

- (IV) ACCO USA, Inc.—Delaware
 (V) Day-Timers, Inc.—Delaware
 (VI) Sax Arts and Crafts, Inc.—Delaware
 (VII) Kensington Microwave Limited—
 Delaware
 (VIII) MasterBrand Industries, Inc.—
 Delaware
 (IX) Moen Incorporated—Delaware
 (X) 21st Century Companies, Inc.—
 Delaware

Vernon A. Williams,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-2067 Filed 1-26-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7035-01-M

[Docket No. AB-55 (Sub-No. 495X)]

**CSX Transportation, Inc.—
 Abandonment and Discontinuance
 Exemption—in Lawrence County, IN**

CSX Transportation, Inc. (CSXT) filed a notice of exemption under 49 CFR 1152 Subpart F—*Exempt Abandonments* to abandon its 6.7-mile line of railroad extending between milepost Q-245.0, at Bedford, and milepost Q-251.7, near Mitchell, in Lawrence County, IN. A notice of exemption was served and published in the **Federal Register** on October 5, 1994 (59 FR 50771).

CSXT certified that: (1) No local traffic has moved over the line for at least 2 years; (2) there is no CSXT overhead traffic on the line; (3) no formal complaint filed by a user of rail service on the line (or by a state or local government entity acting on behalf of such user) regarding cessation of service over the line either is pending with the Commission or with any U.S. District Court or has been decided in favor of the complainant within the 2-year period; and (4) the requirements at 49 CFR 1105.7 (environmental reports), 49 CFR 1105.8 (historic report), 49 CFR 1105.11 (transmittal letter), 49 CFR 1105.12 (newspaper publication), and 49 CFR 1152.50(d)(1) (notice to governmental agencies) have been met.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers filed a request to revoke CSXT's exemption on November 28, 1994, alleging that the notice contained false or misleading information. CSXT's verified notice of exemption was properly filed. However, the notice served and published on October 5, 1994, contained a ministerial error and is amended by this new notice and **Federal Register** publication.

Because of trackage rights held by Soo Line Railroad Company's (SLR), CSXT may only discontinue service at this time. The effectiveness of this notice as to the abandonment will be contingent upon: (1) SLR's obtaining Commission

approval or exemption to discontinue its trackage rights; and (2) CSXT informing any party requesting public use or trail use if and when such trackage rights are discontinued. See *Missouri Pac. R. Co.—Aban.—Osage & Morris Count. KS*, 9 I.C.C.2d 1228 (1993). Requests for public use or trail use conditions will not be acted upon until SLR has relinquished its trackage rights.

As a condition to use of this exemption, any employee adversely affected by the abandonment shall be protected under *Oregon Short Line R. Co.—Abandonment—Goshen*, 360 I.C.C. 91 (1979). To address whether this condition adequately protects affected employees, a petition for partial revocation under 49 U.S.C. 10505(d) must be filed.

A copy of any pleading filed with the Commission should be sent to applicant's representative: Charles M. Rosenberger, 500 Water St., J150, Jacksonville, FL 32202.

If the notice of exemption contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void *ab initio*.

CSXT has filed an environmental report which addresses the abandonment's effects, if any, on the environment and historic resources. The Section of Environmental Analysis (SEA) issued an environmental assessment (EA) on by October 13, 1994 finding that abandonment of the line will not significantly affect the quality of the human environment. Interested persons may obtain a copy of the EA by writing to SEA (Room 3219, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, DC 20423) or by calling Elaine Kaiser, Chief of SEA, at (202) 927-6248.

Environmental, historic preservation, public use, or trail use/rail banking conditions will be imposed, where appropriate, in a subsequent decision.

Decided: January 23, 1995.

By the Commission, David M. Konschnik, Director, Office of Proceedings.

Vernon A. Williams,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95-2068 Filed 1-26-95; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[AAG/A Order No. 96-94]

**Privacy Act of 1974 as Amended by the
 Computer Matching and Privacy
 Protection Act of 1988**

This notice is published in the **Federal Register** in accordance with the requirements of the Privacy Act, as amended by the Computer Matching

and Privacy Protection Act of 1988 (CMPPA) (5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(12)). The Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Department of Justice (the source agency), is participating in computer matching programs with the District of Columbia and agencies of five states (all designated as recipient agencies). These matching activities will permit the recipient agencies to confirm the immigration status of alien applicants for, or recipients of, Federal benefits assistance under the "Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements (SAVE)" program as required by the Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) of 1986 (Pub. L. 99-603). Specifically, the matching activities will permit the following eligibility determinations:

(1) The District of Columbia Department of Employment Services; the New York Department of Labor; and the Texas Employment Commission will be able to determine eligibility status for unemployment compensation.

