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For other telephone numbers, see the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue.

Contents

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
NOTICES
Superfund program:
Hazardous substances priority list (toxicological profiles), 41881

Agricultural Marketing Service
RULES
Almonds grown in California, 41824
Milk marketing orders:
Southwest Plains, 41827
Onions (Vidalia) grown in Georgia, 41823

Agriculture Department
See also Agricultural Marketing Service; Farmers Home Administration; Forest Service
NOTICES
Committees; establishment, renewal, termination, etc.:
Wildfire Disasters National Commission, 41870

Army Department
NOTICES
Meetings:
Armed Forces Institute of Pathology Scientific Advisory Board, 41872

Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commission
NOTICES
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 41911
(2 documents)

Coast Guard
RULES
Dangerous cargoes, etc.:
Pressure vessel type cargo tanks on barges; internal examination and hydrostatic testing intervals, 41916

Commerce Department
See International Trade Administration; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Defense Department
See Army Department

Employment and Training Administration
NOTICES
Adjustment assistance:
Helmerich & Payne, Inc., 41904
Remington Building Products et al., 41902
Ted Butcher, Inc., et al., 41903
Grant and cooperative agreement awards:
Job Training Partnership Act—
National Youth Employment Coalition, 41904

Energy Department
See also Energy Research Office; Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
NOTICES
Natural gas exportation and importation:
Goetz Energy Corp., 41873

Energy Research Office
NOTICES
Committees; establishment, renewal, termination, etc.:
Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee, 41872

Environmental Protection Agency
NOTICES
Meetings:
Science Advisory Board, 41874

Executive Office of the President
See Presidential Documents

Farmers Home Administration
RULES
Program regulations:
Self-help housing technical assistance grants, 41828

Federal Aviation Administration
RULES
Airworthiness directives:
Boeing, 41849, 41850
(2 documents)
McDonnell Douglas, 41851
Control zones, 41853
Control zones and transition areas, 41853, 41854
(3 documents)
Transition areas, 41855
VOR Federal airways, 41852
PROPOSED RULES
Airworthiness directives:
Glasfugel, 41862
Rulemaking petitions; summary and disposition, 41862
NOTICES
Exemption petitions; summary and disposition, 41909

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
NOTICES
Environmental statements; availability, etc.:
Beaver City Corp., 41872
Hydroelectric applications, 41872
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 41912

Federal Highway Administration
NOTICES
Environmental statements; notice of intent:
Salt Lake County, UT, 41909

Federal Maritime Commission
NOTICES
Agreements filed, etc., 41875
Casualty and nonperformance certificates:
Alaska Sightseeing Tours, Inc., et al., 41875

Federal Reserve System
NOTICES
Federal Open Market Committee:
Domestic policy directives, 41875
Applications, hearings, determinations, etc.:
Beauprez, Robert L., et al., 41876
First Union Corp. et al., 41876
Paloma Bancshares, Inc., et al., 41877
Peotone Bancorp, Inc., 41877

Federal Trade Commission
NOTICES
Premerger notification waiting periods; early terminations, 41877
Prohibited trade practices:
Guild Mortgage Co., 41878
IVF Australia, Ltd., et al.; correction, 41881

Fish and Wildlife Service
NOTICES
Endangered and threatened species permit applications, 41896

Food and Drug Administration
NOTICES
Biological products:
Export applications—
AUSAB rDNA EIA, 41882
Medical devices; premarket approval:
Pure-Dent B851 Absorbable Dusting Powder; correction, 41913
Sorin Biomedica, S.p.A., AB-HAVK; correction, 41913
Sorin Biomedica, S.p.A., EBK; correction, 41813
Meetings:
Advisory committees, panels, etc., 41883

Forest Service
NOTICES
Committees; establishment, renewal, termination, etc.:
Wildfire Disasters National Commission [Editorial Note: For a document on this subject, see entry under Agriculture Department.], 41870

Health and Human Services Department
See Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry; Food and Drug Administration; Health Resources and Services Administration; Public Health Service

Health Resources and Services Administration
See also Public Health Service
NOTICES
Advisory committees; annual reports; availability, 41833
Meetings; advisory committees:
November, 41833

Housing and Urban Development Department
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities under OMB review, 41833, 41834
(2 documents)
Organization, functions, and authority delegations:
Regional Administrator, Acting, Region IV; designation, 41891

Interior Department
See Fish and Wildlife Service; Land Management Bureau; Minerals Management Service; National Park Service; Reclamation Bureau; Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement Office

International Trade Administration
NOTICES
Antidumping:
Industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia, 41870
Export trade certificates of review, 41871
(2 documents)

International Trade Commission
NOTICES
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 41911

Justice Department
See Parole Commission

Labor Department
See Employment and Training Administration; Mine Safety and Health Administration

Land Management Bureau
RULES
Public land orders:
Arizona, 41855
NOTICES
Meetings:
Arizona Strip District Advisory Council; field tours, 41891

Library of Congress
NOTICES
Meetings:
National Film Preservation Board, 41905

Management and Budget Office
NOTICES
Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Reaffirmation Act (Gramm-Rudman-Hollings):
Final sequestration report to President and Congress, 41928

Mine Safety and Health Administration
NOTICES
Safety standard petitions:
Rawl Sales & Processing Co., 41904
Wolf-Creek Collieries Co., 41905

Minerals Management Service
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities under OMB review, 41896, 41901
(5 documents)

National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NOTICES
Meetings:
Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee, 41905, 41907
(4 documents)

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
RULES
Fishery products, processed:
Fish blocks, frozen; grade standards, 41856

National Park Service
NOTICES
Boundary establishment, descriptions, etc.:
Hull-Rust-Mahoning National Historic Landmark, MN, et al., 41901
Meetings:
Mississippi River Coodinating Commission, 41901
Upper Delaware Citizens Advisory Council, 41902

Nuclear Regulatory Commission
NOTICES
General licensee information; public disclosure, 41907
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 41912

Parole Commission
NOTICES
Meetings; Sunshine Act. 41911

Presidential Documents
PROCLAMATIONS
Special observances:
Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Reaffirmation Act (Gramm-Rudman-Hollings); Final sequestration order (Order of October 15, 1990), 41928
Country Music Month (Proc. 6205)., 41925
Disability Employment Awareness Month, National (Proc. 6203), 41921
Forest Products Week, National (Proc. 6204), 41923

Public Health Service
See also Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry; Food and Drug Administration; Health Resources and Services Administration
PROPOSED RULES
Grants:
Individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds; educational assistance, 41865

Reclamation Bureau
NOTICES
Contract negotiations:
Quarterly status tabulation of water services and repayment, 41891

Securities and Exchange Commission
NOTICES
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 41912

Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement Office
PROPOSED RULES
Permanent program and abandoned mine land reclamation plan submissions:
Arkansas, 41864

Thrift Supervision Office
NOTICES
Conservator appointments:
Superior Federal Savings Association, 41910
Receiver appointments:
First Federal Savings & Loan Association of Central Indiana, 41910
Midwest Savings Association, F.A., 41910
Superior Savings Association, 41910

Toxic Substances and Disease Registry Agency
See Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

Transportation Department
See also Coast Guard; Federal Aviation Administration; Federal Highway Administration
NOTICES
Aviation proceedings:
Agreements filed; weekly receipts, 41908
Certificates of public convenience and necessity and foreign air carrier permits; weekly applications, 41908

Treasury Department
See also Thrift Supervision Office
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities under OMB review, 41910

Separate Parts In This Issue

Part II
Department of Transportation, Coast Guard, 41916

Part III
The President, 41921

Part IV
Management and Budget Office, 41928

Part V
The President, 41977

Reader Aids
Additional information, including a list of public laws, telephone numbers, and finding aids, appears in the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue.

CFR PARTS AFFECTED IN THIS ISSUE

A cumulative list of the parts affected this month can be found in the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue.

3 CFR

Proclamations:
6203.....41921
6204.....41923
6205.....41925

Administrative Orders:
Orders:
October 15, 1990

7 CFR
955.....41823
981.....41824
1106.....41827
1924.....41828
1933.....41828
1944.....41828

14 CFR
39 (3 documents).....41848, 41851
71 (6 documents).....41852, 41855

Proposed Rules:
Ch. I.....41862
39.....41862

30 CFR

Proposed Rules:
904.....41864

42 CFR

Proposed Rules:
57.....41865

43 CFR

Public Land Orders:
6804.....41855

46 CFR
38.....41916
54.....41916
98.....41916
151.....41916

50 CFR
264.....41856

Rules and Regulations

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.
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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

7 CFR Part 955

[Docket No. FV-90-199]

Vidalia Onions Grown in Georgia; Expenses and Assessment Rate

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule authorizes expenditures and establishes an assessment rate under Marketing Order 955 for the 1990–91 fiscal period. Authorization of this budget will permit the Vidalia Onion Committee to incur expenses that are reasonable and necessary to administer the program. Funds to administer this program are derived from assessments on handlers.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 16, 1990, through September 15, 1991.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Caroline C. Thorpe, Marketing Order Administration Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Division, AMS, USDA, P.O. Box 96456, Room 2525–S, Washington, DC 20090–6456, telephone 202–447–2020.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule is issued under Marketing Agreement and Order No. 955 (7 CFR part 955), regulating the handling of Vidalia onions grown in Georgia. The marketing agreement and order are effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), hereinafter referred to as the Act.

This rule has been reviewed by the Department in accordance with Departmental Regulation 1512–1 and the criteria contained in Executive Order 12291 and has been determined to be a "non-major" rule.

Pursuant to requirements set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), the Administrator of the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) has considered the economic impact of this final rule on small entities.

The purpose of the RFA is to fit regulatory actions to the scale of business subject to such actions in order that small businesses will not be unduly or disproportionately burdened. Marketing orders issued pursuant to the Act, and rules issued thereunder, are unique in that they are brought about through group action of essentially small entities acting on their own behalf. Thus, both statutes have small entity orientation and compatibility.

There are approximately 145 handlers and 250 producers of Vidalia onions in that portion of Georgia covered under this marketing order. Small agricultural producers have been defined by the Small Business Administration (13 CFR 121.2) as those having annual receipts of less than $500,000, and small agricultural service firms are defined as those whose annual receipts are less than $3,500,000. The majority of Vidalia onion producers and handlers may be classified as small entities.

The budget of expenses for the 1990–91 fiscal year was prepared by the Vidalia Onion Committee (committee), the agency responsible for local administration of the marketing order, and submitted to the Department of Agriculture for approval. The members of the committee are handlers and producers of Vidalia onions. They are familiar with the committee's needs and with the costs for goods, services and personnel in their local area and are thus in a position to formulate an appropriate budget. The budget was formulated and discussed in a public meeting. Thus, all directly affected persons have had an opportunity to participate and provide input.

The assessment rate recommended by the committee was derived by dividing anticipated expenses by expected shipments of Vidalia onions. Because that rate is applied to actual shipments, it must be established at a rate which will produce sufficient income to pay the committee's expected expenses.

The committee met on August 16, 1990, and unanimously recommended a 1990–91 budget of $182,753. Last season's budget was $157,808. Major expense items include contract management fees in the amount of $40,000 (22 percent of the budget), $85,832 for marketing development, and $30,000 for production research. Expenditures for marketing development and production research projects are up a combined total of $46,245 over last year.

The committee also unanimously recommended an assessment rate of $0.10 per 50-pound bag, the same rate as last season's. This rate, when applied to shipments of 1.75 million 50-pound bags of onions, would yield $175,000 in assessment revenue. This amount, when added to $4,500 from miscellaneous income (*e.g.*, interest revenue) and $3,253 from the reserve fund, would be adequate to cover budgeted expenses.

While this action will impose some additional costs on handlers, the costs are in the form of uniform assessments on all handlers. Some of the additional costs may be passed on to producers. However, these costs will be offset by the benefits derived from the operation of the marketing order. Therefore, the Administrator of the AMS has determined that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

A proposed rule was published in the **Federal Register** on September 18, 1990 (55 CFR 33337). That document contained a proposal to add § 955.203 to authorize expenses and establish an assessment rate for the committee. That rule provided that interested persons could file comments through September 28, 1990. No comments were received.

After consideration of all relevant material, including that set forth in the proposal, it is hereby found that this rule, as hereinafter set forth, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act.

This action should be expedited because the committee needs to have sufficient funds to pay its expenses which are incurred on a continuous basis. The 1990–91 fiscal period for the program began on September 16, 1990, and the marketing order requires that the rate of assessment apply to all assessable Vidalia onions handled during the fiscal period. In addition, handlers are aware of this action which was recommended by the committee at a public meeting. Therefore, it is found and determined that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this rule until 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register** (5 U.S.C. 553) because the committee needs to have sufficient funds to pay its expenses

which are incurred on a continuous basis.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 955

Marketing agreements, Onions, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 7 CFR part 955 is amended as follows:

PART 955—VIDALIA ONIONS GROWN IN GEORGIA

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 955 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674.

2. A new § 955.203 is added to read as follows:

Note: This section will not be published in the Code of Federal Regulations.

§ 955.203 Expenses and assessment rate.

Expenses of $182,753 by the Vidalia Onion Committee are authorized and an assessment rate of $0.10 per 50-pound bag of Vidalia onions is established for the fiscal period ending September 15, 1991. Unexpended funds may be carried over as a reserve.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Robert C. Keeney,

Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division.

[FR Doc. 90–24322 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–02–M

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7 CFR Part 981

[AMS–FV–89–116FR]

Almonds Grown in California; Changes to the Administrative Rules and Regulations Concerning Crediting for Marketing Promotion and Paid Advertising Expenditures

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule changes the administrative rules and regulations established under the Federal marketing order for California almonds. The changes provide handlers with additional opportunities to receive credit against their assessments for their own brand or generic advertising and promotion activities. The changes: (1) Allow handlers credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using light emitting diode (LED) signs; (2) relax restrictions under which handlers may receive credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using fixed position media; (3) require handlers wishing to receive credit for unreimbursed advertising expenditures in foreign markets pursuant to a contract with the Foreign Agriculture Service (FAS) or the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) to provide the Almond Board of California (Board) with a certification and supporting documentation that such handlers will not be reimbursed for such advertising by one of those organizations; (4) allow handlers credit for brand advertising in all foreign countries where California almonds are sold, when substantiated by applicable rate cards, rather than only in certain specified foreign countries as is currently authorized; and (5) increase the credit for certain mail order promotion costs from $25,000 to 25 percent of a handler's annual creditable obligation or $25,000, whichever is greater. This action is based on a recommendation of the Board, which is responsible for local administration of the order, and other available information.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 16, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Allen Belden, Marketing Order Administration Branch, F&V, AMS, USDA, Room 2525–S, P.O. Box 96456, Washington, DC 20090–6456; telephone: (202) 475–3923.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This final rule is issued under marketing agreement and Order No. 981 (7 CFR Part 981), both as amended, hereinafter referred to as the order, regulating the handling of almonds grown in California. The order is effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), hereinafter referred to as the Act.

This rule has been reviewed by the Department in accordance with Departmental Regulation 1512–1 and the criteria contained in Executive Order 12291 and has been determined to be a "non-major" rule.

Pursuant to requirements set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), the Administrator of the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) has considered the economic impact of this action on small entities.

The purpose of the RFA is to fit regulatory actions to the scale of business subject to such actions in order that small businesses will not be unduly or disproportionately burdened. Marketing orders issued pursuant to the Act, and rules issued thereunder, are unique in that they are brought about through group action of essentially small entities acting on their own behalf. Thus, both statutes have small entity orientation and compatibility.

There are approximately 95 handlers of almonds who are subject to regulation under the almond marketing order and approximately 7,000 producers in the regulated area. Small agricultural producers have been defined by the Small Business Administration (13 CFR 121.2) as those having annual receipts of less than $500,000, and small agricultural service firms have been defined as those whose annual receipts are less than $3,500,000. The majority of handlers and producers of California almonds may be classified as small entities.

This action provides handlers of California almonds with several additional opportunities to receive credit against the creditable portion of their annual assessments under the order. This action: (1) Allows handlers credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using LED signs; (2) relaxes restrictions under which handlers may receive credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using fixed position media; (3) allows handlers credit for brand advertising in all foreign countries where California almonds are sold, when substantiated by applicable rate cards, rather than only in certain specified foreign countries as is currently authorized; and (4) increases the credit for certain mail order promotion costs from $25,000 to 25 percent of a handler's annual creditable assessment obligation or $25,000, whichever is greater. It is the view of AMS that these changes allow almond handlers greater flexibility in the advertising methods for which they may receive credit, while not imposing any additional costs on handlers.

This action also establishes a new provision concerning an existing regulation which prevents handlers from receiving credit for their foreign advertising expenditures which are reimbursed by the FAS or CDFA. This action requires handlers to certify on Board form "ABC Form 31" (also known as "Handler Claim for Advertising Credit") that expenditures pertaining to foreign advertising claims submitted to the Board for credit will not be reimbursed by the FAS or CDFA. This will be accomplished by adding additional language to a certification currently included on "ABC Form 31," whereby handlers certify that the information provided on that form and supporting documents are complete and correct. The action also requires handlers to submit to the Board copies of all claims for reimbursement filed with the FAS or CDFA so that Board staff could cross-check to ensure that credit is not granted under the order in

cases where reimbursement by the FAS or CDFA occurs. It is the view of the AMS that adding additional language to the certification on "ABC Form 31" will not impose any additional burden or costs on handlers as all handlers wishing to receive credit for their own marketing promotion and paid advertising activities under the order must currently sign this certification. It is also the view of the AMS that the cost to handlers of providing the and Board with copies of all claims for reimbursement filed with the FAS or CDFA will average approximately $3.00 per claim and that the estimated total number of claims which will be filed each year by all handlers is 100.

This action revises § 981.441 of Subpart—Administrative Rules and Regulations and is based on a unanimous recommendations of the Board and other available information.

Section 981.41(c) of the order provides that the Board, with the approval of the Secretary, may allow handlers to receive credit for their direct marketing promotion expenditures, including paid advertising, against that portion of such handlers' assessment obligations which is designated for marketing promotion, including paid advertising. That paragraph also provides that handlers shall not receive credit for allowable expeditures that would exceed the amount of such creditable assessments. Section 981.41(e) further provides that before crediting is undertaken, and after recommendations are received from the Board, the Secretary shall prescribe appropriate rules and regulations as are necessary to effectively administer the order provisions for crediting handler marketing promotion and paid advertising expenditures.

Section 981.441 currently prescribes rules and regulations to regulate crediting for marketing promotion, including paid advertising. This final rule revises § 981.441(c)(3), concerning crediting of payments to advertising media in domestic markets; § 981.441(c)(4), concerning crediting of payments to advertising media in foreign markets; and § 981.441(d)(1), concerning crediting for marketing promotion expenditures.

This final rule revises § 981.441(c)(3) by changing subparagraph (i)(E) in two ways. The first change allows handlers to receive credit against their creditable assessments for 100 percent of such handlers' payments for in-store supermarket generic or brand advertising using LED signs. This is a new form of in-store supermarket advertising now being offered by advertising firms, which the industry would like to utilize. Currently, handlers may only receive credit for in-store supermarket advertisement using fixed position or video media. Handlers wishing to receive credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using LED signs will be required to show such advertisements on an in-aisle LED screen running specific product messages on a rotating basis.

As with in-store supermarket advertising using fixed position or video media, handlers will have to conduct this type of LED advertising through an advertising firm. The advertising firm or company which specializes in the production of LED advertisements and the placement of those advertisements will pay the retail food store for displaying the advertisement. Therefore, the payment to the retail food store will not come directly from the handler. This procedure will allow the Board to differentiate payments for this type of creditable advertising from other types of payments often made by handlers to retail food stores, such as payments for shelf space, which are not creditable expenditures. This is necessary as both payments for advertising and for shelf space are customarily consolidated under the general heading "advertising" on invoices from retailers to handlers.

The second change to § 981.441 (c)(3)(i)(E) relaxes a restriction on credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using fixed position media. Section 981.441(c)(3)(i)(E) currently requires that fixed position advertisements for which handlers may receive credit must include two or more of the following: (1) Processed color displays enclosed in plastic frames and mounted on supermarket shopping carts, (2) overhead directories enclosed in frames placed at the end or middle of supermarket aisles, and (3) processed color advertisements enclosed in frames and mounted on a supermarket shelf. The change allows handlers to receive credit if only one of those three types of fixed position advertisements is conducted. When provisions for crediting fixed position advertisements were first added to the rules and regulations, the Board believed that two of the three types of advertising would be necessary to conduct an effective fixed position advertising campaign. Standard practice in the industry at that time required the use of at least two of the three types of advertising. The Board now reports that standard industry practice has changed, allowing handlers to purchase fixed position advertising utilizing only one of the three types. Handlers should be allowed to take advantage of this new opportunity.

There are two changes to § 981.441(c)(4). The first change revises paragraph (i) of that section. Section 981.441(c)(4)(i) currently allows credit for handler's unreimbursed media expenditures for advertising in any foreign market pursuant to a contract with FAS or CDFA provided that the advertisements meet certain conditions specified elsewhere in § 981.441. The change requires handlers to certify on "ABC Form 31" that they are not filing claims with the Board for expenditures which have been or will be reimbursed by the FAS or CDFA. The change also requires handlers to submit to the Board copies of all claims filed with the FAS or CDFA for reimbursement so that Board staff can cross-check those claims against claims filed with the Board to ensure that credit is not granted in cases where reimbursement by the FAS or CDFA occurs.

The second change to § 981.441(c)(4) changes paragraph (ii) to allow handlers who advertise in foreign countries without a contract with the FAS or CDFA to receive credit for media expenditures for brand advertising in all foreign countries where California almonds are sold and where payments for such expenditures can be compared to applicable rate cards. Currently, § 981.441(c)(4)(ii) allows handlers to receive credit for such expenditures in 22 specified foreign countries. In the past, the Board recommended additions to the list of the specified foreign countries where rate cards were available, so that Board staff could substantiate handler claims for credit as reasonable and appropriate. The Board has recommended that credit be made available in all foreign countries where applicable rate cards are available. Accordingly, the list of specified foreign countries is no longer necessary. It will be the responsibility of the individual handler to submit the applicable rate card to Board staff.

This final rule to revise § 981.441(d)(1) revises paragraph (iii)(B) to increase the credit for certain mail order promotion costs from $25,000 per handler per crop year to $25,000 or 25 percent of a handler's creditable assessment obligation per handler per crop year, whichever is greater. Mail order promotion costs for which credit is allowed under the order are expenditures for the purchase of mailing lists and for envelopes and postage to mail promotional materials The Board believes that the current $25,000 limit is too restrictive and, therefore, should be relaxed.

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3507), the new information collection provisions that are included in this final

rule have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of 44 U.S.C. chapter 35 and have been assigned OMB No. 0581–0071.

Based on the above, the Administrator of the AMS has determined that the issuance of this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Notice of this action was published in the **Federal Register** on March 14, 1990 (55 FR 9457), inviting written comments from interested persons through April 13, 1990. The comment period was extended to May 14, 1990, by a notice published in the **Federal Register** on April 26, 1990 [55 FR 17618]. One comment was received from Brian C. Leighton, an attorney representing an almond handler Cal-Almond, Inc. (Cal-Almond).

Cal-Almond indicated that the proposals to allow handlers credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using LED signs and to relax restrictions under which handlers may receive credit for in-store supermarket advertisements using fixed position media would benefit only those few handlers who have a retail brand name. Cal-Almond pointed out that only a small percentage of California almonds are sold domestically as branded consumer items, whereas the vast majority of California almonds are sold for export or as ingredient items to food manufacturers. Cal-Almond believes that the majority of the provisions currently comprising § 981.441 of the order's administrative rules and regulations benefit those handlers with a retail brand name. However, section 981.441 has been amended fifteen times since its inception in 1972, and many of those amendments have added provisions designed to provide opportunities for handlers who do not have a brand name to receive credit. Moreover, it is the AMS's view that all almond advertising and promotion activities benefits all handlers by increasing demand for all almonds.

Cal-Almond indicated that the proposed change to allow handlers credit against their assessments for brand advertising in all foreign countries where California almonds are sold would benefit the large handlers with a retail brand as much, if not more, than it would benefit handlers without a retail brand name. Concerning the proposed increase in the credit for certain mail order promotion costs, Cal-Almond indicated that handlers can not recoup the amount of money spent on mail order advertising in profits from mail order sales. Both of these proposed changes were based on recommendations made by Cal-Almond at the November 29, 1989, meeting of the Board's Public Relations and Advertising Committee (Committee). The recommendations were subsequently adopted by the Committee and the Board and recommended to the AMS. In the comment, Cal-Almond indicated that Cal-Almond is still generally in favor of two changes. As stated previously, it is the AMS's view that all almond advertising and promotion activities benefit all handlers by increasing demand for all almonds.

Cal-Almond made several other recommendations to change the rules and regulations contained in § 981.441 at the November 29 meeting which were not adopted by the Committee. In the comment, Cal-Almond asked the AMS to consider the recommendations which were not adopted by the Committee. Cal-Almond requested the AMS to either adopt those recommendations as part of this final rule or to issue a new proposed rule inviting comments from interested persons on the recommendations. However, the additional changes proposed by Cal-Almond were not contained in the proposed rule in this proceeding and, therefore, would be outside the scope of the proposed rule in this action. Thus, it would be inappropriate for Cal-Almond's proposals to be adopted herein. In connection with the request for issuance of a new proposed rule inviting comments from interested parties on the recommendations, that request will be responded to separately from this rulemaking.

In its comment, Cal-Almond argued that its rights under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution are violated as a result of the advertising and assessment provisions of part 981. We disagree. It has been and is AMS's position that all provisions of the order are authorized under the Act, and that the Act, order, and regulations in no way violate the First Amendment rights of Cal-Almond.

For the reasons stated above, Cal-Almond's comments are denied unless otherwise provided herein.

After consideration of all relevant matter presented, including the Board's recommendation, the comment received, and other available information, it is found that the changes hereinafter set forth will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act.

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, it is further found that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this action until 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register** in that: (1) The regulation provides handlers with additional flexibility in crediting advertising and promotion expenditures, and handlers should have the opportunity to utilize this increased flexibility as soon as possible; (2) handlers are aware of this action and need no additional time to comply; and (3) no useful purpose would be served by delaying the effective date of this action.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 981

Almonds, Marketing agreements, Nuts, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 7 CFR part 981 is amended as follows:

PART 981—ALMONDS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 981 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674.

Subpart—Administrative Rules and Regulations

2. Section 981.441 is amended by revising paragraphs (c)(3)(i), (c)(4)(i), (c)(4)(ii), and (d)(1)(iii)(B) to read as follows:

§ 981.441 Crediting for marketing promotion including paid advertising.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(3) * * *

(i) For 100 percent of a handler's payment to an advertising medium:

(A) For a generic advertisement of California almonds;

(B) For an advertisement of the handler's brand of almonds;

(C) When either of these advertisements includes reference to a complementary commodity or product;

(D) For a trade media advertisement that displays branded food products containing almonds, or announces a handler's future promotion activities, including joint promotions, and the entire expenditure is borne by the handler;

(E) For in-store supermarket advertisements using fixed position, video media, or light emitting diode (LED) signs, when such payments are made through an advertising firm or company which specializes in the production of LED advertisements and the placement of those advertisements: (*1*) Fixed position advertisements must include one or more of the following: (*i*) Processed color displays enclosed in plastic frames and mounted on supermarket shopping carts; (*ii*)

overhead directories enclosed in frames placed at the end or middle of supermarket aisles; or (*iii*) processed color advertisements enclosed in frames and mounted on a supermarket shelf; (*2*) Video advertisements must be shown on a fixed video monitor running television commercials or infomercials for specific products on a rotating basis; (*3*) LED advertisements must be shown on an in-aisle LED screen running specific product messages on a rotating basis; or

(F) For processed color displays enclosed in frames mounted on fixtures outside and in front of retail food stores when payments are made through an advertising firm.

* * * * *

(4) * * *

(i) For handlers' unreimbursed media expenditures for advertising in any foreign market pursuant to a contract with the Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and/or the California Department of Food and Agriculture, provided the advertisements meet the requirements of paragraphs (c) (2) and (3) of this section and the limitations of paragraphs (c)(5) (i) and (ii) of this section. Such advertising in foreign markets shall not be creditable unless the handler certifies on ABC Form 31 that said handler was not and will not be reimbursed for such advertising by the Foreign Agricultural Service or the California Department of Food and Agriculture and submits to the Board copies of all claims for reimbursement filed with the Foreign Agriculture Service and/or the California Department of Food and Agriculture.

(ii) For a handler's media expenditures for brand advertising in any country where California almonds are sold, credit shall be allowed when claims are substantiated by applicable rate cards. The provisions of this section applicable to domestic advertising shall also apply to the crediting of advertising in these markets.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) * * *

(iii) * * *

(B) Credit for mail order promotion shall be limited to a total of $25,000 or 25 percent of a handler's creditable assessment per crop year, whichever is greater.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Robert C. Keeney,

Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division.

[FR Doc. 90-24323 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-02-M

7 CFR Part 1106

[DA-90-034]

Milk in the Southwest Plains Marketing Area; Order Suspending Certain Provisions

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Suspension of rule.

SUMMARY: This action suspends, for the months of September 1990 through January 1991, certain shipping standards for supply plants under the Southwest Plains order. The action was requested by Kraft, Inc., Associated Milk Producers, Inc., and Mid-America Dairymen, Inc. This action is necessary to eliminate costly and inefficient movements of milk from supply plants that would have to be made to assure the continued pricing and pooling of milk of producers who have historically supplied the market's fluid milk needs.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 1, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John F. Borovies, Marketing Specialist, USDA/AMS/Dairy Division, Order Formulation Branch, Room 2968, South Building, P.O. Box 96456, Washington, DC 20090-6456, (202) 447-2089.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Prior document in this proceeding:

Notice of Proposed Suspension: Issued September 18, 1990; published September 24, 1990 (55 FR 39003).

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601-612) requires the Agency to examine the impact of a proposed rule on small entities. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Administrator of the Agricultural Marketing Service has certified that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This action lessens the regulatory impact of the order on certain milk handlers and tends to ensure that dairy farmers will continue to have their milk priced under the order and thereby receive the benefits that accrue from such pricing.

This final rule has been reviewed by the Department in accordance with Departmental Regulation 1512-1 and the criterion in Executive Order 12291 and has been determined to be a "non-major" rule.

This order of suspension is issued pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and of the order regulating the handling of milk in the Southwest Plains marketing area.

Notice of proposed rulemaking was published in the Federal Register on September 24, 1990 (55 FR 39003) concerning a proposed suspension of certain provisions of the order. Interested persons were afforded opportunity to file written data, views, and arguments thereon. No views in opposition were received.

After consideration of all relevant material, including the proposal in the notice, the comments received, and other available information, it is hereby found and determined that for the months of September 1990 through January 1991 the following provisions of the order do not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act:

1. In § 1106.6, the words "during the month."

2. In § 1106.7(b)(1), the words," of February through August until any month of such period in which less than 20 percent of the milk received or diverted as previously specified, is shipped to plants described in paragraph (a) or (e) of this section. A plant not meeting such 20 percent requirement in any month of such February-August period shall be qualified in any remaining month of such period only if transfers and diversions pursuant to paragraph (b)(2) of this section to plants described in paragraph (a) or (e) of this section are not less than 50 percent of receipts or diversions, as previously specified."

Statement of Consideration

This action, for September 1990 through January 1991, suspends the shipping standards for supply plants that were previously associated with the market. The order defines a supply plant as a plant from which fluid milk products are transferred or diverted to distributing plants during the month. It further provides that in order to be pooled under the order during the months of September through January, 50 percent of a supply plant's receipts must be shipped to distributing plants each month. Also, a supply plant that was pooled during each of the immediately preceding months of September through January shall continue to be pooled during the following months of February through August if 20 percent of its receipts are shipped to distributing plants. This action will remove all shipping standards during the months of September 1990 through January 1991 for supply plants that were pooled under the order during the immediately preceding September through January period.

The suspension was requested by Kraft, Inc., a handler who operates a supply plant that is pooled under the

order. This action is also supported by Associated Milk Producers, Inc., and Mid-America Dairymen, Inc., cooperative associations that represent a substantial number of producers who supply the market. These organizations contend that there are ample supplies of direct-ship milk located near to distributing plants that are available to supply the fluid milk needs of such plants during the months of September 1990 through January 1991. Thus, these organizations contend that supplemental shipments from supply plants will not be needed during such months. In the absence of a suspension action, these organizations say, costly and inefficient movements of milk from supply plants would have to be made to assure the continued pooling of milk of dairy farmers who have historically supplied the market's fluid milk needs.

As a result of production increases, it is reasonable to conclude that supplemental shipments of milk from supply plants will not be necessary to meet the fluid needs of distributing plants during the months of September 1990 through January 1991. Therefore, this suspension will allow handlers to avoid making costly and inefficient shipments of milk from supply plants that would otherwise have to be made to assure the continued pooling of milk of dairy farmers who have historically supplied the market's fluid milk needs.

It is hereby found and determined that thirty days' notice of the effective date hereof is impractical, unnecessary and contrary to the public interest in that:

(a) The suspension is necessary to reflect current marketing conditions and to assure orderly marketing conditions in the marketing area in that the action will permit milk that has been historically associated with the market to continue to be priced under the order without costly and inefficient shipments of milk from supply plants;

(b) This suspension does not require of person affected substantial or extensive preparation prior to the effective date; and

(c) Notice of proposed rulemaking was given interested parties and they were afforded opportunity to file written data, views or arguments concerning this suspension. No comments were filed in opposition to this action.

Therefore, good cause exists for making this order effective less than 30 days from date of publication in the **Federal Register.**

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 1106

Milk marketing orders.

It is therefore ordered, That the following provisions in §§ 1106.6 and 1106.7 of the Southwest Plains order (7 CFR 1106.6 and 1107.7) are hereby suspended for September 1990 through January 1991.

PART 1106—MILK IN THE SOUTHWEST PLAINS MARKETING AREA

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 1106 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674.

§ 1106.6 [Suspended in part]

2. In § 1106.6, the words "during the month" are suspended from September 1, 1990, through January 31, 1991.

§ 1106.7 [Suspended in part]

3. In § 1106.7(b)(1), the words, "of February through August until any month of such period in which less than 20 percent of the milk received or diverted as previously specified, is shipped to plants described in paragraph (a) or (e) of this section. A plant not meeting such 20 percent requirement in any month of such February–August period shall be qualified in any remaining month of such period only if transfers and diversions pursuant to paragraph (b)(2) of this section to plants described in paragraph (a) or (e) of this section are not less than 50 percent of receipts or diversions, as previously specified" are suspended from September 1, 1990, through January 31, 1991.

Signed at Washington, DC, on October 5, 1990.

John E. Frydenlund,

Deputy Assistant Secretary, Marketing and Inspection Services.

[FR Doc. 90–24247 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–02–M

Farmers Home Administration

7 CFR Parts 1924, 1933 and 1944

Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants

AGENCY: Farmers Home Administration, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) is revising and redesignating its regulations for Self-Help Housing Technical Assistance Grants. This action is necessary to comply with OMB circulars and Departmental regulations. The intended effect is to encourage more communities to participate in the program by permitting an organization with fewer employees to participate. It also permits the use of a predevelopment agreement to test the feasibility of the program in a community before making a major commitment of resources. It requires that organizations have a board of local representation, change the method of accounting of tasks to be performed by family labor, and increases the amount of family labor in the building of homes. It incorporates, by reference or direct quote, Departmental regulations that significantly affect participating grantees.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 15, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matt Felber, Branch Chief, Single Family Housing, Processing Division, Farmers Home Administration, USDA, Room 5342, South Agriculture Building, Washington, DC 20250, Telephone (202) 382–1474.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This action has been reviewed under USDA procedures established in Departmental Regulation 1512–I which implements Executive Order 12291, and has been determined to be nonmajor, because there is no substantial change from practices under existing rules that would have an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more. There is no major increase in cost or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local governmental agencies or geographic region; or significant adverse effects on completion, employments, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises in domestic or export markets.

In compliance with the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96–354), the Administrator of the Farmers Home Administration, has determined that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of rural communities. It is estimated that less than 100 communities will be affected annually.

This program activity is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under number 10.420. This program/activity is subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372 which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials. See 7 CFR part 3015, subpart V (48 FR 29115, June 24, 1983) and FmHA Instruction 1940–J, "Intergovernmental Review of Farmers Home Administration Programs and Activities." (Available in any FmHA Office.)

This document has been reviewed in accordance with 7 CFR part 1940, Subpart G, "Environmental Program." It is the determination of FmHA that this action does not constitute a major

Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment and in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, Public Law 91–190, an Environmental Impact Statement is not required.

Background

A proposed rule was published in the **Federal Register** (54 FR 17751), Tuesday, April 25, 1989. Written comments were solicited for 60 days. Comments were received from 36 respondents inside and outside the Agency. The respondents from outside the Agency were special interest organizations. Comments were received on 122 specific sections or paragraphs which involved 20 different areas within the proposed regulation.

Discussion

All respondents commenting on § 1944.401 expressed their support of the Agency's effort to emphasize the serving of very low-income households. Several recommended that specific guidelines be incorporated in this section to clarify that grantees must serve 40 percent very low-income households in their program. We incorporated the language which states "Very low-income families must receive a priority for recruitment and participation may not comprise less than the percentage stated in subpart L of part 1940 of this chapter of those assisted in any grant period."

Two comments were received concerning grant purposes. One respondent favored authorizing one organization to assist other organizations to provide technical and supervisory assistance to eligible families. The other respondent expressed difficulty in determining how to monitor and evaluate grants made to one organization to assist another organization which provides technical and supervisory assistance to eligible families.

Currently, four regional technical and management assistance contractors provide the service authorized in § 1944.402(b). Section 1944.402 enables the Agency to either contract or award grants to organizations to assist other organizations to apply for a grant or to assist an existing grantee. Funding a variety of organizations via contracts or grants is authorized by the law governing the program (42 U.S.C. 1490c). Monitoring and/or evaluating of the organization would be performed based on specific terms of a contract or grant agreement. The purpose of this revision is to afford special needs applicants maximum technical assistance. The self-help grant program is complex and small in number of total grantees. These two factors result in scattered expertise. The revision would alleviate this problem.

An array of comments were received concerning § 1944.403. One respondent asked if the period of the grant is to be determined by the grantee or FmHA. Currently, over 90 percent of grantees are funded for a 24 month grant period. Approximately all of these grantees proposed 24 month grant periods and were approved by FmHA. That is why the general guideline of a 24 month maximum is adopted in § 1944.403(b). Since the grant period has to be flexible enough to meet different needs, the maximum period for an agreement will be based on sound evaluation by FmHA. It was not thought necessary to establish an absolute maximum term.

To eliminate the possibility of double counting of families who drop out of the self-help association, one respondent recommended that a new sentence be added to what is now § 1944.403(f) as follows: "The number of equivalent units for any group can never exceed the number of planned or completed houses for the group." That recommendation had merit and is adopted.

Another respondent asked whether site acquisition and development costs used in determining the equivalent value of modest housing is the typical or the actual self-help family site acquisition and development costs. Historically, program reviews and quarterly grantee evaluations data demonstrate that there is no significant cost difference for site acquisition and development costs between self-help and non self-help ventures. Therefore, § 1944.403(g) does not differentiate between self-help or non self-help site acquisition and development.

Two respondents requested consideration to changing the language in what is now § 1944.403(i) to permit less than four and greater than ten families to participate in a self-help association. We added the word "generally" to the paragraph to permit less than four and greater than ten families to participate.

Seven responses were offered concerning the definition of participating families in what is now § 1944.403(k). Five of the seven responses recommended that self-help families not be restricted to those utilizing section 502 loans. Several logical reasons for families utilization of other loan funds were offered. One particular group, Native Americans living on reservations, are not easily served by section 502 loans and are more readily served by non-section 502 loans. We agree and have changed the regulation to permit financing by other sources provided the families meet the Department of Housing and Urban Development income guidelines. Two respondents advocated that participants physically unable to perform required labor tasks should have the right to seek labor assistant friends and relatives with the groups concurrence. FmHA takes the position that only in a unique situation should labor substitution be permitted. It is the Agency's experience that substitute labor has often resulted in disruption of group dynamics resulting in participant quarrels and prolonged completion of the construction period. However, the State Director has the authority to permit substitute labor on a case-by-case basis.

Concerns were raised by two respondents concerning required labor tasks. In addition, we received overwhelming negative comments about Exhibit B–2, Breakdown of Construction Development for Determining Percentage Construction Completed, from grantees, Agency personnel and former self-help participants. Many of those comments had merit as they articulated different circumstances that could influence which tasks can be successfully completed by families. Circumstances such as climate, soil type, skill of construction supervisors and safety were cited. FmHA revised Exhibit B–2 by eliminating reference to required labor tasks and refining the list of labor tasks. Grantees are now afforded the convenience of selecting any labor tasks, at a minimum, that represent 65 percent of the total labor tasks presented in this exhibit. The language was changed in what is now § 1944.403(k) to conform with Exhibit B–2.

Several respondents desired to have those families involved in self-help rehabilitation, which is primarily the self-help method, and very low-income families included in the definition of participating family. Both of these requests were granted.

Eight respondents requested that counseling for past self-help participants and/or the assisting of County FmHA office personnel with borrower delinquency and inventoried property problems be included in what is now § 1944.403(n). These are amicable offers by grantee organizations, however, neither of these activities are authorized by the law.

