

Regulation G-54, Revision 1 is extended to November 15, 1995.

Julia M. Stasch,

Acting Administrator of General Services.

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FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 206

RIN 3067-AC28

Individual and Family Grant Program

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

ACTION: Interim final rule.

SUMMARY: This interim final rule changes flood insurance regulations for recipients of Federal disaster assistance from the Individual and Family Grant Program.

DATES: This interim final rule is retroactive to September 23, 1994. We invite comments on this interim final rule, which should be received by April 10, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Please send any comments to the Rules Docket Clerk, Office of the General Counsel, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., room 840, Washington, DC 20472, (facsimile) (202) 646-4536.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Laurence W. Zensinger, Response and Recovery Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-4262, (facsimile) (202) 646-2730.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On September 23, 1994, the President signed Public Law 103-325, the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 (NFIRA). Section 582(c) of the NFIRA amends section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4012a(a)): "(1) By striking '* * * during the anticipated economic or useful life of the project,'; and (2) by adding at the end the following: The requirement of maintaining flood insurance shall apply during the life of the property, regardless of transfer of ownership of such property."

FEMA interprets this section as a requirement that all Individual and Family Grant (IFG) applicants who receive Federal disaster assistance for flood damage to real or personal property, or to both, must purchase and maintain flood insurance on the property until the time they move to another address. If not, then no IFG grant under section 411(a) for real or

personal property damage or loss may be awarded in any subsequent flood disasters. This maintenance provision also applies to individuals who bought, or otherwise had transferred to them, any real estate for which the flood insurance maintenance requirement was previously (after September 23, 1994) levied.

The minimum amount of coverage required will be equivalent to the maximum IFG grant amount each fiscal year. This amount is \$12,600 in Fiscal Year 1995 and is adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers. Renters must be covered for at least \$12,600 for personal property only, whereas homeowners must be covered for at least \$7,000 for real property and \$5,600 for personal property.

Section 582 and amendments made by that section apply to disasters declared after September 23, 1994, which include the following flood disasters:

1. FEMA-1041-DR, Texas—declared October 18, 1994;
2. FEMA-1042-DR, Georgia—declared October 19, 1994;
3. FEMA-1043-DR, Florida—declared November 28, 1994; and
4. FEMA-1044-DR, California—declared January 10, 1995; and any subsequent flood disasters declared by the President.

FEMA is publishing this interim final rule in order to implement the mandate of the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 that the flood insurance purchase requirement be in effect as of the date of enactment, September 23, 1994. While the interim final rule is retroactively effective from September 23, 1994, FEMA invites your written comments on the rule and asks that you send them to the Rules Docket Clerk at the **ADDRESSES** caption set out above.

National Environmental Policy Act

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review

This interim rule is not a significant regulatory action within the meaning of § 2(f) of E.O. 12866 of September 30, 1993, 58 FR 51735, and has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget. Nevertheless, this interim rule adheres to the regulatory principles set forth in E.O. 12866.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not contain a collection of information requirement as described in section 3504(h) of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under E.O. 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of E.O. 12778.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 206

Administrative practice and procedure, Disaster assistance, Grant programs—housing and community development, Insurance. Accordingly, 44 CFR part 206 is amended as follows:

PART 206—[AMENDED]

Subpart E—Individual and Family Grant Programs

1. The authority citation for part 206 continues to read as follows:

Authority: The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 5 U.S.C. App. 1; E.O. 12148, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412; and E.O. 12673, 3 CFR, 1989 Comp., p. 214.

2. Section 206.131(d)(1)(iii), paragraphs (C)(1) and (D), is revised to read as follows:

§ 206.131 Individual and Family Grant Programs.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) * * *

(iii) * * *

(C) (1) The State may not make a grant for acquisition or construction purposes in a designated special flood hazard area in which the sale of flood insurance is available under the NFIP unless the individual or family agrees to purchase adequate flood insurance and to maintain such insurance for as long as they live at that property address. The coverage shall be for a full \$12,600 (to be adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers). If the grantee is a homeowner, flood insurance coverage must be maintained on the residence at the flood-damaged property address for as long as the structure exists if the grantee, or any subsequent owner of that real estate, ever wishes to be assisted by the Federal government with any subsequent flood losses to real or

personal property, or both. If the grantee is a renter, flood insurance coverage must be maintained on the contents for as long as the renter resides at the flood-damaged property address. The restriction is lifted once the renter moves from the rental unit.

* * * * *

(D) A State may not make a grant to any individual or family who received Federal disaster assistance for flood damage occurring after September 23, 1994, if the individual or family received flood disaster assistance and was required, but failed, to purchase and maintain flood insurance as a condition of receiving that Federal flood disaster assistance.