(2) The California State Department of Social Services will be able to determine eligibility status for the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) Program, and the Food Stamps Program.

(3) The Colorado Department of Social Services will be able to determine the eligibility status for the Medicaid Program, the AFDC Program, and the Food Stamps Program.

(4) The New Jersey Department of Labor will be able to determine eligibility status for unemployment compensation.

(5) The California State Department of Health Services will be able to determine eligibility status for the Medicaid Program.

Section 121(c) of IRCA amends section 1137 of the Social Security Act and requires agencies which administer the Federal benefit programs designated within IRCA to use the INS verification system to determine eligibility.

Accordingly, through the use of user identification codes and passwords, authorized persons from these agencies may electronically access the data base of an INS system of records entitled "Alien Status Verification Index, Justice/INS-009." From its automated records system, any agency (named above) participating in these matching programs may enter electronically into the INS data base the alien registration number of the applicant or recipient. This action will initiate a search of the INS data base for a corresponding alien registration number. Where such number is located, the agency will receive electronically from the INS data base the following data upon which to determine eligibility: Alien registration number; last name, first name; date of

birth; country of birth; social security number (if available); date of entry; immigration status data; and employment eligibility data. In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(p), such agencies will provide the alien applicant with 30 days notice and an opportunity to contest any adverse finding before final action is taken against that alien because of ineligible immigration status as established through the computer match.

The original effective date of the matching programs was January 29, 1990, for which notice was published in the **Federal Register** on December 28, 1989 (54 FR 53382). The programs have continued to date under the authority of a series of new approvals as required by the CMPPA. The CMPPA provides that based upon approval by agency Data Integrity Boards of a new computer matching agreement, computer matching activities may be conducted for 18 months and, contingent upon specific conditions, may be similarly extended by the Board for an additional year without the necessity of a new agreement. The most recent one-year extension for those programs listed in items (1) through (3) above will expire on February 3, 1995, and those listed in items (4) and (5) above will expire on February 6, 1995. Therefore, the Department's Data Integrity Board has approved new agreements to permit the continuation of the above-named computer matching programs for another 18-month period from the effective date (described below).

Matching activities under the new agreements will be effective (1) 30 days after publication of a computer matching notice in the **Federal Register**, or (2) 40 days after a report concerning the computer matching programs has been transmitted to the Office of Management and Budget and transmitted to Congress along with a copy of the agreements, whichever is later. The agreements (and matching activities) will continue for 18 months from the effective date—unless within 3 months prior to the expiration of the agreement, the Data Integrity Board approves a one-year extension pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(o)(2)(D).

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(o)(2)(A) and (r), the required report has been provided to the Office of Management and Budget, and to the Congress together with a copy of the agreements.

Inquiries may be addressed to Patricia E. Neely, Staff Assistant, Systems Policy Staff, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530 (Room 850, WCTR Bldg.).

Dated: January 18, 1995.

Stephen R. Colgate,

Assistant Attorney General for Administration.

[FR Doc. 95-2025 Filed 1-26-95; 8:45 am]

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Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

[OJP (OJJDP) No. 1041]

Meeting of the Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

AGENCY: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A meeting of the Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention will take place in the District of Columbia, beginning at 1:00 p.m. on Wednesday, February 8, 1995, and ending at 4:00 p.m. on February 8, 1995. This advisory committee, chartered as the Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, will meet at the United States Department of Justice, located at 10th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Conference Room 5111, Washington, D.C. 20530. The Coordinating Council, established pursuant to section 3(2)(A) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2), will meet to carry out its advisory functions under section 206 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended. This meeting will be open to the public. The public is advised that it must enter the building via the Constitution Avenue Visitors' Center. For security reasons, members of the public who are attending the meeting must contact the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) by close of business February 1, 1995. The point of contact at OJJDP is Lutricia Key who can be reached at (202) 307-5911. The public is further advised that a pictured identification is required to enter the building.

Shay Bilchik,

Administrator, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.

[FR Doc. 95-2085 Filed 1-26-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-18-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedeas decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the **Federal Register**, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used