

Ashland Chemical Co., One Drew Plaza, Boonton, NJ 07005. The petition proposes to amend the food additive regulations in § 173.340 *Defoaming agents* (21 CFR 173.340) to provide for the safe use of polypropylene glycol with a molecular weight range of 1,200–3,000 g/mol, as a defoaming agent in processing beet sugar and yeast.

The agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.24(a)(9) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

Dated: January 4, 1995.

Alan M. Rulis,

Acting Director, Office of Premarket Approval, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.

[FR Doc. 95–837 Filed 1–11–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

[Docket No. 94F–0451]

The Shepherd Color Co., Filing of Food Additive Petition

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that The Shepherd Color Co. has filed a petition proposing that the food additive regulations be amended to provide for the safe use of copper chromite black spinel (C.I. Pigment Black 28) as a colorant for polymers intended for use in contact with food.

DATES: Written comments on the petitioner's environmental assessment by February 13, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, rm. 1–23, 12420 Parklawn Dr., Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Vir D. Anand, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–216), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–418–3081.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409(b)(5) (21 U.S.C. 348(b)(5))), notice is given that a food additive petition (FAP 5B4446) has been filed by The Shepherd Color Co., 4539 Dues Dr., Cincinnati, OH 45246. The petition proposes to amend the food additive regulations in § 178.3297 *Colorants for polymers* (21 CFR 178.3297) to provide for the safe use of copper chromite black

spinel (C.I. Pigment Black 28) as a colorant for polymers intended for use in contact with food.

The potential environmental impact of this action is being reviewed. To encourage public participation consistent with regulations promulgated under the National Environmental Policy Act (40 CFR 1501.4(b)), the agency is placing the environmental assessment submitted with the petition that is the subject of this notice on display at the Dockets Management Branch (address above) for public review and comment. Interested persons may, on or before February 13, 1995, submit to the Dockets Management Branch (address above) written comments. Two copies of any comments are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Comments are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Received comments may be seen in the office above between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday. FDA will also place on public display any amendments to, or comments on, the petitioner's environmental assessment without further announcement in the **Federal Register**. If, based on its review, the agency finds that an environmental impact statement is not required and this petition results in a regulation, the notice of availability of the agency's finding of no significant impact and the evidence supporting that finding will be published with the regulation in the **Federal Register** in accordance with 21 CFR 25.40(c).

Dated: January 4, 1995.

Alan R. Rulis,

Acting Director, Office of Premarket Approval, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.

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Health Resources and Services Administration

RIN 0905–ZA45

Final Review Criterion and Indicators for Grants for Family Medicine Training and Grants for General Internal Medicine and General Pediatrics Training

Grants for Family Medicine Training and Grants for General Internal Medicine and General Pediatrics Training are authorized by sections 747 (a) and (b) and 748, title VII of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by the Health Professions Education Extension Amendments of 1992, Pub. L. 102–408, dated October 13, 1992. These grant programs include:

Grants for Predoctoral Training in Family Medicine
Grants for Graduate Training in Family Medicine
Grants for Faculty Development in Family Medicine
Grants for Establishment of Departments of Family Medicine
Grants for Residency Training in General Internal Medicine and General Pediatrics
Grants for Faculty Development in General Internal Medicine and General Pediatrics

A notice was published in the **Federal Register** at 59 FR 50423 on October 3, 1994 to review criterion and indicators for Grants for Family Medicine Training and Grants for General Internal Medicine and General Pediatrics Training. No comments were received within the 30 day comment period. Therefore, the review criterion and indicators remain as proposed.

Review Criteria

The following review criteria were established in 42 CFR part 57, subparts Q, R, and FF.

1. The administrative and management ability of the applicant to carry out the proposed project in a cost-effective manner.

2. The potential of the project to continue on a self-sustaining basis after the period of grant support.

3. The degree to which the proposed project adequately provides for the project requirements.

In addition, the following review criterion is finalized for FY 1995:

4. Potential effectiveness of the proposed project in carrying out the training purposes of sections 747 or 748 of the PHS Act.

Weighted Indicators

Criterion 1: Potential Effectiveness of the Proposed Project in Carrying Out the Training Purposes of Sections 747 and 748 of the PHS Act

Indicator 1—Institutional Environment—20 points

Proposal describes the actions taken by the institution (i.e., department, medical school, or other sponsoring health care delivery institution) that demonstrate a high level of support for and promotion of generalist training and practice in community-based settings within underserved urban and rural communities and populations. Examples include organizational mission statements describing support for training and graduating generalists in the primary care disciplines, institutional financial support for such programs, institutional support for rural