In addition to changes made to § 1944.403 as a result of comments received, definitions of the terms "direct costs" and "indirect costs" were added because these terms help identify the authorized uses of grant funds.

Paragraph (d)(2) of § 1944.404, Eligibility which proposed to require grantees to have a broad-based membership to number at least 30 people was criticized by numerous individuals and interest groups. The Agency received documentation from some respondents that illustrated that some State laws and organizational charters, particularly Community Action Agencies, could not comply with it or could comply only with gross organizational restructuring to satisfy the proposed requirements. The evidence was compelling enough to result in the removal of that requirement. An expanded § 1944.404(d) replaced the entire proposed paragraph because other portions of the paragraph were changed upon the recommendations of several respondents as discussed below.

Two respondents questioned the Agency's objective of requiring grantees to list in its Articles of Incorporation, Purpose, "be a corporation organized for the primary purpose of assisting very low- and low-income families to obtain adequate housing." The Agency withdrew this language and added two new criteria under § 1944.404(d). The new criteria recognize that they may have other primary purposes. This modification was made in recognition that many organizations are created to address a variety of social issues.

One respondent requested that the proposed § 1944.404(d)(1) be eliminated because it represents a repeat of §§ 1944.404(a), 1944.404(b) (1) and (2), and 1944.404(c). We agree with the respondent's assessment and eliminated the proposed statement.

A discussion on the appropriate number of members of Board of Directors were offered by four respondents. All four respondents offered their opinion that the proposed statement on board membership did not offer needed flexibility. The proposed statement was totally consistent with the language existing in 7 CFR part 1933, subpart I. This provision has caused little, if any, impediments to applicant processing during the existence of the program. It is our opinion that a five member board is the minimum number that can adequately represent an organization. We elected not to change the minimum number of board members. However, we agree that there is no need to establish a maximum number of board members and have, therefore, deleted the requirement that the board generally not exceed nine members.

Two respondents pointed out to us that (d)(5) of § 1944.404 was an administrative rather than an eligibility criteria. There view was correct and that paragraph is deleted.

Many comments were received concerning authorized use of funds in § 1944.405. Most comments supported the various authorized usage while recommending better ways of stating language. One respondent did recommend that paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) and (j) be excluded because all the listed authorized items are included in Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circulars A–122 or A–110. We determined not to exclude any of the items as some were more specific than those promulgated in the aforementioned circulars. This specificity is needed to address some of the unique features of the Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Program.

Several respondents commenting on the authorized use of grant funds to fund tax deferred pension plans either recommended that it not be allowable or that the Agency establish limits. It is the Agency's position that nonprofit organizations delivering services to the public which enhance our ability to meet our objectives should receive reasonable fringe benefits. FmHA believes that OMB Circulars and Departmental Regulations found in 7 CFR parts 3015 and 3016 adequately provide appropriate guidelines for determining the reasonability of grantee expenditures in their specific geographical area. Grantees are not given "Carte Blanche" as one respondent suggested. Tax deferred pension plans which were formally addressed in § 1944.405(f) of the proposed rule are now covered in § 1944.405(d). The limits on payments into such a plan were removed so that the grantee would be allowed to use the grant funds to pay whatever was reasonable in the area. A new § 1944.405(f) was added to permit the payment of grantee's general liability insurance and special audit costs associated with self-help activities.

Allowing boards of directors to authorize out of state travel by grantee personnel was favorably addresed by all respondents commenting on § 1944.405(g), except one, who recommended that the approval authority be retained by FmHA. It is our position that the grantee organization undertaking the grant should have the ability to properly manage the program so that the program objectives and goals are accomplished. The grantee organization is in better position to determine when an out of state trip is needed and who should make the trip. The authoriztion given to the grantee organizations is a reasonable display of the Agency's confidence in grantee organizations' competence.

One respondent recommended that payment of reasonable expenses incurred by board members not exceed those paid FmHA County Committee members. The nature of tasks performed by grantee board members and committee members are more dissimilar than similar. Typically, committee members only perform tasks at a convened committee meeting, while board members perform official organizational tasks on a more frequent basis.

We are aware of organizations that operate in large geographical areas that have board representation from throughout the area. Often it is not feasible for board members to return to his/her personal residence on the day of the meeting because of lateness of meetings and travel distances. For those members it is appropriate to authorize reimbursement for mileage and per diem.

The membership of the grantee organization is the primary component responsible to FmHA for grantee performance. Historically, salaried employees rather than the board have guided grantee organization. It is our policy that the board get more involved in the direction of the organization including supervision of salaried employees. Therefore authorizing expenses for board members to attend meetings significantly facilitates their ability to be actively involved in organizational matters and to interact with FmHA at all levels. All costs associated with board travel will not exceed established Federal Government regulations.

Regarding § 1944.406(d), several respondents recommended that the Agency be guided by OMB Circular A–122, Attachment B, Paragraph 48. This recommendation was accepted and § 1944.406(d) is changed accordingly.

Almost every comment received concerning the average TA cost per unit found in § 1944.407(a) suggested that 15 percent rather than 12 percent would be more accurate a measure. Examples of grantees that we have determined to be efficient were evaluated by us to determine which percentage is more plausible in representing cost per unit. The evaluation revealed that 15 percent better represents a cost that is both sufficiently flexible to the grantee organization and efficient to the Government.

An inadvertent error appeared in this proposed rule making pertaining to § 1944.407(b). It was our intent to state that an average TA cost per unit not

exceed the difference between the equivalent value of modest homes in the area and the average mortgage of the participating families minus $1,000—rather than plus $1,000 as stated in the proposed rule. Some respondents supported minus $1,000 and others advocated plus $1,000. We determined that our initial intent to require a minus $1,000 is appropriate. The objective of this requirement is to ensure that there is a minimum positive net savings to the Government.

After reviewing comments some changes were incorporated in § 1944.410, Processing preapplications, applications, and completing grant dockets. Several respondents suggested that to require an applicant to submit financial statements that are less than six months old was not practical. One respondent pointed out that the organization has annual audits and if it is undergoing an audit then the most current statement would be a year old. We changed the less than six months requirement to no more than 12 months.

Comments received on § 1944.410(a)(4) indicated opposition to the Agency requiring evidences of community support. One commentator stated that we were turning the program into a "local signoff" situation. We agree that requiring full endorsement of the program by a new community may be expecting too much. However, we believe that the success of the project is dependent on there being evidence of local support and such evidence is required in the final rule. We did add a sentence explaining what can constitute evidence of local support. We believe this sentence serves to clarify what was intended.

In commenting on § 1944.410(d), several respondents advocated expanding the availability of the predevelopment grant to existing grantees. The most typical reason given by respondents was that some existing grantees might desire to initiate additional grants in other geographical areas but because they are not authorized to do that they would be faced with the same dilemma as a new applicant. This is a good observation although it was not the intent to limit the predevelopment grant to only first time applicants. Language was added to provide for the inclusion of existing grantees and to make clear that the grant is available only once for a defined area.

With regard to the first paragraph of § 1944.417, one comment asked whether it is FmHA's responsibility to help the grantee to avoid cases of fraud and abuse. Without reservation, it is the Agency's belief that it is. It is always appropriate to identify conditions that make the Government vulnerable to fraud and abuse. For example, there are documented cases where grantees purchased certain equipment because it was less expensive, but had to constantly replace it, resulting in a higher cost. The guidance from FmHA to the grantee to purchase equipment of a durable quality on a sound cost basis and to properly maintain it would afford the prevention of abuse and/or waste. As FmHA and the grantee share the same objective of placing eligible households in safe, sound and sanitary housing it follows that we should attempt to aid in preventing or at least reducing the cases of fraud and abuse rather than reacting to the situations once they occur.

In commenting on § 1944.417, one respondent recommended clear instructions concerning the District Director's responsibility in processing an unacceptable request for funds by grantees. The following language was recommended "if the explanation is not acceptable, immediately notify the grantee and request the amount of funds that appear reasonable for the next 30 days on Form FmHA 440–57, so that delivery may be possible by the first of the next month." We believe that the recommended language better expresses our objective of complying with OMB Circular A–122 while maintaining our ability to expeditiously process requests for warranted funds. The recommendation is adopted in § 1944.417(a)(2)(ii).

Another respondent expressed the opinion that 15 days is not enough time for a grantee to prepare and submit Exhibit B. There is no such requirement in § 1944.417(b). It is expected that no grantee would wait to the end of an evaluation period to initiate the completion of its quarterly report. Rather, the grantee would update report data periodically during the reporting period, consequently reducing its task at quarter's end to making final adjustments. Quarterly reporting is required by FmHA and the grantee can certainly make more frequent internal evaluations if it wishes.

All comments received on § 1944.419, final grantee evaluation, were supportive of the proposed action. Several recommendations were made to improve the evaluation process. Two respondents recommended that the evaluation be conducted between the 18th and 20th month to provide for a more meaningful evaluation. In considering these comments, we changed the paragraph to recognize that the evaluation needs to occur near the end of the grant period without specifying the exact months in which it should occur. We also agree that it is not beneficial to evaluate a grantee during the last month of its grant, and the revision reflects this position.

Some respondents recommended various manipulations of the evaluation rating system found in § 1944.419(b). Some recommended increasing credit for those exceeding proposed agreement goals while others recommended that all criteria listed in § 1944.419(a) be met for an acceptable rating and that an outstanding rating be given if the grantee exceeds the goals by at least 20 percent for any one item. Other respondents expressed their concerns as to the treatment of external influences affecting the evaluation process. Most advocated the delineating of parameters of acceptable performance levels. One respondent asked "If the grantee falls short of the projected number by five or ten percent, does this mean that they have not met the goal and therefore cannot be evaluated positively? Likewise, if a grantee meets 90 percent of its goals for units completed, and spends 90 or 95 percent of the approved grant funds, does this mean that they have not met those two criteria?"

The answer to each of these concerns will be found in all the available factual information. The rating of each proposed goal will always be objective, that is, the grantee proposed to construct 30 units and it either did or did not. However, the consideration of external causes that might have prevented the attainment of goals will impact the final rating. Typical examples of external factors are prolonged unfavorable weather, lack of loan funds and a delay in the processing of loan applications. Exhibit B, Evaluation Report of Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants, completed in a thorough and accurate manner will go a long way to provide supporting documentation of external factors. The National Office will make a continuous concerted effort to enhance the utilization of this Exhibit by the grantee, and District and State FmHA Offices.

Under the new method of evaluation objectivity is enhanced while subjectivity is greatly reduced. The grantee has the ability to know at all times the status of its progress toward its proposed goals and the opportunity to revise those goals. No modifications are incorporated to address the respondents concerns on this issue. The regulations provide that even a grantee that receives an unacceptable rating may be awarded a new grant by a State Director if it is determined as stated in § 1944.421 that the reasons causing the

previous unacceptable rating have been removed or will be removed with the approval of the new grant.

In commenting on § 1944.421, several respondents suggested a better way of refunding existing grantees to work in an expanded geographical area and to afford existing grantees utilization of the predevelopment grant. The suggested wordage offered by one respondent was adopted to address the concerns.

Response to the proposed § 1942.422 concerning audit and other report requirements almost always centered on when an audit should be required. Several respondents recommended that consideration be given to using the grantee's fiscal year as an appropriate time to audit. Other respondents recommended that OMB Circular A–128, Audits of State and Local Governments, and the proposed OMB Circular A–133, Audits of Institutions of Higher Education and Other Nonprofit Organizations, be followed.

The Agency has no objection to permitting grantees to have their grants audited at the end of their fiscal year if it is more appropriate than at the end of the Government's fiscal year. The fiscal year provision is added in § 1944.422. OMB Circular A–133 is now referenced. Attachment F of OMB Circular A–110 parallels the audit requirement of OMB Circular A–128. Departmental regulation 7 CFR part 3015 at § 3015.77 directs the use of OMB Circular A–110 when auditing nonprofit organizations. It is the objective of 7 CFR parts 3015 and 3016 to uniformly require multiple funded grantees to undergo a single annual audit.

One respondent asked if requiring a grantee to supply the Agency with its audit no later than 90 days following the expiration of the agreement supersedes OMB requirements. Section 3015.120(b)(3) of 7 CFR part 3015 in part supersedes OMB requirements. Section 3015.120(b)(3) of 7 CFR part 3015 in part states "Within a maximum period of 90 days following the date of expiration or termination of a grant, all financial performance and related reports required by the terms of the agreement shall be submitted to the awarding agency". Thus, § 1944.422 complies fully with Departmental regulations.

The final comment received referencing audits deserves discussion. The respondent asked if a close out audit of the grant program was required or necessary. The respondent stated that the request for a close out audit is clearly not in the spirit of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and may not be allowable under it. The self-help grant program is governed by 7 CFR parts 3015 and 3016. Section 3015.120(c)(3) of part 3015 states that final audit procedures as outlined in Attachment L of OMB Circular A–102 and Attachment K of OMB Circular A–110 are not a required part of the grant or subgrant closeout procedures. However, it further states "If a USDA agency considers a final audit to be necessary, it shall contact the Office of Inspector General (OIG) Region within which the recipient or subrecipient is located and inform OIG of the situation." OIG is responsible for final audits. FmHA will comply with this procedure and will make the decision to request a final audit by OIG when it is determined by FmHA to be appropriate.

In regards to § 1944.422, two respondents questioned whether grantees have the authority to request audits of borrower accounts. One of these respondents stated that requiring the grantee to have these accounts audited raises questions of legal liability and that auditing the accounts should be FmHA's responsibility.

There are two areas of grantee activity involving the handling of Section 502 loan funds for the participating families. The first is in the area of financial supervision as outlined in § 1944.403(o)(8) of proposed regulation. The second is when the grantee acts in the capacity of a construction manager and, if determined qualified by the District Director, in accordance with § 1924.6(c) of 7 CFR part 1924, subpart A may receive direct payments for materials and necessary contract work.

It is these two areas that, based on past investigations and audits, are most vulnerable to unauthorized use of funds and/or fraud. Therefore, we are stressing that these areas of grantee responsibility be specifically addressed in any required audit. The State Director will determine the extent to which the audit will include the grantee's handling of Section 502 loan funds, based on the degree to which the grantee is involved and what is necessary to identify any abuse. The audit coverage may range from a random sampling accounting to a complete audit of every account.

Many responses to § 1944.423 loan packaging were submitted and all opposed the statement. "A grantee should never place itself in a position where it appears to disagree with the eligibility decision of FmHA." One respondent did offer a recommendation that better expresses FmHA original intent. The questioned sentence is removed and replaced by the respondent's recommended statement which stresses that a grantee must work cooperatively with FmHA and within program regulations and must recognize that FmHA has the ultimate loan approval authority.

One alert respondent rightly pointed out that § 1944.426(b)(1) appeared to contradict § 1944.417(b)(2) which said the State Director cannot take termination action without prior approval of the National Office. No such written authorization is required by § 1944.426(b)(1). It was the intent of § 1944.417(b)(2) to limit the written authorization requirement to suspensions. The terms closeout and termination are deleted from § 1944.417(b)(2).

Comments received concerning § 1944.427, Grantee self-evaluation, were totally favorable. However, some recommended that the organization be given the flexibility to modify Exhibit E or to develop and utilize their own evaluation. FmHA will require all grantees to utilize Exhibit E but has no objections to grantees supplementing their internal evaluation with other criteria.

Some respondents requested that a section to give exception authority be added. While we see the value of such a paragraph, so many of the requirements in the regulation are based on OMB Circulars and Departmental regulations, that it would be very difficult to consider requests for exceptions.

Several candid comments were rendered by respondents referencing paragraph (e)(3)(i)(J) of Exhibit A. One comment suggested modifying the paragraph to promote mutual accountability.

It remains FmHA policy to continue to emphasize the serving of very low-income households by self-help grantees. The two unique and vital features of the self-help grant program are family labor contribution and the serving of those households that have no other means of obtaining homeownership save self-help. Therefore, FmHA requires self-help grantees to serve a minimum established percentage of very low-income and feels justified to terminate a grantee who does not accomplish this minimum requirement. However, as stated in § 1944.417, FmHA has a responsibility to help the grantee be successful. The tools of evaluation will be utilized by FmHA to promote and facilitate that responsibility. Inclusive evaluation of the grantee's performance by FmHA is a must.

Exhibit B, Mutual Self-Help Housing Guidelines has always been incorporated in 7 CFR part 1944, subpart A as Exhibit E. The decision was made to move the exhibit from subpart A to subpart I, because it is more related to

the latter regulation. FmHA now believes that this exhibit is more appropriate as a guide and would assist aspiring grantees if its contents were part of a handbook. Therefore, FmHA will undertake the task of providing a Self-Help Housing Handbook and remove the exhibit from subpart A, and appropriate updates and place it in the proposed handbook. The removal of the exhibit from subpart I was supported by several respondents. With the deletion of Exhibit B, proposed Exhibits C, D, E, F and G becomes Exhibits B, C, D, E and F, respectively.

A significant number of respondents questioned why no financial information is requested on what is now Exhibit B, Evaluation Report of Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants. Form SF–270, Request for Advance or Reimbursement, is the only authorized instrument to be used in reporting financial information concerning the grant. Therefore, the use of Form SF–270 in conjunction with Exhibit B accomplishes what respondents want.

Perhaps the most demonstrative comments were received on what is now Exhibit B–3, Breakdown of Construction Completed. Comments on this exhibit were received primarily from grantee organizations but a significant number of former self-help borrowers also submitted comments. All respondents in both groups advocated the elimination of required labor tasks. All recommended a required percentage of total labor tasks selected by participants and/or FmHA field personnel.

For five years, senior Agency officials have conducted on site evaluations of self-help housing construction in more than ten States. The evaluators were alarmed at what they observed and what they learned from Agency field personnel, grantees, and self-help families. Substantial subcontracting was the rule and family contributed labor was found to be the exception.

The mutual self-help program not only provides eligible rural households with homeownership but also affords them the opportunity to learn construction skills and to develop a spirit of teamwork. Significantly eliminating the practice of "sweat equity" does not achieve the major objectives of mutual self-help.

Agency representatives participated in four conferences sponsored by four Regional Technical and Management Assistance Contractors. Over ninety percent of all active grantees, aspiring grantees and field FmHA personnel also attended and participated in the conferences. The conferences facilitated unabridged dialogue and were held after the proposed rule was published in the **Federal Register.**

From discussions and documented evidence, it became clear to FmHA that to require families to adhere to uniformed mandated labor tasks was not feasible. Factors such as local and state building code, climate, skill levels of families, type of house and skill levels of construction personnel had to be considered. FmHA adopted the recommendations of the vast majority of respondents and removed the mandated list of labor tasks and gave flexibility to grantees by permitting them to select a minimum of 65 percent of labor tasks listed in Exhibit B–2. Also the list of the tasks contained in this exhibit were changed to provide clarity by explaining what each term meant.

Several respondents wanted the proposed split between construction and preconstruction credit to remain at 70/30 respectively. It is not FmHA intention to minimize the importance of preconstruction activities, although greater emphasis is given to construction activities. The timely construction of houses with maximum family labor is of utmost importance. Changing the construction/preconstruction ratio from 70/30 to 80/20 is a well thought out decision and will better serve to maintain program creditability because actual labor is emphasized even more than non-labor tasks were in the past.

Two respondents questioned why the total of all labor tasks equals 100 percent rather than 80 percent. The 100 percent total of labor tasks has no relationship to the 80/20 split. Likewise, a grantee successfully completing all preconstruction tasks would be credited with a total of 100 percent.

Additional minor changes were also made to the regulation of a clarifying nature or to delete extraneous material.

List of Subjects

7 CFR Part 1924

Agriculture, Construction, Management, Construction and repair, Energy Conservation, Housing, Loan programs—Agriculture, Low and moderate income housing.

7 CFR Parts 1933 and 1944

Grant Program—Housing and Community development; Indians; Low and moderate income housing; Non-profit organization; Rural housing; and Reporting requirements.

Therefore, FmHA amends chapter XVIII, title 7, Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

PART 1924—GENERAL

1. The authority citation for part 1924 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1989; 42 U.S.C. 1980; 42 U.S.C. 2942; 5 U.S.C. 301; sec. 10 Pub L. 93–357, 88 Stat. 392; 7 CFR 2.23; 7 CFR 2.70

Subpart A—Planning and Performing Construction and Other Development

2. Section 1924.6 is amended by revising the last sentence in paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§ 1924.6 Mutual self-help method.

* * * * *

(c) * * * In the case of RH loans to families being assisted by Self-Help Technical Assistance (TA) grants in accordance with subpart I of part 1944 of this chapter, the County Supervisor may countersign checks for materials and necessary contract work made payable directly to the TA grantee, provided the District Director determines that:

* * * * *

PART 1933—LOAN AND GRANT PROGRAM (GROUP)

3. Part 1933 is removed and reserved.

PART 1944—HOUSING

4. The authority citation for part 1944 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 1480; 5 U.S.C. 301; 7 CFR 2.23; 7 CFR 2.70.

5. Subpart I, consisting of §§ 1944.401–1944.450 and Exhibits A–F, is added to read as follows:

Subpart I—Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants

Sec.

1944.401 Objective.
1944.402 Grant purposes.
1944.403 Definitions.
1944.404 Eligibility.
1944.405 Authorized use of grant funds.
1944.406 Prohibited use of grant funds.
1944.407 Limitations.
1944.408 [Reserved]
1944.409 Executive Order 12372.
1944.410 Processing preapplications, applications, and completing grant dockets.
1944.411 Conditions for approving a grant.
1944.412 Docket preparation.
1944.413 Grant approval.
1944.414 [Reserved]
1944.415 Grant approval and other approving authorities.
1944.416 Grant closing.
1944.417 Servicing actions after grant closing.
1944.418 [Reserved]
1944.419 Final grantee evaluation.
1944.420 Extension or revision of the grant agreement.

Sec.
1944.421 Refunding of an existing grantee.
1944.422 Audit and other report requirements.
1944.423 Loan packaging and 502 RH application submittal.
1944.424 Dwelling construction and standards.
1944.425 Handling and accounting for borrower loan funds.
1944.426 Grand closeout.
1944.427 Grantee self-evaluation.
1944.428–1944.449 [Reserved]
1944.450 OMB Control Number.

Exhibits to Subpart I

Exhibit A—Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Agreement

Exhibit B—Evaluation Report of Self-Help Technical Assistance (TA) Grants

Exhibit B–1—Instructions for Preparation of Evaluation Report of Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants

Exhibit B–2—Breakdown of Construction Development for Determining Percentage Construction Completed

Exhibit B–3—Pre-construction and Construction Phase Breakdown

Exhibit C—Amendment to Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Agreement

Exhibit D—Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Predevelopment Agreement

Exhibit E—Guidance for Recipients of Self-HelpTechnical Assistance Grants (Section 52.3 of Housing Act of 1949)

Exhibit F—Site Option Loan to Technical Assistance Grantees

* * * * *

Subpart I—Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants

§ 1944.401 Objective.

This subpart sets forth the policies and procedures and delegates authority for providing Technical Assistance (TA) funds to eligible applicants to finance programs of technical and supervisory assistance for self-help housing, as authorized under section 523 of the Housing Act of 1949. This financial assistance may pay part or all of the cost of developing, administering, or coordinating programs of technical and supervisory assistance to aid needy very low- and low-income families in carrying out self-help housing efforts in rural areas. Very low-income families must receive a priority for recruitment and participation and may not comprise less than the percentage stated in subpart L of part 1940 of this chapter of those assisted in any grant. The primary purpose is to fund organizations that are willing to locate and work with families that otherwise do not qualify as homeowners. Generally, these are families below 50 percent of median incomes, living in substandard housing, and/or lacking the skills to be good homeowners. Grantees will comply with the nondiscrimination regulation subpart E of part 1901 of this chapter which states that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, marital status, mental or physical handicap, or age, be excluded from participating in, be denied the benefits of, or be subject to discrimination in connection with the use of grant funds and all provisions of the Fair Housing Act of 1988.

§ 1944.402 Grant purposes.

Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) may contract or make a grant to an organization to:

(a) Give technical and supervisory assistance to eligible very low- and low-income families as defined in Exhibit C of subpart A of this part, in carrying out self-help housing efforts.

(b) Assist other organizations to provide technical and supervisory assistance to eligible families.

(c) Develop a final application, recruit families and related activities necessary to participate under paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1944.403 Definitions.

(a) *Agreement.* The Self-Help Technical Assistance Agreement, which is a document signed by FmHA and the grantee, sets forth the terms and conditions under which TA funds will be made available. (Exhibit A of this subpart).

(b) *Agreement period (or grant period).* The period of time for which an agreement is in force. Generally, the period will not exceed 24 months.

(c) *Date of completion.* The date when all work under a grant is completed or the date in the TA grant agreement, or any supplement or amendment to it, when Federal assistance ends.

(d) *Direct costs.* Those costs that are specifically identified with a particular project or activity. Grantees receiving funds from a single grant source would consider all costs as direct costs.

(e) *Disallowed costs.* Those charges to a grant which FmHA determines cannot be authorized.

(f) *Equivalent units.* Equivalent units represent the "theoretical number of units" arrived at by adding the equivalent percentage of completion figure for each family in the self-help program (pre-construction and actual construction) together at any given date during program operations. The sum of the percentage of completion figures for all participant families represent the total number of "theoretical units" completed at any point in time. Equivalent units are useful in measuring progress during the period of the grant and are not a measurement of actual accomplishments. The number of equivalent units for any group can never exceed the number of planned or completed houses for that group.

(g) *Equivalent value of a modest house.* The equivalent value of a modest house is the typical cost of a recent contractor-built FmHA financed home in the area plus the actual or projected costs of an acceptable site and site development. If FmHA has not financed a contractor-built house during the last twelve months, the value will be established by use of the Marshall and Swift cost handbook or a similar type of handbook. Equivalent value of a modest house is established by FmHA.

(h) *Indirect costs.* Those costs that are incurred for common or joint objectives and therefore, cannot be readily and specifically identified with a particular project or activity, e.g., self-help.

(i) *Mutual self-help.* The construction method by which participating families organized in groups generally of 4 to 10 families utilize their own labor to reduce the total construction cost of their homes. Participating families complete construction work on their homes by an exchange of labor with one another. The mutual self-help method must be used for new construction.

(j) *Organization.* (1) A State, political subdivision, or public nonprofit corporation (including Indian tribes or Tribal corporations); or

(2) A private nonprofit corporation that is owned and controlled by private persons or interests and is organized and operated for purposes other than making gains or profits for the corporation and is legally precluded from distributing any gains or profits to its members.

(k) *Participating family.* Individuals and/or their families who agree to build homes by the mutual self-help method and rehabilitate homes by the self-help method. Participants are families with very low- or low-incomes who have the ability to furnish their share of the required labor input regardless of the handicap, age, race, color, national origin, religion, family status, or sex of the head of household. The participating family must be approved for a Section 502 RH loan or similar loans from other Federal, state, and private lenders that uses income guidelines substantially similar to the Department of Housing and Urban Development before the start of construction, have sufficient time available to assist in building their own homes, and show a desire to work with other families. Each family in the group must contribute labor on each other's

homes to accomplish the 65 percent of the total 100 percent of tasks listed in Exhibit B–2 of this subpart. A participating family may use a substitute to perform the labor with prior approval of the Grantee and the FmHA State Director. A substitute is only permitted when the participating family is incapacitated.

(l) *Self-help.* The construction method by which an individual family utilizes their labor to reduce the construction cost of their home without an exchange of labor between participating families. Unless otherwise authorized by the District Director, this method is only funded for repair and rehabilitation type construction.

(m) *Sponsor.* An existing entity that is willing and able to assist an applicant, with or without charge, in applying for a grant and in carrying out responsibilities under the agreement. Examples of sponsors are local rural electric cooperatives, institutions of higher education, community action agencies and other self-help grantees. Also, when available, regional technical and management assistance contractors may qualify to serve as a sponsor at no charge.

(n) *Technical assistance.* The organizing and supervising of groups of families in the construction of their own homes including:

(1) Recruiting families who are interested in sharing labor in the construction of each other's homes and assisting such families in obtaining housing loans.

(2) Conducting meetings of the families to explain the self-help program and subjects related to home ownership, such as loan payments, taxes, insurance, maintenance, and upkeep of the property.

(3) Helping families in planning and developing activities that lead to the acquisition and development of suitable building sites.

(4) Assisting families in selecting or developing house plans for homes which will meet their needs and which they can afford.

(5) Assisting families in obtaining cost estimates for construction materials and any contracting that may be required.

(6) Providing assistance in the preparation of loan applications.

(7) Providing construction supervision and training for families while they construct their homes.

(8) Providing financial supervision to individual families with section 502 Rural Housing (RH) loans which will minimize the time and effort required by FmHA in processing borrower expenditures for materials and contract services.

(9) Assisting families in solving other housing problems.

(o) *Termination of a grant.* The cancellation of Federal assistance, in whole or in part, at any time before the date of completion.

§ 1944.404 Eligibility.

To receive a grant, the applicant must:

(a) Be an organization as defined in § 1944.403(j) of this subpart.

(b) Have the financial, legal, administrative, and actual capacity to assume and carry out the responsibilities imposed by the Agreement. To meet the requirement of actual capacity it must either:

(1) Have necessary background and experience with proven ability to perform responsibly in the field of mutual self-help or other business management or administrative ventures which indicate an ability to perform responsibility in the field of mutual self-help; or

(2) Be sponsored by an organization with background experience, and ability, which agrees in writing to help the applicant to carry out its responsibilities.

(c) Legally obligate itself to administer TA funds, provide adequate accounting of the expenditure of such funds, and comply with the Agreement and FmHA regulations.

(d) If the organization is a private nonprofit corporation, be a corporation that:

(1) Is organized under State and local laws.

(2) Is qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(3) Has as one of its purposes the production of affordable housing.

(4) Has a Board of Directors which consist of not less than five.

§ 1944. 405 Authorized use of grant funds.

(a) Payment of salaries of personnel as authorized in the Agreement.

(b) Payment of necessary and reasonable office expenses such as office rental, office utilities, and office equipment rental. The purchase of office equipment is permissible when the grantee determines it to be more economical than renting. As a general rule, these types of expenses would be classified as indirect costs in multiple funded organizations.

(c) Purchase of office supplies such as paper, pens, pencils, and trade magazines.

(d) Payment of necessary employee benefit costs including but not limited to items such as Worker's Compensation, employer's share of social security, health benefits, and a reasonable tax deferred pension plan for permanent employees.

(e) Purchase, lease, or maintenance of power or specialty tools such as a power saw, electric drill, sabre saw, ladders, and scaffolds, which are needed by the participating families. The participating families, however, are expected to provide their own hand tools such as hammers and handsaws.

(f) Payment of liability insurance and special purpose audit costs associated with self-help activites. These would be considered direct costs, even though the grantee's general liability insurance cost and the cost of audits for the organization are generally indirect costs.

(g) Payment of reasonable fees for training of grantee personnel including board members. This may include the cost of travel and per diem to attend in or out-of-State training as authorized by the board of directors and, when necessary, for the employee to do the current job. These costs are generally direct costs.

(h) Payment of services rendered by a sponsor or other organization after the grant is closed and when it is determined the sponsor can provide the necessary services which will result in an overall reduction in the cost of assistance. Typically, this will be limited to new grantees and an existing grantee for the period of time that its size or activity does not justify a full staff. A full staff is a full or part-time director, project worker, secretary-bookkeeper, and a construction supervisor. This type of cost is generally direct.

(i) Payment of certain consulting and legal costs required in the administration of the grant if such service is not available without cost. This does not include legal expenses for claims against the Federal Government. (Legal costs that may be incurred by the organization for the benefit of the participating families may be paid with prior approval of the State Director).

(j) Payments of the cost of an accountant to set up an accounting system and perform audits that may be required. Generally, these costs are indirect.

(k) Payments of reasonable expenses of board members for attending regular or special board meetings. These costs are indirect.

§ 1944.406 Prohibited use of grant funds.

(a) Hiring personnel specifically for the purpose of performing any of the construction work for participating families in the self-help projects.

(b) Buying real estate or building materials or other property of any kind for participating families.

(c) Paying any debts, expenses, or costs which should be the responsibility of the participating families in the self-help projects.

(d) Paying for training of an employee as authorized by Attachment B of OMB Circular A–122.

(e) Paying costs other than approved indirect (including salaries) that are not directly related to helping very low- and low-income families obtain housing consistent with the objectives of this program.

§ 1944.407 Limitations.

The amount of the TA grant depends on the experience and capability of the applicant and must be justified based on the number of families to be assisted. As a guide, the maximum grant amounts for any grant period will be limited to:

(a) An average TA cost equivalent per unit of no more than 15 percent of the cost of equivalent value of modest homes built in the area. (Upon request, the County Supervisor will provide the grantee the average cost of modest homes for the area); or

(b) An average TA cost per equivalent unit that does not exceed the difference between the equivalent value of modest homes in the area and the average mortgage of the participating families minus $1,000; or

(c) A TA per equivalent unit cost that does not exceed an amount established by the State Director. The State Director may authorize a greater TA cost than paragraph (a) or (b) of this section when needed to accomplish a particular objective, such as requiring the grantee to serve very low-income families, remote areas, or similar situations; or

(d) A negotiated amount for repair and rehabilitation type proposals. At a minimum, applicants applying for repair and rehabilitation grants must include information on the proximity of the houses in a project, the typical needed repairs, and the cost savings between self-help and contractor rehabilitation and repair.

§ 1944.408 [Reserved]

§ 1944.409 Executive Order 12372.

The self-help program is subject to the provision of Executive Order 12372 which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials. Under subpart J of part 1940 of this chapter (available in any FmHA office), new applicants for the self-help program must submit their Statement of Activities to the State single point of contact prior to submitting their preapplication to FmHA. The name of the point of contact is available from the FmHA State Office.

§ 1944.410 Processing preapplications, applications, and completing grant dockets.

(a) *Form SF–424, "Application for Federal Assistance."* Form SF–424 in an original and one copy must be submitted by the applicant to the District Director. It will be used to establish communication between the applicant and FmHA, determine the applicant's eligibility, determine how well the project can compete with similar applications from other organizations and eliminate any proposals which have little or no chance for Federal funding before applicants incur significant expenditures for preparing an application. In addition, the following information will be attached to and become a part of the preapplication:

(1) Complete information about the applicant's previous experience and capacity to carry out the objective of the agreement.

(2) If the applicant organization is already formed, a copy of or an accurate reference to the specific provisions of State law under which the applicant is organized; a certified copy of the applicant's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws or other evidence of corporate existence; certificate of incorporation for other than public bodies; evidence of good standing from the State when the corporation has been in existence 1 year or more; the names and addresses of the applicant's members, directors, and officers; and, if another organization is a member of the applicant-organization, its name, address, and principal business. If the applicant is not already formed, attach copies of the proposed organizational documents demonstrating compliance with § 1944.404(d) of this subpart.

(3) A current (no more than 12 months old) dated and signed financial statement showing the amounts and specific nature of assets and liabilities together with information on the repayment schedule and status of any debt owed by the applicant. If the applicant is being sponsored by another organization, the same type of financial statement also must be provided by the applicant's sponsor.

(4) A narrative statement which includes information about the amount of the grant funds being requested, area(s) to be served, need for self-help housing in the area(s), the number of self-help units proposed to be built, rehabilitated or repaired during the agreement period, housing conditions of low-income families in the area and reasons why families need self-help assistance. Evidence should be provided that the communities support the activity and that there are low-income families willing to contribute their labor in order to obtain adequate housing. Evidence of community support may be letters of support from local officials, individuals and community organizations. The pre-application may contain information such as census materials, local planning studies, surveys, or other readily available information which indicates a need in the area for housing of the type and cost to be provided by the proposed self-help TA program.

(5) A plan of how the organization proposes to reach very low-income families living in houses that are deteriorated, dilapidated, overcrowded, and/or lacking plumbing facilities.

(6) A proposed budget which will be prepared on SF–424A, "Budget Information (Non-Construction Programs)" will be completed to address applicable assurances as outlined in § 3015.205 of 7 CFR part 3015. State and local Government will include an assurance that the grantee shall comply with all applicable Federal statutes and regulations in effect with respect to the periods for which it receives grant funding. The State and local governments shall also comply with 7 CFR part 3016.

(7) A preliminary survey as to the availability of lots and projected cost of the sites.

(8) A list of other activities the applicant is engaged in and expects to continue, and a statement as to other sources of funding and whether it will have sufficient funds to assure continued operation of the other activities for at least the period of the agreement. If multi-funded, its cost allocation plan or indirect cost rate must be part of the pre-application.

(9) Whether assistance under paragraph (d) of this section is requested and a brief narrative identifying the need, amount of funds needed, and projected time period.

(10) If a project is planned for five or more housing lots or units, an Affirmative Fair Marketing Plan is required. The plan will be in effect until the completion of the project.

(b) *Preapplication review.* (1) The District Director, within 30 days of receipt of the preapplication, Form SF–424, and all other required information and material will complete a thorough review for completeness, accuracy, and conformance to program policy and regulations. Incomplete preapplications will be returned to the applicant for completion. The applicant should be given the name of the regional technical assistance contractor. The County Supervisor in the prospective county will be contacted as to the need for the

program in the proposed area and if the necessary resources are available to the grantee. This will include a discussion of the number of 502 and 504 units that will need to be committed to the grantee and the potential work impact on the office during the grant period. If it is determined that the County Office lacks the resources (either personnel or funds) to process all loan requests in a timely manner, the District Director must communicate this need to the State Director along with a recommended solution. (Lack of resources at the county level are not grounds to deny a request). After the District Director has determined that the preapplication is complete and accurate, the District Director will assemble the material in an applicant case file and forward it to the State Director. The case file, as a minimum, must contain the following:

(i) Form SF–424,

(ii) Original and one copy of Form FmHA 1940–20, "Request for Environmental Information,"

(iii) Eligibility recommendations, and

(iv) HUD Form 935.2 "Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan", if applicable.

(2) The State Director may, if needed, submit the organizational documents with any comments or questions to the Office of General Counsel (OGC) for a preliminary opinion as to whether the applicant is or will be a legal organization of the type required by these regulations and for advice on any other aspects of the preapplication.

(3) The State Director, if unable to determine eligibility or qualifications with the advice of the OGC, may submit the preapplication to the National Office for review. The preapplication will contain all memoranda from OGC giving the results of its review. The State Director will identify in the transmittal memorandum to the National Office the specific problem and will recommend possible solutions and any information about the applicant which would be helpful to the National Office in reaching a decision.

(4) After an eligibility determination has been made, which should be completed within 30 days unless OGC is involved, the State Director will:

(i) If the applicant is eligible, contact the National Office as to the availability of funds or submit the proposal to the National Office for authorization if the requested amount exceeds the State Director's approval authority. If funds are available, the final review officer, either the State Director or the Assistant Administrator, Housing will issue a letter of conditions that the applicant must meet and direct the District Director to issue Form AD–622, "Notice of Preapplication Review Action."

(ii) If the applicant is determined not eligible, the State Director will direct the District Director to issue Form AD–622.

(c) *Form AD–622, "Notice of Preapplication Review Action."* (1) If the applicant is eligible and after the State Director has returned the preapplication information and the executed original Form FmHA 1940–20 to the District Office, the District Director will, within 10 days, prepare and issue Form AD–622. The original Form AD–622 will be signed and delivered to the applicant along with the letter of conditions, a copy to the applicant's case file, a copy to the County Supervisor, and a copy to the State Director.

(2) If the applicant is not eligible and after the State Director has returned the preapplication information, the District Director will within 5 days notify the applicant on Form AD–622. The notification will inform the applicant that an appeal of the decision may be made to the National Appeals Staff under subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter.

(3) If the applicant is eligible and no grant or loan funds are available, the State Director will return the preapplication information to the District Director who will, within 10 days, notify the applicant on Form AD–622. The notification will explain the facts concerning the lack of funding and that FmHA will notify them when funding will be available. This is not an appealable decision.

(d) *Self-help technical assistance grant predevelopment agreement.* If the grantee requested predevelopment assistance and the State Director determines that the applicant lacks the financial resources to meet the conditions of grant approval, a grant of up to $10,000 and for up to six months will be made in order for the applicant to provide what is required by paragraph (e) of this section. Exhibit D of this subpart will be used for this purpose. Existing grantees proposing to operate in an area different from the area that they are currently funded to operate are eligible for this grant. However, this grant is available only once for a defined area. This grant is available only after the letter of conditions has been issued. Denial of this assistance is an appealable decision under subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter.

(e) *Form SF–424, "Application for Federal Assistance."* The applicant will submit Form SF–424 in an original and one copy to the District Director. The application should provide a detailed proposal of its goals including:

(1) Names, addresses, number in household, and total annual household income of families who have been contacted by the applicant and are interested in participating in a self-help housing project. Community organizations including minority organizations may be used as a source of names of people interested in self-help housing.

(2) Proof that the first group of prospective participating self-help families have qualified for financial assistance.

(3) Evidence that lots are optioned by the prospective participating self-help families for the first group. Evidence that lots are available for the remaining groups.

(4) Detailed cost estimates of houses to be built by the mutual self-help method. Plans and specifications should be submitted with the cost estimates.

(5) Proposed staffing need, including qualifications, experience, proposed hiring schedule, and availability of any prospective employees.

(6) Name, address, and official position of the applicant's representative or representatives authorized to act for the applicant and work with FmHA.

(7) Budget information including a detailed budget for the Agreement period based upon the needs outlined in the proposal. SF 424A will be completed to furnish the budget information.

(8) Indirect or direct cost policy and proposed indirect cost rate developed in accordance with 7 CFR part 3015 and part 3016.

(9) Personnel procedures and practices that will be established or are in existence. Forms to be used should be submitted with the application.

(10) A proposed monthly activities schedule showing the proposed dates for starting and completing the recruitment, loan processing and construction phases for each group of participant families.

§ 1944.411 Conditions for approving a grant.

A grant may be approved for an eligible applicant when the conditions in the letter of conditions are met and the following conditions are present:

(a) The applicant has or can hire, or contract directly or indirectly with, qualified people to carry out its responsibilities in administering the grant.

(b) The applicant has met all of the conditions listed in § 1944.410(e) of this subpart.

(c) The grantee furnishes a signed statement that it complies with the requirements of the Departmental Regulations found in 7 CFR part 3015 and part 3016.

(d) A resolution has been adopted by the board of directors which authorizes the appropriate officer to execute Exhibit A of this subpart and Form FmHA 400–1, "Equal Opportunity Agreement."

(e) The grantee has fidelity bonding as covered in 7 CFR part 3015 if a nonprofit organization or, if a State or local government, to the extent required in 7 CFR part 3016.

(f) The grantee has agreed by completing SF–424B, "Assurances-Non Constitutional Programs," that it will establish a recordkeeping system that is certifiable by a certified public accountant that it adequately meets the Agreement.

(g) The grantee has established an interest bearing checking account on which at least two bonded officials will sign all checks issued and understands that interest earned in excess of $250.00 annually must be submitted to FmHA quarterly. (The use of minority depository institutions is encouraged.)

(h) The grantee has developed an agreement to be executed by the grantee and the self-help participants which clearly sets forth what is expected of each and has incorporated Exhibit B–2 of this subpart which clearly shows what work is expected of the participating family.

§ 1944.412 Docket preparation.

When the application and all items required for the complete docket have been received, the District Director will thoroughly examine it to insure the application has been properly and accurately prepared and that it includes the required dates and signatures. The docket items will be assembled and distributed by the District Director in the following order:

Form No.	Name of form or document	Total No. of copies	Signed by applicant	No. for agreement docket	Copy for applicant
SF–424	Application for Federal Assistance	3	1	1–O and 1C	1–C
AD–622	Notice of Preapplication Review Action	2		1–C	1–O
FmHA 1940–1	Request for Obligation of Funds	4	2	3–O and 2C	1–C
FmHA 400–4	Assurance Agreement	2	1	1–O	1–C
	HUD Form 935.2, Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan	3	1	1–O and 1C	1–C
	Certified Copy Authorizing Resolution	1	1	1–O	–
	Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Agreement (Exhibit A)	2	1	1–O	1–C
	Any Personnel Forms to be used	2		1–O	1–C

O=Original.
C=Copy.

§ 1944.413 Grant approval.

(a) *Approval of grant.* Within 30 days of the grantee meeting the conditions of § 1944.411 of this subpart or, if applicable, signing Exhibit D, the approving official will:

(1) Execute and distribute Form FmHA 1940–1 in accordance with the Forms Manual Insert (FMI).

(2) After the Finance Office acknowledges that funds are obligated, request an initial advance of funds on Form FmHA 440–57, "Acknowledgment of Obligated Funds/Check Request," in accordance with the FMI. The amount of this request should cover the applicant's needs for the remainder of the month in which the grant is closed plus the next month. Subsequent advances will cover only a one-month period.

(b) *Cancellation of an approved grant.* An approved grant may be canceled before closing if the applicant is no longer eligible, the proposal is no longer feasible, or the applicant requests cancellation. Cancellation will be accomplished as follows:

(1) The District Director will prepare Form FmHA 1940–10, "Cancellation of U.S. Treasury Check and/or Obligation," according to the FMI and send it to the State Director with the reasons for cancellation. If the State Director approves the request, Form FmHA 1940–10 will be returned to the District Office for processing in accordance with the FMI.

(2) The District Director will notify the applicant of the cancellation and the right to appeal under subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter. If the applicant requested the cancellation, no appeal rights are provided, but the applicant will still be notified of the cancellation.

(c) *Disapproval of grant.* If a grant is disapproved after the docket has been developed, the approving official will state the reason on the original Form FmHA 1940–1, or in a memorandum to the District Director. The District Director will notify the applicant in writing of the disapproval and the reason for disapproval. Also, the notification will inform the applicant of its appeal rights under subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter.

§ 1944.414 [Reserved]

§ 1944.415 Grant approval and other approving authorities.

(a) The State Director is authorized to approve or disapprove TA grants under this subpart. For a grant in excess of $300,000, or in the case of a grant amendment when the amount of the grant plus any unexpended funds from a previous grant will exceed $400,000, prior written consent of the National Office is required. In such cases, the docket, along with the State Director's recommendations, must be submitted to the National Office for review.

(b) The State Director may approve a grant not to exceed $10,000 to an eligible organization under § 1944.410(d) of this subpart. The grant must be limited to 6 months and funds must be used for the development of the final application, family recruitment, and related activities as explained in § 1944.410(e) of this subpart. The amount of this grant will not be included in figuring TA cost per units.

(c) The authority to contract for services is limited to the Administrator of FmHA.

(d) Monthly expenditures of the grantee will normally be approved by the District Director unless:

(1) The grantee operates in only one county, in which case the authority may be delegated to the County Supervisor.

(2) The grantee operates in more than one FmHA District, in which case the State Director will designate the approving official.

(3) The grantee operates in more than one State Director's jurisdiction, in which case the Administrator will designate the approving official.

(4) The expenditure is under contract authority, in which case the Contracting Official Representative will approve the monthly expenditure.

§ 1944.416 Grant closing.

The grant is closed on the date the Agreement is executed as defined in § 1944.403(a) by the applicant and the Government. Funds may not be advanced prior to the signing of the

Agreement. The District Director or Assistant District Director are authorized to execute the Agreement for FmHA. Person(s) authorized by resolution may sign for the applicant.

§ 1944.417 Servicing actions after grant closing.

FmHA has a responsibility to help the grantee be successful and help the grantee avoid cases of fraud and abuse. Servicing actions also include correlating activities between the grantee and FmHA to the benefit of the participating families. The amount of servicing actions needed will vary in accordance with the experience of the grantee, but as minimum the following actions are required:

(a) Monthly, the grantee will provide the District Director with a request for additional funds on Form SF–270, "Request for Advance or Reimbursement." This request need only show the amount of funds used during the previous month, amount of unspent funds, projected need for the next 30 days, and written justification if the request exceeds the projected need for the next 30 days. This request must be in the District Director's office fifteen days prior to the beginning of the month. Upon receipt of the grantee's request, the District Director will:

(1) If the request appears to be in order, process Form FmHA 440–57 so that delivery of the check will be possible on the first of the next month.

(2) If the request does not appear to be in order, immediately contact the grantee to resolve the problem. After the contact:

(i) If the explanation is acceptable, process Form FmHA 440–57 so delivery may be possible by the first of the next month, or

(ii) If the explanation is not acceptable, immediately notify the grantee and request the amount of funds that appear reasonable for the next 30 days on Form FmHA 440–57, so that delivery may be possible by the first of the next month. Unapproved funds that are later approved will be added to the next month's request.

(b) Quarterly, the grantee will submit Exhibit B of this subpart in an original and three copies to the County Supervisor on or before January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 which will verify its progress toward meeting the objectives stated in the Agreement and the application. The County Supervisor will immediately complete the County Office review part and forward the report to the District Office. After Exhibit C is received in the District Office, a meeting should be scheduled between the grantee, District Director, and the County supervisor since this is an opportune time for both the grantee and FmHA to review progress to date and make necessary adjustments for the future. This meeting is required if the grantee was previously identified as a problem grantee or will be identified as a problem grantee at this time. Regardless of whether a meeting will be held, the following will be done:

(1) Exhibit B and other information will be evaluated to determine progress made to date. The District Director will comment on Exhibit B as to whether the grantee is ahead or behind schedule in each of the following areas:

(i) *Assisting the projected number of families.*

(ii) *Serving very low-income applicants.* Is the grantee reaching a minimum of very low-income families as required in Exhibit A, Attachment 2 to subpart L of part 1940 of this chapter (available in any FmHA office).

(iii) *Equivalent units (EUs).* Is the number of EUs completed representative of lapse in time of the grant? For example, if 25 percent of the grant period has elapsed, are 25 percent of the number of EUs completed?

(iv) *Labor contributions by the family.* Are the families working together and are they completing the labor tasks as established on Exhibit B–2?

(2) The District Director will submit Exhibit B to the State Director who will evaluate the quarterly report along with the District Director's comments. If the State Director determines the grantee is progressing satisfactorily, the State Director will sign and forward Exhibit B to the National Office. However, if the State Director determines the grantee is not performing as expected, the State Director will notify the grantee that it has been classified a "High Risk" grantee. The notice will specify the deficiencies and inform the grantee of proposed remedies for noncompliance. The notice will advise the grantee that FmHA is available to assist and provide the name and address of an organization that is under contract with FmHA to assist them. The State Director will forward a copy of Exhibit B, District Directors comments, and the reasons for classifying them as "High Risk" to the National Office, Single Family Housing, Special Programs Branch. When the period of time provided for corrective action has expired, an assessment will be made of the progress by the grantee toward correcting the situation. If the State Director determines:

(i) The situation has been corrected or reasonable progress has been made toward correcting the situation, the "High Risk" status will be lifted and the grantee so notified.

(ii) The situation has not been corrected but it is correctable if additional time is granted, an extension will be issued.

(iii) The situation has not been corrected and it is unlikely to be corrected if given additional time, the grant will be terminated under § 1944.426(b)(1) of this subpart.

§ 1944.418 [Reserved]

§ 1944.419 Final grantee evaluation.

Near the end of the grant period but prior to the last month, an evaluation of the grantee will be conducted by FmHA. The State Director may use FmHA employees or an organization under contract to FmHA to provide the evaluation. The evaluation is to determine how successful the grantee was in meeting goals and objectives as defined in the agreement, application, this regulation, and any amendments.

(a) This is a quantitative evaluation of the grantee to determine if it met its goals in:

(1) Assisting the project number of families in obtaining adequate housing.

(2) Meeting the goal of assisting very low-income families.

(3) Meeting the family labor requirement in § 1944.411(h) and Exhibit B–2 of this subpart.

(4) Keeping costs within the guides set in § 1944.407.

(5) Meeting order objectives in the Agreement.

(b) The evaluation is a narrative addressed to the State Director with a copy of the National Office, Single Family Housing Processing Division. It will be in 3 parts, namely; findings, recommendations, and an overall rating. The rating will be either unacceptable, acceptable, or outstanding, as follows:

(1) Outstanding if the grantee met or exceeded all of the goals in paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) Acceptable if the grantee met or exceeded all of the goals as defined in paragraph (a) except two.

(3) Unacceptable if the grantee failed to obtain an acceptable rating.

(c) After the State Director has reviewed the evaluation, a copy will be mailed to the grantee. The grantee may request a review of the evaluation with the District Director. This review is for clarification of the material and to dispute the findings if they are known to be wrong. The rating is not open for discussion except to the extent it can be proven that the findings do not support the rating. If this is the case, the District

Director will file an amendment to the State Director.

§ 1944.420 Extension or revision of the grant agreement.

The State Director may authorize the District Director to execute on behalf of the Government, Exhibit C of this subpart, at any time during the grant period provided:

(a) The extension period is for no more than one year from the final date of the existing Agreement.

(b) The need for the extension is clearly justified.

(c) If additional funds are needed, a revised budget is submitted with complete justification, and

(d) The grantee is within the guidelines in § 1944.407 of this subpart or the State Director determines that the best interest of the Government will be served by the extension.

§ 1944.421 Refunding of an existing grantee.

Grantees wishing to continue with self-help efforts after the end of the current grant plus any extensions should file Form SF–424, in accordance with § 1944.410(e). It is recommended that it be filed at least 6 months before the end of the current grant period. Funds from the existing grant may be used to meet the conditions of a new grant to serve the same or redefined geographic area. If the grantee is targeting a different geographic area, a new preapplication must be submitted in accordance with § 1944.410 and the grantee may apply for a predevelopment grant in accordance with § 1944.410(d). In addition to meeting the conditions of an applicant as defined in § 1944.411 of this subpart, the grantee must also have received or will receive an acceptable rating on its current grant unless an exception is granted by the State Director. The State Director may grant an exception to the rating if it is determined that the reasons causing the previous unacceptable rating have been removed or will be removed with the approval of this grant.

§ 1944.422 Audit and other report requirements.

The grantee must submit an audit to the appropriate FmHA District Office annually (or biannually if a State or local government with authority to do a less frequent audit requests it) and within 90 days of the end of the grantee's fiscal year, grant period, or termination of the grant. The audit, conducted by the grantee's auditors, is to be performed in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS), using the publication "Standards for Audit of Governmental Organizations, Programs, Activities and Functions" developed by the Comptroller General of the United States in 1981, and any subsequent revisions. In addition, the audits are also to be performed in accordance with 7 CFR parts 3015 and 3016 and FmHA requirements as specified in this subpart. Audits of borrower loan funds will be required. The number of borrower accounts audited will be determined by the auditor. In incidences where it is difficult to determine the appropriate number of accounts to be audited, auditors should be authorized by the State Director to audit the lesser of 10 loans or 10 percent of total loans.

(a) *Nonprofit organizations and others.* If determined necessary these organizations are to be audited in accordance with FmHA requirements OMB Circular A–110, A–133, and 7 CFR part 3015. These requirements also apply to public hospitals, public colleges, and universities if they are excluded from the audit requirements of paragraph (b) of this section.

(1) An audit conducted by the grantee's auditor shall be supplied to the FmHA District Director as soon as possible but in no case later than ninety (90) days following the period covered by the grant agreement.

(2) Auditors shall promptly notify United States Department of Agriculture's Office of the Inspector General Regional Inspector General and the FmHA District Office, in writing, of any indication of fraud, abuse, or illegal acts in grantees use of grant funds or in the handling of borrowers accounts.

(3) Nonprofit organizations that receive less than $25,000 a year in Federal financial assistance need not be audited.

(b) *State and local governments and Indian tribes.* These organizations are to be audited in accordance with this subpart and 7 CFR part 3016. The grantee will forward completed audits to the appropriate Federal cognizant agency and a copy to the FmHA District Director. "Cognizant agency" means the Federal agency assigned by OMB Circular A–128. Within USDA, and OIG shall fulfill cognizant agency responsibilities. Smaller grantees not assigned a cognizant agency by OMB should contact the Federal agency that provided the most funds. When USDA is designated as the cognizant agency or when it has been determined by the borrower that FmHA provided the major portion of Federal financial assistance, the State Director will contact the appropriate USDA OIG Regional Inspector General. FmHA and the borrower shall coordinate all proposed audit plans with the appropriate USDA OIG.

(1) State and local governments and Indian tribes that receive $25,000 or more a year in Federal financial assistance shall have an audit made in accordance with 7 CFR part 3016.

(2) State and local and Indian tribes that receive less than $25,000 a year in Federal financial assistance shall be exempt from 7 CFR part 3016.

(3) Public hospitals and public colleges and universities may be excluded by the State Director from OMB Circular A–128 audit requirements. If such entities are excluded, audits shall be made in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1944.423 Loan packaging and 502 RH application submittal.

A grantee is required to assist 502 RH applicants in submitting their application for a RH loan. Loan packaging will be performed in accordance with Exhibit A of subpart A of part 1944 of this chapter; therefore, it is important that the grantee be trained at an early date in the packaging of RH loans. Typically, this training should take place before the first applications are submitted to the County Office and before the grant is closed. A grantee should become very knowledgeable of FmHA's eligibility requirements but must understand that only FmHA can approve or deny an applicant assistance. Grantee must work cooperatively with FmHA in the 502 loan approval process and must work within the regulations for the 502 program and recognize FmHA's ultimate decision making authority to approve or deny loans. However, the grantee may ask for clarification that may be helpful in working with future applicants. Grant funds may not be used to pay any expense in connection with an appeal that the applicant may file or pursue.

§ 1944.424 Dwelling construction and standards.

All construction will be performed in accordance with subpart A of part 1924 of this chapter. The planned work must meet the building requirements of subpart A of part 1944 of this chapter and meet the Development Standards as defined in subpart A of part 1924 of this chapter and in any local codes. Sites and site developments must conform to the requirements of subpart C of part 1924 of this chapter.

§ 1944.425 Handling and accounting for borrower loan funds.

Grantees will be required to administer borrower loan funds during the construction phases. The extent of their involvement will depend on the experience of the grantee and the

amount of authority delegated to them by the District Director in accordance with § 1924.6(c) of subpart A of part 1924 of this chapter. Training should include FmHA's non-discrimination policies in receiving applications.

§ 1944.426 Grant closeout.

(a) *Grant purposes completed.* Promptly after the date of completion, grant closeout actions will be taken to allow the orderly discontinuance of grantee activity.

(1) The grantee will immediately refund to FmHA any balance of grant funds advanced that are not committed for the payment of authorized expenses as prescribed in § 1951.58(j) of FmHA Instruction 1951–B (available in any FmHA office).

(2) The grantee will furnish Form SF–269A, "Financial Status Report (short form)" to FmHA within 90 days after the date of completion of the grant. All other financial, performance, and other reports required as a condition of the grant also will be completed.

(3) After the grant closeout, FmHA retains the right to recover any disallowed costs which are discovered as a result of the final audit. Subpart M of part 1951 of this chapter will be used by FmHA to recover any unauthorized expenditures.

(4) The grantee will provide FmHA an audit conforming to those requirements established in this part, including audits of self-help borrower accounts.

(5) Upon request from the recipient, any allowable reimbursable cost not covered by previous payments shall be promptly paid by FmHA.

(b) *Grant purposes not completed*—(1) *Notification of termination.* The State Director will promptly notify the grantee and the National Office in writing of the termination action including the specific reasons for the decision and the effective date of the termination. The notification to the grantee will specify that if the grantee believes the reason for the proposed termination can be resolved, the grantee should, within 15 calendar days of the date of this notification, contact the State Director in writing requesting a meeting for further consideration. The meeting will be an informal proceeding at which the grantee will be given the opportunity to provide whatever additional information it believes should be considered in reaching a decision concerning the case. The grantee may have an attorney or any other person present at the meeting if desired. Within 7 calendar days of the meeting, the State Director will determine what action to take.

(i) If the State Director determines that termination is not necessary, the grantee will be informed by letter along with the District Director.

(ii) If the State Director determines that termination of the grant is appropriate, he/she will promptly inform the grantee by the use of Exhibit B–3 of subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter.

(2) *National Office review.* (i) Upon receipt of a request from a grantee that the decision of the State Director be reconsidered, the National Office will make a preliminary decision concerning the continued funding of the grantee during the appeal period. Written notification of the decision will be given to the State Director and grantee.

(ii) The National Office will then obtain a comprehensive report on the matter from the State Office. This information will be considered together with any additional information that may be provided by the grantee.

(c) *Grant suspension.* When the grantee has failed to comply with the terms of the agreement, the District Director will promptly report the facts to the State Director. The State Director will consider termination or suspension of the grant usually only after a Grantee has been classified as "high risk" in accordance with § 1944.417(b)(2) of this subpart. When the State Director determines that the grantee has a reasonable potential to correct deficiencies the grant may be suspended. The State Director will request written authorization from the National Office to suspend a grantee. The suspension will adhere to 7 CFR parts 3015 and 3016. The grantee will be notified of the grant suspension in writing by the State Director. The State Director will also promptly inform the grantee of its rights to appeal the decision by use of Exhibit B–3 of subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter.

(d) *Grant termination.* The State Director may terminate the grant agreement whenever FmHA determines that the grantee has failed to comply with terms of the Agreement. The reasons for termination may include, but are not limited to, such problems as listed in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of Exhibit A of this subpart. The State Director may also withhold further disbursement of grant funds and prohibit the grantee from incurring additional obligations of grant funds with written approval of the National Office. FmHA will allow all necessary and proper costs which grantee could not reasonably avoid.

(i) *Termination for cause.* The grant agreement may be terminated in whole, or in part, at any time before date of completion, whenever FmHA determines that the grantee has failed to comply with terms of the Agreement. The State Director will notify the grantee in writing giving the reasons for the action and inform the grantee of its rights of appeal by use of Exhibit B–3 of subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter.

(ii) *Termination for convenience.* FmHA or the grantee may terminate the grant in whole, or in part, when both parties agree that the continuation of the grant would not produce beneficial results. The two parties will agree in writing to the termination conditions including the effective date. No notice of rights of appeal will be issued by FmHA.

§ 1944.427 Grantee self-evaluation.

Annually or more often, the board of directors will evaluate their own self-help program. Exhibit E of this subpart is provided for that purpose. It is also recommended that they review their personnel policy, any audits that may have been conducted and other reports to determine if they need to make adjustments in order to prevent fraud and abuse, and meet the goals in the current grant agreement.

§§ 1944.428–1944.449 [Reserved]

§ 1944.450 OMB control number.

The reporting and recordkeeping requirements contained in this regulation have ben approved by the Office of Management and Budget and have been assigned OMB control number 0575–0043. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to vary from 10 minutes to 18 hours per response, with an average of 1.17 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Department of Agriculture, Clearance Officer, OIRM, room 404–W, Washington, DC 20250; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (OMB# 0575–0043), Washington, DC 20503.

Exhibits to Subpart I

Exhibit A—Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Agreement

THIS GRANT AGREEMENT dated _____, 19____, is between _____

_____

a nonprofit corporation ("Grantee"), organized and operating under

_____

(authorizing State statute)

and the United States of America acting through the Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture ("FmHA").

In consideration of financial assistance in the amount of $_____ (called "Grant Funds") to be made available by FmHA to Grantee under section 523(b)(1)(A) of the Housing Act of 1949 to be used in (specify area to be served) _____ for the purpose of providing a program of technical and supervisory assistance which will aid low-income families in carrying out mutual self-help housing efforts. Grantee will provide such a program in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and FmHA regulations.

Definitions:

Date of Completion means the date when all work under a grant is completed or the date in the TA Grant Agreement, or any supplement or amendment thereto, on which Federal assistance ends.

Disallowed costs are those charges to a grant which the FmHA determines cannot be authorized.

Grant Closeout is the process by which the grant operation is concluded at the expiration of the grant period or following a decision to terminate the grant.

Termination of a grant means the cancellation of Federal assistance, in whole of in part, under a grant at any time prior to the date of completion.

Terms of agreement:

(a) This Agreement shall terminate _____ years from this date unless extended or sooner terminated under paragraphs (e) and (f) of this Agreement.

(b) Grantee shall carry out the self-help housing activity described in the application docket which is attached to and made a part of this Agreement. Grantee will be bound by the conditions set forth in the docket, 7 CFR part 1944, subpart I, and the further conditions set forth in this Agreement. If any of the conditions in the docket are inconsistent with those in the Agreement or subpart I of part 1944, the latter will govern. A waiver of any condition must be in writing and must be signed by an authorized representative of FmHA.

(c) Grantee shall use grant funds only for the purposes and activities specified in FmHA regulations and in the application docket approved by FmHA including the approved budget. Any uses not provided for in the approved budget must be approved in writing by FmHA in advance.

(d) If Grantee is a private nonprofit corporation, expenses charged for travel or per diem will not exceed the rates paid FmHA employees for similar expenses. If Grantee is a public body, the rates will be those that are allowable under the customary practice in the government of which Grantee is a part; if none are customary, the FmHA rates will be the maximum allowed.

(e) Grant closeout and termination procedures will be as follows:

(1) Promptly after the date of completion or a decision to terminate a grant, grant closeout actions are to be taken to allow the orderly discontinuation of Grantee activity.

(i) Grantee shall immediately refund to FmHA any uncommitted balance of grant funds.

(ii) Grantee will furnish to FmHA within 90 days after the date of completion of the grant a "Financial Status Report", Form SF-269A. All financial, performance, and other reports required as a condition of the grant will also be completed.

(iii) Grantee shall account for any property acquired with technical assistance (TA) grant funds, or otherwise received from FmHA.

(iv) After the grant closeout, FmHA retains the right to recover any disallowed costs which may be discovered as a result of any audit.

(2) When there is reasonable evidence that Grantee has failed to comply with the terms of this Agreement, the State Director may determine Grantee as "high risk". A "high risk" Grantee will be supervised to the extent necessary to protect the Government's interest and to help Grantee overcome the deficiencies.

(3) Grant termination will be based on the following:

(i) *Termination for cause.* This grant may be terminated in whole, or in part, 90 days after a Grantee has been classified as "high risk" if the State Director determines that Grantee has failed to correct previous deficiencies and is unlikely to correct such items if additional time is allowed. The reasons for termination may include, but are not limited to, such problems as:

(A) Actual TA costs significantly exceeding the amount stipulated in the proposal.

(B) The number of homes being built is significantly less than proposed construction or is not on schedule.

(C) The cost of housing not being appropriate for the self-help program.

(D) Failure of Grantee to only use grant funds for authorized purposes.

(E) Failure of Grantee to submit adequate and timely reports of its operation.

(F) Failure of Grantee to require families to work together in groups by the mutual self-help method in the case of new construction.

(G) Serious or repetitive violation of any of the provisions of any laws administered by FmHA or any regulation issued under those laws.

(H) Violation of any nondiscrimination or equal opportunity requirement administered by FmHA in connection with any FmHA programs.

(I) Failure to establish an accounting system acceptable to FmHA.

(J) Failure to serve very low-income families.

(K) Failure to recruit families from substandard housing.

(ii) *Termination for convenience.* FmHA or Grantee may terminate the grant in whole, or in part, when both parties agree that the continuation of the project would not produce beneficial results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds. The two parties shall agree upon the termination conditions, including the effective date and, in case of partial termination, the portion to be terminated.

(4) To terminate a grant for cause, FmHA shall promptly notify Grantee in writing of the determination and the reasons for and the effective date of the whole or partial termination. Grantee will be advised of its appeal rights under 7 CFR part 1900, subpart B.

(f) An extension of this grant agreement may be approved by FmHA provided, in its opinion, the extension is justified and there is a likelihood that the Grantee can accomplish the goals set out and approved in the application docket during the period of the extension.

(g) Grant funds may not be used to pay obligations incurred before the date of this Agreement. Grantee will not obligate grant funds after the grant termination or completion date.

(h) As requested and in the manner specified by FmHA, the Grantee must make quarterly reports, Exhibit C of this subpart (on 1/15, 4/15, 7/15 and 10/15 of each year), and a financial status report at the end of the grant period, and permit on-site inspections of program progress by FmHA representatives. FmHA may require progress reports more frequently if it deems necessary. Grantee must also comply with the audit requirements found in § 1944.422 of subpart I of 7 CFR part 1944, if applicable. Grantee will maintain records and accounts, including property, personnel and financial records, to assure a proper accounting of all grant funds. These records will be made available to FmHA for auditing purposes and will be retained by Grantee for three years after the termination or completion of this grant.

(i) Acquisition and disposal of personal equipment and supplies should comply with subpart R of 7 CFR part 3015 and subpart C of 7 CFR part 3016.

(j) Results of the program assisted by grant funds may be published by Grantee without prior review by FmHA, provided that such publications acknowledge the support provided by funds pursuant to the provisions of Title V of the Housing Act of 1949, 42 U.S.C. 1471, *et seq.*, and that five copies of each such publication are furnished to the local representative of FmHA.

(k) Grantee certifies that no person or organization has been employed or retained to solicit or secure this grant for a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee.

(l) Grantee shall comply with all civil rights laws and the FmHA regulations implementing these laws.

(m) In all hiring or employment made possible by or resulting from this grant, Grantee: (1) Will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, sex, marital status, national origin, age, or mental or physical handicap, and (2) will take affirmative action to insure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, religion, color, sex, marital status, national origin, or mental or physical handicap. This requirement shall apply to, but not be limited to, the following: Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. In the event Grantee signs a contract which would be covered by any Executive Order, law, or regulation prohibiting discrimination, Grantee shall

include in the contract the "Equal Employment Clause" as specified by FmHA.

(n) It is understood and agreed by Grantee that any assistance granted under this Agreement will be administered subject to the limitations of Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1471 *et seq.*, and related regulations, and that rights granted to FmHA in this Agreement or elsewhere may be exercised by it in its sole discretion to carry out the purposes of the assistance, and protect FmHA's financial interest.

(o) Grantee will maintain a code or standards of conduct which will govern the performance of its officers, employees, or agents. Grantee's officers, employees, or agents will neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from suppliers, contractors, or others doing business with the grantee. To the extent permissible by State or local law, rules, or regulations such standards will provide for penalties, sanctions, or other disciplinary actions to be taken for violations of such standards.

(p) Grantee shall not hire or permit to be hired any person in a staff position or as a participant if that person or a member of that person's immediate household is employed in an administrative capacity by the organization, unless waived by the State Director. (For the purpose of this section, the term "household" means all persons sharing the same dwelling, whether related or not).

(q) Grantee's board members or employees shall not directly or indirectly participate, for financial gain, in any transactions involving the organization or the participating families. This includes activities such as selling real estate, building material, supplies, and services.

(r) Grantee will retain all financial records, supporting documents, statistical records, and other records pertinent to this agreement for 3 years, and affirms that it is fully aware of the provisions of the Administrative Remedies for False Claims and Statements Act, 31 U.S.C. 3801, *et seq.*

By _____
(Signature)

_____
(Title)
GRANTEE
By _____
(Signature)

_____
(Title)
FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

Exhibit B—Evaluation Report of Self-Help Technical Assistance (TA) Grants

Evaluation for Quarter Ending: (1) _____, 19 _____

1. a. Name of Grantee: (2) _____
   b. Address: (3) _____
   c. Area the grant serves: (4) _____
2. Date of Agreement: (5) _____ Time Extended (6) _____
3. a. Equivalent unit increase during quarter:
(7) _____
First Month
(8) _____
Second Month
(9) _____
Third Month
   b. Cumulative total number of Equivalent Units since beginning of grant:
(10) _____
Total to Date
4. a. Method of Construction:
   Stick built _____%, Panelized ___ %, Combined _____%
   b. Number of bedrooms per house built this grant period:
2BR, _____
3BR, _____
   c. Household size this Quarter:
1 person _____,
2 persons _____,
3 persons _____,
4 persons _____,
5 persons _____.
   d. Number of houses under construction this grant period, but started during previous grant period: _____
5. a. Number of houses proposed under this grant:
(11) _____
   b. Number of houses completed under this grant:
(12) _____
   c. Number of houses currently under construction:
(13) _____
   d. Number of families in pre construction:
(14) _____
   e. Number of Construction Supervisors:
(15) _____
   f. Number of TA employees:
(16) _____
6. a. Average time needed to construct a single house:
(17) _____
   b. Number of months between submission of self-help borrower's docket and approval/rejection:
(18) _____
   c. Number and percentage of loan docket rejections during reporting period: _____
(19) _____
7. a. Did any of the following adversely affect the Grantee's ability to accomplish program objectives?

	YES	NO
TA Staff Turnover	_____	_____
FmHA Staff Turnover	_____	_____
Bad Weather	_____	_____
Loan Processing Delays	_____	_____
Site Acquisition and Development	_____	_____
Unavailable Loan/Grant Funds	_____	_____
Lack of Participants	_____	_____
Communication between FmHA/Grantee	_____	_____

8. Attach information concerning number of families contacted, number who have indicated a willingness to be a participating family, number of mutual self-help groups organized, progress on any construction started, and any problems relating to the operation of this grant.

I certify that the statements made above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(20) _____
(Date)

(21) _____
(Title)
GRANTEE
(22) _____
(Signature)

County Office Review

I have reviewed the above information which I have found to be substantially correct. Must be completed by County Office.
Comment: Must be completed (23)
Average appraisal value of units financed this Quarter:

_____

Average amount loan per unit financed this Quarter:

_____

(24) _____
(Date)
(25) _____
County Supervisor

District Office Review

Comment: Must be completed (26)
(27) _____
Date
(28) _____
District Director

State Office Review

Comments: Must be completed (29)
(30) _____
Date
(31) _____
State Office Representative

Exhibit B–1—Instructions for Preparation of Evaluation Report of Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants

Exhibit B will be used by all Technical Assistance (TA) Grantees obtaining self-help TA grants. This attachment provides the grantee and FmHA a uniform method of reporting the performance progress of self-help projects. The TA Grantee will prepare an original and 4 copies of the attachment. The TA Grantee will sign the original and 3 copies and forward it to the local FmHA County Office. The TA Grantee will keep the unsigned copy for its records.

The evaluation report will be completed in accordance with the following:

1. Enter the date the quarter ends either March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31 and the year.

2. Enter the full name of the TA Grantee organization.

3. Enter the complete mailing address of the TA Grantee organization.

4. Enter the area served by the grant.

5. Enter the date of the initial self-help TA grant agreement.

6. Enter the time of any extension self-help TA grant agreement(s).

7. Insert the number of equivalent units (EU) completed the first/second/third month of the quarter using steps 1, 2, and 3 of Exhibit B–3.

8. Insert the number of EU's completed the second month of the quarter by using steps 1, 2, and 3 of Exhibit B–3.

9. Insert the number of EU's completed the third month of the quarter by using steps 1, 2, and 3 of Exhibit B–3.

10. Add items (7), (8), and (9) to the total from the previous quarterly report to obtain the cumulative total number of EU's. This total is the cumulative total number of EU's for the project.

11. Enter the number of houses planned in the TA Grantee proposal(s).

12. Enter the number of houses completed and occupied since the beginning of the grant.

13. Enter the number of houses that are under construction at the end of this quarter.

14. Enter the number of families in the pre-construction phase.

15. Enter the total number of construction supervisor(s) paid with TA grant funds.

16. Enter the number of employees paid with TA grant funds including those listed in item 15.

17. Insert the average elapsed time needed per house from excavation to final inspection by FmHA to complete construction of a house. If no self-help homes have been completed by this grantee, use other projects or your best estimate as a guide.

18. Enter the number of months it takes on average to approve or reject a borrower's docket once it's submitted.

19. Enter number and percent of dockets submitted and rejected this quarter.

20. Enter date of Exhibit submittal.

21. Insert title of the Grantee or authorized representative.

22. Signature of Grantee or authorized representative.

23. County Supervisor must answer questions concerning market value and loan amount and also should insert comments concerning progress of construction, success of the project and any problems that the organization may have.

24. Insert date of County Supervisor's review.

25. Signature of County Supervisor.

26. District Director representative should insert his/her comments concerning items listed in § 1944.417(b)(1) of 1944–I.

27. Insert date of District Director review.

28. Signature of District Director or representative.

29. Insert State Office comments.

30. Insert date of State Office review.

31. Signature of State Office representative.

Exhibit B–2—Breakdown of Construction Development for Determining Percentage Construction Completed

	In percent—		
	With slab on grade	With crawl space	With basement
1. Excavation	3	5	6
The removal of earth to allow the construction of a foundation or basement.			
2. Footing, Foundations, columns	8	8	11
Footing: Construction of the spreading course or courses at the base or bottom of a foundation wall, pier, or column. Foundation: Construction of the supporting portion of a structure below the first floor construction, or below grade, including footing.			
3. Floor slab or framing	6	4	4
The floor slab consist of concrete, usually reinforced, poured over gravel and a vapor barrier with perimeter insulation to prevent heat loss.			
4. Subflooring	0	1	1
The installation of materials used for flooring that is laid directly on the joist and serving the purpose of a floor during construction prior installation of the finish floor.			
5. Wall framing sheathing	7	7	6
The construction process of putting together and erecting the skeleton parts of a building's walls (the rough lumber work) and, for the exterior walls, covering with sheathing (plywood, waferboard, oriented strand board or lumber) and insulating board to close up the side walls prior to the installation of finish materials on the surface.			
6. Roof and ceiling framing, sheathing	6	6	5
The process, or method, of putting the parts of a roof, such as truss, rafters, ridge and plates in position. Ceiling joist support the overhead interior lining of a room. Roof sheathing is any sheet material, such as plywood or particleboard, connected to the roof rafters or truss to act as a base for sheathing felt, shingles or other roof covers.			
7. Roofing	5	5	4
The installation of a material that acts as a roof covering, making it impervious to the weather, such as shingles over sheathing felt, tile, or slate.			
8. Siding, exterior trim, porches	7	7	6
The installation of lumber, panel products or other materials intended for use as the exterior wall covering including all trim.			
9. Windows and exterior doors	9	9	8
The installation of all exterior windows and doors. This includes securely fastening windows and doors plumb and level, square and true and adjusting sash, screens and hardware for smooth and proper operation.			
10. Plumbing—roughed in	3	2	3
Subject to local codes and regulations the installation of all parts of the plumbing system which must be completed prior to the installation of plumbing fixtures or appliances. This includes drain, waste, and vent piping, water supply, and the necessary built-in fixture supports.			
11. Sewage disposal	1	1	1
Subject to local codes and regulations the construction and installation of a wastewater disposal system consisting of a house sewer, a pretreatment unit (*e.g.*, septic tank, individual package treatment plant), an acceptable absorption system (subsurface absorption field, seepage pit, or subsurface absorption bed). The system shall be designed to receive all sanitary sewage (bathroom, kitchen and laundry) from the dwelling, but not footing or roof drainage. It shall be designed so that gases generated anywhere in the system can easily flow back to the building sewer stack.			
12. Heating—roughed in	1	1	1
Subject to local codes and regulations the installation of ducts and/or piping and the necessary supports to minimize the cutting of walls and joist. This rough in is done before finish wall and floor installed.			
13. Electrical—roughed in	2	2	2

	In percent—		
	With slab on grade	With crawl space	With basement
Subject to local codes and regulations the installation of conduit or cable and the location of switch, light, and outlet boxes with wires ready to connect. This roughing-in work is done before the dry wall finish is applied, and before the insulation is placed in the walls and ceiling.			
14. Insulation	2	2	2
The installation of any material used in walls, floors, and ceilings to prevent heat transmission as required by FmHA Instruction 1924–A, Exhibit D of 7 CFR of part 1924, subpart A.			
15. Dry wall	8	8	7
Dry walling is covering the interior walls using sheets of gypsum board and taped joints.			
16. Basement or porch floor, steps	1	1	6
The construction of basement or porch floors and steps whether wood or concrete.			
17. Heating—finished	3	3	3
Subject to local codes and regulations the installation of registers, grilles and thermostats.			
18. Flooring covering	6	6	5
The installation of the "finish flooring" (the material used as the final wearing surface that is applied to a floor). Floor covering include numerous flooring materials such as wood materials, vinyl, linoleum, cork, plastic, carpet and other materials in tile or sheet form.			
19. Interior carpentry, trim, doors	6	6	5
Installing visible interior finish work (molding and/or trim), including covering joints around window and door openings. The installation of an interior door including frames and trim.			
20. Cabinets and counter tops	1	1	1
Securing cabinets and counter tops (usually requiring only fastening to the wall or floor) that are plumb and level, square and true.			
21. Interior painting	4	4	3
Cleaning and preparation of all interior surfaces and applying paint in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions.			
22. Exterior painting	1	1	1
Cleaning and preparation of all exterior surfaces and applying paint in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions.			
23. Plumbing—complete fixtures	4	4	3
Subject to local codes and regulations the installation of a receptor or device which requires both a water supply connection and a discharge to the drainage system, such as water closets, lavatories, bathtubs or sinks. Also, the installation of an energized household appliance with plumbing connections, such as a clothes washer, water heater, dishwasher or garbage grinder.			
24. Electrical—complete fixtures	1	1	1
Subject to local codes and regulations the installation of the fixtures, the switches, and switch plates. This is usually done after the dry wall finish is applied.			
25. Finish hardware	1	1	1
The installation of all the visible, functional hardware in a house that has a finish appearance, including such features as hinges, locks, catches, pulls, knobs, and clothes hooks.			
26. Gutters and downspouts	1	1	1
The installation of a shallow channel of wood, metal, or PVC (gutters) positioned just below and following along the eaves of the house for the purpose of collecting and diverting water from a roof to a vertical pipe (downspouts) used to carry rainwater from the roof to the ground by way of a splash block or into a drainage system.			
27. Grading, paving, landscaping	3	3	3
Landscaping includes final grading, planting of shrubs and trees, and seeding or sodding of lawn areas. Final grading includes the best available routing of runoff water to assure that house and adjacent homes will not be endangered by the path of water runoff. The minimum slope should be 6" in 10' or 5% from the foundation of the home. Paving includes both driveways and walks.			
Total	100	100	100

Exhibit B–3—Pre-Construction and Construction Phase Breakdown

I. *General.* This Exhibit will be used by Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) and the Grantee in determining Grantee performance as required in § 1944.417(b) of this subpart.

II. *Determining technical assistance (TA) cost per unit.*

A. Equivalent units are used to measure progress at any time during the period of the grant. It is necessary because self-help grantees have several groups of families in various stages of progress during the period of the grant. The following formula has been developed to provide a more accurate method of determining progress.

FORMULA

Phase breakdown	In percent—	
	Value of each phase	Cumulative
Pre-construction:		
Phase I	10	10
Phase II	10	10
Construction:		
Phase III	80	21–100

B. Using the Description of Phase Breakdown as a guide, the project staff selects the total percentage pertinent to the stage the self-help group is in and multiplies that percentage by the number of families (units) in the group. The result is the equivalent number of units completed. No credit may be given for Phase I, if the application is rejected. When this computation has been completed for each group that falls within Phases I–III, the total number of equivalent units is divided into the total grant funds expended to that date. The result is the TA cost per unit at that stage of the program's progress.

C. The definition of pre-construction and construction phases described are follows:

Pre-Construction

Phase I: Hold community meetings; conduct interviews; obtain house plans; prepare cost estimates; begin search for land; submit family applications to the lender; lender runs credit check; applications. Lender either approves or rejects.

Phase II: Organize an association of section 502 Rural Housing eligible families; association conducts weekly meetings at which required lender forms are discussed and completed; house plans and land sites are selected; outside speakers explain and discuss taxes, insurance, how to keep a checking account, how interest is computed, home maintenance, decorating, and landscaping; etc.; completed loan dockets for each family are submitted to the lender. Family loan dockets are reviewed and recommendations made as to the loan amounts requested; the lender reviews family loan dockets; preliminary title search of each proposed building site is begun; requests loan check from Finance Office; when check arrives, final title search is made, loan closed, checking accounts opened, and construction begun.

Construction: The grantee will utilize Exhibit B–2 which outlines 27 construction tasks to determine the percentage of completed construction activities.

D. The computation of equivalent units and TA costs will be computed as follows:

Exhibit C will be used for recording the following information and construction in this example which starts January 1.

Step 1

Both the grantee and FmHA review the FmHA loan application records to determine the percentage of completion for each family in the pre-construction phase of the program. These are Phases I–III. Total these percentages to find the number of "equivalent units" (EUs) completed at that date during pre-construction. For example, if there are eight families in Group #2 and all have completed the 20 percent phase of pre-construction, then there would be 1.6 EUs in the pre-construction phase of the program as of that date. Each phase must be completed before it is considered in the calculation.

Step 2

Refer to the records of construction progress for families in the construction Phase III. As of that date, the director totals the percentage of completion figures for each family as follows:

Askew	0.45
Whited	0.40
Martinez	0.40
Gonzalez	0.38
Sherry	0.34
Duran	0.33
Johnson	0.13
Harvey	0.31
EUs	2.92

Total production in the construction phase is therefore 2.92 EUs as of that date.

Step 3

Add the pre-construction and construction subtotals together:

Pre-construction	1.60
Construction	2.92
Total EUs	4.52

This provides the total EUs of production during the first three months of operation. Steps 1, 2, and 3 will be used to complete items 7, 8 and 9 of Exhibit B of this subpart.

III. *Preparation:*

Compile Exhibit B of this subpart in an original and four copies. The exhibit will be signed by the TA Grantee. Submit the original and three copies of the exhibit quarterly to FmHA County Office on or before January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15, of each year for the quarters ending March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31 of each year. The District Director will keep the original and forward two copies to the State Office. The State Office will forward one copy to the National Office. The State Office will prepare information concerning TA grants closed within 30 days of the end of a quarter on the next quarterly report.

Exhibit C—Amendment to Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Agreement

This Agreement dated, _____ 19____ between _____

a nonprofit corporation ("Grantee"), organized and operating under

_____

(authorizing State Statute)

and the United States of America acting through the Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture ("FmHA"), amends the "Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Agreement" between the parties dated _____ 19____, ("Agreement").

The Agreement is amended by providing additional financial assistance in the amount of _____ to be made available by FmHA to Grantee pursuant to section 523 of Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 for the purpose of assisting in providing a program of technical and supervisory assistance which will aid low-income families in carrying out mutual self-help housing efforts; or

The Agreement is amended by changing the completion date specified in convenant 1 from _____ to _____ and by making the following attachments to this amendment: (List and identify proposal and any other documents pertinent to the grant.)

Agreed to this ____ day of ____ 19____.

_____

(Name of Grantee)

By _____

(Signature)

_____

(Title)

United States of America

By _____

(Signature)

_____

(Title)

Farmers Home Administration

Exhibit D—Self-Help Technical Assistance Grant Predevelopment Agreement

This grant predevelopment agreement dated, ____ 19____, is between

_____

a nonprofit corporation ("Grantee"), organized and operating under

_____

(authorizing State statute)

and the United States of America acting through the Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture ("FmHA").

In consideration of financial assistance in the amount of $____ ("Grant Funds") to be made available by FmHA to Grantee under section 523 (b)(1)(A) of the Housing Act of 1949 to be used in (specify area to be served) _____ for the purpose of developing a program of technical and supervisory assistance which will aid low-income families in carrying out mutual self-help housing efforts, Grantee will provide such a program in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and FmHA regulations.

Grant funds will be used for authorized purposes as contained in § 1944.410(d) of 7 CFR part 1944, subpart I, as necessary, to develop a complete program for a self-help TA grant. This will include recruitment, screening, loan packaging and related activities for prospective self-help participants.

Agreed to this ____ day of ____ 19____.

_____

(Name of Grantee)

By _____

(Signature)

_____

(Title)

United States of America

By _____

(Signature)

_____

(Title)

Farmers Home Administration

Exhibit E—Guidance for Recipients of Self-Help Technical Assistance Grants (Section 523 of Housing Act of 1949)

7 CFR part 1944, subpart I provides the specific details of this grant program. The following is a list of some functions of the grant recipients taken from this subpart. With the list are questions we request to be answered by the recipients to reduce the potential for fraud, waste, unauthorized use

or mismanagement of these grant funds. We suggest the Board of Directors answer these questions every six months by conducting their own review. Paid staff should not be permitted to complete this evaluation.

A. Family Labor Contribution

1. Does your organization maintain a list of each family and a running total of hours worked (when and on what activity)? ..... Yes No
2. Are there records of discussions with participating families counselling them when the family contribution is falling behind? ..... Yes No
3. Are there obstacles which prevent the family from performing the required tasks? ..... Yes No

B. Use of Grant Funds

1. Were grant funds used to pay salaries or other expenses of personnel not directly associated with this grant? ..... Yes No
2. Were grant funds used to pay for construction work for participating families? ..... Yes No
3. Were all purchases or rentals (item and cost) of office equipment authorized? ..... Yes No
4. Are all office expenses authorized by 7 CFR part 1944, subpart I? ..... Yes No
5. Was a record of long distance telephone calls maintained and was that log and telephone checked? ..... Yes No
6. Was all travel and mileage incurred for official business and properly authorized in advance? ..... Yes No
7. Were mileage and per diem rates within authorized levels? ..... Yes No
8. Were participating families charged for use of tools? ..... Yes No
9. Were grant funds expended to train grant personnel? ..... Yes No
10. Was training appropriate for the individual trainee? ..... Yes No
11. Were any technical or consultant services obtained for participating families? ..... Yes No
12. Were the provided technical or consultant services appropriate in type and cost? ..... Yes No

C. Financial Responsibilities

1. Does each invoice paid by the grant recipient match the purchase order? ..... Yes No
2. Does each invoice paid by the borrower and FmHA match the purchase order? ..... Yes No
3. Were purchases made from the appropriate vendors? ..... Yes No
4. Are the invoices and itemized statements totalled for materials purchased for individual families? ..... Yes No
5. Is there a record of deposits and withdrawals to account for all loan funds? ..... Yes No
6. Are checks from grant funds signed by the Board Treasurer and Executive Director? ..... Yes No
7. Are grant funds deposited in an interest bearing account? ..... Yes No
8. Are checks from loan funds prepared by the grant recipient for the borrower's and lender's signature? ..... Yes No
9. Are checks from loan funds accompanied by accurate invoices? ..... Yes No
10. Are any borrower loan funds including interests, deposited in grantee accounts? ..... Yes No
11. Are checks from loan funds submitted to FmHA more often than once every 30 days? ..... Yes No
12. Is the reconciliation of bank statements for both grant and loan funds completed on a monthly basis? ..... Yes No
13. If the person who issues the checks also reconciles them, does the Executive Director review this activity? ..... Yes No
14. Are materials purchased in bulk approved by the Executive Director? ..... Yes No
15. Was the amount of materials determined by both the Executive Director and construction staff? ..... Yes No
16. Were any participating families consulted about the purchase of materials? ..... Yes No
17. Were savings accomplished by the bulk purchase method? .. Yes No
18. Did the Executive Director review the purchase order and the ultimate use of the materials? ..... Yes No
19. Are materials covered by insurance when stored by grantee? ..... Yes No

D. Reporting

1. Are "Requests for Advance or Reimbursement" made once monthly to the FmHA District Office? ..... Yes No
2. Has the grant recipient engaged a certified public Accountant (CPA) or CPA firm to review their operations on a regular basis: (Annually is preferable but every two years and at the end or the grant period are requirements)? ..... Yes No
3. Are the quarterly evaluation reports submitted on time to the County Supervisor? ..... Yes No

What, if any, problems exist that need to be corrected for effective management of the grant project?

Date

President, Board of Directors

(Period covered by report _____)

Answer Key

The following answers should help your organization in assessing its vulnerability to fraud, waste, and abuse. You should take actions to correct practices that now generate an answer different from the key.

Question	*Answer*
A. 1	Yes
A. 2	Yes
A. 3	Yes
B. 1	No
B. 2	No
B. 3	Yes
B. 4	Yes
B. 5	Yes
B. 6	Yes
B. 7	Yes
B. 8	No
B. 9	Yes
B. 10	Yes
B. 11	Yes
B. 12	Yes
C. 1	Yes
C. 2	Yes
C. 3	Yes
C. 4	Yes
C. 5	Yes
C. 6	Yes
C. 7	No
C. 8	Yes
C. 9	Yes
C. 10	No
C. 11	No
C. 12	Yes
C. 13	Yes
C. 14	Yes
C. 15	Yes
C. 16	Yes
C. 17	Yes
C. 18	Yes
C. 19	Yes
D. 1	Yes
D. 2	Yes
D. 3	Yes

Exhibit F—Site Option Loan to Technical Assistance Grantees

I. *Objectives.* The objective of a Site Option (SO) loan under Section 523(b)(1)(B) of Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 is to enable technical assistance (TA) grantees to establish revolving fund accounts to obtain options on land needed to make sites available to families that will build their own homes by the self-help method. An SO loan will be considered only when sites cannot be made available by other means including a regular Rural Housing Site (RHS) loan.

II. *Eligibility requirements.* To be eligible for an SO loan, the applicant must be a TA grantee that is currently operating in a satisfactory manner under a TA grant agreement. If the SO loan applicant has applied for TA funds but is not already a TA grantee and it appears that the TA grant will be made, the SO loan may be approved but not closed until the TA grant is closed.

III. *Loan purposes.* Loans may be made only as necessary to enable eligible applicants to establish revolving accounts with which to obtain options on land that will be needed as building sites by self-help families participating in the TA self-help housing program. Loans will not be made to pay the full purchase price of land but only for the minimum amounts necessary to obtain an option from the seller. The option should be for as long as necessary but in no case should the option be for less than 90 days.

IV. *Limitations.*

(A) If the amount of an SO loan will exceed $10,000, the prior consent of the National Office shall be obtained before approval.

(B) The amount of the SO loan should not exceed 15 percent of the purchase price of the land expected to be under option at any one time, unless a higher percent is authorized by the State Director when other land in not available or the particular area requires more down payment than elsewhere or similar circumstances exist.

(C) Form FmHA 440–34, "Option to Purchase Real Property," will be used without modification in all cases for obtaining options under this subpart.

(D) The limitations of § 1822.266(b) (1) and (2) of subpart F of part 1822 of this chapter (FmHA Instruction 444.8, paragraphs VI B (1) and (2)) concerning land purchase will apply to options purchased under this subpart.

V. *Rates and terms.*

(A) *Interest.* Loans will be made at an interest rate of 3 percent.

(B) *Repayment period.* Each SO loan will be repaid in one installment which will include the entire principal balance and accrued interest. The maximum repayment period for each SO loan will be the applicant's remaining TA grant funding period.

(1) A shorter repayment period will be established if SO funds will not be needed for the entire TA grant funding period.

(2) If a regular RHS loan is to be processed, the SO loan should be scheduled for repayment when RHS loan funds will be available to purchase the land and repay the amount of SO funds advanced on the option, unless SO loan funds will still be needed to purchase other options. Under no circumstances, however, will the repayment period exceed the applicant's remaining TA grant funding period.

VI. *Processing application.*

(A) *Form of application:* The application for assistance will be in the form of a letter to the FmHA County Supervisor having jurisdiction over the area of the proposed site to be optioned. The letter will be signed by the applicant or its authorized representative and contain, as a minimum, the following information:

(1) A copy of the proposed option that shows a legal description of the land, option price, purchase price, and terms of the option. If more than one site is to be purchased, a schedule of the proposed options should be included.

(2) Information to verify that a regular RHS loan cannot be processed in time to secure the option.

(3) Proposed method repayment of the SO loan.

(4) Resolution from the applicant's governing body authorizing the application for an SO loan from FmHA.

(B) *Responsibility of the County Supervisor.* Upon receipt of an SO loan application, the County Supervisor will:

(1) Determine whether the applicant is eligible. If the applicant is not eligible, or the loan cannot be made for other reasons, the application may be rejected by the County Supervisor with the concurrence of the District Director. The reasons for the rejection should be clearly stated and provided, in writing to the applicant. The applicant will have the right to have the decision reviewed following the procedure established in subpart B of part 1900 of this chapter.

(2) Review and verify the accuracy of the information provided.

(3) Make an inspection and a memorandum appraisal of each proposed site "as is." The appraisal will include a narrative statement as to whether the site has been recently sold, verify that the seller is the owner of the property, and indicate whether the purchase price is acceptable based on the selling price of similar properties in the area.

(4) Indicate whether or not it appears that, considering the location and cost of development, adequate building sites can be provided at reasonable costs.

(5) If the option is for a tract of land on which 5 or more sites are proposed, the County Supervisor will forward to the District Director with recommendations as defined in § 1924.119 of subpart C of part 1924 of this chapter.

(6) If approval is recommended, prepare and have the applicant execute Form FmHA 1940–1, "Request for Obligation of Funds," for the amount needed. Copies of the form will be distributed as provided in the Forms Manual Insert (FMI).

(7) Forward the SO loan application and the applicant's TA application or TA docket to the State Director. The submission will include the appraisal report and the County Supervisor's comments and recommendations.

VII. *Loan approval authority and State Office actions.*

The State Director is authorized to approve SO loans developed in accordance with this Exhibit. The approval or disapproval of the loan will be handled in the same manner as provided in § 1822.272 of subpart F of part 1822 of this chapter (FmHA Instruction 444.8, paragraph XII). SO loans will be established in Automated Multiple Housing Accounting System (AMAS) using Form FmHA 1944–51, "Multiple Family Housing Obligation Fund Analysis". The Issue loan/Grant checks transaction will be used to request a check for SO loans.

VIII. *Loan closing.*

(A) *General.* Loan closing instructions will be provided by the Office of the General Counsel (OGC) to assure that the Promissory Note is properly completed and executed. The County Supervisor may then close the loan.

(B) *Security for the loan.* The loan will be secured by a Promissory Note properly executed by the grantee using Form FmHA 1940–16, "Promissory Note." A lien on the optioned real estate will not be taken.

(1) The "kind of loan" block on the note will read "SO loan."

(2) The note will be modified to show that the only installment on the loan will be the final installment.

(C) *Loan is closed.* The loan will be considered closed when the note is executed and the loan check delivered to the grantee.

IX. *Establishment of SO loan revolving account.*

(A) Supervised bank accounts will not be used for SO loans.

(B) Grantee will deposit SO loan funds in a depository institution of its choice. The use of minority institutions is encouraged. Such funds will remain separate from any other account of the grantee and shall be established as an SO revolving account.

(C) Checks drawn on the revolving account will be for the sole purpose of purchasing land options and must be signed by at least two authorized officials of the grantee who have been properly bonded in accordance with § 1944.411 (e) and (g) of this subpart.

(D) Grantees will not expend funds for any options until the site and the option form have been reviewed and approved by the County Supervisor.

(1) SO funds will not be left unused in the revolving account in excess of 60 days.

(2) If the funds are not used for the intended purpose within the 60 days specified above, the unused portion will be refunded on the account.

(E) When funds become available for repayment of the SO loan, such funds will be deposited in the revolving account for the purchase of additional site options if needed. If such funds are not needed to purchase more options, they will be applied on the SO loan.

X. *Source of funds.*

SO loans will be funded from the self-help housing land development fund.

Subpart K—Technical and Supervisory Assistance Grants

§ 1944.550 [Removed and reserved]

6. Section 1944.550 is removed and reserved.

Dated: August 31, 1990.

La Verne Ausman,

Administrator, Farmers Home Administration.

[FR Doc. 90–24237 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–07–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 89-NM-20-AD; Amdt. 39-6774]

Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 757 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment supersedes an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Model 757 series airplanes, which currently requires repetitive operational testing of fuel boost pump bypass valves. That action was prompted by a determination that small amounts of water on the valves may freeze and prevent valve operation. This condition, if not corrected, could result in the loss of both engines in the event all aircraft fuel boost pumps were lost (e.g., loss of electrical power to pumps). This amendment also requires specific terminating action for the repetitive operational tests.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 21, 1990.

ADDRESSES: The applicable service information may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124. This information may be examine at the FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. G. Michael Collins, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, Propulsion Branch, ANM-140S; telephone (206) 227-2689. Mailing address: FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations by superseding AD 88-08-04, Amendment 39-5895 (53 FR 12376, April 14, 1988), applicable to Boeing Model 757 series airplanes, to require repetitive operational testing of fuel boost pump bypass valves and also require specific terminating action for the repetitive operational testing, was published in the Federal Register on April 18, 1990 (55 FR 14426).

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the single comment received.

The commenter requested that the compliance period for the modification be increased from the proposed 3,000 to 4,000 hours time-in-service. This was requested in order to allow accomplishment of the modification during scheduled main base visits. The FAA concurs. This AD requires repeated operational testing until the modification is accomplished. Because the operational testing requirement serves as an interim safety measure, the FAA has determined that the extension of the compliance time to 4,000 hours for the modification will not have an adverse impact on safety. The final rule has been revised accordingly.

Since issuance of the Notice, the FAA has reviewed and approved Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757-28A0017, Revision 3, dated April 26, 1990, which revises the operational check of the bypass valve for proper operation following accomplishment of the modification. This revision to the service bulletin also updates the list of affected airplanes to reflect current ownership and also to include an optional bracket installation. The final rule has been revised to allow modification in accordance with this revision of the service bulletin.

Paragraph C. of the final rule has been revised to specify the current procedure for submitting request for approval of alternate means of compliance.

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the changes previously described. The FAA has determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

There are approximately 204 Model 757 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. It is estimated that 123 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 40 manhours per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor cost will be $40 per manhour. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be $196,800.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action: (1) Is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and is contained in the regulatory docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amend 14 CFR part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as follows:

PART 39—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421 and 1423; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97-449, January 12, 1983); and 14 CFR 11.89.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by superseding Amendment 39-5895 (53 FR 12376, April 14, 1988), AD 88-08-04, with the following new airworthiness directive:

Boeing: Applies to Model 757 series airplanes, listed in Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757-28A0017, Revision 2, dated January 4, 1989, certificated in any category. Compliance is required as indicated, unless previously accomplished.

To prevent engine flameout due to boost pump bypass valve freezing, accomplish the following:

A. Prior to the accumulation of 150 flight hours after May 4, 1988 (the effective date of Amendment 39-5895, AD 88-08-04), and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 300 flight hours, perform an operational test of the fuel boost pump bypass valves in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757-28A0017, dated February 11, 1988; or Part I of Revision 2, dated January 4, 1989; or Part I of Revision 3, dated April 26, 1990.

B. Within the next 4,000 hours time-in-service after the effective date of this amendment, modify the fuel boost pump bypass valves in accordance with Part II of Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 757-28A0017, Revision 2, dated January 4, 1989, or Revision 3, dated April 26, 1990. This constitutes terminating action for the repetitive tests required by paragraph A. of this AD.

C. An alternate means of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time, which provides an acceptable level of safety, may be used when approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.

Note: The request should be submitted directly to the Manager, Seattle ACO, and a copy sent to the cognizant FAA Principal Inspector (PI). The PI will then forward comments or concurrence to the Seattle ACO.

D. Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with FAR 21.197 and 21.199 to operate airplanes to a base in order to comply with the requirements of this AD.

All persons affected by this directive who have not already received the appropriate service documents from the manufacturer may obtain copies upon request to Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124. These documents may be examined at the FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

This amendment supersedes Amendment 39–5895, AD 88–08–04.

This amendment becomes effective November 21, 1990.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on October 4, 1990.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 90–24281 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

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14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 90–NM–123–AD; Amdt. 39–6776]

Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 767 Series Airplanes Equipped With BFGoodrich Escape Slides and Slide/Rafts

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Boeing Model 767 series airplanes, which requires inspection and modification of certain escape slides and slide-rafts. This amendment is prompted by reports of failure of the escape slides and slide/rafts due to equipment malfunctions. This condition, if not corrected, could result in unusable escape slides and slide/rafts, and jeopardize successful emergency evacuation of the airplane.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 21, 1990.

ADDRESSES: The applicable service information may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplanes Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124; and BFGoodrich Company, Aircraft Evacuation Systems, 3414 South 5th Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85040. This information may be examined at the FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Jayson B. Claar, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, Airframe Branch, ANM–120S; telephone (206) 227–2784. Mailing address: FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations to include an airworthiness directive, applicable to Boeing Model 767 series airplanes, which requires inspection and modification of certain escape slides and slide/rafts, was published in the **Federal Register** on July 7, 1990 (55 FR 28656).

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

The Air Transport Association (ATA) of America commented on behalf of its member airlines:

Some member airlines stated that the FAA's justification for revising the compliance time from 40 to 20 months appears to be based on an attempt to require the accomplishment of the modification at the same time as the inspections required by AD 86–06–06. These commenters noted that the slides and slide/rafts installed on their fleets are not subject to the requirements of AD 86–06–06 and most are scheduled for inspections/overhaul at 36-month intervals. They requested that the proposed compliance time be changed back to 40 months. As justification for such a change, the commenters indicated that the service history and reliability of the slides and slide/rafts does not demonstrate a need for an early removal to accomplish the proposed modifications. Further, one commenter indicated that the slide manufacturer's service bulletin refers to the modifications as "product improvements" and, therefore, requested that the modifications be required to be accomplished at the "next regularly scheduled overhaul."

The FAA does not concur that an extension of the proposed compliance time is warranted. Although part of the reason for selecting the 20-month compliance time was to align the modification with the requirements of AD 86–06–06, it was by no means the only reason. In developing an appropriate compliance time, the FAA considered the safety implications, parts availability, and normal maintenance schedules for timely accomplishment of the modification. In consideration of these items, as well as the reports of numerous failures of the slides and slide/rafts in service, the FAA determined that 20 months represented the maximum interval of time allowable wherein the modifications could reasonably be accomplished and an acceptable level of safety could be maintained. The FAA does not concur with the suggestion that the modification be accomplished at "the next regularly scheduled overhaul;" since maintenance schedules may vary from operator to operator, there would be no assurance that the inspection will be accomplished within 20 months. The FAA has determined that, in requiring compliance within 20 months, only 30% of all slides and slide/rafts will be required to be removed from airplanes prior to their "regularly scheduled overhaul."

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed.

There are approximately 275 Model 767 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. It is estimated that 106 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 80 manhours per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor cost will be $40 per manhour. It is estimated that the required parts will cost $2,125 per airplane. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be $564,450.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action: (1) Is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and is contained in the regulatory docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as follows:

PART 39—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, and 1423; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97-449, January 12, 1983); and 14 CFR 11.89.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Boeing: Applies to Model 767 series airplanes, equipped with BFGoodrich escape slides and slide/rafts identified in BFGoodrich Service Bulletin 25-212, dated October 27, 1989, certificated in any category. Compliance required within the next 20 months after the effective date of this AD, unless previously accomplished.

To provide satisfactory reliability of the evacuation system, accomplish the following:

A. Modify the escape slides and slide/rafts in accordance with BFGoodrich Service Bulletin 25-212, dated October 27, 1989.

B. An alternate means of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time, which provides an acceptable level of safety, may be used when approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.

Note: The request should be submitted directly to the Manager, Seattle ACO, and a copy sent to the cognizant FAA Principal Inspector (PI). The PI will then forward comments or concurrence to the Seattle ACO.

C. Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with FAR 21.197 and 21.199 to operate airplanes to a base in order to comply with the requirements of this AD.

All persons affected by this directive who have not already received the appropriate service documents from the manufacturer may obtain copies upon request to Boeing Commercial Airplanes Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124; and BFGoodrich Company, Aircraft Evacuation Systems, 3414 South 5th Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85040. These documents may be examined at the FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SE., Renton, Washington.

This amendment becomes effective November 21, 1990.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on October 4, 1990.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 90-24280 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 90-NM-90-AD; Amdt. 39-6769]

Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model DC-10-10, DC-10-15, DC-10-30 (Except KC-10A), and DC-10-40 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to McDonnell Douglas Model DC-10 series airplanes, which requires repetitive inspections and replacement of the fuel tank manifold drain/outboard fill valves. This amendment is prompted by reports of in-service failures of fuel tank manifold drain/outboard fill valves on the Model KC-10A airplane. This condition, if not corrected, could result in valve fuel leakage in the wing outboard leading edge area, and the possibility of localized in-flight or ground fire.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 19, 1990.

ADDRESSES: The applicable service information may be obtained from McDonnell Douglas Corporation, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: DC-10 Technical Publications, C1-HDR (54-60). This information may be examined at the FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington, or the Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3229 East Spring Street, Long Beach, California.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Raymond Vakili, Aerospace Engineer, Propulsion Branch, ANM-140L, FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3229 East Spring Street, Long Beach, California; telephone (213) 988-5262.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations to include an airworthiness directive, applicable to McDonnell Douglas Model DC-10-10, DC-10-15, DC-10-30 (except KC-10A), and DC-10-40 series airplanes, which requires repetitive inspections and replacement of the fuel tank manifold drain/outboard fill valves, was published in the **Federal Register** on June 1, 1990 (55 FR 22357).

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

One commenter requested that the AD allow the option of placarding a defective valve inoperative in accordance with the provisions of the Minimum Equipment List (MEL). The commenter stated that this option might be necessary because of the limited time to complete the inspection and the possibility of depleting the inventory of serviceable spare valves. The FAA does not concur. The FAA has determined that the availability of parts is not a problem at this time. However, in the event the problem should arise, operators always have the option of submitting an alternate means of compliance request to the FAA, which provides an equivalent level of safety in accordance with the provision in paragraph C. of this AD.

The aircraft manufacturer and the valve manufacturer commented that only a limited number of valves, identified in the McDonnell Douglas DC-10 Service Bulletin A28-196, are covered by warranty and will be exchanged free of cost. The FAA concurs. The cost impact estimate of the final rule has been corrected accordingly.

The aircraft manufacturer commented that there has been no failure of the fuel tank manifold drain/outboard fill valve on any in-service McDonnell Douglas DC-10's, as stated in the preamble to the Notice. The FAA concurs; however, the valves on the Model DC-10 are similar to the valves utilized in the KC-10A aerial refueling boom manifold scavenge shutoff valve and, thus, the same potential for failure exists on the Model DC-10 series airplanes.

In addition, the manufacturer suggested that the Model KC-10A airplane be included in the applicability of the final rule. The FAA does not concur. The Model KC-10A airplanes were specifically excluded in the NPRM because maintenance actions have been in effect to inspect and remove suspect valves from United States Air Force operated Model KC-10A airplanes. However, the FAA is reviewing these actions and will determine if further rulemaking action is necessary.

Paragraph A. of the final rule has been revised to clarify the actions required in the event that a defective valve is found as a result of the required inspections. Although these actions are specified in

the referenced service bulletin, they were not iterated in the Notice.

Paragraph C. of the final rule has been revised to specify the current procedure for submitting requests for approval of alternate means of compliance.

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule as proposed with the changes previously described. The FAA has determined that these changes will neither significantly increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

There are approximately 376 Model DC–10–10, DC–10–15, DC–10–30 (except KC–10A), and DC–10–40 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. It is estimated that 183 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD, that it will take approximately 5 manhours per airplane to accomplish the required actions, and that the average labor cost will be $40 per manhour. The cost of parts is $800 per airplane. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is $183,000.

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action: (1) Is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and is contained in the regulatory docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as follows:

PART 39—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421 and 1423; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97–449, January 12, 1983); and 14 CFR 11.89.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

McDonnell Douglas: Applies to Model DC–10–10, DC–10–15, DC–10–30 (except KC–10A), and DC–10–40 series airplanes, as listed in McDonnell Douglas DC–10 Service Bulletin A28–196, dated March 30, 1990, certificated in any category. Compliance required as indicated, unless previously accomplished.

To prevent valve fuel leakage into the wing outboard leading edge area and the possibility of localized in-flight or ground fire, accomplish the following:

A. Within 120 days after the effective date of this AD, and thereafter, at intervals not to exceed 12 months, inspect the manifold drain/outboard fill valves, Part Number AF18C–57, in accordance with the procedures described in McDonnell Douglas DC–10 Service Bulletin A28–196, dated March 30, 1990. If any valve has valve top displacement, prior to further flight, replace the valve with a new like or serviceable valve. Continue to perform the repetitive inspections required by this paragraph until the valves are replaced in accordance with the paragraph B. of this AD.

B. Within 24 months after the effective date of this AD, replace the manifold drain/outboard fill valves, Part Number AF18C–57, with new valves, Part Number AF18C–57A, in accordance with the procedures described in McDonnell Douglas DC–10 Service Bulletin A28–196, dated March 30, 1990. The replacement of Part Number AF18C–57 with Part Number AF18C–57A constitutes terminating action for this AD.

C. An alternate means of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time, which provides an acceptable level of safety, may be used when approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, Northwest Mountain Region.

Note: The request should be forwarded through an FAA Principal Inspector (PI), who will either concur or comment and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office.

D. Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with FAR 21.197 and 21.199 to operate airplanes to a base in order to comply with the requirements of this AD.

All persons affected by this directive who have not already received the appropriate service documents from the manufacturer may obtain copies upon request to McDonnell Douglas Corporation, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: DC–10 Technical Publications, C1–HDR (54–60). These documents may be examined at the FAA, Northwest Mountain Region, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington, or the Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3229 East Spring Street, Long Beach, California.

This amendment becomes effective November 19, 1990.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on October 2, 1990.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 90–24282 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

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14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 90–AGL–3]

Alteration of VOR Federal Airways V–158 and V–420

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment alters the descriptions of VOR Federal Airways V–158 and V–420 located in the State of Illinois. The airway change to V–158 will provide an airway to join the V–128 bypass routing around Chicago O'Hare Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) airspace for aircraft arriving from the northwest. Also, this action removes that segment of the airway along V–420 between the Bradford very high frequency omnidirectional radio range and tactical air navigational aid (VORTAC) to the Malta intersection, which is not being used by Air Traffic Control (ATC).

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 u.t.c., December 13, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jesse B. Bogan, Jr., Airspace and Obstruction Evaluation Branch (ATP–240) Airspace-Rules and Aeronautical Information Division, Air Traffic Rules and Procedures Service, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–9253.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On May 15, 1990, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to alter the descriptions of VOR Federal Airways V–158 and V–420 located in the State of Illinois (55 FR 20167). This airway change will provide a bypass routing in the vicinity of Chicago, IL, and eliminate a segment of an airway which is not being used by ATC. Interested parties

were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received. Except for editorial changes, this amendment is the same as that proposed in the notice. Section 71.123 of part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations was republished in Handbook 7400.6F dated January 2, 1990.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations alters the descriptions of VOR Federal Airways V–158 and V–420 located in the State of Illinois. The airway change to V–158 will provide an airway to join the V–128 bypass routing around Chicago O'Hare ATCT airspace for aircraft arriving from the northwest. The section of the airway between the Bradford VORTAC and the Malta intersection along V–420 is not being used by ATC. Therefore, we are removing that section of V–420 between the Bradford VORTAC and the Malta intersection.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) Is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Aviation safety, VOR federal airways.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) is amended, as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1348(a), 1354(a), 1510; Executive Order 10854; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97–449, January 12, 1983); 14 CFR 11.69.

§ 71.123 [Amended]

2. § 71.123 is amended as follows:

V–158 [Amended]

By removing the words "Polo, IL." and substituting the words "Polo, IL; to the INT Polo 122° and Rockford, IL, 169° radials."

V–420 [Revised]

From Green Bay, WI; via Traverse City, MI; Gaylord, MI; to Alpena, MI.

Issued in Washington, DC, on September 27, 1990.

Harold W. Becker,

Manager, Airspace-Rules and Aeronautical Information Division.

[FR Doc. 90–24283 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

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14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 90–ASO–11]

Amendment to Control Zone and Transition Area, Palm Beach, FL

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; delay of effective date.

SUMMARY: The effective date of the FAA final rule as published in the **Federal Register** on September 12, 1990, Volume 55, page 37458, has been changed from October 18, 1990, to December 13, 1990.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 u.t.c., December 13, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James G. Walters, (404) 763–7646.

Issued in East Point, Georgia, on September 20, 1990.

Don Cass,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 90–24288 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

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14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 90–ASO–12]

Establishment of Control Zone, Glynco Jetport, Brunswick, GA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment establishes a part-time control zone at the Glynco Jetport, Brunswick, GA. This action will provide additional controlled airspace for protection of instrument flight rules (IFR) aeronautical operations. The hours of operation of the control zone initially will be established by Notice to Airmen (NOTAM). Thereafter, the date and time of operation will be published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 u.t.c., December 13, 1991.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James G. Walters, Airspace Section, System Management Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 763–7646.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On July 17, 1990, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to establish the Glynco Jetport Control Zone at Brunswick, GA (55) FR (29066). The proposed action would lower the base of controlled airspace from 700 feet above ground level to the surface in the vicinity of Glynco Jetport for protection of IFR aeronautical operations. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received. Except for editorial changes, this amendment is the same as that proposed in the notice. Section 71.171 of part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations was republished in FAA Handbook 7400.6F dated January 2, 1990.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations establishes a part-time control zone at the Glynco Jetport, Brunswick, GA. This action lowers the base of controlled airspace from 700 feet above ground level to the surface in vicinity of the airport for protection of IFR aircraft. Initially, the hours of operation of the control zone will be established by NOTAM. Thereafter, the date and time of operation will be published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it

is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Aviation safety, Control zones.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) is amended, as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1348(a), 1354(a), 1510; Executive Order 10854; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Public Law 97-449, January 12, 1983); 14 CFR 11.69.

§ 71.171 [Amended]

2. Section 71.171 is amended as follows:

Brunswick Glynco Jetport, GA [New]

Within a 5-mile radius of Glynco Jetport (latitude 31°15'32" N., longitude 81°27'59" W.), excluding that airspace within the Brunswick Malcolm-McKinnon, GA, control zone. This control zone is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

Issued in East Point, Georgia, on September 19, 1990.

Don Cass,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 90-24286 Filed 10-5-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

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14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 90-ASO-9]

Revision of Control Zone and Transition Area, Tupelo, MS

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; delay of effective date.

SUMMARY: The effective date of the FAA final rule as published in the Federal Register on September 11, 1990, Volume 55, page 37318, has been changed from October 18, 1990, to December 13, 1990.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 u.t.c. December 13, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James G. Walters (404) 763-7646.

Issued in East Point, Georgia, on September 20, 1990.

Don Cass,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 90-24287 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

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14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 89-AEA-14]

Alteration of Control Zone and Transition Area; Erie, PA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This notice modifies the Control Zone and 700 foot Transition Area established at the Erie International Airport, Erie, PA, due to the revision of air traffic control procedures in the area. This action reduces that amount of controlled airspace to that which is actually required by the FAA to contain aircraft operating under instrument flight rules.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 u.t.c. December 13, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Curtis L. Brewington, Airspace Specialist, System Management Branch, AEA-530, Federal Aviation Administration, Fitzgerald Federal Building #111, John F. Kennedy International Airport, Jamaica, New York 11430; telephone: (718) 917-0857.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On June 21, 1990, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to amend the Control Zone and 700 foot Transition Area at Erie, PA, due to the reorganization of air traffic control procedures in the area (55 FR 29634). The proposed action would return that amount of controlled airspace not needed by the FAA to contain arriving and departing aircraft operating under instrument flight rules at the Erie International Airport, Erie, PA, back to the general public.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments on the proposal were received. Except for editorial changes, this amendment is the same as that proposed in the notice. Sections 71.171 and 71.181 of part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations were republished in FAA Handbook 7400.6F, January 2, 1990.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations reduces the Control Zone and 700 foot Transition Area established at Erie, PA, due to the reorganization of air traffic control procedures in the area.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this regulation: (1) Is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Aviation safety, Control zones, Transition areas.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) is amended as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1348(a), 1354(a), 1510; Executive Order 10854; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97-449, January 12, 1983); 14 CFR 11.69.

§ 71.171 [Amended]

2. Section 71.171 is amended as follows:

Erie, PA [Revised]

Within a 5-mile radius of the center of Erie International Airport, Erie, PA (lat. 42°04'54" N., long. 80°10'38" W.); extending NE of the 5-mile radius area from within 4.5 miles NW of the Erie VORTAC 054°(T) 060°(M) Radial to 4 miles SE of the Erie ILS localizer NE course then extending SW from a point located along the Erie ILS localizer NE course 10.5 miles NE of lat. 42°07'30" N., long. 80°05'37" W. to the 5-mile radius area.

§ 71.181 [Amended]

3. Section 71.181 is amended as follows:

Erie, PA [Revised]

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within an 8.5-mile radius of the center of Erie International Airport, Erie, PA (lat. 42°04'54" N., long. 80°10'38" W.); extending NE of the 8.5-mile radius area from within 5 miles NW of the Erie VORTAC 054°(T) 060°(M) Radial to 5 miles SE of the Erie ILS localizer NE course then extending SW from a point located along the Erie ILS localizer NE course 11.5 miles NE of lat. 42°07'30" N., long. 80°05'37" W. to the 8.5-mile radius area.

Issued in Jamaica, New York, on September 13, 1990.

Gary W. Tucker,

Manager, Air Traffic Division.

[FR Doc. 90-24284 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 90-AEA-01]

Establishment of Transition Area; Milton, WV

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This notice establishes a new 700 foot Transition Area at Milton, WV, due to the establishment of a Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) to the Ona Airpark, Milton, WV. This action establishes that amount of controlled airspace which is deemed necessary by the FAA to segregate aircraft operating under instrument flight rules from those operating under visual flight rules in controlled airspace. Additionally, the status of the airport is changed from VFR to IFR.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 u.t.c. December 13, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Curtis L. Brewington, Airspace Specialist, System Management Branch, AEA-530, Federal Aviation Administration, Fitzgerald Federal Building #111, John F. Kennedy International Airport, Jamaica, New York 11430; telephone: (718) 917-0857.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On April 6, 1990, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to establish a new 700 foot Transition area at Milton, WV, for the Ona Airpark due to the establishment of a new SIAP for the airport (55 FR 17632). The proposed action would establish that amount of controlled airspace which is deemed necessary by the FAA to contain arriving and departing aircraft from the Ona Airpark, Milton, WV, operating under instrument flight rules.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. One comment was received on the proposal.

It was noted that a military training route (MTR), which is used by high-performance military aircraft, is established over the Ona Airpark. It was suggested that the FAA suspend implementation of the SIAP and Transition Area. This was due to concerns for potential conflicts between controlled aircraft executing the SIAP and uncontrolled aircraft operating along the MTR. The military training route in question has been realigned with an effective date prior to the implementation of the new SIAP and Transition Area. The FAA finds that further delay of the implementation of the SIAP and 700 foot Transition Area is not warranted. Except for editorial changes, this amendment is the same as that proposed in the notice. Section 71.181 of part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations was republished in FAA Handbook 7400.6F, January 2, 1990.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations establishes a new 700 foot Transition Area at Milton, WV, to contain arriving and departing aircraft at the Ona Airpark due to the development of a new SIAP to this airport. This area will be depicted on appropriate aeronautical charts thereby enabling pilots to circumnavigate the area or otherwise comply with appropriate IFR procedures.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this regulation: (1) Is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Aviation safety, Transition areas.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) is amended as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1348(a), 1354(a), 1510; Executive Order 10854; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97-449, January 12, 1983); 14 CFR 11.69.

§ 71.181 [Amended]

2. Section 71.181 is amended as follows:

Milton, WV [New]

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.5-mile radius of the center, lat. 38°26'26"N., long. 82°12'05"W., of Ona Airpark, Milton, WV; within 4 miles either side of the Charleston VORTAC 285°(T) 288°(M) radial extending from 11.5 miles northwest of the VORTAC to the 6.5-mile radius area.

Issued in Jamaica, New York, on September 13, 1990.

Gary W. Tucker,

Manager, Air Traffic Division.

[FR Doc. 90-24285 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

43 CFR Public Land Order 6804

[AZ-930-4214-10; AZA-13398, AZA-13400, AZA-13401, AZA-13402, AZA-24749]

Revocation, Modification, and Transfer of Jurisdiction of Reclamation Withdrawals; Arizona

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public land order.

SUMMARY: This order revokes in part three Secretarial orders which withdrew lands in Yuma, Arizona, for the Colorado River Survey and the Yuma Project. Additionally, it modifies and transfers jurisdiction to a part of a fourth Secretarial order which withdrew the same land for the Colorado River Storage Project. This land totaling 26.794 acres is now excess to the needs of the Bureau of Reclamation and is needed by the Department of the Navy. The

Department of the Navy presently utilizes the facilities constructed on the parcel by the Bureau of Reclamation as an integral part of the Marine Corps Air Station operation in Yuma. The land has been and will remain closed to surface entry and mining.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 16, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Mezes, BLM, Arizona State Office, P.O. Box 16563, Phoenix, Arizona 85011, 602–640–5509.

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 90 Stat. 2751; 43 U.S.C. 1714, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Secretarial Orders dated July 2, 1902, January 31, 1903, and September 30, 1904, which withdrew lands for the Colorado River Survey and the Yuma Project are hereby revoked insofar as they affect the following described land:

Gila and Salt River Meridian

T. 9 S., R. 23 W.,
Sec. 11, Tract B.

The area described contains 26.794 acres in Yuma County.

2. The Secretarial Order dated March 14, 1929, which withdrew the following described land for the Colorado River Storage Project is hereby modified and jurisdiction transferred from the Bureau of Reclamation to the Department of the Navy, subject to valid existing rights, for use as an administrative site. The land will remain withdrawn from settlement, sale, location, or entry under the general land laws, including the United States mining laws (30 U.S.C., ch. 2).

Gila and Salt River Meridian

T. 9 S., R. 23 W.,
Sec. 11, Tract B.

The area described contains 26.794 acres in Yuma County.

3. This withdrawal will expire 20 years from the effective date of this order unless, as a result of a review conducted before the expiration date pursuant to Section 204(f) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714(f), the Secretary determines that the withdrawal shall be extended.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Dave O'Neal,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

[FR Doc. 90–24272 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–32–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 264

[Docket No. 90804–0224]

RIN 0648–AA46

United States Standards for Grades of Frozen Fish Blocks

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), NOAA, Commerce.

ACTION: Interim final rule with request for comments.

SUMMARY: NOAA is revising the U.S. Standards for Grades of Frozen Fish Blocks used in NMFS's National Seafood Inspection Program. Participation in the program by industry members is voluntary. This will update the Standards for Grades to reflect such things as technical advances in fish processing equipment, increased industry size, a larger number of processed species, at-sea processing, and a Codex Alimentarius standard for Quick Frozen Blocks of Fish Fillet, Minced Fish Flesh and Mixtures of Fillets and Minced Fish Flesh (hereafter referred to as the CODEX Standard for Quick Frozen Blocks of Fish Fillets). The revised standards are issued as an interim rule to encourage comments from those using the standards before issuing a final rule.

DATES: Interim rule effective November 15, 1990. The incorporation by reference of the publication listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of November 15, 1990; comments must be received on or before October 16, 1991.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to Thomas J. Moreau, Director, Technical Services Unit, Inspection Services Division, F/TS45, National Marine Fisheries Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, One Blackburn Drive, Gloucester, MA 01930.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Earl C. Johnston, Chief, Standards and Specification Branch, NMFS, 508–281–9219.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The U.S. Standards for Grades of Frozen Fish Blocks (50 CFR part 264, subpart A) provide a system for Federal and state inspectors to classify frozen fish blocks by quality into U.S. Grade Categories (*i.e.*, grades A, B, and Substandard) and allow identification of a product quality level for the benefit of the consumer and industry. The standards are used by inspectors in NMFS's National Seafood Inspection Program. Industry participation in the program is voluntary. The existing standards for frozen fish blocks were first issued by the Department of the Interior in 1964 and reissued by the Department of Commerce in 1977. Since then, numerous technological advances and changes have occurred in the fish processing industry. Among these are:

1. The use of factory ships capable of harvesting and processing fish into frozen fish blocks while at sea.

2. The increasing variety of species being processed into frozen fish blocks.

3. The continued growth of a large industry utilizing frozen fish blocks in their products.

4. The technological advancements made in the equipment used by the fish processing industry.

5. The adoption of a Codex Alimentarius Commission Standard for Quick Frozen Blocks of Fish Fillets (Alinorm 89/18 Appendix II).

These advances and changes prompted industry members to seek to have the standards revised. The revised Standards for Frozen Fish Fillet Blocks were developed during Technical Working Group meetings with participation from industry and user groups. The revised standards were applied to 661 samples and the results were examined and evaluated. The major changes to the current standards are:

1. Determination of Grade

The current Standards for Grades (§ 264.111(a)) have a maximum score of 100 and a minimum score of 0. The revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(f)) are based on a perfect score of 0 (no physical defects).

2. Sampling

a. Sample unit size. The revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(b)) use the whole block for thawed state evaluations. The current Standards for Grades (§§ 264.121(b)(1) and 264.121(b)(2)) use a 5-pound (2.27 kg) subsample unit for thawed state evaluations. This change allows a more thorough evaluation of the entire block.

b. Sampling plan. Due to the change in sample unit size, the revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.108) include a modified sampling plan with comparable statistical confidence that was developed to reflect the increase in sample unit size while reducing the cost involved in destructive sampling.

3. Frozen State Evaluations

a. Improper fill. The revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(e)(5)) incorporate a depth requirement for point assessment. (See § 264.121(a)(6) for current Standards for Grades definition of improper fill).

b. Color. The assessment for this defect appears in the frozen state evaluation (§ 264.121(a)(1)) in the current Standard for Grades. It has been moved to the thawed state evaluation section in the revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(e)(9)) to permit a more thorough examination of the product for this defect.

4. Thawed State Evaluations

a. Belly flaps (napes). This defect does not appear in the current Standards for Grades. Under the revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(e)(6)), points for this defect will be assessed if the allowable tolerance of 15 percent by declared weight is exceeded.

b. Bones. In response to concerns and comments expressed by consumers, this defect in the revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(e)(15)) has been redefined into measurable quantities. The measurements are based on those developed by the international Codex Alimentarius Commission's Standard for Quick Frozen Blocks of Fish Fillets (Alinorm 89/18 Appendix II). The current Standards for Grades (§ 264.121(b)(2)) are based on a subjective interpretation of the definition of a "potentially harmful" bone.

c. Parasites. This defect does not appear in the current Standards for Grades. In response to consumer concerns and comments, it has been incorporated into the revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(e)(17)) and covers metazoan parasites and parasitic copepods.

d. Viscera, roe and lace. These defects do not appear in the current Standards for Grades. These defects were incorporated into the revised Standards for Grades (§ 264.104(e)(10) because the flatfish species that exhibit these defects are being processed into blocks in greater quantities.

5. Thawed State Defect Points

The revised Standards for Grades express the defect points from the thawed state evaluations (excluding belly flaps) on a per pound (kilogram) basis (§ 264.104(f)). That is, points assessed from §§ 264.104(e)(7) through 264.104(e)(17) will be added together and the sum divided by the declared weight of the block.

Comments and Responses

A proposed rule with request for comments was published on September 21, 1989 (54 FR 38881). At the end of the 45-day comment period, few comments had been received. Several commenters requested an extension to the comment period to have sufficient time to study the proposed rule and submit comments. Notice of a 30-day extension of the comment period was published on December 29, 1989 (54 FR 53660).

Six letters were received during the comment period: Two from industry, two from Government, one from a private consultant, and one from a hotel corporation. All commenters concurred with the revision, with a few minor comments and questions.

One letter from the industry suggested increasing the defect points for bone to the same level as for parasites. Since all bones, including pin bones, are now being counted as defects, the revised standards are much tighter on bones than the current standards. Large or excessive bone is more severely penalized than parasites. The industry member also commented on the method of removing attached belly flaps (napes). NOAA feels this is adequately addressed in the revised Standards for Grades and will also elaborate on this in the Inspector's Instructions.

Another industry comment concerned the heading of the revised Standards for Grades, suggesting it be changed to include the word "fillets." NOAA concurs, feeling that this would eliminate any confusion between market styles of frozen fish blocks, and has made the change.

The consultant's comment letter questioned the need to cook three 4–6 ounce (113.4 to 170.1 g) portions per sample unit. NOAA disagrees because it believes this amount of cooked product is necessary to fully evaluate the flavor, odor and texture of the product; no change was made in the interim final rule.

One commenter wanted to know if the defects were based on declared or actual weight. NOAA agrees that this should be specified and has inserted the word "declared" in §§ 264.104(e)(6) and 264.104(f) in the interim final rule to clarify the revised Standards for Grades. The same individual also commented that the defect definitions were too general in nature, and needed to be expanded upon. NOAA feels that all defects are adequately defined in the Standards for Grades. However, defects will be elaborated upon in the Inspector's Instructions (See § 264.101 of the Standards for Grades).

One comment received from the hotel corporation objected to the short initial comment period. However, the comment period was extended for 30 days and no further comments were received from this commenter.

One commenter concurred with the revision without further comment.

Request for Comments

The revised standards should facilitate trade in frozen fish fillet blocks and will allow consumers to select and purchase a greater variety of fish products on the basis of identified quality. The revised standards are issued as an interim final rule to allow further input on their adequacy and application. Interested persons are invited to submit written comments and suggestions or objections to these revised Standards for Grades during the interim rule period (see "ADDRESSES"). The comments will be reviewed and adjustments, if necessary, will be made to the revised Standards for Grades before publication as a final rule.

Classification

This action is categorically excluded from the requirement to prepare an environmental assessment by NOAA Directive 02–10.

The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA, has determined that this rule is not a "major rule" requiring preparation of a regulatory impact analysis under E.O. 12291. This rule will not have an effect on the economy of $100 million or more; will not cause a major increase in costs or prices; and will not have a significant adverse effect on competition, employment, investment, productivity or innovation.

The General Counsel of the Department of Commerce certified to the Small Business Administration that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule is expected to facilitate grading and trade in fish fillet block while not imposing any new costs on industry. As a result, a regulatory flexibility analysis was not prepared.

This rule does not contain a collection-of-information requirement for purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

This rule does not contain policies with federalism implications sufficient to warrant preparation of a federalism assessment under E.O. 12612.

List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 264

Food grades and standards, Seafood, Incorporation by reference.

Dated: October 5, 1990.

Samuel W. McKeen,

Program Management Officer for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Services.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 50 CFR part 264 is amended as follows:

PART 264—UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF FROZEN FISH BLOCKS

1. The authority citation for part 264 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1621–1630; Reorganization Plan No. 4 of 1970 (84 Stat. 2090).

2. Part 264, subpart A is revised to read as follows:

Subpart A—United States Standards for Grades of Frozen Fish Fillet Blocks

Sec.

264.101 Scope and product description.
264.102 [Reserved]
264.103 Grades.
264.104 Grade determination.
264.105 Tolerances for lot certification.
264.106 Hygiene.
264.107 Methods of analysis.
264.108 Sampling plan for fish blocks.

Subpart A—United States Standards for Grades of Frozen Fish Fillet Blocks

§ 264.101 Scope and product description.

(a) These U.S. Standards for Grades apply to frozen fish blocks which are rectangularly shaped masses made from a single species of fish flesh. They are made from fillets or fillet pieces that are either skin-on and scaled or skinless. Blocks processed from skin-on fish flesh shall be so labeled. The blocks shall not contain minced or comminuted fish flesh. The blocks shall not be made by restructuring (reworking) pieces of fish blocks into the shape of a fish block.

(b) These Standards for Grades are implemented in accordance with guidance set forth in part II of NOAA Handbook 25, "Inspector's Instructions for Grading Frozen Fish Blocks."

§ 264.102 [Reserved]

§ 264.103 Grades.

(a) U.S. Grade A fish blocks shall:

(1) Possess good flavor and odor in accordance with § 264.104; and

(2) Comply with the limits for physical defects for U.S. Grade A quality in accordance with § 264.104.

(b) U.S. Grade B fish blocks shall:

(1) Possess reasonably good flavor and odor in accordance with § 264.104; and

(2) Comply with the limits for physical defects for U.S. Grade B quality in accordance with § 264.104.

(c) U.S. Grade C fish blocks shall:

(1) Possess reasonably good flavor and odor in accordance with § 264.104; and

(2) Comply with the limits for physical defects for U.S. Grade C quality in accordance with § 264.104.

(d) Substandard fish blocks shall fail to meet one or more of the requirements given in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section for U.S. Grades A, B, and C.

§ 264.104 Grade determination.

(a) *Procedures for grade determination.* The grade shall be determined by evaluating a product in the frozen, thawed and cooked states according to paragraphs of this section—namely, sampling; flavor and odor; physical defects; listing defect points; and grade assignment.

(b) *Sampling.* Sampling shall be done in accordance with the sampling plan given in § 264.108.

(1) For examination in the frozen state and the thawed state, a sample unit is one fish block.

(2) For examination in the cooked state, a sample unit is at least three 4- to 6-ounce (113.4 to 170.1 g) samples which are taken from a thawed sample unit.

(c) *Evaluation of flavor and odor.* (1) *Good* flavor and odor (essential quality requirements for a U.S. Grade A product) mean that the raw product has the odor and the cooked product has the flavor and odor characteristics of the indicated species of fish and are free from off-flavors and off-odors of any kind.

(2) *Reasonably good* flavor and odor (minimum requirements of a U.S. Grade B and a U.S. Grade C product) mean that the raw product or the cooked product is lacking in good odor (for the raw product) or good flavor and odor (for the cooked product) which is characteristic of the indicated species. Both the raw and the cooked products are free from objectionable off-flavors and off-odors of any kind.

(d) *Examination for physical defects.* Each sample unit shall be examined for physical defects using the list of definitions of defects given in paragraph (e) of this section.

(e) *Definitions of physical defects*—(1) *Dehydration.* This defect refers to loss of moisture from the surface of a fish block during frozen storage. Affected areas have a whitish appearance.

(i) *Moderate dehydration* masks the surface color of the product and affects more than 5 percent up to and including 15 percent of the surface area. If more than 15 percent of the surface area is affected, each additional 15 percent of surface area affected is another instance. Moderate dehydration can be readily removed by scraping with a blunt instrument.

(ii) *Excessive dehydration* masks the normal flesh color and penetrates the product. It affects more than 5 percent up to and including 10 percent of the surface area. If more than 10 percent of the surface area is affected, each additional 10 percent of surface area affected is another instance. Excessive dehydration requires a knife or other sharp instrument to remove.

(2) *Uniformity of block size.* This defect refers to the degree of conformity to the declared size. It includes deviations from the standard length, width or thickness. Only one deviation for each dimension shall be counted.

(i) *Moderate.* A deviation of length and width of ⅛ inch (0.32 cm) or more up to and including ¼ inch (0.64 cm). A deviation of thickness of 1/16 inch (0.16 cm) or more up to and including ⅛ inch (0.32 cm).

(ii) *Excessive.* If over ¼ inch (0.64 cm), each additional ⅛ inch (0.32 cm) of length and width is another instance. If over ⅛ (0.32 cm), each additional 1/16 inch (0.16 cm) of thickness is another instance.

(3) *Underweight* refers to underweight deviations from the stated weight.

(i) *Slight.* From 0.1 ounce (2.84 g) up to and including 1.0 ounce (28.35 g).

(ii) *Moderate.* Over 1.0 ounce (28.35 g) up to and including 4.0 ounces (113.4 g).

(iii) *Excessive.* If over 4.0 ounces (113.4 g), each additional 1.0 ounce (28.35 g) is another instance.

(4) *Angles.* An acceptable edge angle is an angle formed by two adjoining surfaces whose apex (deviation from 90 degrees) is within ⅜ inch (0.95 cm) off a carpenter's square placed along its surfaces. An acceptable corner angle is an angle formed by three adjoining surfaces whose apex is within ⅜ inch (0.95 cm) of a carpenter's square.

(5) *Improper fill.* This defect refers to voids, air pockets, ice pockets, ragged edges, bumps, depressions, damage, and imbedded packaging material, each of which is greater than ⅛ inch (0.32 cm) in depth, and which would result in product loss after cutting. It is estimated by determining the minimum number of 1-ounce (28.35 g) model units that could be affected adversely. For the purpose of estimating product loss, the 1-ounce (28.35 g) model unit shall have the dimensions 4×1×⅝ inch (10.16×2.54×1.59 cm). The total number of model units that would be affected adversely is the number of instances.

(6) *Belly flaps (Napes)* may be either loose or attached to a fillet or part of a fillet. The maximum amount of belly flaps should not exceed 15 percent by

declared weight of the block. If this amount does exceed 15 percent, each additional 5 percent by declared weight is another instance.

(7) *Blood spots.* Each lump or mass of clotted blood greater than 3/16 inch (0.48 cm) up to and including 3/8 inch (0.95 cm) in any dimension is an instance. If a blood spot is larger than 3/8 inch (0.95 cm), each additional 3/16 inch (0.48 cm) is another instance.

(8) *Bruises* include distinct, unnatural, dark, reddish, grayish, or brownish off-colors due to diffused blood. Each instance is each bruise larger than 0.5 square inch (3.32 cm^2) and less than 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2). For each bruise 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2) or larger, each additional complete 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2) is another instance.

(9) *Discoloration* refers to deviations from reasonably uniform color characteristics of the species used, such as melanin deposits, yellowing, rusting or other kinds of discoloration of the fish flesh.

(i) *Moderate.* A noticeable but moderate degree which is greater than 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) up to and including 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2) is one instance. If the discoloration is greater than 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2), each additional complete 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2) is another instance.

(ii) *Excessive.* An excessive degree of discoloration which is greater than 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) up to and including 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2) is one instance. If the discoloration is greater than 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2) each additional complete 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2) is another instance.

(10) *Viscera, roe and lace.* Viscera and roe refer to any portion of the internal organs. Each occurrence of viscera and roe is an instance. Lace (frill) is a piece of tissue adhering to the edge of a flatfish (Order *Pleuronectiformes*) fillet. For each lace, each ½ inch (1.27 cm) is each instance.

(11) *Skin.* In skinless fish blocks, each piece of skin larger than 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) up to and including 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2) is an instance. For each piece of skin that is larger than 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2), each additional complete 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) in area is another instance. For pieces of skin smaller than 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2), the number of 0.5-square-inch (3.23 cm^2) squares fully or partially occupied after collecting these pieces on a grid is the number of instances.

(12) *Membrane (black belly lining).* Each piece of membrane (black belly lining) larger than 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) up to and including 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2) is an instance. For pieces of membrane (black belly lining) that are larger than 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2), each additional complete 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) in area is another instance.

(13) *Scales*—(i) *For skin-on fillets that have been scaled,* an instance is an area of scales over 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) up to and including 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2). If the area is greater than 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2), each additional complete 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2) is another instance. Loose scales are counted and instances are deducted in the same manner as for skinless fillets.

(ii) *For skinless fillets,* the first five to ten loose scales is an instance. If there are more than ten loose scales, each additional complete count of five loose scales is another instance.

(14) *Foreign material.* Any harmless material not derived from fish, such as packaging material. Each occurrence is an instance.

(15) *Bones (including pin bone and fin bone).*

(i) Each bone defect is a bone or part of a bone whose maximum profile is 3/16 inch (0.48 cm) or more in length, or at least 1/32 inch (0.08 cm) in shaft diameter or width, or, for bone chips, a longest dimension of at least 3/16 inch (0.48 cm).

(ii) An excessive degree of bone defect is each bone whose maximum profile can not be fitted into a rectangle, drawn on a flat, solid surface, that has a length of 1 3/16 inch (3.02 cm) and a width of 3/8 inch (0.95 cm).

(16) *Fins or part fins.* This defect refers to two or more bones connected by membrane, including internal or external bones, or both, in a cluster.

(i) *Moderate.* Connected by membrane in a cluster, no internal bone.

(ii) *Excessive.* Connected by membrane in a cluster with internal bone.

(17) *Parasites.*—(i) *Metazoan parasites.* Each such parasite or fragment of such a parasite that is detected is an instance.

(ii) *Parasitic copepods.* Each such parasite or a fragment of such a parasite that is detected is an instance.

(18) *Texture* means that the cooked product has the textural characteristics of the indicated species of fish. It does not include any abnormal textural characteristics such as mushy, soft, gelatinous, tough, dry or rubbery.

(i) *Moderate.* Moderately abnormal textural characteristics.

(ii) *Excessive.* Excessively abnormal textural characteristics.

(f) *Listing defect points.* When a sample unit is examined for physical defects using the list of defect definitions given in paragraph (e) of this section, defects are noted and numerical values are assigned in accordance with Table 1. The numbers assigned to defects in Table 1 are points. For examination in the frozen state and for belly flaps and texture, the defect points are added together. For examination of defects number 7 through 17 in the thawed state, the defect points are added together and this sum is divided by the declared weight of the sample unit in pounds. Express the result to the nearest whole number. Then add the sum of defects points for the frozen state and for belly flaps and texture to the sum of defect points for the thawed state expressed on a per pound basis. This result is used to determine the sample unit grade. The scoring system is based on a perfect score of zero (no physical defects).

(g) *Grade assignment.* Each sample unit will be assigned its grade in accordance with the limits for defects summarized as follows:

Grade assignment	Flavor and odor	Maximum number of defect points
U.S. Grade A	Good	15
U.S. Grade B	Reasonably good	30
U.S. Grade C	Reasonably good	40

If a sample unit has been assigned a grade for flavor and odor that is different from the grade indicated by the number of defect points, the sample unit grade will be the lower grade.

TABLE 1—DEFECT TABLE FOR A FISH FILLET BLOCK SAMPLE UNIT

[Size of a sample unit is given in § 264.104(b).]

Defect description	Degree	Point value
1. Dehydration		
Moderate (easily scraped)		
Affecting 5 to 15% of surface area	Each instance	3
Each additional 15% of surface area affected	Each additional instance	7

TABLE 1—DEFECT TABLE FOR A FISH FILLET BLOCK SAMPLE UNIT—Continued

[Size of a sample unit is given in § 264.104(b).]

Defect description	Degree	Point value
Excessive (difficult to scrape)		
Affecting 5 to 10% of surface area	Each instance	7
Each additional 10% of surface area affected	Each additional instance	16
2. Uniformity of block size		
Deviation from each dimension		
Moderate		
Length, width; ⅛ inch to ¼ inch (0.32 to 0.64 cm)	Each instance	3
Thickness; 1/16 inch to ⅛ inch (0.16 to 0.32 cm)	Each instance	3
Excessive		
Length, width; each additional ⅛ inch (0.32 cm)	Each additional instance	6
Thickness; each additional 1/16 inch (0.16 cm)	Each additional instance	6
3. Underweight		
Slight		
0.1 ounce to 1.0 ounce (2.84 to 28.35 g)	Each instance	3
Over 1.0 to 4.0 ounce (28.35 to 113.40 g)	Each instance	11
Excessive		
Over 4.0 ounce (113.40 g), each additional 1.0 ounce (28.35 g)	Each additional instance	16
4. Angles		
Edge angle—apex should be within ⅜ inch (0.95 cm)	Each unacceptable edge	1
Corner angle—apex should be within ⅜ inch (0.95 cm)	Each unacceptable corner	1
5. Improper fill		
If over ⅛ inch (0.32 cm) deep, minimum number of 1-ounce (28.35 g) units affected	Each instance	1
Thawed State		
6. Belly flaps (Napes)		
If over 15%, each additional 5%	Each instance	16
7. Blood spots		
Each spot greater than 3/16 ich to ⅜ inch (0.48 to 0.95 cm)	Each instance	2
If spot over ⅜ inch (0.95 cm), each additional 3/16 inch (0.48 cm)	Each additional instance	4
8. Brusies		
Each bruise 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm) to 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2)	Each instance	2
If bruise 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2) or larger, each additional 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2)	Each additional instance	2
9. Discoloration		
Moderate degree, over 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) to 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2)	Each instance	4
Moderate degree, over 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2), each additional 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2).	Each additional instance	4
Excessive degree, over 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) to 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2)	Each instance	16
Excessive degree, over 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2), each additional 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2).	Each additional instance	16
10. Viscera, roe and lace		
Viscera, roe; each occurrence	Each instance	8
Lace (frills), each ½ inch (1.27 cm)	Each instance	8
11. Skin (applies to skinless fish blocks)		
Each piece over 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) to 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2)	Each instance	2
If pieces over 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2), each additional 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2)	Each additional instance	10
If pieces under 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2), number of 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) squares occupied.	Each instance	6
12. Membrane (black belly lining)		
Each piece over 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) to 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2)	Each instance	4
Over 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2), each additional 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2)	Each additional instance	10
13A. Scales		
For skin-on fillets that have been scaled, an area over 0.5 square inch (3.23 cm^2) to 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2).	Each instance	2
If area over 1.5 square inch (9.68 cm^2), each additional 1.0 square inch (6.45 cm^2)	Each additional instance	2
13B. Scales		
For skinless fillets, the first 5 to 10 loose scales	Each instance	2
If over 10 loose scales, each additional 5 loose scales	Each additional instance	2
14. Foreign Material		
Harmless material	Each instance	16
15. Bones		
Each bone defect as defined	Each instance	18
Each excessive degree of bone defect as defined	Each instance	48
16. Fins or part fins		
Moderate (no internal bone)	Each instance	18
Excessive (with internal bone)	Each instance	48
17 Parasites		
Each metazoan parasite or fragment of it as defined	Each instance	36
Each parasitic copepod or fragment of it as defined	Each instance	36

TABLE 1—DEFECT TABLE FOR A FISH FILLET BLOCK SAMPLE UNIT—Continued

[Size of a sample unit is given in § 264.104(b).]

Defect description	Degree	Point value
Cooked State		
18 Texture		
Moderate degree	Moderate	6
Excessive Degree as defined	Excessive	31

§ 264.105 Tolerances for lot certification.

(a) The grade assigned to a lot is the grade indicated by the average of the total scores, provided that the number of sample units in the next lower grade for both physical defects and flavor and odor does exceed the acceptance number as indicated in the sampling plans contained in § 264.108 and the provisions of 50 CFR 260.21. In 50 CFR 260.21, the four score points are additive, not substractive.

(b) The grade assigned to a lot is one grade below the majority of all the sample unit grades if either:

(1) The number of sample units in the next lower grade does exceed the acceptance number as given in the sampling plans contained in § 264.108; or

(2) The grade of any one of the sample units is more than one grade below the majority of all the sample unit grades.

§ 264.106 Hygiene.

All lots to be assigned a grade shall be processed and maintained in accordance with §§ 260.98 through 260.104 of this subchapter and of the good manufacturing practice regulations contained in 21 CFR part 110.

§ 264.107 Methods of analysis.

Product samples will be analyzed in accordance with the "Official Methods of Analysis"of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists (AOAC), Fourteenth Edition (1984), § 18.004 (page 331) plus § 32.059 and 32.060 (page 613) of the Thirteenth Edition (1980), § 18.003 (page 285) plus §§ 32.050 and 32.051 (page 543) which are incorporated by reference. Copies of the AOAC methods may be obtained from AOAC, 2200 Wilson Blvd., Suite 400, Arlington, VA 22201. These methods are incorporated as they exist on the date of approval. A notice of any change in the sections of the AOAC methods cited herein will be published in the **Federal Register.**

§ 264.108 Sampling plan for fish blocks.

Lot size (No. of blocks)	Sampling size (No. of blocks to be tested) (n)	Acceptance No.[1] (c)
15 or less	2	0
16–50	3	0
51–150	5	1
151–500	8	1
501–3200	13	2
3201–35000	20	3
Over 35000	32	5

[1] For interpretation of this column in grading, see § 264.105.

[FR Doc. 90–24258 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–M

Proposed Rules

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Chapter I

[Summary Notice No. PR-90-26]

Petition for Rulemaking—Summary of Petitions Received; Dispositions of Petitions Issued

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of petitions for rulemaking received and of dispositions of prior petitions.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to FAA's rulemaking provisions governing the application, processing, and disposition of petitions for rulemaking (14 CFR part 11), this notice contains a summary of certain petitions requesting the initiation of rulemaking procedures for the amendment of specified provisions of the Federal Aviation Regulations and of denials or withdrawals of certain petitions previously received. The purpose of this notice is to improve the public's awareness of, and participation in, this aspect of FAA's regulatory activities. Neither publication of this notice nor the inclusion or omission of information in the summary is intended to affect the legal status of any petition or its final disposition.

DATES: Comments on petitions received must identify the petition docket number involved and must be received on or before December 17, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on any petition in triplicate to: Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, Attn: Rules Docket (AGC-10), Petition Docket No. 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The petition, any comments received, and a copy of any final disposition are filed in the assigned regulatory docket and are available for examination in the Rules Docket (AGC-10), Room 915G, FAA Headquarters Building (FOB 10A), 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267-3132.

This notice is published pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (f) of § 11.27 of part 11 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 11).

Issued in Washington, DC, on October 9, 1990.

Denise Donohue Hall,

Manager, Program Management Staff, Office of the Chief Counsel.

Petitions for Rulemaking

Docket No.: 26333
Petitioner: United States Parachute Association
Regulations Affected: 14 CFR section 105.43(b) (2) and (3)
Description of Petition: To change the requirement for an assist device to be used for the static line direct deployment of ram-air main canopies.
Petitioner's Reason for the Request: The petitioner believes the change would be in the public interest as it would allow skydiving schools to use static line direct deployment for ram-air canopies without an assist device. The petitioner believes this will result in the improved reliability of equipment used by skydiving students and will result in less wear and tear on this equipment, thereby extending its service life and reducing operating expenses.

[FR Doc. 90-24279 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 90-CE-37-AD]

Airworthiness Directives; Glasflugel Models H301 Libelle, H301B Libelle, Standard Libelle, Standard Libelle 201, Standard Libelle 201B, Standard Libelle 203, Kestrel 604, and BS-1 Gliders

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This notice proposes to adopt a new Airworthiness Directive (AD), applicable to certain Glasflugel Libelle, Kestrel, and BS-1 Series gliders, which would supersede AD 71-16-06 and AD 88-07-05. Operational experience has shown that replacement of the MIL-W-83420D or MIL-W-1511A cables every 500 hours time-in-service (TIS), as currently required by these ADs, should not be mandatory. The proposed AD would require replacement of the hemp core rudder cables with MIL-W-83420D or MIL-W-1511A cables, plus repetitive inspections of these cables every 100 hours TIS, and the elimination of the current 500-hour TIS replacement intervals.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before December 4, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Technical Note (TN) No. 201-26, 301-33, 401-20, and 501-4, all dated March 15, 1987, applicable to this AD, may be obtained from Hansjorg Streifeneder, Glasflaser Flugzeug Service GmbH, Hofener Weg, 7431 Grabenstetten, Federal Republic of Germany (FRG). This information also may be examined at the Rules Docket at the address below. Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 90-CE-37-AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. Comments may be inspected at this location between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, holidays excepted.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Heinz Hellebrand, Brussels Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, Europe, Africa, and Middle East Office, c/o American Embassy, 15 Rue de la Loi B-1040 Brussels, Belgium, Telephone 513.38.30, extension 2710; or Herman Belderok, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service, FAA, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; Telephone (816) 426-6932; Facsimile (816) 426-2169.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the regulatory docket or notice number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report, summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal, will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 90–CE–37–AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

Discussion

AD 88–07–05, Amendment 39–5865 (53 FR 9434, March 23, 1988), required inspection and replacement at 500-hour time-in-service (TIS) intervals of the original hemp core rudder control cables installed in certain Glasflugel Libelle, Kestrel, and BS–1 Series gliders. The actions of this AD eliminated the necessity of AD 71–16–06, Amendment 39–1253, but AD 71–16–06 was inadvertently left on the books.

Subsequently, the Federal Republic of Germany (FRG) Civil Airworthiness Authority (LBA), which has responsibility and authority to maintain the continued airworthiness of these gliders in the FRG, has determined that based upon general operational experience, the replacement of MIL–W–83420D or MIL–W–1511A cables every 500 hours TIS is unduly conservative and not justified.

The FAA relies upon the certification of the LBA, combined with FAA review of pertinent documentation, in finding compliance of the design of these gliders with the applicable United States airworthiness requirements, and the airworthiness and conformity of products of this design, certificated for operation in the United States. The FAA has examined the available information related to the issuance of Hansjorg Streifeneder TN No. 201–26, 301–33, 401–20, and 501–4, and the LBA finding that, based upon general operational experience, the repetitive replacement of the MIL–W–83420D or MIL–W–1511A cables is not justified.

Based on the foregoing, the FAA has determined that the condition addressed by Hansjorg Streifeneder TN No. 201–26, 301–33, 401–20, and 501–4 is one that may exist on other products of the same type design, certificated for operation in the United States, and that the repetitive replacement of the MIL–W–83420D or MIL–W–1511A rudder control cables every 500 hours TIS is not justified.

Consequently, the proposed AD would require replacement of the hemp core rudder cables with MIL–W–83420D or MIL–W–1511A cables, plus repetitive inspection of these cables every 100 hours TIS, and the elimination of the current 500-hour TIS replacement intervals. The proposed AD would supersede AD 88–07–05, Amendment 39–5865 and AD 71–16–06, Amendment 39–1253, which should have been superseded by AD 88–07–05.

The FAA has determined there are approximately 179 gliders affected by the proposed AD. There is no cost in eliminating the repetitive replacement of the rudder control cables per the proposed AD. Therefore, since there is no cost of compliance with the proposed AD, there will not be a financial impact on any small business entities operating these gliders.

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Therefore, I certify that this action (1) is not a "major rule" under the provisions of Executive Order 12291; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small business entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action has been placed in the public docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption "**ADDRESSES**".

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as follows:

PART 39—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421 and 1423; 49 U.S.C. 106(g) (Revised Pub. L. 97–449, January 12, 1983); 14 CFR 11.89.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by superseding AD 71–16–06, Amendment 39–1253, and AD 88–07–05, Amendment 39–5865, with the following new AD:

Glasflugel: Applies to Models H301 Libelle, H301B Libelle, Standard Libelle, Standard Libelle 201, Standard Libelle 201B, Standard Libelle 203, Kestrel 604, and BS–1 (all serial numbers) gliders, certificated in any category.

Compliance: Required as indicated after the effective date of this AD, unless already accomplished.

To prevent failures in the rudder control system, accomplish the following:

(a) Within the next 25 hours time-in-service (TIS) after the effective date of this AD, unless already accomplished per AD 71–16–06, Amendment No. 39–1253, or AD 88–07–05, Amendment 39–5865, replace all DIN specification 655, 6 x 7 rudder cables with a diameter of 2.5mm (0.098 in.) having a hemp core, with a 7 x 7, 3/32 inch cable, manufactured in accordance with MIL–W–83420D or MIL–W–1511A, with cable connections constructed in accordance with Actions 2 of Hansjorg Streifeneder Technical Note No. 201–26, 301–33, 401–20, 501–4, all dated March 15, 1987.

(b) Within the next 100 hours TIS after the replacement of the cables required in paragraph (a) of this AD, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 100 hours TIS, visually inspect the rudder cables for wear, fraying, corrosion, twisting or other damage. If damaged cables are found, prior to further flight replace the damaged cables with cables and connections as specified in paragraph (a) of this AD.

(c) An alternate method of compliance or adjustment of the initial or repetitive compliance times, which provides an equivalent level of safety, may be approved by the Manager, Brussels Aircraft Certification Office, Europe, Africa, and Middle East Office, FAA, c/o American Embassy, 15 Rue de la Loi B–1000 Brussels, Belgium.

Note: The request should be forwarded through an FAA Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Brussels Aircraft Certification Office.

All persons affected by this directive may obtain copies of the documents referred to herein upon request to Hansjorg Streifeneder, Glasfaser Flugzeug Service, GmbH, Hofener Weg, D–7431 Grabenstetten, Federal Republic of Germany; or may examine these documents at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel,

Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

This AD supersedes AD 71-16-06, Amendment 39-1253, and AD 88-07-05, Amendment 39-5865.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on September 28, 1990.

Don C. Jacobsen,

Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 90-24289 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

30 CFR Part 904

Arkansas Permanent Regulatory Program

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM), Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule; public comment period and opportunity for public hearing on proposed amendment.

SUMMARY: OSM is announcing the receipt of a proposed amendment to the Arkansas permanent regulatory program (hereinafter referred to as the Arkansas program) under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA). The proposed amendment consists of revisions to the Arkansas rules pertaining to applicability, definitions, coal exploration, probable hydrologic consequences (PHC) determinations, transportation and support facilities, bonding, impoundments, coal mine waste, revegetation, and roads. The amendment is intended to revise the State program to be consistent with corresponding Federal standards.

This notice sets forth the times and locations that the Arkansas program and proposed amendment to that program are available for public inspection, the comment period during which interested persons may submit written comments on the proposed amendment, and the procedures that will be followed regarding the public hearing, if one is requested.

DATES: Written comments must be received by 4 p.m., c.s.t. November 15, 1990. If requested, a public hearing of the proposed amendment will be held on November 13, 1990. Request to present oral testimony at the hearing must be received by 4 p.m., c.d.t. on October 31, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be mailed or hand delivered to James H. Moncrief at the address listed below.

Copies of the Arkansas program, the proposed amendment, and all written comments received in response to this notice will be available for public review at the addresses listed below during normal business hours, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Each requester may receive one free copy of the proposed amendment by contacting OSM's Tulsa Field Office.

James H. Moncrief, Director, Tulsa Field Office, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 5100 East Skelly Drive, suite 550, Tulsa, OK 74135, Telephone: (918) 581-6430.

Arkansas Department of Pollution Control and Ecology, Mining Reclamation Division, 8001 National Drive, Little Rock, AR 72209, Telephone: (501) 570-2170.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James H. Moncrief, Director, Tulsa Field Office, on telephone number (918) 581-6430.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background on the Arkansas Program

On November 21, 1980, the Secretary of the Interior conditionally approved the Arkansas program. General background information on the Arkansas program, including the Secretary's findings, the disposition of comments, and the conditions of approval of the Arkansas program, were published in the November 21, 1980, **Federal Register** (45 FR 77003). Subsequent actions concerning the Arkansas program and program amendments are at 30 CFR 904.12, 904.15, and 904.16.

II. Proposed Amendment

By letter dated September 27, 1990 (administrative record No. AR-413), Arkansas submitted a proposed amendment to its program pursuant to SMCRA. Arkansas submitted the proposed amendment in response to a November 8, 1989, letter that OSM sent to Arkansas in accordance with 30 CFR 732.17(c). Arkansas proposes to amend its program by revising existing rules or adding new rules concerning applicability, definitions, coal exploration, PHC determinations, transportation and support facilities, bonding, impoundments, coal mine waste, revegetation, and roads. Specifically, Arkansas proposes to amend Arkansas Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Code sections: 700.10, applicability 701.5, definitions; 776.11, general requirement for coal exploration of less than 250 tons; 780.21, PHC determinations; 780.37, transportation facilities; 780.38 and 784.27, support facilities; 800.11, incremental bonding; 815.15, performance standards for coal exploration; 815.17, requirements for a coal exploration permit; 816.49, impoundments; 816.84, coal mine waste impounding structures; 816.116 and 816.17, success standards for revegetation; and 816.150 and 816.151, roads.

III. Public Comment Procedures

In accordance with the provisions of 30 CFR 732.17(h), OSM is seeking comments on whether the proposed amendment satisfies the applicable program approval criteria of 30 CFR 732.15. If the amendment is deemed adequate, it will become part of the Arkansas program.

Written comments should be specific, pertain only to the issues proposed in this rulemaking, and include explanations in support of the commenter's recommendations. Comments received after the time indicated under "**DATES**" or at locations other than the Tulsa Field Office will not necessarily be considered in the final rulemaking or included in the administrative record.

Public Hearing

Persons wishing to testify at the public hearing should contact the person listed under "**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**" by 4 p.m., c.d.t. on October 31, 1990. The location and time of the hearing will be arranged with those persons requesting the hearing. If no one requests a hearing, the hearing will not be held.

Filing of a written statement at the time of the hearing is requested as it will greatly assist the transcriber. Submission of written statements in advance of the hearing will allow OSM officials to prepare adequate responses and appropriate questions.

The public hearing will continue on the specified date until all persons scheduled to testify have been heard. Persons in the audience who have not been scheduled to testify, and who wish to do so, will be heard following those who have been scheduled. The hearing will end after all persons scheduled to testify and persons present in the audience who wish to testify have been heard.

Public Meeting

If only one person requests an opportunity to testify at a hearing, a public meeting, rather than a public hearing, may be held. Persons wishing to meet with OSM representatives to

discuss the proposed amendment may request a meeting by contacting the person listed under "FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT." All such meetings will be open to the public and, if possible, notices of meetings will be posted at the locations listed under "ADDRESSES." A written summary of each meeting will be made a part of the administrative record.

List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 904

Intergovernmental relations, Surface mining, Underground mining.

Dated: October 4, 1990.

Raymond L. Lowrie,

Assistant Director, Western Support Center.

[FR Doc. 90-24295 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-05-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Public Health Service

42 CFR Part 57

RIN 0905-AD01

Educational Assistance to Individuals from Disadvantaged Backgrounds

AGENCY: Public Health Service, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This proposed regulation would revise the regulations governing the program for Educational Assistance to Individuals from Disadvantaged Backgrounds authorized by section 787 of the Public Health Service Act (the Act), to implement amendments made by the Health Professions Reauthorization Act of 1988, by adding: (1) A definition for "community-based program"; (2) a requirement for certain schools, during a 3-year period, to increase their first-year enrollments of disadvantaged individuals by at least 20 percent over the base year of 1987; (3) a statutory priority in the award of grants, beginning in Fiscal Year 1992, to schools that attain specified increases in their enrollments of disadvantaged individuals; (4) a 10 percent funding set-aside obligation for community-based programs; and (5) a change in the amount of grant funds obligated to institutions of higher education from 80 percent to 70 percent. In addition, this notice also proposes changes to conform the existing regulations with amendments made by the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1990, the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, the Health Professions Training Assistance Act of 1985, the Compact of Free Association Act of 1985, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, and other changes which are ministerial and clarifying in nature. The Department believes that these proposed amendments will provide eligible schools and entities a stronger base to carry out programs to continue to identify, recruit, and assist individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds that are underrepresented in the health professions to enter and graduate from health and allied health professions schools.

DATES: As discussed below, comments are invited. To be considered, comments must be received by December 17, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to Fitzhugh Mullan, M.D., Director, Bureau of Health Professions (BHPr), Health Resources and Services Administration, room 8-05, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857. All comments received will be available for public inspection and copying at the Office of Program Development, BHPr, room 8A-S5, Parklawn Building, at the above address weekdays (Federal holidays excepted) between the hours of 8:30 am. and 5 p.m.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Clay E. Simpson, Jr., Ph.D., Director, Division of Disadvantaged Assistance, Bureau of Health Professions, Health Resources and Services Administration, Parklawn Building, Room 8A-09, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857; telephone number: 301 443-2100.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 797 of the Act, as amended by the Health Professions Reauthorization Act of 1988, Title VI of Pub L. 100-607, authorizes the Secretary to make grants to schools of medicine, osteopathic medicine, public health, dentistry, veterinary medicine, optometry, pharmacy, allied health, chiropractic and podiatric medicine, and public and private nonprofit schools which offer graduate programs in clinical psychology, and other public or private nonprofit health or educational entities to carry out programs which assist individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds to enter and graduate from health professions and allied health professions schools. Regulations governing the Grants for Educational Assistance to Individuals from Disadvantaged Backgrounds are codified at 42 CFR part 57, subpart S.

The proposed provisions are described below, according to the sections of the regulations they affect.

Section 57.1802 "Definitions"

The Department is proposing to add the following definition to this section:

Community-based program means a program whose organizational headquarters is located in and which primarily serves: A Metropolitan Statistical Area, as designated by the Office of Management and Budget; a Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce designated nonmetropolitan economic area; a county; or Indian tribe(s) as defined in 42 CFR 36.102(c), i.e., an Indian tribe, band, nation, rancheria, Pueblo, colony or community, including an Alaska Native Village or regional or village corporation.

This definition is necessary to incorporate the statutory requirement that 10 percent of the amount of funds appropriated during any fiscal year be set aside for community-based programs. The Secretary believes that any institution offering such a program, headquartered in a defined locality and serving predominantly that local population, is community based. The Department is proposing to use the areas specified because: (1) Metropolitan Statistical Areas and nonmetropolitan economic areas, as defined by the U.S. Department of Commerce, are recognized distinct geographic localities, (2) counties are clearly delineated local areas, and (3) Indian tribe areas, not delineated above, are defined under 42 CFR part 36 governing Indian Health Programs (§ 36.102(c)). Each of these areas is viewed as constituting a community.

Section 57.1804 "Who is Eligible for Educational Assistance?"

The Department is proposing to amend § 57.1804, by adding a new eligibility requirement that an individual must "have completed at least the junior year of high school (or its equivalent)", in order to receive educational assistance.

This requirement is necessary to target resources, in the earliest phase of the educational pathway toward a health or allied health career, to an educational level of students who have made tentative decisions and demonstrated interest in acquiring some of the knowledge and skills needed to seriously consider pursuing a health career.

Section 57.1805 "Program Requirements"

The Department is proposing to amend § 57.1805 by making a separate paragraph (c) from the existing requirement under paragraph (a)(5) of this section that the grantee must carry out at least two of the five purposes,

even if grant funds are requested or awarded for only one of them.

In addition, Public Law 100–607 added a requirement that schools of medicine, osteopathic medicine, public health, dentistry, veterinary medicine, optometry, pharmacy, allied health, chiropractic, podiatric medicine, and public and private nonprofit schools that offer graduate programs in clinical psychology that receive a grant under the program must, during a period of 3 years, commencing on the date of the award of the grant, increase their first-year enrollments of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds by at least 20 percent over enrollments in the base year of 1987.

This requirement is applicable only to those schools that have a proportionate enrollment of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds that is less than 200 percent of the national average percentage of such individuals in all schools of each health professions discipline. The effect of this requirement will not be seen until Fiscal Year 1992, when schools which have achieved this increase will be given a funding priority.

Accordingly, the Department is further proposing to amend § 57.1805 by adding a new paragraph (d) to require that schools subject to this provision submit an assurance to the Secretary that they will meet the specified increases.

Section 57.1806 "How Will Applications Be Evaluated?"

The Department is proposing to add statutory language under a new paragraph (b) which specifies that of the amounts appropriated under this section for any fiscal year—

1. 10 percent shall be obligated for community-based programs,

2. 70 percent shall be obligated for grants to institutions of higher education, and

3. Not more than 5 percent of such funds may be obligated for grants having the primary purpose of informing individuals about the existence and general nature of health careers.

The NPRM also proposes to incorporate statutory funding priorities under a new paragraph (c), which requires the Secretary to give priority in funding to the following schools, beginning in Fiscal Year 1992:

1. A school which previously received a grant under this subpart and increased its first-year enrollment of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds by at least 20 percent over that enrollment in the base year 1987 by the end of 3 years from the date of the award of the Health Career Opportunity Program Grant; and

2. A school which had not previously received a grant under this subpart that increased its first-year enrollment of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds by at least 20 percent over that enrollment in base year 1987, over any period of time.

Further, a provision is added in paragraph (c) to state that the Secretary will also consider other special factors relating to national needs as the Secretary may from time to time announce in the **Federal Register**. This action is necessary to provide flexibility in program management by enabling this training grant program to be more responsive to the emerging and changing public health care needs of the Nation.

For example, in Fiscal Year 1990, a priority is being given to applicants from health professions schools and allied health training centers for baccalaureate or higher level programs in specified disciplines that have a disadvantaged student enrollment of 35 percent or more, or can document over the past 3-year period a 10 percent increase in the number of first-year enrollees who are disadvantaged, or can document a 90 percent retention rate of disadvantaged students of the most recent graduating class.

Section 57.1808 "For What Purposes May Grant Funds Be Spent?"

The Department is proposing to add "associate degree", in paragraph (c)(2), as another level of a student's educational development at which grant funds could be offered to provide the student with expenses to cover one round trip from his or her residence and the training site if the student is not receiving educational assistance during that period of training.

The NPRM also proposes to amend § 57.1808, paragraph (d), by incorporating the statutory authority for "stipend" support, which allows for payments to be made to an individual under a fellowship or training grant in accordance with preestablished levels to provide for the individuals living expenses during the period of training. Consequently, paragraph (d)(1) is further revised to remove the requirement that a student establish a temporary new residence if the training site is beyond a reasonable commuting distance as a condition for receiving stipend support.

In addition to the changes proposed above, a number of technical and clarifying changes are included to conform the existing regulations with amendments made by Public Law 100–607; Public Law 101–121, the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1990; Public Law 100–690, the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988; Public Law 99–129, the Health Professions Training Assistance Act of 1985; Public Law 99–239, the Compact of Free Association Act of 1985; and Public Law 97–35, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, and current departmental grants policy language. These revisions are summarized below according to the section number and headings of the regulations:

1. Revise § 57.1802, entitled "*Definitions.*", to change the following terms:

(a) The definition of "health professions"—

(1) By revising the disciplines of "osteopathy" and "podiatry" to read "osteopathic medicine" and "podiatric medicine", in accordance with Public Law 100–607;

(2) By adding the disciplines of "health administration" in accordance with Public Law 97–35, "chiropractic" in accordance with Public Law 99–129, and "clinical psychology", in accordance with Public Law 100–607.

(b) The definition of "health professions schools"—

(1) By revising the reference to schools of "osteopathy" and "podiatry" to read "osteopathic medicine" and "podiatric medicine", in accordance with Public Law 100–607;

(2) By adding schools of "chiropractic" in accordance with Public Law 99–129, "graduate programs in health administration", in accordance with Public Law 97–35, and "graduate programs in clinical psychology", in accordance with Public Law 100–607.

(c) The definition of "nonprofit" to reflect the change in the statutory language made by Public Law 97–35.

(d) The definition of "school of allied health" by adding the phrase "or hospital-based educational entity", in accordance with Public Law 100–607.

(e) The definition of "Secretary" to reflect current departmental policy language.

(f) The definition of "State" to update those entities which, for purposes of this grant program, are viewed as a State, by inserting after the "Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands" the following: "(the Republic of Palau), the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Federated States of Micronesia", in accordance with Public Law 99–239.

2. Revise § 57.1803, entitled "Who is eligible to apply for a grant?", under paragraph (a), to provide current departmental grants policy language and to add a sentence to reflect that eligible institutions may submit an application as the Secretary may prescribe, and to add a footnote which provides the address for obtaining application forms and instructions. The application

number and the Office of Management and Budget approval number are also provided in the footnote.

3. Revise § 57.1804, entitled "Who is eligible for educational assistance?", to incorporate in paragraph (a) concerning an eligible individual's citizenship status, the Immigration and Naturalization Service policy as it relates to the admission into the United States, its territories and possessions, of citizens of the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia (formerly entities of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands), in accordance with Public Law 99–239;

4. Revise § 57.1807, entitled "How long does grant support last?", to:

(a) Remove the second sentence in paragraph (b) regarding the submission of a separate application to receive consideration for continued support and relocate a modified sentence regarding continuation support at the end of paragraph (c) to reflect current departmental grants policy language,

(b) Remove in paragraph (c) the phrase "commits or obligates the Federal Government" and reinsert in its place "shall commit or obligate the United States" to reflect current departmental grants policy language, and

(c) Remove paragraph (d), concerning federally-obligated grant funds, and relocate it in § 57.1808, entitled "For what purposes may grant funds be spent?";

5. Revise § 57.1808, entitled "For what purposes may grant funds be spent?", by:

(a) Removing paragraph (b) concerning expenditures that cannot be spent with grant funds and adding this information into paragraph (e), and

(b) Adding a new paragraph (b) on the expenditure of any balance of federally-obligated grant funds in order to reflect current departmental grants policy language.

6. Revise § 57.1809, entitled "What additional Department regulations apply to grantees?", by:

(a) Changing the citation number "45 CFR part 50, subpart D" to read "42 CFR part 50, subpart D,"

(b) Changing the footnote number and the footnote reference in the text cited after "45 CFR part 83" from "1" to "2", and

(c) Adding new Code of Federal Regulations citations to the regulations to bring this grant program into compliance with governmentwide requirements established for this Department under—

(1) 45 CFR part 76, in accordance with Public Law 100–690, title V, subtitle D, the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, enacted on November 18, 1988, and a Notice and Interim-Final Rules, published in the **Federal Register** on January 31, 1989 (54 FR 4946), and

(2) 45 CFR part 93, in accordance with Public Law 101–121, section 319, the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1990, enacted on October 23, 1989, and an Interim-Final Rule, published in the **Federal Register** on February 26, 1990 (55 FR 6736).

Regulatory Flexibility Act and Executive Order 12291

These regulations govern a financial assistance program in which participation is voluntary. The rule will not exceed the threshold level of $100 million established in section (b) of Executive Order 12291. For these reasons, the Secretary has determined that this rule is not a major rule under Executive Order 12291 and a regulatory impact analysis is not required. Further, because the rule does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities, a regulatory flexibility analysis under the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 is not required.

Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980

This proposed rule contains information collections which are subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980. The title, description, and respondent description of the information collections are shown below with an estimate of the annual reporting and recordkeeping burden. Included in the estimate is the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

Title: Grants for Educational Assistance to Individuals from Disadvantaged Backgrounds.

Description: Each grantee must meet the requirements of section 705 of the Act concerning audit and inspection.

Description of Respondents: State and local governments, nonprofit institutions.

Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Burden:

Section number	Annual No. of respondents	Annual frequency	Average burden per response	Annual burden hours
57.1803	(This section contains a reporting burden which has already been cleared under OMB Nos. 0915–0060 and 0915–0061.)			
57.1810 [1]	160	1	4	640

[1] Grantee institutions must submit an audit report, every 2 years as required by section 705 of the PHS Act. It has been estimated that the audit requires approximately 8 hours. This burden has been prorated over 2 years, producing an annual burden of 4 hours per grantee.

We have submitted a copy of this proposed rule to OMB for its review of these information collections. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to the agency official designated for this purpose whose name appears in this preamble, and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, Washington, DC 20503.

List of Subjects in 42 CFR Part 57

Dental health, Education of the disadvantaged, Educational facilities, Educational study programs, Grant programs-education, Grant programs-health, Health facilities, Health professions, Loan programs-health, Medical and dental schools, Student aid.

Accordingly, 42 CFR part 57, subpart S is proposed to be amended as set forth below:

Dated: June 20, 1990.

James O. Mason,

Assistant Secretary for Health.

Approved: September 27, 1990

Louis W. Sullivan,

Secretary.

(*Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance*, No. 13.822, Health Careers Opportunity Program)

PART 57—GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF TEACHING FACILITIES, EDUCATIONAL IMPROVEMENTS, SCHOLARSHIPS AND STUDENT LOANS

Subpart S—Educational Assistance to Individuals from Disadvantaged Backgrounds

1. The authority citation for subpart S is revised to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 215, Public Health Service Act, 58 Stat. 690, as amended by 63 Stat. 35 (42 U.S.C. 216); Sec. 787, Public Health Service Act, 90 Stat. 2317, as amended by 95 Stat. 923, 99 Stat. 541, and 102 Stat. 3131–3132 (42 U.S.C. 295g–7).

2. Section 57.1802 is amended by adding the definition of "community-based program" and by revising the definitions of "health professions", "health professions schools", "nonprofit", "school of allied health", "Secretary", and "State" to read as follows:

§ 57.1802 Definitions.

* * * * *

Community-based program means a program whose organizational headquarters is located in and which primarily serves: A Metropolitan Statistical Area, as designated by the Office of Management and Budget; a Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce designated nonmetropolitan economic area; a county; or Indian tribe(s) as defined in 42 CFR 36.102(c), i.e., an Indian tribe, band, nation, rancheria, Pueblo, colony or community, including an Alaska Native Village or regional or village corporation.

Health professions means the professions of medicine, dentistry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, optometry, podiatric medicine, veterinary medicine, public health, chiropractic, health administration, and clinical psychology.

Health professions schools means schools of medicine, dentistry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, optometry, podiatric medicine, veterinary medicine, public health, chiropractic, graduate programs in health administration, or graduate programs in clinical psychology, as defined in section 701(4) of the Act and as accredited in section 701(5) of the Act.

* * * * *

Nonprofit refers to the status of an entity owned and operated by one or more corporations or associations, no part of the net earnings of which inures, or may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

School of allied health means a public or private nonprofit college, junior college, university or hospital-based educational entity which provides or is accredited to provide a degree program in an allied health discipline and which meets all the criteria in section 701(10) of the Act.

Secretary means the Secretary of Health and Human Services and any other officer or employee of the Department of Health and Human Services to whom the authority involved has been delegated.

State includes, in addition to the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (the Republic of Palau), the Republic of the Marshall Islands, and the Federated States of Micronesia.

3. Section 57.1803 is amended by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 57.1803 Who is eligible to apply for a grant?

(a) Health professions schools, schools of allied health, and public or private nonprofit health or educational entities which are located in a State and provide health or educational programs as one of their major functions may apply for a grant under this subpart. Each eligible applicant desiring a grant under this subpart shall submit an application in the form and at such time as the Secretary may prescribe.[1]

* * * * *

4. Section 57.1804 is amended by revising paragraph (a), by redesignating paragraph (b) as (c), and by adding a new paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 57.1804 Who is eligible for educational assistance?

* * * * *

(a) Be a resident of the United States and either a citizen or national of the United States, an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, a citizen of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, a citizen of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (TTPI) (consisting of the Republic of Palau), or a citizen of the Republic of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia (both formerly part of the TTPI);

(b) Have completed at least the junior year of high school (or its equivalent); and

* * * * *

5. Section 57.1805 is amended by removing the last sentence in paragraph (a)(5); by redesignating paragraph (b) as (c); and by adding new paragraphs (b) and (d) to read as follows:

§ 57.1805 Program requirements.

* * * * *

(b) The grantee must carry out at least two of the five purposes, even if grant funds are requested or awarded for only one of them.

* * * * *

(d) Grantees which: (1) Are schools of medicine, osteopathic medicine, public health, dentistry, veterinary medicine, optometry, pharmacy, allied health, chiropractic, podiatric medicine, and public and private nonprofit schools that offer graduate programs in clinical psychology; and

(2) Have a proportionate enrollment of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds that is less than 200 percent of the national average percentage of such individuals in all schools of each health professions discipline must assure the Secretary that during a period of 3 years, commencing on the date of the award of the grant, they will increase their first-year enrollment of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds by at least 20 percent over enrollments in the base year of 1987.

6. Section 57.1806 is amended by redesignating paragraphs (a) through (f) as paragraphs (1) through (6) and designating the introductory text as paragraph (a); by designating the concluding text of the section as paragraph (b) and revising it; and by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§ 57.1806 How will applications be evaluated?

* * * * *

(b) Within the limits of funds available, the Secretary will award grants to approved applicants with projects that will best promote the purposes of section 787 of the Act. Of the amounts appropriated under this section for any fiscal year, 10 percent shall be obligated for community-based programs and 70 percent shall be obligated for grants to institutions of higher education and not more than 5 percent of such funds may be obligated for grants having the primary purpose of informing individuals about the existence and general nature of health careers. Section 787(a)(2)(G) authorizes

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[1] Applications and instructions (Form PHS 6025–1, OMB #0915–0060) may be obtained from the Grants Management Officer, Bureau of Health Professions, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857.

the payment of such stipends as the Secretary may approve for participants in a project for any period of education at any school eligible for a grant under this subpart.

(c) *Funding priority.* (1) In determining the funding of applications approved under paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary shall give priority to schools described in § 57.1805(d), beginning in Fiscal Year 1992—

(i) Which previously received a grant under this subpart and increased its first-year enrollment of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds by at least 20 percent over that enrollment in the base year 1987 by the end of 3 years from the date of the award of the HCOP grant; and

(ii) Which had not previously received a grant under this subpart that increased its first-year enrollment of individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds by at least 20 percent over that enrollment in the base year 1987, over any period of time.

(2) In addition, should specific needs warrant, the Secretary will also consider other special factors relating to national needs as the Secretary may from time to time announce in the **Federal Register**.

7. Section 57.1807 is amended by removing the second sentence in paragraph (b), by removing paragraph (d), and by revising paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§ 57.1807 How long does grant support last?

* * * * *

(c) Neither the approval of any application nor the award of any grant shall commit or obligate the United States in any way to make any additional, supplemental, continuation or other award with respect to any approved application or portion of an approved application. For continuation support, grantees must make separate application at such times and in such a form as the Secretary may prescribe.

8. Section 57.1808 is amended by revising paragraph (b), the introductory text to paragraph (c), paragraph (c)(2), the introductory text to paragraph (d), paragraph (d)(l), and paragraph (e) to read as follows:

§ 57.1808 For what purpose may grant funds be spent?

* * * * *

(b) Any balance of federally-obligated grant funds remaining unobligated by the grantee at the end of a budget period may be carried forward provided specific approval is granted by the Secretary. If at any time during the budget period it becomes apparent to the Secretary that the amount of Federal funds provided and made available to the grantee for that period, including any unobligated balance carried forward from prior periods, exceeds the grantee's needs for the period, the Secretary may adjust the amounts provided by withdrawing the excess. A budget period is an interval of time (usually 12 months) into which the project period is divided for funding and reporting purposes.

(c) The grantee may spend grant funds to provide one round trip for each individual in the program between his or her residence and the training site if:

* * * * *

(2) The educational assistance is not offered at a time when the individual would be at the training site as a student in a regular course of education leading to a high school diploma, associate degree, undergraduate degree, or degree in the health or allied health professions.

(d) The grantee may spend grant funds to pay individuals in the program a stipend when the grantee determines that:

(1) The condition in paragraph (c)(2) of this section exists;

* * * * *

(e) The grantee may not spend grant funds to pay tuition or fees, train program staff, retrain health professionals, or for sectarian instruction, or for any religious purpose.

9. Section 57.1809 is amended by revising the number in the citation of "45 CFR part 50, subpart D" to read "42 CFR part 50, subpart D;" by revising the footnote number and the footnote reference in the text cited after "45 CFR part 83" from "1" to "2"; and by adding in numerical order the following new CFR citations to read as follows:

§ 57.1809 What additional Department regulations apply to grantees?

* * * * *

45 CFR Part 76—Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (non-procurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)

* * * * *

45 CFR Part 93—New Restrictions on Lobbying

[FR Doc. 90–24263 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4160–15–M

Notices

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary

National Commission on Wildfire Disasters; Nominations

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice; extension of nomination period.

SUMMARY: In a notice published Thursday, September 6, 1990, (55 FR 36673), the Department of Agriculture invited nominations of agencies, organizations, and interested persons to serve as members of the National Commission on Wildfire Disasters. This Commission is authorized by the Wildfire Disaster Recovery Act of 1989. Due to a delay in sending the direct notices by mail, the date for receiving nominations is extended to November 2, 1990.

DATES: Nominations must be received in writing by Friday, November 2, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Send written nominations to Chief (5100), Forest Service, USDA, P.O. Box 96090, Washington, DC 20900–6090.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis W. Pendleton, Fire and Aviation Management Staff, Forest Service (202) 453–9511.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Allan J. West,

Deputy Chief, State and Private Forestry.

[FR Doc. 90–24273 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–11–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–479–801]

Antidumping Duty Order; Industrial Nitrocellulose From Yugoslavia

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In its investigation, the U.S. Department of Commerce determined that industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia was being sold in the United States at less than fair value. In a separate investigation, the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) determined that a U.S. industry is being materially injured by reason of imports of industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia.

Therefore, based on these findings, all unliquidated entries or warehouse withdrawals of industrial nitrocellulose for consumption from Yugoslavia made on or after April 24, 1990, the date on which the Department published its "Preliminary Determination" notice in the **Federal Register**, will be liable for the possible assessment of antidumping duties. Further, a cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties must be made on all such entries, and withdrawals from warehouse, for consumption made on or after the date of publication of this antidumping duty order in the **Federal Register.**

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 16, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karmi Leiman or Bradford Ward, Office of Antidumping Investigations, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 377–8498 or 377–5288, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The product covered by this order is industrial nitrocellulose, currently classifiable under HTS subheading 3912.20.00. The HTS item number is provided for convenience and Customs purposes. The written description remains dispositive as to the scope of the product coverage.

Industrial nitrocellulose is a dry, white, amorphous synthetic chemical with a nitrogen content between 10.8 and 12.2 percent, and is produced from the reaction of cellulose with nitric acid. Industrial nitrocellulose is used as a film-former in coatings, lacquers, furniture finishes, and printing inks. The scope of this order does not include explosive grade nitrocellulose, which has a nitrogen content of greater than 12.2 percent.

In accordance with section 735(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) (19 U.S.C. 1673d(a)), on August 21, 1990, the Department made its final determination that industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia is being sold at less than fair value (55 FR 34946, August 27, 1990). On June 28, 1990, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673d(d)), the ITC notified the Department that such imports materially injure a U.S. industry.

Therefore, in accordance with sections 736 and 751 of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673e and 1675), the Department will direct U.S. Customs officers to assess, upon further advice by the administering authority pursuant to section 736(a)(1) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673e(a)(1)), antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the foreign market value of the merchandise exceeds the United States price for all entries of industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after April 24, 1990, the date on which the Department published its "Preliminary Determination" notice in the **Federal Register** (55 FR 7763).

On or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, U.S. Customs officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties on this merchandise, a cash deposit equal to the estimated weighted-average antidumping duty margins as noted below:

Manufacturers/producers/exporters	Margin percentage
Milan Blagojevic	10.81
All others	10.81

This notice constitutes an antidumping duty order with respect to industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia, pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673e(a)). Interested parties may contact the Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the Main Commerce Building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673e(a)) and 19 CFR 353.21.

Dated: October 11, 1990.

Francis J. Sailor,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration

[FR Doc. 90-24481 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-05-M

ACTION: Notice of application for an amendment to an Export Trade Certificate of Review.

Export Trade Certificate of Review

SUMMARY: The Office of Export Trading Company Affairs, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, has received an application for an amendment to an Export Trade Certificate of Review. This notice summarizes the amendment and requests comments relevant to whether the amended Certificate should be issued.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Muller, Director, Office of Export Trading Company Affairs, International Trade Administration, 202/377-5131. This is not a toll-free number.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Title III of the Export Trading Company Act of 1982 (15 U.S.C. 4001-21) authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to issue Export Trade Certificates of Review. A Certificate of Review protects the holder and the members identified in the Certificate from state and federal government antitrust actions and from private, treble damage antitrust actions for the export conduct specified in the Certificate and carried out in compliance with its terms and conditions. Section 302(b)(1) of the Act and 15 CFR 325.6(a) require the Secretary to publish a notice in the **Federal Register** identifying the applicant and summarizing its proposed export conduct.

Request for Public Comments

Interested parties may submit written comments relevant to the determination whether the Certificate should be amended. An original and five (5) copies should be submitted no later than 20 days after the date of this notice to: Office of Export Trading Company Affairs, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, room 1800H, Washington, DC 20230. Information submitted by any person is exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552). Comments should refer to this application as "Export Trade Certificate of Review, application number 90-A0005."

OETCA has received the following application for an amendment to Export Trade Certificate of Review No. 90-00005, which was issued on August 10, 1990 (55 FR 33740, August 17, 1990). The applicant has requested expedited review of the application.

Summary of the Application

Applicant: California Kiwifruit Commission ("CKC"), 1540 River Park Drive, suite 110, Sacramento, California 95815.

Contact: Jennifer K. Wirick, Esquire.

Telephone: (202) 347-9300.

Application No.: 90-A0005.

Date Deemed Submitted: October 5, 1990.

Request for Amended "Members":

CKC seeks to amend its Certificate to add California Kiwifruit Exporters Association as a "Member" within the meaning of § 325.2(1) of the Regulations (15 CFR 325.2 (1)).

Dated: October 11, 1990.

George Muller,

Director, Office of Export Trading Company Affairs.

[FR Doc. 90-24335 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-M

Export Trade Certificate of Review

ACTION: Notice of application for an amendment to an Export Trade Certificate of Review.

SUMMARY: The Office of Export Trading Company Affairs, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, has received an application for an amendment to an Export Trade Certificate of Review. This notice summarizes the amendment and requests comments relevant to whether the amended Certificate should be issued.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Muller, Director, Office of Export Trading Company Affairs, International Trade Administration, 202/377-5131. This is not a toll-free number.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Title III of the Export Trading Company Act of 1982 (15 U.S.C. 4001-21) authorizes the Secretary of Commerce to issue Export Trade Certificates of Review. A Certificate of Review protects the holder and the members identified in the Certificate from state and federal government antitrust actions and from private, treble damage antitrust actions for the export conduct specified in the Certificate and carried out in compliance with its terms and conditions. Section 302(b)(1) of the Act and 15 CFR 325.6(a) require the Secretary to publish a notice in the **Federal Register** identifying the applicant and summarizing its proposed export conduct.

Request for Public Comments

Interested parties may submit written comments relevant to the determination whether the Certificate should be amended. An original and five (5) copies should be submitted not later than 20 days after the date of this notice to: Office of Export Trading Company Affairs, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce, room 1800H, Washington, DC 20230. Information submitted by any person is exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552). Comments should refer to this application as "Export Trade Certificate of Review, application number 88-3A017."

OETCA has received the following application for an amendment to Export Trade Certificate of Review No. 88-00017, which was issued on May 26, 1989 (54 FR 24932, June 12, 1989). The Certificate has been previously amended (see 55 FR 14100, April 16, 1990).

Summary of the Application

Applicant: Construction Industry Manufacturers, Association ("CIMA"), 111 East Wisconsin Avenue, suite 940, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202.

Contact: J. William Peterson, Director of Government Affairs.

Telephone: 202/479-2666.

Application No.: 88-3A017.

Date Deemed Submitted: October 5, 1990.

Request For Amended "Members":

CIMA seeks to amend its Certificate to:

1. Add the following companies as "Members" within the meaning of § 325.2(1) of the Regulations (15 CFR 325.2(1)): LaBounty Manufacturing, Inc., Two Harbors, Minnesota, and Gehl Company, West Bend, Wisconsin;

2. Delete Caterpillar Inc. and J.I. Case Company as "Members" of the Certificate; and

3. Delete paragraph 7 of the "Export Trade Activities and Methods of Operation" from the Certificate. Paragraph 7 limits the discussion and exchange of price information when designated Members engage in the

certified export trade activities and methods of operation with respect to particular products.

Dated: October 11, 1990.

George Muller,

Director, Office of Export Trading Company Affairs.

[FR Doc. 90-24336 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, Scientific Advisory Board; Open Meeting

In order to comply with section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. Law 92-463), notice is hereby given of a meeting of the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology's Scientific Advisory Board, November 7 and 8, 1990, at 0830 hours in the Director's Conference room, Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, Washington, DC 20306-6000. This meeting will be open to the public.

The proposed agenda will include professional discussion of the mission of the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology relating to consultation, education and research. The Executive Secretary from whom substantive program information may be obtained is Colonel John S. Jewell, Executive Officer, Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, Washington, DC 20306-6000, telephone: (202) 576-2900.

Kenneth L. Denton,

Alternate Army Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 90-24264 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710-08-M

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Project No. 10021-001, Utah]

Beaver City Corp.; Availability of Environmental Assessment

October 9, 1990.

In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's (Commission's) regulations, 18 CFR part 380 (Order No. 486, 52 FR 47897), the Office of Hydropower Licensing has reviewed the application for minor license for the proposed Beaver City Canyon Upper Project located on Beaver Creek in Beaver County near Beaver City, Utah, and has prepared an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the proposed project. In the EA, the Commission's staff has analyzed the potential environmental impacts of the proposed project and has concluded that approval of the proposed project, with appropriate mitigation measures, would not constitute a major federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment.

Copies of the EA are available for review in the Public Reference Branch, room 3308, of the Commission's offices at 941 North Capitol Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426.

Lois D. Cashell,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90-24275 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

Application Filed with the Commission

October 9, 1990.

Take notice that the following hydroelectric application has been filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and is available for public inspection.

a. *Type of filing:* Transfer of License.

b. *Project No.:* 2233-021.

c. *Date filed:* September 27, 1990.

d. *Applicant:* James River II, Inc., Portland General Electric Co., and Smurfit Newsprint Corporation (Transferors) and Simpson Paper (Oregon) Company, Portland General Electric Co., and Smurfit Newsprint Corporation (Transferees).

e. *Name of project:* Williamette Falls.

f. *Location:* On the Williamette River in Clakamas County, Oregon.

g. *Filed pursuant to:* Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. 791(a)-825(r).

h. *Applicant contact:* Priscilla W. Derick, Perkins Coie, 411-108th Avenue NE., Suite 1800, Bellevue, WA 98004, (206) 453-7311.

i. *Commission contact:* Mr. James Hunter, (202) 357-0843.

j. *Comment date:* November 12, 1990.

k. *Description of proposed action:* On June 21, 1960, a major license was issued for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the Williamette Falls Project. James River II, Inc. proposes to transfer its interests and obligations under the license to Simpson Paper (Oregon) Company. The proposed transfer will not change the operation of the project or the use of project power. The Transferors certify that they have fully complied with the terms and conditions of the license. The Transferees accept all the terms and conditions of the license and agree to be bound thereby to the same extent as though they were the original licensee.

l. This notice also consists of the following standard paragraphs: B and C.

B. Comments, Protests, or Motions to Intervene—Anyone may submit comments, a protest, or a motion to intervene in accordance with the requirements of the Rules of Practice and Procedure, 18 CFR 385.210, 385.211, 385.214. In determining the appropriate action to take, the Commission will consider all protests or other comments filed, but only those who file a motion to intervene in accordance with the Commission's Rules may become a party to the proceeding. Any comments, protests, or motions to intervene must be received on or before the specified comment date for the particular application.

C. Filing and Service of Responsive Documents—Any filings must bear in all capital letters the title "COMMENTS," "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TERMS AND CONDITIONS," "NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE COMPETING APPLICATION," "COMPETING APPLICATIONS," "PROTEST" or "MOTION TO INTERVENE," as applicable, and the project number of the particular application to which the filing is in response. Any of these documents must be filed by providing the original and the number of copies required by the Commission's regulations to: the Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 825 North Capitol Street, NE., Washington, DC 20426. An additional copy must be sent to: the Director, Division of Project Review, Office of Hydropower Licensing, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Room 1027-UPC, at the above address. A copy of any notice of intent, competing application, or motion to intervene must also be served upon each representative of the applicant specified in the particular application.

Lois D. Cashell,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90-24276 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-M

Office of Energy Research

Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee; Renewal

Pursuant to section 14(a)(2)(A) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, and § 101-6.1015 of the Final Rule on Federal Advisory Committee Management (41 CFR 101-6.1015), and following consultation with the Committee Management Secretariat, General Services Administration, notice is hereby given that the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee has been

renewed for a 2-year period. The Committee will continue to provide advice to the Director, Office of Energy Research, on the Basic Energy Sciences (BES) program.

The renewal of the Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee charter has been determined to be essential the conduct of the Department's business and to be in the public interest in connection with the performance of duties imposed upon the Department of Energy by law. The Committee will operate in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463), the Department of Energy Organization Act (Pub. L. 95–91), and regulations and directives implementing those statutes.

The Committee will continue to be balanced with representatives of national laboratories, industry, and universities involved in basic energy sciences. Particular attention will continue to be paid to obtaining a balance of disciplines, interests, experiences, points of view, and geography.

Further information regarding this advisory committee can be obtained from Elinor Donnelly (202–586–3448).

Issued in Washington, DC, on October 11, 1990.

J. Robert Franklin,

Deputy Advisory Committee, Management Officer.

[FR Doc. 90–24337 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450–01–M

Office of Fossil Energy

[FE Docket No. 90–74–NG]

Goetz Energy Corp.; Application To Export Natural Gas to and Import Natural Gas From Canada

AGENCY: Office of Fossil Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice of application for authorization to export natural gas to and import natural gas from Canada.

SUMMARY: The Office of Fossil Energy (FE) of the Department of Energy (DOE) gives notice of receipt on August 24, 1990, of an application filed by Goetz Energy Corporation (Goetz) for authorization to export to Canada at St. Clair, Michigan, up to 25,000 Mcf per day of natural gas plus such additional gas as may be required for fuel use, and to import from Canada at Grand Island, New York, up to 25,000 Mcf per day of natural gas over a fifteen year period. The application was amended by a letter that was received by DOE/FE on September 28, 1990. Goetz anticipates purchasing the natural gas from southwestern U.S. producers under long-term contracts lasting five to fifteen years. It intends to utilize firm transportation service on the proposed Empire State Pipeline, whose applications for construction currently are pending before the New York State Public Service Commission and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). Goetz also has entered into or is negotiating agreements for firm transportation with ANR Pipeline Company (ANR), Great Lakes Transmission Company (Great Lakes), TransCanada Pipelines, and Union Gas Limited (Union).

The application is filed under section 3 of the Natural Gas Act and DOE Delegation Order Nos. 0204–111 and 0204–127. Protests, motions to intervene, notices of intervention and written comments are invited.

DATES: Protests, motions to intervene or notices of intervention, as applicable, requests for additional procedures and written comments are to be filed at the address listed below no later than 4:30 p.m., e.s.t., November 15, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Office of Fuels Programs, Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, Room 3F–056, FE–50, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20585.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Linda Silverman, Office of Fuels Programs, Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, Room 3F–094, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20585, (202) 586–7249

Diane Stubbs, Natural Gas and Mineral Leasing, Office of General Counsel, U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, Room 6E–042, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20585, (202) 586–6667.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Goetz is a New York corporation whose principal place of business is in Buffalo, New York. The company is a marketer of natural gas and petroleum products to customers in a territory that includes Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse, New York.

Goetz currently relies on CNG Transmission Corporation (CNG) to provide interruptible transportation for its customers behind interconnecting local distribution companies encompassing Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, and specific areas of New York State Electric and Gas Corporation. The company also is dependent upon National Fuel Supply Corporation (NFSC) to provide interruptible transportation for its customers behind National Fuel Distribution Corporation (NFDC). Goetz is attempting to secure firm natural gas supplies and transportation in order to reduce its dependence upon CNG and NFSC and to obtain alternative natural gas supplies and firm transportation at competitive prices and on favorable terms. The company maintains that this will result in a total delivered cost of natural gas that, during the term of the arrangements, is competitive with existing and other sources of natural gas.

According to the application, the same gas would be exported and imported solely as part of a transportation arrangement, and would not be sold or stored in Canada; consequently, DOE does not believe that it is necessary to consider in its evaluation domestic need for the gas with respect to the proposed export, nor competitiveness, need for the gas, or security of supply with respect to the proposed import. DOE will consider the impact of the transportation arrangement on the availability of gas in markets served by the proposed Empire State Pipeline and by the pipeline systems of Great Lakes, ANR, and United.

The applicant asserts that delivery of the subject natural gas will not deprive the United States or any region of the country of needed natural gas and will further the goal of providing additional volumes of natural gas to the northeastern United States. Parties opposing the arrangement bear the burden of overcoming these assertions.

All parties should be aware that if the requested export/import arrangement is approved, the authorization would be conditioned on the filing of quarterly reports indicating the volume of natural gas exported and imported.

NEPA Compliance

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321, *et seq.*, requires the DOE to give appropriate consideration to the environmental effects of its proposed actions. FERC currently is performing an environmental review of the impacts of constructing and operating the proposed facilities related to the Empire State Pipeline project in FERC Docket Nos. CP 90–316 and CP 90–317. The DOE will independently review the results of the FERC environmental evaluation of this project in the course of making its own environmental determination. No final decision will be issued in this proceeding until the DOE has met its NEPA responsibilities.

Public Comment Procedures

In response to this notice, any person may file a protest, motion to intervene or notice of intervention, as applicable, and written comments. Any person wishing to become a party to the proceeding and to have the written comments considered as the basis for any decision on the application must, however, file a motion to intervene or notice of internvention, as applicable. The filing of a protest with respect to this application will not serve to make the protestant a party to the proceeding, although protests and comments received from persons who are not parties will be considered in determining the appropriate action to be taken on the application. All protests, motions to intervene, notices of intervention, and written comments must meet the requirements that are specified by the regulations in 10 CFR part 590. Protests, motions to intervene, notices of intervention, requests for additional procedures, and written comments should be filed with the Office of Fuels Programs at the above address.

It is intended that a decisional record will be developed on the application through responses to this notice by parties, including the parties' written comments and replies thereto. Additional procedures will be used as necessary to achieve a complete understanding of the facts and issues. A party seeking intervention may request that additional procedures be provided, such as additional written comments, an oral presentation, a conference, or trial-type hearing. Any request to file additional written comments should explain why they are necessary. Any request for an oral presentation should identify the substantial question of fact, law, or policy at issue, show that it is material and relevant to a decision in the proceeding, and demonstrate why an oral presentation is needed. Any request for a conference should demonstrate why the conference would materially advance the proceeding. Any request for a trial-type hearing must show that there are factual issues genuinely in dispute that are relevant and material to a decision and that a trial-type hearing is necessary for a full and true disclosure of the facts.

If an additional procedure is scheduled, notice will be provided to all parties. If no party requests additional procedures, a final opinion and order may be issued based on the official record, including the application and responses filed by parties pursuant to this notice, in accordance with 10 CFR 590.316.

A copy of Goetz' application is available for inspection and copying in the Office of Fuels Programs Docket Room, 3F–056 at the above address. The docket room is open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

Issued in Washington, DC, October 11, 1990.

Clifford P. Tomaszewski,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Fuels Programs, Office of Fossil Energy.

[FR Doc. 90–24338 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450–01–M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–3852–7]

Science Advisory Board, Meetings of Standing Committees, Open Meeting—October 25–26, 1990

Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Pub. L. 92–463, notice is hereby given that five of the permanent, Standing Committees of the U.S. EPA's Science Advisory Board (SAB) will hold public meetings on October 25–26, 1990 in the Washington, DC. metropolitan area. Information concerning each Committee and its meeting is given below. For further information concerning a particular committee, please contact the SAB Staff member(s) listed for that committee.

Environmental Engineering Committee: The Environmental Engineering Committee (EEC) will meet at U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Headquarters, Waterside Mall Conference Center, Room 2-South, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC, 20460. This meeting will start at 9:00 a.m. on Thursday, October 25th and 8:30 a.m. on Friday, October 26th and will adjourn no later than 3:00 p.m. on October 26th.

The main purpose of this meeting will be to plan EEC review activities for Fiscal Year (FY) 1991 and to receive briefings on additional possible review topics for FY 1991 and beyond. The FY 1991 topics to be discussed include, but are not limited to the following: review of treatability studies applicable to Superfund sites, a follow-up study to examine the Agency's pollution prevention strategy, review of the Office of Research and Development's (ORD's) global climate mitigation plans, a planned consultation/review of ORD's constructed wetlands program for treatment of wastewater streams, ORD's research plans for bioremediation technology development, follow-up review with the Office of Solid Waste (OSW) on the EEC's self-initiated study on leachability. Other possible review topics will be discussed as they are made available to the EEC prior to the meeting and as time permits. It is anticipated that two reports (Municipal Solid Waste Review and the Leachability Report) which are being finalized by Subcommittees of the EEC will have some discussion and closure comments at this meeting. SAB contacts are: Dr. K. Jack Kooyoomjian, Designated Federal Official, and Mrs. Marcy Jolly, Staff Secretary.

Ecological Processes and Effects Committee: The Ecological Processes and Effects Committee (EPEC) will meet on October 25–26, 1990 at the Holiday Inn, 550 C Street, SW., Washington, DC, 20024. This meeting will start at 9:00 a.m. on October 25th and will adjourn no later than 1:00 p.m. on October 26th.

