This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Forest Service
Cedar Gulch Timber Sale, Kootenai National Forest; Sanders County; Montana

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.


SUMMARY: Due to personnel changes, the DEIS for the Cedar Gulch Timber Sale is expected to be filed with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and available for public review by June 15, 1995 instead of the September 1994 date published in the original Notice of Intent. Accordingly, the FEIS is re-scheduled for completion by September 30, 1995. All other information provided at 59 FR 14134 is still accurate. Additional comments on the project should be received within 30 days from the date this notice is published to receive timely consideration in preparation of the Draft EIS.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION OR TO SUBMIT COMMENTS CONTACT: James I. Mershon, District Ranger, Cabinet Ranger District, Kootenai National Forest, 2693 Highway 200, Trout Creek, MT 59874.


James I. Mershon,
Cabinet District Ranger, Kootenai National Forest.

[FR Doc. 95-3258 Filed 2-9-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-11-M

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Sources Sought for Advanced Information Technologies and New Information and Data Sources

AGENCY: Central Intelligence Agency.


SUMMARY: To expand their knowledge of vendor capabilities and to open communication about federal information management requirements, the federal, scientific and technical information community through CENDI, (the interagency group composed of Commerce, Energy, NASA, National Library of Medicine and Defense Information managers), in collaboration with Community Open Source Program Office (COSPO), among others, will sponsor a government-industry conference in May or June 1995 in the Washington, DC area. The purpose of the conference is to discuss government user needs, exchange ideas and demonstrate off-the-shelf tools, methods, technologies and information products suitable to meet these needs. The meeting will focus on available off the shelf technologies, and information and data sources. Technologies for working with sources of information located outside the United States and in non-English languages are a particular focus for part of the federal audience at this conference. A secondary focus is midterm technology development efforts. Products that will not be available within five years are beyond the scope of this meeting. Interested private and public sector organizations are invited to submit proposal to make a formal presentation and/or participate through exhibits or poster sessions at the conference. The event will present an opportunity to showcase developments. This is not a procurement action, nor does the U.S. Government intend to pay for the supplied information. Offerings should be compatible with existing platforms and open systems, e.g. UNIX and DOS.

The areas of immediate interest include but are not limited to the following:

**Interest Areas**

Technical Infrastructure for Information Distribution

Security

* Fire-walls and secure protocols
* Assurance for simultaneous connection of a single workstation to classified and unclassified networks (R&D to permit a policy determination)

* Products that prevent data-driven attacks
* Protection for transfer of sensitive information via the Internet (e.g., credit card, limited proprietary data)
* Encryption on the Internet
* Monitoring unauthorized access attempts

Communications (Telecommunications and Networking)

* Wireless communications
* Enabling devices that operate in a carrier's geographic coverage area
—Technology to support tariffs and billing
—Capabilities beyond existing switching technology
—Technology to resolve regulatory issues
* Technology to connect wireless to terrestrial systems
* Bandwidth to transmit multimedia information
* Compression technologies for multimedia delivery
* Electronic billing via Internet
* Audiovisual (video conference) technology, including file sharing during sessions

Information Collection/Acquisition/Discovery/Retrieval

“Smart” search techniques for automation-aided information retrieval
* Gateways and directory navigation (“pull technologies”) operating over a WAN
—Information locators worms, web crawlers, etc.
—Intelligence software agents (knowbots, drones, “probots” (proactive knowbots), etc.)
—Knowledge discovery to extract implicit, previously unknown, and potentially useful information from data
* Dependency detection
* Analysis of changes
* Detection of anomalies

* Data summarization
—Clustering, (i.e., grouping of related items for browsing of multimedia data, (e.g., images, video)
* Navigating and searching across distributed, multiple heterogeneous databases
* Presentation of integrated result sets of heterogeneous data types
Information Processing (Post-[Retrieval, Pre-analysis] Processing)

Conversion/Integration Technologies

* Hardcopy conversion concept of operations
* Data fusion, integration (text, data, images) and presentation
* Automatic generation of metadata (i.e., data about data) and other
* Automated indexing
* Media conversion (microfiche to electronic form, using scanning and OCR)
* Tagging (e.g., SGML) of multi-media (especially images) data
* Integration of geographic information systems (GIS) technology
* Scanning technology—OCR and other
* Multi-lingual OCR with high accuracy for poor print and copy test
* Automated correction tools for OCR errors for multiple languages
—Tools using syntax, linguistics, and grammars
—Lexicons for spell checking and keyword extraction in specialized areas of interest

Machine Translation

* Machine-aided translation
* Translation of languages (other than Russian, German, Romance)

Document management in a full-text electronic (digital library) environment, including input, storage, retrieval, and dissemination.

* "Push" technologies
* Publishing (including multi-media authoring and presentation)
* CD-ROM production (low-cost, in-house, one copy)
* Multi-format support (conversion technologies)
* Compound documents
* Client/server compatibility
* Support for object technology (including object linking and embedding capabilities)
* Archiving
* Massive digital data storage (optical disk and other technology)
* Compression technologies for multimedia products
* Workflow management

Exploitation Tools for Production/Analysis/Use

Tools sets and capabilities

* Scalability (upwards in terms of volume and complexity of material) for current profiling tools, retrieval, and filtering algorithms
* Hardware for advanced visualization, summarization, or input
* Integrating visualization tools with language-based tools
* Robust speech and language understanding technology

* User-friendly/GUI interfaces and human-computer interfaces for all of the above exploitation technologies
* Natural language understanding, especially to extract names, places, and relationships
* Natural language queries in English on foreign language databases (response in English)

Sources of Information and Data

There is also interest in expanding the acquisition and utilization of open source data on foreign subjects from domestic and foreign sources. To that end, information is sought on new sources for all geographic and topical subjects. Specific areas of interest include foreign developments dealing with:

* National, bilateral, and multi-lateral economic trends and activities
* National political events and organizations
* Environmental developments and government actions
* Scientific and technology developments and breakthroughs
* Military and security forces organizations, capabilities and locations
* National infrastructures (air, land, sea, communications)
* Industries and their products/customers
* Political, industrial, economic, social and governmental information on Africa and Latin America

Technology providers or information providers who work with technology providers are encouraged to respond to this announcement with product information.

Audience

The audience will be composed primarily of Federal Managers and major operating contractors who have information-related responsibilities and who are able to commit resources to address their information needs, and acquire appropriate solutions. They will represent components engaged in acquiring information in a multi-media environment, providing intermediary information processing services, and using the information for analysis/research, support to policy and decision makers, and operations.

If you are interested, send two abstracts of your offerings with a set of three to six key terms or phrases that categorize your presentation or exhibit subject. You should use the phrases listed above in the noted interest areas or offer additional, but relevant, concepts. With the abstract sent two copies of one or more detailed descriptions of offerings including duplicate copies of attachment to:

Mitre Corporation, 7525 Colshire Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102.
Attention: Open Source Industry Day
(Mail Stop Z–160)

Depending on the responses received, the length of the meeting, and the specific session structure will be determined. All respondents will be contracted as the planning of the conference proceeds.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul F. Wallner, Deputy Director, Community Open Source Program Office, Central Intelligence Agency, Washington, DC 20505; Telephone: (703) 281–8920.

Approved: February 6, 1995.

Frank J. Ruocco,
Deputy Director for Administration.
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BILLING CODE 6310–02–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 2–95]

Proposed Foreign-Trade Zone—Sebring, Florida; Application and Public Hearing

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Sebring Airport Authority, requesting authority to establish a general-purpose foreign-trade zone in Sebring, Florida, adjacent to the Port Manatee Customs port of entry. The application was submitted pursuant to the provisions of the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a–81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR Part 400). It was formally filed on February 2, 1995. The applicant is authorized to make the proposal under § 288.36, Florida Statutes Annotated (1993).

The proposed zone would be the second general-purpose zone in the Port Manatee Customs port of entry area. The existing zone is FTZ 169 in Palmetto, Florida (Grantee: Manatee County Port Authority, Board Order 492, 55 FR 50339, 12/6/90).

The proposed zone site is located at the Sebring Regional Airport complex (1,893 acres), 128 Authority Lane, Sebring. The complex includes airport facilities, an industrial park, and the Sebring International Raceway, owned by the applicant. The airport is a general-purpose regional airport and the industrial park can accommodate a variety of operations ranging from warehousing activities to heavy