* * * * *

Dated: January 31, 1995.

Richard W. Krimm,

Associate Director, Response and Recovery.

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

46 CFR Parts 25 and 160

[CGD 78-174]

RIN 2116-AA29

Hybrid PFDs; Establishment of Approval Requirements

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is correcting errors to a final rule published on January 9, 1995, in the **Federal Register** (60 FR 2482) entitled "Hybrid PFDs; Establishment of Approval Requirements." The final rule amends the structural and performance standards and procedures for approval of hybrid inflatable personal flotation devices.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 8, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mr. Samuel E. Wehr, Office of Marine Safety, Security, and Environmental Protection (G-MVI-3/14), 2100 Second St. SW., Washington, DC 20593-0001, (202) 267-1444.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The final rule that is the subject of this correction amends 46 CFR parts 25 and 160 regarding structural and performance standards and procedures for approval of hybrid inflatable personal flotation devices (hybrid PFDs). Hybrid PFDs are designed to

have a minimum amount of inherent flotation to ensure that a wearer will surface after falling in the water and to have a mechanism to inflate the PFD to provide additional buoyancy, and thereby greater clearance from the water, while a wearer awaits rescue. The rule also allows for approval of hybrid PFDs for youths and small children.

Need for Correction

As published, the final rule contains typographical errors in table 160.077-2(j) and in citations contained in § 160.077-21. Also, the final rule contains formatting errors and an incorrectly designated paragraph in § 160.077-31.

Correction of Publication

The publication on January 9, 1995 of the final rule [CGD 78-174], which was the subject of FR Doc. 95-433, is corrected as follows:

§ 160.077-2(j) [Corrected]

1. On page 2486, in table 160.077-2(j), in the first column under the heading "Reference PFD Type", first line, the words "Devices for adults, weight over 40 kg (90 lbs):" are corrected to read, "Devices for adults, weighing over 40 kg (90 lb):"

§ 160.077-21 [Corrected]

2. On page 2488, in the first column, in § 160.077-21, paragraph (c)(4)(i), line 10, the citation "S.7.1.B" is corrected to read "S7.1.B".

3. On page 2488, in the first column, in § 160.077-21, paragraph (c)(5)(i), line 3, the citation "S7 1.A" is corrected to read "S7.1.A".

§ 160.077-31 [Corrected]

4. On page 2591, in the first column, the amendatory instructions for § 160.077-31 are revised to read as follows:

"19. In § 160.077-31, paragraphs (c), (d), (g), (h), (j), introductory text, (j)(1) and (k) are revised, paragraphs (j) (2) and (3) are redesignated as (j) (3) and (4) respectively and revised, new paragraph (j)(2) is added, and paragraph (e)(5) is removed and paragraph (e)(6) is redesignated as paragraph (e)(5) to read as follows:"

5. On page 2491, in the first column, in § 160.077-31, paragraph (c), line 6 is corrected by indenting the line two spaces.

6. On page 2491, in the second column, in § 160.077-31, paragraph (d), line 8 is corrected by indenting that line two spaces, and line 9 is corrected by aligning that line against the left hand margin of the column.

7. On page 2491, in the third column, in § 160.077-31, paragraph (l), the

paragraph designation of "(l)" is corrected to read "(k)".

Dated: January 31, 1995.

Joseph J. Angelo,

Acting Chief, Office of Marine Safety, Security and Environmental Protection.

[FR Doc. 95-2993 Filed 2-6-95; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 64

[DA 95-36]

Bell Operating Companies' Joint Petition for Waiver of Computer II Rules

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Memorandum Opinion and Order.

SUMMARY: On October 18, 1994, the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit remanded in part the Commission's BOC Safeguards Order (57 FR 4373 (February 5, 1992)), which had established procedures for the Bell Operating Companies (BOCs) to offer enhanced services on a structurally integrated basis. This Memorandum Opinion and Order concluded that, because the Ninth Circuit decision generally returned the regulation of BOC enhanced services to a Comparably Efficient Interconnection (CEI) plan framework, waivers would only be necessary for new enhanced services or market trials, and for those existing services and market trials that were not covered by previously-approved CEI plans. In order to avoid possible service disruptions and customer confusion, the Common Carrier Bureau clarified the requirements for BOC provision of enhanced services, and granted the BOCs any necessary interim waivers to: Provide existing enhanced services pursuant to CEI plans approved prior to the lifting of structural separation; continue providing other existing enhanced services, pending FCC review of CEI plans for those services; file CEI plans for any new enhanced services; continue to perform research and planning activities and technical trials for enhanced services; continue existing market trials, conditioned on their filing the market trial notification required under the CEI plan regime; and begin market trials of new enhanced services pursuant to the market trial requirements of the CEI plan regime.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 13, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: