

specified in the applicable guidelines. Grantees must comply with all statutory and program requirements applicable to grants under this program.

§ 93.5 Exclusion of violent offenders.

(a) The Assistant Attorney General will ensure that grants to States, State courts, local courts, units of local government, and Indian tribal governments, acting directly or through agreements with other public or private entities, exclude violent offenders from programs authorized and funded under this part.

(b) No recipient of a grant made under the authority of this part shall permit a violent offender to participate in any program receiving funding pursuant to this part.

(c) Applicants must certify as part of the application process that violent offenders will not participate in programs authorized and funded under this part. The required certification shall be in such form and contain such assurances as the Assistant Attorney General may require to carry out the requirements of this part.

(d) If the Assistant Attorney General determines that one or more violent offenders are participating in a program receiving funding under this part, such funding shall be promptly suspended, pending the termination of participation by those persons deemed ineligible to participate under these regulations.

(e) The Assistant Attorney General may carry out or make arrangements for evaluations and request information from programs that receive support under this part to ensure that violent offenders are excluded from participating in programs hereunder.

Subpart B—[Reserved]

Laurie Robinson,

Assistant Attorney General, Office of Justice Programs.

[FR Doc. 95-1903 Filed 1-25-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-18-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[NC-64-2-6642b; FRL-5138-7]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans North Carolina: Approval of Revisions to the State Implementation Plan

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The EPA proposes to approve the State Implementation Plan (SIP) revisions, submitted by the State of North Carolina, which extend the Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) regulations for emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) to new and expanded nonattainment areas for ozone (O₃); amend several definitions; add compliance schedules for sources located in O₃ nonattainment areas; amend the alternative compliance and exemption from compliance schedule regulations; amend the graphic arts regulation; add new regulations for several types of VOC sources; and add an interim regulation for categories of sources for which RACT guidelines are being developed. In the final rules section of this **Federal Register**, the EPA is approving the State's SIP revision as a direct final rule without prior proposal because the EPA views this as a noncontroversial revision amendment and anticipates no adverse comments. A detailed rationale for the approval is set forth in the direct final rule. If no adverse comments are received in response to that direct final rule, no further activity is contemplated in relation to this proposed rule. If EPA receives adverse comments, the direct final rule will be withdrawn and all public comments received will be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this proposed rule. The EPA will not institute a second comment period on this document. Any parties interested in commenting on this document should do so at this time. **DATES:** To be considered, comments must be received by February 27, 1995. **ADDRESSES:** Written comments on this action should be addressed to Mr. Randy Terry at the EPA Regional Office listed below.

Copies of the documents relative to this action are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the following locations. The interested persons wanting to examine these documents should make an appointment with the appropriate office at least 24 hours before the visiting day.

Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center (Air Docket 6102), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 443, 401 M Street, SW., Washington DC 20460.

Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV Air Programs Branch, 345 Courtland Street, NE., Atlanta, Georgia 30365.

North Carolina Department of Environmental, Health, and Natural Resources, Division of Environmental Management, Raleigh, North Carolina 27626-0535.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Randy Terry, Regulatory Planning and Development Section, Air Programs Branch, Air, Pesticides, and Toxics Management Division, Region IV Environmental Protection Agency, 345 Courtland Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30365. The telephone number is 404/347-3555, ext. 4212.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: For additional information see the direct final rule which is published in the rules section of this **Federal Register**.

Dated: January 3, 1995.

Patrick M. Tobin,

Acting Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 95-1935 Filed 1-25-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

40 CFR Part 180

[OPP-300377; FRL-4928-5]

RIN 2070-AB78

Urea-Formaldehyde Copolymer; Tolerance Exemption

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This document proposes to expand the current exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of urea-formaldehyde copolymer (CAS Reg. No. 9011-05-6), when used as an inert ingredient in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops only under 40 CFR 180.1001(d) to include uses as a solid diluent, filler and/or carrier and to modify the minimum molecular weight from 30,000 to 20,000. Ciba-Geigy Corp. requested this proposed regulation.

DATES: Written comments, identified by the document control number [OPP-300377], must be received on or before February 27, 1995.

ADDRESSES: By mail, submit written comments to Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, deliver comments to: Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202.

Information submitted as a comment concerning this document may be claimed confidential by marking any part or all of that information as "Confidential Business Information" (CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. A copy of the comment that does not

contain CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential will be included in the public docket by EPA without prior notice. All written comments will be available for public inspection in Rm. 1132 at the address given above, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Connie Welch, Registration Support Branch, Registration Division (7505W), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: 2800 Crystal Drive, North Tower, 6th Floor, Arlington, VA 22202, (703)-308-8470.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Ciba Geigy Corp., P.O. Box 18300, Greensboro, NC 27419-8300, submitted pesticide petition (PP) 4E04423 to EPA requesting that the Administrator, pursuant to section 408(e) of the Federal Food Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA) (21 U.S.C. 346 a(e)), propose to amend 40 CFR 180.1001(d) by revising the existing exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of urea-formaldehyde copolymer (CAS Reg. No. 9011-056), when used as an inert ingredient (encapsulating agent) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops only. The petitioner seeks to expand the use of urea-formaldehyde copolymer to include solid diluent, filler, and carrier and to revise the minimum number-average molecular weight from 30,000 to 20,000.

Inert ingredients are all ingredients that are not active ingredients as defined in 40 CFR 153.125, and include, but are not limited to, the following types of ingredients (except when they have a pesticidal efficacy of their own): solvents such as alcohols and hydrocarbons; surfactants such as polyoxyethylene polymers and fatty acids; carriers such as clay and diatomaceous earth; thickeners such as carrageenan and modified cellulose; wetting, spreading, and dispersing agents; propellants in aerosol dispensers; microencapsulating agents; and emulsifiers. The term "inert" is not to imply nontoxicity; the ingredient may or may not be chemically active.

The data submitted in the petition and other relevant material have been evaluated. As part of the EPA policy statement on inert ingredients published in the **Federal Register** of April 22, 1987 (52 FR 13305), the Agency set forth a list of studies which would generally be used to evaluate the risks posed by the presence of an inert ingredient in a pesticide formulation. However, where

it can be determined without that data that the inert ingredient will present minimal or no risk, the Agency generally does not require some or all of the listed studies to rule on the proposed tolerance or exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for an inert ingredient. The Agency has decided that no data, in addition to that described below, for urea-formaldehyde copolymer will need to be submitted. The rationale for this decision is described below.

In the case of certain chemical substances that are defined as "polymers," the Agency has established a set of criteria which identify categories of polymers that present low risk. These criteria (described in 40 CFR 723.250) identify polymers that are relatively unreactive and stable compared to other chemical substances as well as polymers that typically are not readily absorbed. These properties generally limit a polymer's ability to cause adverse effects. In addition, these criteria exclude polymers about which little is known. The Agency believes that polymers meeting the criteria noted above will present minimal or no risk. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer conforms to the definition of a polymer given in 40 CFR 723.250(b)(11) and meets the following criteria that are used to identify low-risk polymers.

1. The minimum number-average molecular weight of urea-formaldehyde copolymer is 20,000. Substances with molecular weights greater than 400 generally are not absorbed through the intact skin, and substances with molecular weights greater than 1,000 generally are not absorbed through the intact gastrointestinal tract. Chemicals not absorbed through skin or GI tract generally are incapable of eliciting a toxic response.

2. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer is not a cationic polymer, nor is it reasonably expected to become a cationic polymer in a natural aquatic environment.

3. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer does not contain less than 32.0 percent by weight of the atomic element carbon.

4. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer contains as an integral part of its composition the atomic elements carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, and oxygen.

5. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer does not contain as an integral part of its composition, except as impurities, any elements other than those listed in 40 CFR 723.250(d)(3)(ii).

6. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer is not a biopolymer, a synthetic equivalent of a biopolymer, or a derivative or modification of a biopolymer that is substantially intact.

7. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer is not manufactured from reactants containing, other than impurities, halogen atoms or cyano groups.

8. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer does not contain a reactive functional group that is intended or reasonably expected to undergo further reaction.

9. Urea-formaldehyde copolymer is neither designed nor reasonably expected to substantially degrade, decompose, or depolymerize.

Based on the information above and review of its use, EPA has found that, when used in accordance with good agricultural practice, this ingredient is useful and a tolerance is not necessary to protect the public health. Therefore, EPA proposes that the exemption from the requirement of a tolerance be established as set forth below.

Any person who has registered or submitted an application for registration of a pesticide, under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) as amended, that contains any of the ingredients listed herein, may request within 30 days after the publication of this document in the **Federal Register** that this rulemaking proposal be referred to an Advisory Committee in accordance with section 408(e) of the FFDCA.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the proposed regulation. Comments must bear a notation indicating the document control number, [OPP-300377]. All written comments filed in response to this petition will be available in the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, at the address given above, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays.

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirements of section 2 of Executive Order 12866.

Pursuant to the requirement of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have an economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the **Federal Register** of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of Subject in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: January 13, 1995.

Stephen L. Johnson

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, it is proposed that 40 CFR part 180 be amended as follows:

Part 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. Section 180.1001(d) is amended in the table therein by revising the inert

ingredient "Urea-formaldehyde copolymer", to read as follows:

§ 180.1001 Exemptions from the requirement of a tolerance.

* * * * *
(d) * * *

Inert ingredient	Limits	Uses
* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *
Urea-formaldehyde copolymer (CAS Reg. No. 9011-05-6); minimum number average molecular weight 20,000.	Encapsulating agent, solid diluent, filler, carrier.
* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *

* * * * *
[FR Doc. 95-1853 Filed 1-25-95; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 95-7, RM-8561]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Coleman, Sebewaing & Tuscola, Michigan

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This document requests comments on a petition filed by Faircom Flint, Inc., proposing the substitution of Channel 268A for Channel 269A, at Tuscola, Michigan, at coordinates 43-16-02 and 83-45-34, and modification of the license for Station WBBN accordingly. To accommodate the substitution at Tuscola, petitioner also requested the substitution of Channel 269A for Channel 268A at Coleman, Michigan, at coordinates 43-48-41 and 84-27-57 and modification of the license for Station WPRJ and the substitution of Channel 281A for vacant Channel 267A at Sebewaing, Michigan, at coordinates 43-39-30 and 83-31-00. Canadian concurrence will be requested for the new allotments at Tuscola, Coleman and Sebewaing. We shall also propose to delete the channel at Sebewaing if no expressions of interest are filed during the comment cycle in this proceeding. If comments are filed expressing interest in a channel in Sebewaing, Channel 281A will be allotted to the community and a window for filing applications will be

opened upon termination of this proceeding.

DATES: Comments must be filed on or before March 16, 1995, and reply comments on or before March 31, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D.C. 20554. In addition to filing comments with the FCC, interested parties should serve the petitioner's counsel, as follows: Richard M. Riehl, Haley, Bader & Potts, 4350 North Fairfax Drive, Suite 900, Arlington, Virginia 22203-1633.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Scheuerle, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 634-6530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's *Notice of Proposed Rule Making*, MM Docket No. 95-7, adopted January 12, 1995, and released January 23, 1995. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the Commission's Reference Center (Room 239), 1919 M Street, NW, Washington, D.C. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Services, Inc., 2100 M Street, NW, Suite 140, Washington, D.C. 20037, (202) 857-3800.

Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 do not apply to this proceeding.

Members of the public should note that from the time a Notice of Proposed Rule Making is issued until the matter is no longer subject to Commission consideration or court review, all *ex parte* contacts are prohibited in Commission proceedings, such as this one, which involve channel allotments. See 47 CFR 1.1204(b) for rules governing permissible *ex parte* contact.

For information regarding proper filing procedures for comments, see 47 CFR 1.415 and 1.420.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission.

John A. Karousos,

Chief, Allocations Branch, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau.

[FR Doc. 95-1950 Filed 1-25-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-F

47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 95-4; RM-8501]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Commission requests comments on a petition filed by Virgin Islands Public Television System, proposing the allotment of Channel 226A at Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands, and its reservation for noncommercial educational use. Channel 226A can be allotted to Charlotte Amalie in compliance with the Commission's minimum distance separation requirements without the imposition of a site restriction at petitioner's requested site. The coordinates for Channel 226A at Charlotte Amalie are North Latitude 18-21-26 and West Longitude 64-56-50.

DATES: Comments must be filed on or before March 16, 1995, and reply comments on or before March 31, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D.C. 20554. In addition to filing comments with the FCC, interested parties should serve the petitioner, or its counsel or consultant,