The main purpose of this meeting will be to plan EPEC review activities for FY 1991 nd to receive briefings on current regulatory activities. The SAB contacts are: Dr. Edward Bender, Designated Federal Official, and Mrs. Frances Dolby, Staff Secretary.

Drinking Water Committee: The Drinking Water Committee will meet on October 25–26, 1990 at the Holiday Inn, 550 C Street, SW., Washington, DC 20024. This meeting will start at 8:30 a.m. on October 25th and will adjourn no later than 1:00 p.m. October 26th.

The main purpose of this meeting will be to review the criteria document for trihalomethanes and receive briefings on current regulatory activities. Documentation for this meeting is available from Ms. Jennifer Orme, Office of Drinking Water, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460, telephone (202) 382–7586. SAB contacts are: Dr. C. Richard Cothern, Designated Federal Official, and Ms. Darlene Sewell, Staff Secretary.

Radiation Advisory Committee: The Radiation Advisory Committee (RAC) will meet on October 25–26, 1990 at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460. On October 25th, the Committee will meet in the Administrator's Conference Room (Room 1101/1103 West Tower), and on October 26th, the Committee will meet in Room 9-North, Waterside Mall Conference Center. The meeting will begin at 9:00 a.m. on October 25th and adjourn no later than 2:00 p.m. on October 26th.

The Committee will consider its priorities and scheduels for FY91, be briefed on EPA radiation related activities (including the Idaho Radionuclide Exposure Study report), and consider reports now in preparation

including such issues as: Radionuclides in drinking water, the national survey for radon in schools, and the correlation of short-term and long-term tests for radon. SAB contacts are: Mrs. Kathleen Conway, Designated Federal Official, and Mrs. Dorothy Clark, Staff Secretary.

Environmental Health Committee: The Environmental Health Committee will meet on October 25–26, 1990 in the Howard Johnson Hotel, 2650 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202. The hotel telephone number is (703)–684–7200. The meeting will start at 9:00 a.m. on October 25th, and will adjourn no later than 5:00 p.m. on October 26th.

The main purpose of this meeting is to consult with the EPA's Office of Toxic Substances (OTS) on issues related to formaldehyde exposure, to review a proposed methodology for the calculation of Inhalation Reference Concentrations (RfCs—the estimate of a daily inhalation exposure (of a given agent) to the human population that is likely to be without an appreciable risk of deleterious non-cancer effects during a lifetime), to receive a briefing from the EPA Risk Assessment Forum on current risk assessment issues, and to discuss the Committee's plans for reviews during Fiscal 1991.

Anyone desiring additional information on the formaldehyde topic should contact Dr. Vanessa Vu, Office of Toxic Substances, (TS–796), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460, telephone (202)–382–4356. For information on the RfC topic, contact Dr. Chon Shoaf, Environmental Criteria and Assessment Office, (MD–52), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, telephone (919)–541–4144. The SAB contacts are: Mr. Samuel Rondberg, Designated Federal Official and Ms. Mary Winston, Staff Secretary.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: All meetings are open to the public. Any member of the public wishing further information on any meeting, or those who wish to submit written or oral comments concerning any issue given above, should contact the appropriate Designated Federal Official. Agendas and Committee rosters are available from the appropriate Staff Secretary. SAB Staff may be reached at: Science Advisory Board (A101F), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460, telephone (202) 382–2552, or FAX (202) 475–9693. Requests to provide oral comments at any of the meetings should be made to the appropriate DFO no later than October 12, 1990. The SAB expects that the public statements presented at its meetings will not be repetitive of previously submitted oral or written statements. In general, each individual or group making an oral presentation will be limited to a total of ten minutes. Speakers are asked to provide 20 copies of their written remarks to the SAB Staff no later than the day of the meeting. Seating at all meetings will be on a first come basis.

Dated: October 1, 1990.

Donald G. Barnes,

Director, Science Advisory Board.

[FR Doc. 90–24495 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–M

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Agreement(s) Filed; Port Authority of New York and New Jersey/Maher Terminals, Inc.

The Federal Maritime Commission hereby gives notice of the filing of the following agreement(s) pursuant to section 5 of the Shipping Act of 1984.

Interested parties may inspect and obtain a copy of each agreement at the Washington, DC., Office of the Federal Maritime Commission, 1100 L Street, NW., room 10220. Interested parties may submit comments on each agreement to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573, within 10 days after the date of the Federal Register in which this notice appears. The requirements for comments are found in § 572.603 of title 46 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Interested persons should consult this section before communicating with the Commission regarding a pending agreement.

Agreement No.: 224–010684–004.

Title: Port Authority of New York and New Jersey/Maher Terminals, Inc. Terminal Agreement.

Parties: Port Authority of New York and New Jersey/Maher Terminals, Inc.

Synopsis: The Agreement amends the parties' basic agreement to provide for extending the term of the agreement. The Agreement's term will expire on the earlier of: October 31, 1990; or, the day preceding the date of commencement of the term of a new lease proposed to be entered into by the parties.

By Order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Joseph C. Polking,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90–24271 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730–01–M

Security for the Protection of the Public Indemnification of Passengers for Nonperformance of Transportation; Issuance of Certificate (Performance)

Notice is hereby given that the following have been issued a Certificate of Financial Responsibility for Indemnification of Passengers for Nonperformance of Transportation pursuant to the provisions of Section 3, Public Law 89–777 (46 U.S.C. 817(e)) and the Federal Maritime Commission's implementing regulations at 46 CFR part 540, as amended:

Alaska Sightseeing Tours, Inc., West Leasing, Inc. and West Travel, Inc., 4th and Battery Bldg., suite 700, Seattle, WA 98121.

Vessel: Spirit of Alaska.

Dated: October 5, 1990.

Joseph C. Polking,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90–24302 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730–01–M

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Federal Open Market Committee; Domestic Policy Directive of August 21, 1990

In accordance with § 217.5 of its rules regarding availability of information, there is set forth below the domestic policy directive issued by the Federal Open Market Committee at its meeting held on August 21, 1990.[1] The directive was issued to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as follows:

The information reviewed at this meeting suggests that economic activity is continuing to expand at a relatively slow pace. After a sizable rise in May and June, total nonfarm payroll employment registered a large decline in July, much but not all of which reflected layoffs of temporary census workers. The civilian unemployment rate rose to 5.5 percent in July, just above the narrow range that had prevailed for an extended period. Industrial production was unchanged in July after rising appreciably in the second quarter. Retail sales rose considerably on balance over June and July after declines in earlier months. Available indicators point to a sluggish trend in business capital spending. Residential construction weakened further in July. The nominal

[1] Copies of the Record of policy actions of the Committee for the meeting of August 21, 1990, are available upon request to The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551.

U.S. merchandise trade deficit narrowed sharply in June; for the second quarter, the trade deficit was substantially reduced from its first-quarter rate. Consumer prices rose appreciably further in June and July, while producer prices were about unchanged over the two months. The latest data on labor costs suggest no improvement in underlying trends. Crude oil prices have risen sharply over the last several weeks.

Short-term interest rates have fallen somewhat since the Committee meeting on July 2–3, while rates in bond markets have risen appreciably, as oil prices have increased. The trade-weighted foreign exchange value of the dollar in terms of the other G–10 currencies declined considerably over the intermeeting period.

M2 grew slowly in June and July, while M3 was little changed; available data for August suggest a partial rebound in both aggregates. Growth of M2 and especially of M3 has been damped by the continuing contraction of deposits at thrift institutions resulting from the restructuring of the thrift industry. Through July, expansion of both M2 and M3 was estimated to be in the lower portions of their respective ranges for 1990. Expansion of total domestic nonfinancial debt appears to have been near the midpoint of its monitoring range.

The Federal Open Market Committee seeks monetary and financial conditions that will foster price stability, promote growth in output on sustainable basis, and contribute to an improved pattern of international transactions. In furtherance of these objectives, the Committee at its meeting in July reaffirmed the range it had established in February for M2 growth of 3 to 7 percent, measured from the fourth quarter of 1989 to the fourth quarter of 1990. The Committee in July also retained the monitoring range of 5 to 9 percent for the year that it had set for growth of total domestic nonfinancial debt. With regard to M3, the Committee recognized that the ongoing restructuring of thrift depository institutions had depressed its growth relative to spending and total credit more than anticipated. Taking account of the unexpectedly strong M3 velocity, the Committee decided in July to reduce the 1990 range to 1 to 5 percent. For 1991, the Committee agreed on provisional ranges for monetary growth, measured from the fourth quarter of 1990 to the fourth quarter of 1991, of 2½ to 6½ percent for M2 and 1 to 5 percent for M3. The Committee tentatively set the associated monitoring range for growth of total domestic non-financial debt at 4½ to 8½ percent for 1991. The behavior of the monetary aggregates will continue to be evaluated in the light of progress toward price level stability, movements in their velocities, and developments in the economy and financial markets.

In the implementation of policy for the immediate future, the Committee seeks to maintain the existing degree of pressure on reserve positions. Taking account of progress toward price stability, the strength of the business expansion, the behavior of the monetary aggregates, and developments in foreign exchange and domestic financial markets, slightly greater reserve restraint might or somewhat lesser reserve restraint would be acceptable in the intermeeting period. The contemplated reserve conditions are expected to be consistent with growth of M2 and M3 over the period from June through September at annual rates of about 4 and 2½ percent respectively. The Chairman may call for Committee consultation if it appears to the Manager for Domestic Operations that reserve conditions during the period before the next meeting are likely to be associated with a federal funds rate persistently outside a range of 6 to 10 percent.

By order of the Federal Open Market Committee, October 10, 1990.

Normand Bernard,

Assistant Secretary Federal Open Market Committee.

[FR Doc. 90–24297 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–M

Robert L. and Claudia A. Beauprez; Change in Bank Control Notice; Acquisition of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies

The notificant listed below has applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notice is available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the notice has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for the notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than October 31, 1990.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Thomas M. Hoenig, Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198:

1. Robert L. and Claudia A. Beauprez, Lafayette, Colorado; to acquire an additional 38.03 percent of the voting shares of Front Range Capital Corporation, Lafayette, Colorado, and thereby indirectly acquire Bank VII, Lafayette, Colorado.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, October 10, 1990.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 90–24298 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–M

First Union Corporation, et al.: Applications To Engage de Novo in Permissible Nonbanking Activities

The companies listed in this notice have filed an application under § 225.23(a)(1) of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.23(a)(1)) for the Board's approval under section 4(c)(8) of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1843(c)(8)) and § 225.21(a) of Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.21(a)) to commence or to engage *de novo*, either directly or through a subsidiary, in a nonbanking activity that is listed in § 225.25 of Regulation Y as closely related to banking and permissible for bank holding companies. Unless otherwise noted, such activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Each application is available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the application has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the question whether consummation of the proposal can "reasonably be expected to produce benefits to the public, such as greater convenience, increased competition, or gains in efficiency, that outweigh possible adverse effects, such as undue concentration of resources, decreased or unfair competition, conflicts of interests, or unsound banking practices." Any request for a hearing on this question must be accompanied by a statement of the reasons a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute, summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing, and indicating how the party commenting would be aggrieved by approval of the proposal.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated

or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than November 6, 1990.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond (Lloyd W. Bostian, Jr., Vice President), 701 East Byrd Street, Richmond, Virginia 23261:

1. *First Union Corporation,* Charlotte, North Carolina; to engage *de novo* through its subsidiary, First Union Securities, Inc., Charlotte, North Carolina, in buying and selling loans and others extensions of credit and loan servicing for its own account or the account of other pursuant to § 225.25(b)(1); and including personal or real property leases which serve as the functional equivalent of extensions of credit to the leases of the property pursuant to § 225.25(b)(5) of the Board's Regulation Y.

B. **Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco** (Kenneth R. Binning, Assistant Vice President), 101 Market Street, San Francisco, California 94105:

1. West Coast Bancorp, Newport, Oregon; to engage *de novo* in making, acquiring, servicing and brokering loans pursuant to § 225.25(b)(1); and leasing personal and real property pursuant to § 225.25(b)(5) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, October 10, 1990.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 90–24299 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–M

Paloma Bancshares, Inc., et al.; Formations of; Acquisitions by; and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied for the Board's approval under section 3 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1842) and § 225.14 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.14) to become a bank holding company or to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in section 3(c) of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)).

Each application is available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. Once the application has been accepted for processing, it will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Any comment on an application that requests a hearing must include a statement of why a written presentation would not suffice in lieu of a hearing, identifying specifically any questions of fact that are in dispute and summarizing the evidence that would be presented at a hearing.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received not later than November 6, 1990.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166:

1. Paloma Bancshares, Inc., Paloma, Illinois; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of Paloma Exchange Bank, Paloma, Illinois.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Thomas M. Hoenig, Vice President) 925 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Missouri 64198:

1. Decatur Investment, Inc., Oberlin, Kansas; to merge with Western Kansas Investment, Inc., Winona, Kansas, and thereby indirectly acquire The Bank, Oakley, Kansas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, October 10, 1990.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 90–24300 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–M

Peotone Bancorp, Inc., Peotone, IL; Applications To Engage de Novo in Permissible Nonbanking Activities; Correction

This notice corrects a previous **Federal Register** Notice (FR Doc. 90–22752) published at page 39323 of the issue for Wednesday, September 26, 1990.

Under the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, the entry for Peotone Bancorp, Inc. is amended to read as follows:

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (David S. Epstein, Vice President) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690:

1. Peotone Bancorp, Inc., Peotone, Illinois; to engage *de novo* through its subsidiary, Rock River Bancorporation, Inc., Oregon, Illinois, in providing general insurance agency services including life insurance, health insurance, property and casualty insurance, and fixed rate annuities in a town with a population of less than 5,000, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(8)(iii) of the Board's Regulation Y. These activities will be conducted in Oregon, Illinois. Applicant also will engage in credit life insurance as agent for insurance that is directly related to an extension of credit by Rock River Bancorporation or any of its subsidiaries and limited to assuring the repayment of the outstanding balance due on the extension of credit in the event of death, disability, or involuntary unemployment of the debtor, pursuant to § 225.25(b)(8)(i) of the Board's Regulation Y.

In addition, the heading should have read as set forth above.

Comments on this application must be received by October 31, 1990.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, October 10, 1990.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 90–24301 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–M

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Granting of Request for Early Termination of the Waiting Period Under the Premerger Notification Rules

Section 7A of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. 18a, as added by title II of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, requires persons contemplating certain mergers or acquisitions to give the Federal Trade Commission and the Assistant Attorney General advance notice and to wait designated periods before consummation of such plans. Section 7A(b)(2) of the Act permits the agencies, in individual cases, to terminate this waiting period prior to its expiration and requires that notice of this action be published in the **Federal Register.**

The following transactions were granted early termination of the waiting period provided by law and the premerger notification rules. The grants were made by the Federal Trade Commission and the Assistant Attorney General for the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice. Neither agency intends to take any action with respect to these proposed acquisitions during the applicable waiting period.

TRANSACTINS GRANTED EARLY TERMINATION BETWEEN: 091790 AND 092890

Name of Acquiring Person, Name of Acquired Person, Name of Acquired Entity	PMN No.	Date terminated
Pacific Telesis Group, CCI Newco, Inc., CCI Newco, Inc.	90-2084	09/17/90
Primark Corporation, Champion International Corporation, Champion International Corporation	90-2082	09/18/90
Thorn EMI plc, Filmtrax plc, Filmtrax plc	90-2120	09/18/90
Dr. Med Hartmut Krukemeyer, Charter Medical Corporation, Charter Suburban Hospital of Mesquite, Inc.	90-2135	09/18/90
Kyow Hakko Kogyo Co. Ltd., NCNB Corporation, NCNB Lease Investments, Inc.	90-2109	09/20/90
Bank of Montreal, UJB Financial Corp., United Jersey Bank and First Valley Bank	90-2125	09/20/90
Edison Brothers Stores, Inc., Irving G. Katz, Webster Clothes, Inc.	90-2056	09/21/90
Kundry Trust, Natick Simon Developers Limited Partnership, Natick Simon Developers Limited Partnership	90-2065	09/21/90
General Electric Company, The Travelers Corporation, Travelers Mortgage Services, Inc.	90-2072	09/21/90
Canadian Pacific Limited, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, MetHotels, Inc.	90-2106	09/21/90
Ford Motor Company, Transamerica Corporation, Transamerica Fleet Leasing Corporation	90-2132	09/21/90
O. Bruton Smith, L.G. DeWitt, Atlanta International Raceway, Inc.	90-2133	09/21/90
K Mart Corporation, OfficeMax, Inc., Officemax, Inc.	90-2157	09/21/90
GeoQuest International, Inc., The Dun & Bradstreet Corporation, Petroleum Information Corporation	90-2092	09/24/90
David J. McGrath, Jr., Greyhound Dial Corporation, Greyhound C&D, Inc. & Consultants & Designers, Inc.	90-2146	09/24/90
New Line Cinema Corporation, Qintex Entertainment Inc., Qintex Entertainment Inc., et al.	90-2155	09/24/90
Viktor and Therese Kleinert, Gary A. Bandy, G.W. Bandy, Inc.	90-2117	09/25/90
Cimenteries CBR S.A., David L. Horowitz, Standard Concrete Products, Inc.,	90-2122	09/25/90
Onoda Cement Co., Ltd., CalMat Co., California Portland Cement Company	90-2123	09/25/90
Richard M. and Rebecca I. Adler Trust, Atlantic Richfield Co., Atlantic Richfield Co.	90-2138	09/25/90
Nippon Yusen, K.K. Philip F. Anschutz, Rio Grande Industries, Inc.	90-2142	09/25/90
Antah Holdings Berhad, Pool Energy Services C., Associated Oiltools, Inc.	90-2161	09/25/90
Mrs. Noor Sultan Hashwani, The Prudential Insurance Company of America, The Prudential Insurance Company of America	90-2162	09/25/90
O.K.I. Supply Co., Ira L. Rennert, Bering Sales, Inc.	90-2064	09/26/90
UniHealth America, Valley Health Services, Inc., Valley Health Services, Inc.	90-2089	09/26/90
Buhrmann-Tetterode N.V., Lucas Bros, Inc., Lucas Bros, Inc.	90-2141	09/26/90
George S. Hofmeister, Allied Products Corporation, Allied Products Corp's South Bend Stamping Division	90-2077	09/27/90
Henry Crown and Company (Not Incorporated), William M. Bauce, Bauce Cellular Inc.	90-2100	09/27/90
Hewlett-Packard Company, ASK Computer Systems, Inc., SK Computer Systems, Inc.	90-2143	09/27/90
Cable TV Fund 15-A, Ltd., Glenn R. Jones, Jones Intercable, Inc.	90-2144	09/27/90
Mr. Tore Staubo, Penrod Drilling Corporation, Penrod Drilling Corporation	90-2150	09/27/90
General Motors Corporation, ASK Computer Systems, Inc., K Computer Systems, Inc.	90-2158	09/27/90
Natural Gas Clearing House, Mesa Limited Partnership, Mesa Operating Limited Partnership	90-2178	09/27/90
Unilever N.V., Imperial Chemical Industries PLC, ICI Americas Inc.	90-2171	09/28/90
T. Chatani & Co., Ltd., Empco Holdings, Corp., Empco Holdings, Corp.	90-2175	09/28/90
Ford Motor Company, Frank Stronach, Ligma Corporation	90-2180	09/28/90
ITT Corporation, American General Corporation, American General Finance, Inc.	90-2181	09/28/90
BellSouth Corporation, PacifiCorp, T.U. International, Inc.	90-2188	09/28/90

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sandra M. Peay or Renee A. Horton, Contact Representatives, Federal Trade Commission, Premerger Notification Office, Bureau of Competition Room 303, Washington, DC 20580, (202) 326-3100.

By Direction of the Commission.

Donald S. Clark,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90-24310 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750-01-M

[File No. 862-3178]

Guild Mortgage Co.; Proposed Consent Agreement With Analysis to Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Proposed Consent Agreement.

SUMMARY: In settlement of alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair acts and practices and unfair methods of competition, this consent agreement, accepted subject to final Commission approval, would require, among other things, a San Diego, Ca., corporation to accurately calculate and disclose the annual percentage rate, finance charge, payment schedule and other information required by Regulation Z; to make adjustments to the accounts of consumers listed; and for adjustments resulting from mortgage insurance errors, to pay consumer redress totalling approximately $500,000 over a five-year-period.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before December 17, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be directed to: FTC/Office of the Secretary, room 159, 6th St. and Pa. Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carole Reynolds or Stephen Cohen, FTC/S-4429, Washington, DC 20580. (202) 326-3230 or 326-3222.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 38 Stat. 721, 15 U.S.C. 46 and § 2.34 of the Commission's Rules of Practice (16 CFR 2.34), notice is hereby given that the following consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of sixty (60) days. Public comment is invited. Such comments or views will be considered by the Commission and will be available for inspection and copying at its principal office in accordance with § 4.9(b)(6)(ii) of the Commission's Rules of Practice (16 CFR 4.9(b)(6)(ii)).

Agreement Containing Consent Order To Cease and Desist

In the Matter of Guild Mortgage Co., a corporation.

The agreement herein, by and between Guild Mortgage Company (hereinafter sometimes referred to as "proposed respondent") by its duly authorized officer and counsel for the Federal Trade Commission, is entered into in accordance with the Commission's Rule governing consent order procedures. In accordance therewith the parties hereby agree that:

1. Guild Mortgage Company is a corporation organized, existing, and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the state of California, with its principal office and place of business located at 4180 Ruffin Road, San Diego, California 92123. Proposed respondent admits all the jurisdictional facts set

forth in the draft complaint here attached.

2. Proposed respondent waives:

a. Any further procedural steps;

b. The requirement that the Commission's decision contain a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law;

c. All rights to seek judicial review or otherwise to challenge or contest the validity of the order entered pursuant to this agreement; and

d. All claims under the Equal Access to Justice Act.

3. This agreement shall not become part of the public record of the proceeding unless and until it is accepted by the Commission. If this agreement is accepted by the Commission, it, together with the draft of the complaint contemplated thereby, will be placed on the public record for a period of sixty (60) days and information in respect thereto publicly released. The Commission thereafter may either withdraw its acceptance of this agreement and so notify the proposed respondent, in which event it will take such action as it may consider appropriate, or issue and serve its complaint (in such form as the circumstances may require) and decision, in disposition of the proceeding.

4. This agreement is for settlement purposes only and does not constitute an admission by proposed respondent that the law has been violated as alleged in the draft of the complaint here attached.

5. This agreement contemplates that, if it is accepted by the Commission, and if such acceptance is not subsequently withdrawn by the Commission pursuant to the provisions of § 2.34 of the Commission's Rules, the Commission may, without further notice to the proposed respondent, (a) Issue its complaint corresponding in form and substance with the draft of the complaint here attached and its decision containing the following order to cease and desist in disposition of the proceeding and (b) make information public in respect thereto. When so entered, the order to cease and desist shall have the same force and effect and may be altered, modified, or set aside in the same manner and within the same time provided by statute for other orders. The order shall become final upon service. Delivery by the U.S. Postal Service of the complaint and decision containing the agreed-to order to proposed respondent's address as stated in this agreement shall constitute service. Proposed respondent waives any right it may have to any other manner of service. The complaint may be used in construing the terms of the order, and no agreement, understanding, representation, or interpretation not contained in the order or the agreement may be used to vary or contradict the terms of the order.

6. Proposed respondent has read the proposed complaint and order contemplated hereby. Proposed respondent understands that once the order has been issued, it will be required to file one or more compliance reports showing that it has fully complied with the order. Proposed respondent further understands that it may be liable for civil penalties in the amount provided by law for each violation of the order after it becomes final.

Order

Definitions

For purposes of this Order, the following definitions apply:

1. *Composite APR* means a blend of interest rates as described in § 226.17(c)(1)–10 of the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff Commentary to Regulation Z;

2. *First adjustment date* is the date on which the consumer's monthly payment of principal and interest is first changed, in accordance with the terms set forth in the consumer's note or adjustable rate rider;

3. *Original TIL disclosure* is the last TIL disclosure given to a consumer by respondent before consummation of the loan.

I.

It is ordered that respondent Guild Mortgage Company, a corporation, its successors and assigns, and its officers, agents, representatives, and employees, directly or through any corporation, subsidiary, division, or any other device, in connection with any extension of consumer credit in or affecting commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Failing to disclose accurately in its discounted adjustable rate mortgages a composite annual percentage rate and, thereby, failing to disclose accurately the annual percentage rate and the finance charge, as required by sections 106, 107 and 128 of the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. 1605, 1606 and 1638, and §§ 226.4, 226.22, and 226.18 (d) and (e) of Regulation Z, 12 CFR 226.4, 226.22 and 226.18 (d) and (e) and § 226.17(c)(1) of Regulation Z, 12 CFR 226.17(c)(1), as more fully set out in § 226.17(c)(1)–10 of the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff Commentary to Regulation Z, 12 CFR 226.17(c)(1)–10.

2. Failing to disclose accurately the annual percentage rate and finance charge, as required by sections 106, 107 and 128 of the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. 1605, 1606 and 1638, and §§ 226.4, 226.22 and 226.18 (d) and (e) of Regulation Z, 12 CFR 226.4, 226.22 and 226.18 (d) and (e).

3. Failing to include the premiums for mortgage insurance when computing the annual percentage rate, finance charge, and number, amount and timing of payments scheduled to repay the obligation, as required by sections 106, 107 and 128 of the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. 1605, 1606 and 1638, and §§ 226.4, 226.22 and 226.18 (d), (e) and (g) of Regulation Z, 12 CFR 226.4, 226.22 and 226.18 (d), (e) and (g).

4. Failing to disclose accurately the number, amount, and timing of payments scheduled to repay the obligation, as required by section 128 of the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. 1638, and § 226.18(g) of Regulation Z, 12 CFR 226.18(g).

5. Failing to make all disclosures determined in accordance with sections 106 and 107 of the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. 1605 and 1606, and §§ 226.4 and 226.22, in the manner, form and amount required by §§ 226.17, 226.18, 226.19 and 226.20 of Regulation Z, 12 CFR 226.17, 226.18, 226.19 and 226.20.

II.

It is further ordered that:

A. In accordance with section 108(e) of the TILA, 15 U.S.C. 1607, and as shown on the attached Exhibits 1 (adjustable rate mortgage list), 2 (mortgage insurance premium list), and 3 (adjustable rate mortgage and mortgage insurance premium list), respondent shall make adjustments to the current and past accounts of each consumer listed who was extended credit by respondent; except, any adjustment relating solely to respondent's failure to use a composite annual percentage rate shall be limited to the time period up to the first adjustment date;

B. For those adjustments resulting from mortgage insurance premium errors, respondent shall refund the mortgage insurance premium collected to date as shown on Exhibits 2 and 3;

C. Not later than thirty (30) days following the date of service of this order, for those consumers listed on Exhibits 2 and 3, respondent shall have either cancelled the remaining mortgage insurance or taken whatever action is necessary so that the applicable consumer is not charged for any additional mortgage insurance premiums for the life of the loan;

D. Respondent shall have a five-year period in which to complete the adjustments described in paragraphs A and B; except, where the amount of the adjustment is $200 or less, the adjustment shall be completed by the end of the first year. Each consumer listed on Exhibits 1, 2, and 3 shall receive payment from respondent for at least one fifth of the applicable adjustment for that consumer no later than the last day of each calendar year beginning with the current year.

III.

It is further ordered that all payment adjustments required by this order shall be made by mailing the consumer a check by first class mail, certified, return receipt requested, to the current or last known address of each such consumer.

IV.

It is further ordered that by not later than thirty (30) days from the date of service of this order, respondent shall send a letter by first class mail to all consumers listed on Exhibits 2 and 3, eliminating the consumer's liability for future mortgage insurance premiums.

V.

It is further ordered that respondent shall maintain for at least six (6) years from the date of service of this order and, upon request, make available to the Federal Trade Commission for inspection and copying, all records and documents necessary to demonstrate fully its compliance with this order.

VI.

It is further ordered that respondent, its successors and assigns, shall distribute a copy of this order to any present or future officers, agents, representatives, and employees having responsibility with respect to the subject matter of this order and that respondent, its successors and assigns, shall secure from each such person a signed statement acknowledging receipt of said order.

VII.

It is further ordered that respondent shall promptly notify the Commission at least thirty (30) days prior to any proposed change in the corporate respondent such as dissolution, assignment, or sale resulting in the emergence of a successor corporation, the creation or dissolution of subsidiaries, or any other change in the corporation which may affect compliance obligations arising out of the order.

VIII.

It is further ordered that respondent shall, within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the date of service of this order, file with the Commission a report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order. Within thirty (30) days of the end of each year for five years, starting with the current year, respondent shall forward a copy of all checks mailed to consumers in that year to the Federal Trade Commission, Enforcement Division, Washington, DC 20580.

IX.

It is further ordered that respondent shall have the right to request modification of this order.

Analysis of Proposed Consent Order to Aid Public Comment

The Federal Trade Commission has accepted an agreement to a proposed consent order from respondent Guild Mortgage Company.

The proposed consent order has been placed on the public record for sixty (60) days for reception of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After sixty (60) days, the Commission will again review the agreement and the comments received and will decide whether it should withdraw from the agreement or make final the agreement's proposed order.

The complaint alleges that respondent has failed to disclose accurately a composite annual percentage rate and has underdisclosed the annual percentage rate and finance charge in its discounted adjustable rate mortgages, in violation of §§ 226.4, 226.22 and 226.18 (d) and (e) of Regulation Z, and § 226.17(c)(1) of Regulation Z, as more fully set out in §§ 226.17(c)(1)–8 and 226.17(c)(1)–10 of the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff Commentary to Regulation Z. The complaint also alleges that respondent has failed to include premiums for mortgage insurance in the annual percentage rate, finance charge and payment schedule, in violation of §§ 226.4, 226.22, and 226.18 (d), (e) and (g) of Regulation Z.

The proposed order requires respondent to accurately calculate and disclose the annual percentage rate, finance charge, payment schedule and other information required by Regulation Z, in connection with respondent's extensions of consumer credit.

The proposed order also requires respondent, in accordance with section 108(e) of the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. 1607, to make adjustments to the accounts of consumers as shown on three attached lists. Exhibit 1 contains the adjustments for adjustable rate mortgage errors; Exhibit 2 contains the adjustments for mortgage insurance errors; and Exhibit 3 contains the adjustments for loans involving both adjustable rate mortgage and mortgage insurance errors. Those adjustments relating to respondent's failure to use a composite annual percentage rate are limited to the time period up to the first date at which the interest rate is adjusted on the loan.

For adjustments resulting from mortgage insurance errors, respondent is required to refund to consumers the premiums collected to date, as shown on Exhibits 2 and 3. Additionally, not later than 30 days after service of the order, respondent must either cancel the remaining mortgage insurance on these loans or take other action to ensure that the consumer is not charged for mortgage insurance for the remainder of the loan. Respondents must also notify consumers with mortgage insurance errors that their obligation has decreased accordingly.

Respondent has five years to complete the adjustments, except that where the adjustment is $200 or less respondent must provide it by the end of the first year. For adjustments greater than $200, respondent is required to provide at least one fifth of the amount each year to the consumer, starting with the current year. The adjustments must be made by providing a check to applicable consumers.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the proposed order. It is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the agreement and proposed order or to modify in any way their terms.

Donald S. Clark,

Secretary.

Dissenting Statement of Commissioner Andrew J. Strenio, Jr. Guild Mortgage Co.

I have voted against this proposed consent agreement because good law and sound policy considerations support requiring respondent Guild Mortgage Company to fully redress consumers for its alleged violations of the Truth-in-Lending Act ("TILA"). In my view, the company should nct have been allowed a 0.25% "tolerance" deduction.

With respect to the law, it is at the very least a colorable argument that section 108(e)(1)(B)(i) of the TILA (15 U.S.C. 1607(e)(1)(B)(i))—which provides that in determining whether an APR disclosure error has occurred, and in

calculating any adjustment, a tolerance not to exceed 0.25% will be granted—specifies a tolerance only for the purpose of determining whether a case is worth pursuing and that full sanctions apply for all cases over this threshold figure.

As to policy, the goals of restitution and deterrence are clearly furthered by insisting upon full redress. Restitution is incomplete when injured consumers—who have suffered financial loss through no fault of their own—have to swallow a 0.25% "penalty" payment that is allowed to remain in the pockets of an alleged law violator. Deterrence is weakened when financial institutions are allowed to benefit from sloppiness or worse to the tune of 0.25%. To analogize to traffic enforcement, it may be appropriate for a number of reasons not to prosecute drivers going 5 or fewer miles per hour over the speed limit. However, individuals caught going 10 miles over the limit must pay fines based upon an excess of 10—not 5—miles per hour. The same type of approach makes sense here.

Accordingly, I respectfully dissent from the majority's decision to provisionally accept the consent for public comment.

[FR Doc. 90–24309 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6750–01–M

[File Nos. 892–3225 and 892–3144]

IVF Australia, Ltd., et al., and NME Hospitals, Inc.; Proposed Consent Agreements With Analyses To Aid Public Comment; Corrections

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Proposed consent agreements; corrections.

SUMMARY: This document concerns the Federal Register Notices containing these consent agreements, which were published on Friday, September 14, 1990 (55 FR 37960, 37962). The Notices indicated that comments on the agreements must be received on or before November 13, 1990. Because the proposed consent agreements were actually placed on the public record on September 27, 1990, the public comment period will actually expire on—and comments on the agreement therefore must instead be received on or before—November 26, 1990.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before November 26, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be directed to: FTC/Office of the Secretary, room 159, 6th Street and Pa. Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael McCarey, FTC/H–294, Washington, DC 20580, (202) 326–3303.

Donald S. Clark,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90–24308 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6750–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

[ATSDR–29]

Availability of Draft Toxicological Profiles

AGENCY: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR); Public Health Service (PHS); Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the expected availability of the fourth set of 30 draft toxicological documents profiling 36 hazardous substances prepared by ATSDR for review and comment.

The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (Pub. L. 99–499) amends the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA or Superfund) (42 U.S.C. 9601 *et seq.*) by establishing certain requirements for the ATSDR and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) with regard to hazardous substances which are most commonly found at facilities on the CERCLA National Priorities List (NPL). Among these statutory requirements is a mandate for the Administrator of ATSDR to prepare toxicological profiles for each substance included on the priority lists of hazardous substances. These lists identified the 200 hazardous substances which both Agencies determined pose the most significant potential threat to human health. The first list was published in the **Federal Register** on April 17, 1987, (52 FR 12866). The second list was published on October 20, 1988, (53 FR 41280).

These profiles were prepared according to guidelines developed to meet the requirements of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9604 (i)(3)). Although we are confident that the key studies for each of the substances were considered during the profile development process, this **Federal Register** notice solicits any additional studies, particularly unpublished data and ongoing studies, which will be evaluated for possible addition to the profile now or in the future.

Availability

The following draft toxicological profiles are expected to be publicly available on or about October 17, 1990.

Document	Hazardous substance	CAS Number
1	Aluminum	7429–90–5
2	Antimony	7440–36–0
3	Barium	7440–39–3
4	2,3-Benzofuran	271–89–6
5	Boron	7440–42–8
6	Bromomethane	74–83–9
7	1,3-Butadiene	106–99–0
8	2-Butanone	78–93–3
9	Carbon Disulfide	75–15–0
10	Cobalt	7440–48–4
11	Cresols	1319–77–3
	o-Cresol	108–39–4
	m-Cresol	106–44–5
	p-Cresol	95–48–7
12	Dibromochloropropane.	109–64–8
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane.	96–12–8
13	1,2-Dibromoethane	106–93–4
14	2,4-Dichlorophenol	120–83–2
15	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene.	10061–01–5
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene.	10061–02–6
16	Endosulfan	115–29–7
	Endosulfan Alpha	959–98–8
	Endosulfan Beta	33213–65–9
	Endosulfan Sulfate	1031–07–8
17[1]	Fluorides	16984–48–8
	Hydrogen Fluoride	7664–39–3
	Fluorine (F)	7782–41–4
18	2-Hexanone	591–78–6
19	Manganese	7439–96–5
20	Methyl Mercaptan	74–93–1
21	Methyl Parathion	298–00–0
22	Mustard "Gas"	505–60–2
23	Nitrophenols	25154–55–6
	2-Nitrophenol	88–75–5
	4-Nitrophenol	100–02–7
24	Pyridine	110–86–1
25	Styrene	100–42–5
26	Thallium	7440–28–0
27	Tin	7440–31–5
28	1,2,3-Trichloropropane.	96–18–4
29	Vanadium	7440–62–2
30	Vinyl acetate	108–05–4

[1] The Toxicological Profile for Fluorides will be available for public comment as a later date. The availability of the Toxicological Profile For Public Comment will be announced in the FEDERAL REGISTER when it becomes available.

The public comment period for each document will end on February 15, 1991. The close of the comment period will also be indicated on the front of each document. In order to assure consideration by ATSDR, comments must be received by the Division of Toxicology, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Mailstop E–29, 1600 Clifton Rd., Atlanta, GA 30333 on or before the close of the public comment period. Comments received after the close of the public comment period will be considered at

the discretion of ATSDR based upon what is deemed to be in the best interest of the general public.

Requests for draft toxicological profiles must be in writing and should be sent to the Division of Toxicology, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Mailstop E–29, 1600 Clifton Rd., Atlanta, GA 30333.

Please specify the profiled hazardous substances you wish to receive. ATSDR reserves the right to provide only one copy of each profile requested free of charge. In the case of extended distribution delays, requestors will be notified.

Written comments and other data submitted in response to this notice and the draft toxicological profiles should bear the docket control number ATSDR–29. Send one copy of all comments and five copies of all supporting documents to the Division of Toxicology at the above address by the end of the comment period. All written comments and draft profiles will be available for public inspection at the ATSDR, Building 33, Executive Park Drive, Atlanta, Georgia, from 6 a.m. until 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except for legal holidays. Because all public comments regarding ATSDR toxicological profiles are available for public inspection, no confidential business information should be submitted in respnse to this notice.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

CERCLA, as amended by SARA, requires ATSDR to prepare (1) Lists of hazardous substances in order of priority, (2) toxicological profiles of those substances, and (3) a research program to fill data gaps associated with the substances.

In compliance with section 104(i)(2)(A) of CERCLA, ATSDR and EPA published on April 17, 1987 (52 FR 12866), the first priority list of 100 hazardous substances. On October 20, 1988, the second priority list of 100 hazardous substances was published in the **Federal Register** (53 FR 41280). Both priority lists were further divided into groups of 25 chemicals.

Section 104(i)(3) of CERCLA as amended, outlines the content of these profiles. Each profile is required to include an examination, summary and interpretation of available toxicological information and epidemiologic evaluations. This information and data are to be used to ascertain the levels of significant human exposure for the substance and the associated health effects. The profiles must also include a determination of whether adequate information on the health effects of each substance is available or in the process of development. When adequate information is not available, ATSDR, in cooperation with the National Toxicology Program (NTP), is required to assure the initiation of a program of research designed to determine these health effects.

These profiles issued as "Drafts for Public Comment" represent the agency's best efforts to provide important toxicological information on priority hazardous substances in compliance with the substantive and procedural requirements of section 104(i)(3). As in the past, we are seeking, before February 15, 1991, public comments and additional information which may be used to supplement these profiles. The agency will continue to conduct the profile development process in the same open manner as was done with the first three sets of documents. ATSDR remains committed to providing a public comment period for these documents as a means to best serve public health and our constituency.

This fourth set of toxicological profiles will be provided by ATSDR to the States and made available to the public. Profiles issued after the public comment period will be provided to the States and generally distributed through the National Technical Information Service.

This notice announces the projected availability of the fourth set of 30 documents profiling 36 hazardous substances. The documents have undergone extensive internal review and have been subjected to scientific and technical peer review by outside experts.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

William L. Roper,

Administrator, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

[FR Doc. 90–24312 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–70–M

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 90N–0449]

Drug Export; AUSAB[R] rDNA EIA

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that Abbott Laboratories, Inc., has filed an application requesting approval for the export of the biological product AUSAB[R] rDNA EIA to Japan.

ADDRESSES: Relevant information on this application may be directed to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, Rm. 4–62, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, and to the contact person identified below. Any future inquiries concerning the export of human biological products under the Drug Export Amendments Act of 1986 should also be directed to the contact person.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carl J. Chancey, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (HFB–124), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–295–8191.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The drug export provisions in section 802 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act) (21 U.S.C. 382) provide that FDA may approve applications for the export of biological products that are not currently approved in the United States. Section 802(b)(3)(B) of the act sets forth the requirements that must be met in an application for approval. Section 802(b)(3)(C) of the act requires that the agency review the application within 30 days of its filing to determine whether the requirements of section 802(b)(3)(B) have been satisfied. Section 802(b)(3)(A) of the act requires that the agency publish a notice in the **Federal Register** within 10 days of the filing of an application for export to facilitate public participation in its review of the application. To meet the requirement, the agency is providing notice that Abbott Laboratories, Diagnostics Division, Abbott Park, IL 60064, has filed an application requesting approval for the export of the biological product AUSAB[R] rDNA EIA to Japan. AUSAB[R] rDNA EIA is a solid phase enzyme immunoassay for the qualitative detection of antibody to Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (anti-HBs) in serum or plasma. The application was received and filed in the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research on September 24, 1990, which shall be considered the filing date for purposes of the act.

