to result in a rule (1) having an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more, or adversely and materially affecting a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities (also referred to as "economically significant"); (2) creating serious inconsistency or otherwise interfering

with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially altering the budgetary impacts of entitlement, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations or recipients thereof; or (4) raising novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in this Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of the Executive Order, EPA has determined that this rule is not "significant" and is therefore not subject to OMB review.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the **Federal Register** of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 1, 1995.

Daniel M. Barolo,
Director, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR part 180 is amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. Section 180.1001(c) is amended by adding and alphabetically inserting the inert ingredient, to read as follows:

§ 180.1001 Exemptions from the requirement of a tolerance.

* * * * *
(c) * * *

Inert ingredients	Limits	Uses
* * * Acrylamide potassium acrylate-acrylic acid copolymer, crosslinked (CAS Reg. No. 31212-13-2), minimum number average molecular weight 1,000,000.	* * *	* * * Carrier
* * *	* * *	* * *

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[FR Doc. 95-4304 Filed 2-16-95; 2:39 pm]
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40 CFR Part 180

[PP 3F4169 and FAP 3H5655/R2090; FRL-4937-3]

RIN 2070-AB78

Pesticide Tolerance for Imidacloprid; Technical Amendment

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule; Technical amendment.

SUMMARY: EPA is issuing a technical amendment to a final rule on the insecticide imidacloprid (1-[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2-imidazolidinimine) and its metabolites to designate the tolerance for hops as a time-limited tolerance and to correct a typographical error in an expiration date for a tolerance for cottonseed.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 22, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis H. Edwards, Product Manager (PM 19), Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: Rm. 207, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-305-3686.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the **Federal Register** of November 30, 1994 (59 FR 61278), EPA revised 40 CFR 180.472 and removed the time-limited designation for commodities listed in paragraph (a). The listing "Hops, dried" at 3.0 ppm inadvertently was left in paragraph (a) in the new list of commodities without a time-limited designation, but hops should have retained the time-limited designation, June 28, 1995, and been moved to a new paragraph. EPA is rectifying this oversight by designating the time-limited tolerance for hops in new paragraph (d) under 40 CFR 180.472. Also, in the November 30, 1994 document (59 FR 61278), a typographical error in 40 CFR 180.472(b), i.e., the November 17, 1994 time-limited designation, is corrected to read "November 17, 1996". The November 17, 1996 expiration date was specified in the preamble of the document, and its is correctly stated in the time-limited tolerance for cottonseed meal in 40 CFR 186.900(b) in the same document.

This document contains corrections and technical amendments only and

does not require notice and comment, 5 U.S.C. 553.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 10, 1995.

Stephen L. Johnson,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, a technical amendment is made to 40 CFR part 180 as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. In § 180.472, by amending paragraph (a) in the table therein by removing the listing "Hops, dried", by amending paragraph (b) in the introductory text by changing the date "November 17, 1994" to read "November 17, 1996", and by adding new paragraph (d), to read as follows:

§ 180.472 1-[(6-Chloro-3-pyridinyl) methyl]-N-nitro-2-imidazolidinimine; tolerances for residues.

* * * * *

(d) A time-limited tolerance, to expire June 28, 1995, is established permitting residues of the insecticide 1-[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2-imidazolidinimine and its metabolites containing the 6-chloropyridinyl moiety, all expressed as 1-[(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2-imidazolidinimine, in or on the following raw agricultural commodity:

Commodity	Parts per million
Hops, dried	3.0

[FR Doc. 95-4184 Filed 2-21-95; 8:45 a.m.]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

40 CFR Parts 180, 185, and 186

[PP 8F2034, 7F2013, 4F2993, 2F2623, 4F3046, 2F4144, and 6F3318/R2106; FRL-4933-4]

RIN 2070-AB78

Pesticide Tolerances for Permethrin, Cypermethrin, Fenvalerate/ Esfenvalerate, Tralomethrin, Fenpropathrin, Cyfluthrin, and Lambda-Cyhalothrin; Extension of Tolerances

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule extends tolerances for residues of seven synthetic pyrethroids—permethrin, cypermethrin, fenvalerate/esfenvalerate, tralomethrin, fenpropathrin, cyfluthrin, and lambda-cyhalothrin (collectively referred to as the synthetic pyrethroids)—in or on certain raw agricultural commodities. FMC Corp. (FMC), Zeneca Ag Products, E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Hoechst-Roussel Agri-Vet Co., Miles, Inc., and Valent U.S.A Corp., collectively called the industry's Pyrethroid Working Group (PWG), requested this rule to extend the effective date for tolerances for maximum permissible levels of residues of these synthetic pyrethroids in or on the commodities.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This regulation becomes effective February 22, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Written objections and hearing requests, identified by the document control number [PP 8F2034, 7F2013, 4F2993, 2F2623, 4F3046, 2F4144, and 6F3318/R2106], may be submitted to: Hearing Clerk (1900), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. M3708, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. A copy of any objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk should be identified by the document control number and should also be submitted to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7605C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, deliver objections and hearing requests filed with the Hearing Clerk to: Rm. 1132, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA. Fees accompanying objections shall be labeled "Tolerance Petition Fees" and forwarded to: EPA, Headquarters Accounting Operations Branch, OPP (tolerance fees), P.O. Box 360277M, Pittsburgh, PA 15251.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: George T. LaRocca, Product