Interested persons may submit information on the application to the Dockets Management Branch (address above) in two copies (except that individuals may submit single copies) and identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. These submissions may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

The agency encourages any person who submits relevant information on the application to do so by October 26, 1990, and to provide an additional copy of the submission directly to the contact person identified above, to facilitate

consideration of the information during the 30-day review period.

This notice is issued under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 802 (21 U.S.C. 382)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (21 CFR 5.10) and redelegated under 21 CFR 5.44.

Dated: September 28, 1990.

Thomas S. Bozzo,

Director, Office of Compliance, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research.

[FR Doc. 90–24305 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–M#

Advisory Committee; Amendment of Notice

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice; amendment.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending a public advisory committee meeting notice of the Gastroenterology-Urology Devices Panel to be held on October 18, 1990. The amendment reflects a revision in the Open committee discussion section that published in the Federal Register of September 25, 1990 (55 FR 39212).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ruth W. Hubbard, Center for Devices and Radiological Health (HFZ–20), Food and Drug Administration, 1390 Piccard Dr., Rockville, MD 20850, 301–427–1220.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Doc. 90–22657, appearing at page 39212 in the Federal Register of September 25, 1990, the following correction is made under the heading "Gastroenterology-Urology Devices Panel": On the same page, 3d column, the Open committee discussion paragraph is revised to read as follows:

Open committee discussion. The committee will discuss a premarket approval application for a device to treat urinary incontinence.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Alan L. Hoeting,

Associate Commissioner for Regulatory Affairs.

[FR Doc. 90–24304 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–M

Health Resources and Services Administration

Filing of Annual Report of Federal Advisory Committee

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 13 of Public Law 92–463, the Annual Report for the following Health Resources and Service Administration's Federal Advisory Committee has been filed with the Library of Congress:

Commission on the National Nursing Shortage

Copies are available to the public for inspection at the Library of Congress Newspaper and Current Periodical Reading Room, Room 1026, Thomas Jefferson Building, Second Street and Independence Avenue, SE., Washington, DC, or weekdays between 9 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. at the Department of Health and Human Services, Department Law Library, HHS North Building, Room G–619, 330 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC, telephone (202) 245–6791. Copies may be obtained from: Dr. Caroline Burnett, Senior Consultant, Commission on the National Nursing Shortage, Room 14A–40, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857, Telephone (301) 443–0577.

Dated: October 11, 1990.

Jackie E. Baum,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, HRSA.

[FR Doc. 90–24307 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–15–M

Advisory Council Meeting

In accordance with section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Public Law 92–463), announcement is made of the following National Advisory body scheduled to meet during the month of November 1990:

NAME: HRSA Aids Advisory Committee.
TIME: November 1–2, 1990, 9 a.m.
PLACE: Ramada Inn Bethesda, 8400 Wisconsin Avenue, Bethesda, MD 20814.
The meeting is open to the public.
PURPOSE: The Committee advises the Secretary with respect to health professional education, patient care/health care delivery to HIV-infected individuals, and research relating to transmission, prevention and treatment of HIV infection.
AGENDA: The meeting will tentatively include welcome and opening remarks; update on programmatic, legislative and budgetary issues of the Health Resources and Services Administration's HIV/AIDS programs; discussion of Ryan White comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency (CARE) Act of 1990; and health personnel training issues.

Anyone requiring information regarding the subject Committee should contact Dr. Samuel C. Matheny, Executive Secretary, HRSA AIDS Advisory Committee, Health Resources and Services Administration, room 14A–11, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857, Telephone (301) 443–4588.

Agenda Items are subject to change as priorities dictate.

Dated: October 11, 1990.

Jackie E. Baum,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, HRSA.

[FR Doc. 90–24306 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Office of Administration

[Docket No. N–90–3160]

Submission of Proposed Information Collections to OMB

AGENCY: Office of Administration, HUD.

ACTION: Notices.

SUMMARY: The proposed information collection requirements described below have been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act. The Department is soliciting public comment on the subject proposals.

ADDRESS: Interested persons are invited to submit comment regarding these proposals. Comments should refer to the proposal by name and should be sent to: Scott Jacobs, OMB Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David S. Cristy, Reports Management Officer, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, Southwest, Washington, DC 20410, telephone (202) 708–0050. This is not a toll-free number. Copies of the proposed forms and other available documents submitted to OMB may be obtained from Mr. Cristy.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department has submitted the proposals for the collections of information, as described below, to OMB for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).

The Notices list the following information: (1) The title of the information collection proposal; (2) the office of the agency to collect the information; (3) the description of the need for the information and its proposed use; (4) the agency form number, if applicable; (5) what members of the public will be affected by the proposal; (6) how frequently information submissions will be required; (7) an estimate of the total numbers of hours needed to prepare the information

submission including number of respondents, frequency of response, and hours of response; (8) whether the proposal is new or an extension, reinstatement, or revision of an information collection requirement; and (9) the names and telephone numbers of an agency official familiar with the proposal and of the OMB Desk Officer for the Department.

Authority: Section 3507 of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3507; Section 7(d) of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Act, 44 U.S.C. 3535(d).

Dated: October 1, 1990.

John T. Murphy,

Director, Information Policy and Management Division.

Proposal: Procedures for Appealing Section 8 Rent Adjustment.

Office: Housing.

Description of the need for the information and its proposed use: Owners in certain cooperative, subsidized, and 202 projects were rent increases were denied may appeal by letter to the Department through the Field Office and then the Regional Office.

Form number: None.

Respondents: Businesses or Other For-Profit, Federal Agencies or Employees, and Non-Profit Institutions.

Frequency of submission: At time of an appeal.

Reporting burden:

	Number of respondents	×	Frequency of response	×	Hours per response	=	Burden hours
Appeal Letter	1,250		1		2		2,500

Total estimated burden hours: 2,500.

Status: New.

Contact: Michelle McLaurin, HUD, (202) 708–3944; Scott Jacobs, OMB, (202) 395–6880.

Date: October 1, 1990.

Proposal: 1. Monthly Digest of Current Housing Situation; 2. Quarterly Supplement.

Office: Housing.

Description of the need for the information and its proposed use: The survey will provide a timely series of comprehensive information detailing interest rates and the availability of financing for FHA-insured and conventional first mortgage home loans as well as trends in the home construction market, as required by the 1983 Housing Act pertaining to Section 235 loans.

Form number: HUD–2499, 2499–A.

Respondents: Businesses or Other For-Profit.

Frequency of submission: Monthly and Quarterly.

Reporting burden:

	Number of respondents	×	Frequency of response	×	Hours per response	=	Burden hours
Forms HUD–2499 and 2499–A	300		16		.167		800

Total estimated burden hours: 800.

Status: Extension.

Contact: Jim Schneider, HUD, (202) 708–1271; Scott Jacobs, MOB, (202) 395–6880.

Date: October 1, 1990.

[FR Doc. 90–24292 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–M

Office of Housing

[Docket No. N–90–3159]

Submission of Proposed Information Collection to OMB

AGENCY: Office of Housing, HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The proposed information collection requirement described below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act. The Department is soliciting public comments on the subject proposal.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Comments should refer to the proposal by name and should be sent to:

Scott Jacobs, OMB Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David S. Cristy, Reports Management Officer, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th. Street, Southwest, Washington, DC 20410, telephone (202) 708–0050. This is not a toll free number. Copies of the proposed forms and other available documents submitted to OMB may be obtained from Mr. Cristy.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department has submitted the proposal for the collection of information, as described below, to OMB for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). It is also requested that OMB complete its review within three weeks.

The Notice lists the following information: (1) The title of the information collection proposal; (2) the office of the agency to collect the information; (3) the description of the need for the information and its proposed use; (4) the agency form number, if applicable; (5) what members of the public will be affected by the proposal; (6) how frequently information submissions will be required; (7) an estimate of the total number of hours needed to prepare the information submission including respondents, frequency of response, and hours of response; (8) whether the proposal is new or an extension, reinstatement, or revision of an information collection requirement; and, (9) the name and telephone number of an agency official familiar with the proposal and of the OMB Desk Officer for the Department.

Authority: Section 3507 of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3507; sec. 7(d) of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Act 42 U.S.C. 3535(d).

Dated: September 20, 1990.

Arthur J. Hill,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Housing—Federal Housing Commissioner.

Proposal: Service Coordinators in section 202, 202/8 and 202/236 Housing: Project application to HUD, Annual report and recordkeeping requirements.

Office: Housing.

Description of the need for the information and its proposed use: HUD is implementing a new policy to allow Service Coordinators as an eligible expense in the section 202, 202/8 or 202/236 project operating budget. The Notice announcing the policy requires that each eligible project wanting to avail themselves of a Services Coordinator submit an application to HUD for approval. Additionally, the approved project must report annually, by mail, to HUD with information related to implementation of the service coordination function. This information is necessary for HUD to determine the success of the function in operation, and to determine the extent to which, if any, the policy must be fine-tuned over time. Finally, each project must keep secured files on each case managed by the Service Coordinator. It is necessary to keep records on activities undertaken, and to keep them available for a year after case termination, in case medical or other reasons occur necessitating access.

Form Number: N/A.

Respondents: Section 202, 202/8 and 202/236 projects.

Frequency of Responses: Initial application, then annually.

Reporting Burden:

	No. of respondents	×	Frequency of record keeping	×	Hours per response	=	Burden hours
Application to HUD	600		1		2		1,200
Annual reports	600		1		1		600

Recordkeeping Requirements:

	No. of recordkeepers	×	Annual hrs/ per recordkeeper	×	Total recordkeeping hours
client/appli. files	600		5.66		3,396

Total Estimated Burden Hours: 5,196

Status: New

Contact: Jerold S. Nachison, HUD (202) 708–2866, Scott Jacobs, OMB (202) 395–6880.

Date: September 20, 1990.

Supporting Statement for:

HUD Notice: Service Coordinators in Section 202, 202/8 and Section 202/236 Housing

1. Justification

(a) Program Description

A Service Coordinator is a social services staff position which is hired by the project administrator/management company and is responsible for assuring that the residents of the project are linked to the supportive services they need to continue independent living in that project. Sections 202, 202/8 and Section 202/236 projects can immediately move to request approval to bring such staff on board.

This policy recognizes the aging-in-place phenomenon that is taking place among the residents of HUD housing. The initial populations have become significantly older, with anecdotal evidence appearing to show that the average age upon initial occupancy is in the late 70s. Recent data shows that between 1985–88, 83 percent of new admissions to section 202/8 projects were over 66 and 70 percent were over 70 years of age.

We have also learned that project managers in projects for the elderly, generally, do not have the training and skills necessary to deal both with an increasingly frail population and the non-elderly handicapped who need support services. Also, housing managers, generally, do not have the time available to function as "social services" staff on a regular ongoing basis.

The Service Coordinator is the person who works with the tenants in need of support, refers them for assessment, links them with service providers in the community and monitors provision of services. He/she is the missing and necessary link to improving the quality of life for frail and non-elderly handicapped residents of housing for the elderly, and is part of and a key support to the management team of a project.

He/she works closely with management to ensure that the tenant (and the family) are assisted in getting the service necessary to continue residence in the project, or, if necessary, to assist with the decision to move to a higher level of care. The Service Coordinator does not provide support services directly or do other administrative duties normally associated with project management.

(b) Authority.

Current HUD statutes and regulations on development and management of section 202, 202/8 and 202/236 projects are silent regarding the use of a Service Coordinator as a part of the management team, as described above. Until recently, HUD field offices generally considered such a function unnecessary. With aging in place becoming a more accepted phenomenon, however, some Field Offices have allowed the position to be established, and Region X developed a Regional position. This Notice sets a clear and uniform national standard. After Paperwork clearance, a **Federal Register** Notice will be published in addition to the HUD Notice.

Certainly, the citations noted below clearly infer the need for management to deal with the problem of residents receiving appropriate support services. These citations are:

Section 202(f) of the Housing Act of 1959 requires that Housing and related facilities assisted therein will be in appropriate support of, and supported by, applicable State and local plans * * * Providing an assured range of necessary services for individuals occupying such housing.

Section 209 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 requires HUD to consult with the Secretary of HHS to insure that special projects for the elderly and handicapped shall meet acceptable standards of design and provide quality services and management consistent with the needs of the occupants.

Section 162(c) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987

requires supportive service plans in all section 202 housing, describing the served populations, range of necessary services, manner in which the services will be provided, and the extent of State and local funds available for services provision.

Section 101(a) of the Housing and Urban Development Reform Act of 1989 requires, in part, that section 202 projects be of sufficient size to accommodate facilities for supportive services appropriate to the needs of frail elderly residents.

2. Need for Information

The attached Notice has completed Departmental clearance, with the exception of the OMB Paperwork Review. The information collection stated in the HUD Notice is necessary for the following reasons:

(i) A budget amendment is needed to hire/contract for a Service Coordinator, projects must apply for, and get approval, for the activity, per the budgeted rent increase process stated in Handbook 4350.1, chapter 7 (OMB number 2502–0324).

(ii) Projects must collect intake information on each applicant and keep secured files containing information regarding people being served. And,

(iii) projects must report to HUD annually on the service coordinator function. This reporting is necessary for HUD to learn what the projects are actually doing, and to enable us to fine-tune Service Coordinator requirements, as appropriate.

Purpose and Use: Each information requirement is described below:

(a) Intake information and Client Files (See Notice section IV.C(2), pps. 11–12)

Each resident who is assisted by the Service Coordinator must fill out a brief intake form. This intake form (developed by the project) is filed along with other information collected/arranged for by the Coordinator during the course of serving that individual over the years. Such will include a case management plan, a monitoring plan and follow-up with community agencies as appropriate, and follow-up, other information brought to the services coordinators's attention, notes of meeting with client/family and friends, and disposition of the case.

(b) Application to HUD for Service Coordinator Approval (see Notice, section IV.F, pps. 13–15). The application for a Service Coordinator is what section 202, 202/8 or 202/236 project submits to HUD for approval to modify its budget for the forthcoming project year. This requirement must conform to the procedures stated in Handbook 4350.1, chapter 7, "Processing Budgeted Rent Increase", and include the additional material requested in the Notice. This request is developed on a one-time basis, individually, by any project wanting to request approval to institute such a position.

(c) Project Reporting (see Notice section V.C. pg. 19) The annual project report is a brief narrative providing data and covering activities done by the Service Coordinator that year. This information will be used by the Loan Servicer to validate the function and to learn of problems which need attention from the field office, primarily in coordinating with other agencies. From time to time HUD Washington may request HUD field offices to prepare summations from this data for policy purposes or use in a possible study of the service coordination function in operation.

3. Use of Improved Information Technology

None—As HUD gains experience with this program, and we determine which information needs can be standardized, we may go to automated reporting, or delete the annual requirement.

4. Duplication

No other forms or reports will be used for the purposes specified above.

5. Availability of Similar Information

Similar information is not available from any other source.

6. Small Organizations

Projects wanting to receive approval for a Service Coordinator will submit the application to gain the approval. As a part of the application, the project certifies willingness to keep project files and submit the annual report.

7. Consequence of Less Frequent Data Collection

Having the projects mail in a brief report annually is the smallest requirement we could impose for monitoring necessary to start-up a new effort.

8. Special Circumstances Related to 5 CFR 1320.6

There are not any special circumstances required by this collection.

9. No Outside Consultation Is Required

10. Assurance of Confidentiality

See Notice, section IV.D(2), pg. 12. Each project is required to maintain the files in a secured location and maintain confidentiality of information related to any individual, per the Privacy Act of 1974.

11. Sensitive Questions

The information contained in the application to HUD for approval of a Service Coordinator and the annual report from the project to the field office are non-sensitive.

12. Estimate of the Cost to the Federal Government

The bulk of the work consists of reviewing and approving the initial, one-time request by field office staff. The review and case management of individual clients is done by the Service Coordinator and the files are not normally reviewed by HUD staff. Field Office staff may, on occasion, sample these files on-site reviews. The annual report from the projects will be reviewed by field office staff and may be utilized in an on-site review. Also, if problems are cited, the field office may become involved in problem resolution.

TOTAL ESTIMATED FEDERAL REVIEW TIME BY HOURS

	Reports	FO profess.	FO clerical	Elderly (HQ). hsg. profess.[4]	Elderly clerical
Application to HUD [1]	600	1,200	150	140	0
Client appli/Files [2]	20,000	[5] 350	0	0	0
Annual Report [3]	600	[6] 75	0	0	0
Total	21,000	1625	150	140	0

[1] We expect to review approximately 600 applications in FY 1991. The number may be slightly higher in FY 1992, and then decrease drastically in FY 1993, as those projects most in need of approval will be applied.

[2] We expect client files to go up by at least three-quarters in FY 1993 from FY 1992, based on new project approvals (and termination of some cases handled in FY 1991). After FY 1993, the total number of files will increase slowly, if at all, dependent on the approval of new projects for service coordinators and both turnover and increasing frailty among current residents. There will not be any HUD field reviews of Service Coordinators, hence no file reviews, prior to FY 1992

[3] Annual reports will not be submitted by projects before FY 1992. In FY 1993 the number submitted should double, then increase slowly, annually, depending on the number of new approvals.
[4] We expect there will be lots of telephone contact between the field offices and headquarters regarding approval of Service Coordinators, particularly during FY 1991.
[5] See Note 2.
[6] See Note 3.

Total professional time @ $33/hour=1,745×$29.=$50,605.
Total clerical time @ $15/hr=150×$15.00=$2,250.
Estimate of costs to respondents:
Cost to respondents is estimated at $20/hr and includes overhead:
600 applications @ 2 hours preparation each=600×2×$20.=$24,000 (each year, FY 1991 and FY 1992).
600 annual reports @ 1 hour each=600×$20.=$12,000 (FY 1991, $24,000 in FY 1992).
20,000 files established @ .17 hrs each=3,400×$20.=$68,000 (each year, FY 1991 and FY 1992).

13. Tabulation of Reporting Burden

Info. collected	No. of respond-ents—17.1×	No. respondents per response—17.2=	Total an. re-sponses—17.3×	Hrs/respon.—17.4	Total hrs.—17.5
Application to HUD	600	1	600	2	1,200
Annual reports	600	1	600	1	600

RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS—CLIENT/APPLICATION FILES

No. of recordkeepers—18.1×	Annual hrs. per record-keeper—18.2×	Total recordkeep-ing hours—18.3×
600	5.66	3,396
Total Burden		5,196

14. N/A

15. N/A

Special Attention of:

Notice

All Regional Administrators, Directors, Office of Regional Housing, Field Office Managers, Directors, Housing Management and Housing Development Divisions, (Category A and B Offices).

Issued:
Expires.

Cross References:
Handbooks 4350.1, 4640.1.

Subject:

Service Coordinators in Section 202, 202/8 and Section 202/236 housing.

The purpose of this notice is to allow the hiring of Service Coordinators in Section 202, 202/8 and Section 202/236 housing for the elderly as an eligible expense in the operating budget. This notice implements the Secretary's July 26, 1989 commitment for support of "case managers" in HUD housing to the Select Committee on Aging of the U.S. House of Representatives. This opportunity to hire a Service Coordinator as an eligible project expense may be extended to other HUD assisted programs later. The policy denoted herein supercedes current policy on Service Coordinators developed by Region X.

A Service Coordinator is a social services staff person who is hired by the project administrator/management company. The Coordinator is responsible for assuring that the residents of the project are linked to the supportive services they need to continue independent living in that project.

Field Office staff are responsible for notifying all owners/borrowers of eligible projects of this policy. The project application, file keeping and reporting process is approved per OMB Number _____.

The policy stated wherein does not apply to group homes or independent living complexes designed solely for the non-elderly handicapped. These projects already are allowed staff which perform the functions described in this notice.

Depending on effectiveness of the start-up, and lessons learned through our experience, this policy may be extended to other projects in the HUD-insured and assisted inventory (*e.g.,* section 221(d), 231, 236 public housing, Section 8 project-based, *etc,*) in the next year or so. Please note that State Housing Finance Agency and Farmers Home Administration section 515/8 projects should contact their respective offices if they wish to hire a Service Coordinator. Also, HUD does not approve Service Coordinators for Section 8 non-insured projects. If the owners of such a project wishes to hire a Service Coordinator, they may do so without applying to HUD.

I. Background

Federally-assisted projects for the elderly have been experiencing aging in place among their residents. The initial populations have become significantly older and frail, and the average age of new tenants moving into projects has increased to the point that anecdotal information on the average age of residents at rent-up indicates that it may be in the early to late 70's. The 1988 National Survey of Section 202 indicated that for new residents admitted between 1985–1988 83 percent are over 66 years of age and 70 percent are over 70 years of age.

Additionally, there are growing numbers of non-elderly handicapped, such as the physically disabled and the chronically mentally ill (CMI), who are residing in projects for the elderly and also need effective supportive services in order to remain in an independent living environment. This increases in age and frailty and service needs of both long-time residents and new tenants puts increasing pressure on management to deal with the supportive service needs of those individuals to enable them to remain in their apartments as long as possible.

Project management has developed many methods to attempt to meet the resultant need for services. In some cases, HUD has allowed the hiring of a social services person to work with elderly residents. In others, cooperative agreements have been developed by the project with local service organizations to provide volunteer staff and/or services. In most cases, the question has not been formally addressed to, or formally acted upon by HUD, so the project manager has been the person to whom the residents turn for help with their supportive service needs.

What has become clear, however, is that housing managers in projects for the elderly, generally, do not have the training and skills necessary to deal both with an increasingly frail population and the non-elderly handicapped who need support services. While the training of managers in frailty, aging in place and the coordination of supportive services is necessary, and a critical component of a successful management team approach to dealing with the frail and the non-elderly handicapped in these buildings, housing managers do not generally have the time available to function as "social services" staff on a regular, ongoing basis.

Thus, the Service Coordinator (the individual who does case work with the frail elderly, or non-elderly handicapped, residents in need of support, refers them for assessment, links them with service providers in the community and monitors the provision of the services) is the missing and necessary link to improving the quality of life for both the frail and non-elderly handicapped residents of HUD-assisted

housing built for the elderly. This individual (or individuals) is a key support to, and part of, the management team of a project. He/she works closely with management to ensure that the individual (and the family) are assisted in getting the services necessary to continue residency in that project, or, if necessary, to assist with the decision to move to a higher level of care.

Additionally, there may be some cost savings to management and to other Federal programs through the use of Service Coordinators, which can indirectly offset some or all of the dollars invested in the Coordinator(s). These savings come primarily in two areas:

A. There will be some decrease in unit turnover. Projects currently utilizing Service Coordinators note a decrease in move-outs, due to the provision of supportive services, thus, reducing the time when the unit(s) is/are not producing income. Also, refurbishing costs of an apartment after a move-out have been reported up to $1,200/unit.

Related to unit turnover is that service coordination may prevent an individual from moving to a care facility for some period of time, *e.g.*, three months. In such cases, currently, there is both the cost of subsidy for the vacant unit (which is held for the individual) and the Medicaid or State costs of subsidizing the higher level of care.

Finally, at the point of move-out, there is some evidence of lessened refurbishing costs to the project in cases where there is help in the apartment with housekeeping and meal preparation. Thus, service coordination enables management to effectively keep individual apartments in better shape than they might be if the tenant declined in functional ability on their own.

B. There is a possibility of savings to Medicaid or State funds, if the Service Coordinator is effective in linking the individual to in-home services, rather than institutional forms of care. While studies of this phenomenon vary widely, the potential is for an effective saving of thousands of dollars annually, per individual. The savings accrue to Medicaid, the State share of Medicaid, and/or both.

II. Functions of a Service Coordinator

The major functions are:

A. Provides general case management, and referral services to all residents needing such assistance.

May provide formal case management (*i.e.*, evaluation of health, psychological and social needs and the development of a case plan for services) for a resident when such service is not available through the general community (this will be primarily in rural areas).

B. Establishes linkages with all agencies and service providers in the community; sets up a directory of providers for use by both project staff and residents.

C. Refers and links the residents of the project to service providers in the general community; these are: *e.g.*, formal assessment, personal assistance, homemaker, meals-on-wheels, transportation, counseling, occasional visiting nurse, preventive health screening/wellness, legal or other advocacy. Develops case plans in coordination with formal assessment services.

The service coordinator must not be assigned responsibilities as the recreational or activities director, providing support services directly, or assisting with other administrative work normally associated with the project(s).

D. Educates residents on service availability, application procedures, client rights, etc.

E. Monitors the ongoing provision of services from community agencies and keeps the case management and provider agency current with the progress of the individual.

F. Sets up volunteer support programs with service organizations in the community.

G. Helps the residents build informal support networks with other residents, family and friends.

H. Educates other staff on the management team on issues related to aging in place and services coordination, to help them to better work with and assist the residents.

III. Basic Qualifications of a Service Coordinator

A. A Bachelor of Social Work (BSW) or degree in Gerontology, Psychology or Counseling is preferable; a college degree is fully acceptable; a Master of Social Work (MSW) may be preferable in team situations in which a professional supervises a number of non-professional or paraprofessional "aides," (see "NOTE" under III(E), below).

Note: There may be cases in which a project can justify hiring a non-degreed individual. Such situations should be carefully considered and not rejected out of hand.

B. 2–3 years experience in social service delivery with senior citizens. Some supervisory or management experience is desirable.

C. Demonstrated working knowledge of supportive services and other resources for senior citizens in the jurisdiction in which the project is located.

D. Ability to advocate, problem-solve and provide results for the elderly served.

E. Strong writing and organizational skills.

Note: In situations where the management of a building(s) wants to create a services "team" in which a Service Coordinator supervises one or more "aides" (people usually without a qualifying degree), the Coordinator should have appropriate professional staff experience and prior supervisory or management experience.

It is desireable, but certainly not required for "aides" to have a college degree; they should, however, have appropriate experience in working with the elderly. Another option for management in structuring an "aide" situation would be to set up intern programs with local colleges and universities to assist in carrying out some of the functions noted under Section II above, or to provide planning guidance to staff or provide program evaluation/assessment functions.

IV. Considerations for HUD Approval of Service Coordinator(s)

A. General Factors

Any owner/manager must consider the following factors in: (a) determining whether a Services Coordinator is needed in a specific project or geographic grouping thereof; and, (b) determining the extent to which one or more Service Coordinators, and at what level, should be hired. These factors are only guidelines, not rigid rules.

Note: The Field Office should also consider whether or not the service coordination function is currently being provided in the project on a regular and ongoing basis by the owner/sponsor/borrower or a community agency.

1. Frailty levels of the tenants (the management of the building must have some knowledge of the needs of the tenants and should be able to so document) within the building, *e.g.*, 50 percent of the residents appear to have difficulty with one or more Activities of Daily Living (ADLs) and/or Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADLs).

Note: There will be non-elderly handicapped who meet this definition of frailty, as will some elderly under the age of 70. Thus, consideration of frailty levels may be more important than age of the residents (see number 2, below).

Support service programs typically include in their eligibility requirements some need for assistance in ADLs or IADLs. The ADLs include: Transfer; mobility, dressing; bathing; toileting; and eating. The IADLs include: Light and heavy housework, laundry, preparing meals, shopping for groceries; getting around outside, going places outside of walking distance; managing money; making telephone calls.

The minimum number of ADLs or IADLs required for eligibility will vary from state to state, and to some degree, among the jurisdictions within the states. There will also be variance among the jurisdictions regarding the strictness of the assessment used in determining the need for assistance.

Note: For comparison, HUD's Congregate Housing Services Program (CHSP), which funds supportive services directly for both the elderly and non-elderly handicapped, uses a condensed level of need, requiring that participants need assistance in THREE or more of the ADL/IADL categories (see Handbook 4640.1, chapter 1, pg. 1–11 "Minimum Requirements of ADL and IADL").

2. The median age of the tenants who are elderly (generally, the median age of the elderly tenants will be in their seventies or higher).

3. Age of the building (the need may be greater in those structures for the elderly in occupancy before 1980).

Note: HUD is not requiring project management to assess residents as a condition for receiving approval for hiring a service coordinator. Rather, the proposal to HUD (see Paragraph IV(F), following) should be able to show (through anecdotal information or other) the degree of need in the structures proposed for coverage.

B. Staffing Patterns

There are several possible staffing configurations for Service Coordinator positions. Conceptually, these relate to the numbers of persons served, size of the building(s) and degree of frailty of the persons served: The configurations are:

1. A part-time person serving one or more buildings.

2. A full-time person serving one or more buildings.

3. A full-time "director" and one or more full or part-time persons serving, usually, more than one building.

In all cases the project owner/borrower must determine to whom the Service Coordinator will report, establish that relationship in the position description and justify the placement in the request to HUD. This is especially critical in a third-party situation, in which the Coordinator may be outstationed from the project, or may be serving a number of projects.

There will be situations in which the owner/sponsor/management of one building is unable or unwilling to take on the burden of a full or part-time person for what may be seen initially as a minimal case load.

In addition to outright hiring, we encourage owners/borrowers of buildings in the same geographic locality (small or otherwise) to consider:

(1) Contracting directly with an area agency on aging or local providers for service coordination and/or case management on a fee-for-service-basis;

(2) Pooling (combining) resources so that full-time or part-time staff person(s), or a "team," can be shared or rotated among several structures, to the extent feasible; or,

(3) Donating commercial or other space to a provider agency(ies) in return for the agency's providing the service coordination.

Additionally, the HUD Field Offices and project management must consider the case in which a Section 202 or 202/8 project is physically connected to, *e.g.*, a Section 221(d) or a Section 236 project. In these cases, Field Offices may entertain proposals from the management of such combined projects, in which the Service Coordinator works for the management of and serves the residents of both projects.

C. Staffing Guidance

Generally, the greater the number of units in a building (or complex of buildings), the easier it is to justify a Service Coordinator, regardless of the level of frailty. Through listening to extensive anecdotal comments, and discussion with both Field Office staff and project managers in five Regions, we have learned that there appears to be a wide range in the caseloads of existing social service personnel in HUD projects. This leads us to conclude, therefore, that it is inopportune for HUD to set up rigid staffing standards at this time.

However, we believe some guidance is useful for both HUD Field Office staff and Project Administrators in establishing Service Coordinator positions, particularly when used in conjunction with paragraphs IV(A) and (B), prior.

Please note that the following is guidance—not hard and fixed requirements. It is important for HUD field offices to offer leeway so that we can learn what works best in these buildings, than be rigid about what constitutes an "appropriate" level of service coordinator in a project.

(1) Projects under 30 units. Such projects are only encouraged to use one of the options under paragraph IV(B), above, concerning contracting directly or pooling of resources.

In each of the following cases, contracting or pooling is encouraged.

(2) Projects of 30–50 units. This could normally support no more than about one one-quarter to half-time position.

(3) Projects of 51–100 units. This could normally support about one three-quarter time person.

(4) Projects of 101–150 units. This could normally support about one full-time person. There may be some need for additional assistance.

(5) Projects of 151–200 units. This could normally support one full time person with some part-time assistance, or two part-time persons.

(6) Projects over 200 units. This might normally support at least 1½ persons.

Each Field Office and project owner/borrower should consider discussing the proposed Service Coordinator level PRIOR to the actual request to HUD. We expect that each discussion will reflect a case-by-case approach, on merits, rather than use of the "guidelines" as a strict rule.

D. Other Requirements

1. Sustaining Occupancy

Each owner/borrower proposing to hire a Services Coordinator must have a project which has reached sustaining occupancy, that is, 95 percent occupied. Sustaining occupancy is necessary to assure that the project has a positive cash flow before another cost is added to management.

In cases where occupancy is less than 95 percent, however, consideration may be given to a Coordinator if the position can be clearly justified and explained as a marketing tool to increase occupancy in the project. Also, we do not intend that a Field Office automatically eliminate a Service Coordinator from a project's budget, if in a subsequent year, the occupancy level has fallen below 95 percent.

2. Client Files

Each owner/borrower proposing to provide a Service Coordinator as part of their operating budget must agree to keep certain files on the clients served by the Coordinator, derived from Handbook 4640.1, appendix 9, section IV.D.

These files must be kept in a secured location and accessible ONLY to the Service Coordinator, and the project manager/administrator to the extent necessary. The project must maintain confidentiality of information related to any individual, per the Privacy Act of 1974.

Projects which contract-out the Service Coordinator function must include in their third-party contract an agreement for that third-party to keep files as required by HUD, with reporting to project management on a basis consistent with that necessary for meeting HUD reporting requirements.

The files must contain:

1. Intake form, including information on referrals to community agencies.

2. Case management plan.

3. Quarterly monitoring plan and follow-up, as appropriate.

4. Information related to any reports, alleged or otherwise, of human or civil rights abuse, adult abuse of any type (*i.e.*, mental, physical, financial), violations of personal property or dignity, and follow-up, case resolution, or status, as appropriate.

5. Results of all monitoring and agency follow-up.

6. Notes on all meetings with client/family members.

7. Disposition/termination of case.

E. Cost

Projects must propose funding of Service Coordinators as a line item in the project's annual budget. If the project cannot pay for the Coordinator out of current income or residual receipts it may propose using a rent increase (Section 8 or directly on the tenants for the old Section 202 or 202/236 projects without Section 8), through the annual budgeted rent increase process.

Whether the Service Coordinator is proposed for funding out of (1) the current income stream, (2) residual receipts, or, (3) Section 8 or other rent increase, the proposal should only cover funds necessary for salary(ies) and related administrative expenses (which may include office equipment, supplies, car allowance, xeroxing, etc., and the cost of contracting out the service).

F. Submission Requirements from Projects

Any project owner/borrower wanting to request approval to hire (or contract-out for) a Service Coordinator(s) must make such request in writing to the Chief, Loan Management Branch, in the HUD Field Office under whose jurisdiction the project is located, with a copy to the Community Services Advisor (CSA), if applicable (project owners/borrower should check with their Loan servicer to determine if there is a CSA in that office, or someone assigned especially to work with supportive service issues).

Projects are strongly advised to submit the request for approval as far in advance of the next budget year as possible, so that it does not become an issue at the time of budget approval. When approved, the project may include the funds as part of its next year's budget submission.

The request must conform to the procedures stated in Handbook 4350.1, chapter 7, "Processing Budgeted Rent Increase" and must be clearly stated as a request to: (1) use either excess income or residual receipts, or (2) a Section 8 or other rent increase.

The following items must be covered in the submission:

1. An explanation of the need, with a request for approval. At a minimum, the request must address the items covered in paragraph V(A)(2)(b-e and h).

2. Explanation for the salary proposed for the Service Coordinator(s), and related administrative costs (or the costs of contracting-out, including the unit cost).

The owner/borrower must provide evidence that the proposed salary level(s) are consistent with similar jobs in the local employment market, and that it is consistent with current management team responsibilities and salaries.

If a Section 8 rent increase is requested, a justification is necessary which clearly

explains why the current income stream and/or residual receipts are insufficient.

3. Position description(s) for the position(s) involved. This description must include the functions of the position and clearly state the relationship between the Service Coordinator and the project manager/administrator and other members of the management team.

Owners/borrowers proposing to physically locate a Service Coordinator in-house must certify that there is sufficient office space available, including space for confidential meetings, and a location to secure files.

4. Certification agreeing to provide the information under paragraph V(C), following, annually by mail to the field office as a condition for continued approval of a Service Coordinator position.

5. For projects proposing to contract-out the service, a copy of the proposed contract with the third party provider must be included.

This contract should include, at a minimum: Beginning and end dates of contract, number of staff hired, explanation of duties, rate(s) of pay/units of service to be provided, location of office(s), storage and access to files, relationship with other members of the management team, responsibilities and relationship of both contractor and project(s), and the certification noted in paragraph IV(F)(4), above.

6. For projects proposing to swap commercial or other space in exchange for a Coordinator, a copy of the proposed agreement must be included. The contract must deal with the specifics of the swap, and cover the appropriate stipulations noted in paragraph IV(F)(5), above.

In cases where management proposes to utilize a swap for non-commercial space, the request must clearly show that the normal activities of the residents of the building will not be adversely affected by the utilization of this space.

7. For projects proposing to share one or more Service Coordinators/aides, the proposal must provide an explanation of how the arrangement will work, where ultimate responsibility lies for the hiring and firing of the Coordinator or aides, and a copy of the proposed agreement between/among the owners/borrowers to cover space sharing, salary(ies), expenses and the allocation of days and hours between/among the buildings.

G. Projects under the Congregate Housing Services Program (CHSP)

There are a number of Section 202 projects for the elderly which receive CHSP funds for project directors (which may serve as Service Coordinators) or Service Coordinators and supportive services. As the service coordination function is now an eligible project expense, the projects with CHSP must request approval of a Service Coordinator(s) under the operating budget, per paragraph IV(F), above, and partially discontinue the funding of the position under CHSP. The only functions which would normally remain within the CHSP budget are those necessary specifically to administer CHSP (*e.g.*, process reimbursement vouchers, write quarterly and annual reports, supervise directly hired service providers and meals staff, etc.).

The project director/Service Coordinator in such projects continues to serve the CHSP, but must also expand to serve the rest of the tenant body, if not now doing so. Thus, additional staff hours may be added to the position of the incumbent in place, OR an additional person(s) may be hired on some basis. Alternatively, the CHSP functions may become a more limited, administrative, role with the expansion of the Coordinator function throughout the building.

A current part-time Coordinator could be proposed for full-time, with appropriate justification. Also, the funds currently assigned to the Coordinator function, but not longer eligible for support of that function of the position may be used for additional support services for CHSP clients, consistent with future guidance to be published by HUD.

The approval of a Service Coordinator for these projects, per this Notice, must be consistent with the next annual budget cycle under the CHSP.

For Example, if a CHSP project's renewal date is April 21, 1991, and its regular annual budget cycle begins on February 1, 1991, that project (in its regular budget submission or earlier) must request approval of the Service Coordinator, to be effective April 21, 1991. In such cases, project management must explain (in addition to the requirements of paragraph IV(F), above) how the time allotted to the Service Coordinator prior to the allowance of a Coordinator as an eligible project expense has been allocated between those non-CHSP specific functions, *e.g.*, case management, case monitoring, resident education, and those CHSP-specific duties noted above. On April 21, 1991, the Coordinator would become covered by the project's operating budget.

V. Reporting

A. Field Office Report to the Regions on Service Coordinators

Each Field Office must report to the Regional Office beginning 395 days after the publication date of this Notice, and annually thereafter. The reports are based on the information provided by projects in their request for approval to the Field Office during the reporting period (Field Offices should use the form HUD–92453 at appendix A). It should only cover information regarding projects which were approved for Service Coordinators in that 12-month period. The report should be sent to the Regional Administrator by the Field Office Manager.

The purpose of this report is to provide information necessary for the Regions to report to Headquarters on: (1) the number of projects adding a Service Coordinator to their staff; (2) a data profile on the types of projects and internal situations regarding the need for Service Coordinators; and, (3) a Regional estimate of additional Section 8 costs engendered.

The report must be sent to the Regional Office even if no projects within the Field Offices' jurisdiction requested approval for a Service Coordinator during the covered period. In such cases, the memorandum should state simply that no projects requested approval for a service coordinator during the reporting period.

The following information must be submitted:

1. Report on each category of project as follows: small projects (under 51 units), medium projects (51–100 units), and large project (101+units).

2. For each category, above, provide the following information for each annual period;

a. number of projects requesting approval for a Service Coordinator.

b. average age of the elderly.

c. average number of non-elderly handicapped.

d. major frailty types noted (list by type and by numbers of projects in which occurred).

e. number of services staff hired per project (median, range).

f. number of projects using current income, excess reserves or residual receipts to fully pay for the Service Coordinator(s).

g. number of "old" Section 202 or Section 202/236 projects (i.e., those in occupancy prior to 1978) passing on the cost of the Coordinator directly to the tenants through a rent increase.

h. average amount of monthly rent increase.

i. number of projects using a Section 8 rent increase to pay for the position(s).

for those using Section B,

—The total annual additional cost within the Field Office, and,

—The average cost per project

j. number of projects denied approval for a Service Coordinator.

B. Regional Report to Headquarters

Each Region, must aggregate all data collected and report to Headquarters within 45 days of the field office deadline to the Regional Office. This is, at 440 days after the effective date of this Notice, and at annual increments. (Regions should use the reporting form HUD–92453–A at appendix B). The Regional Administrator should send the report to Margaret Milner, Deputy Director, Office of Elderly and Assisted Housing, ATTN: Jerry Nachison.

C. Project Reporting/Field Office Management Review

Each project approved for a Service Coordinator per this Notice is required to report annually to the Field Office regarding the activities of that function (see paragraph IV(F)(4), prior). This report, developed by the Service Coordinator, must be mailed to the Field Office annually, ATTN: Loan Management Branch Chief, with the reporting due date based upon date of the Field Office's approval of the Service Coordinator function.

The information requested is as follows:

1. a. Number of staff actually hired on an ongoing basis.

b. Average number of hours worked per person.

c. Median case load per person.

d. Median amount of time per case.

2. Case Information—a. Types of services utilized (list).

b. Agencies providing services (list).

c. Average number of units of service provided/per agency/per service type.

d. Problems noted by project in getting access to services for particular needs.

Problems noted in obtaining services by the project should be reported to the Field Office Director of Management, for assistance, or to the Field Office CSA, if such a position has been established.

The required information should be written-up in list/narrative format and mailed to the appropriate loan services in the Field Office. If there is a CSA, or another staff person designated with responsibility in the supportive services area in that Field Office, he/she should review the report and make appropriate recommendations to the loan servicer for action.

Per Handbook 4350.1, chapter 6, "Protect Monitoring", as modified by former Deputy Assistant Secretary Barksdale's May 20, 1983 memorandum, each Field Office is required to perform a project management review, with normal practice essentially being a biennial review, unless the project is considered "troubled."

When doing an on-site review, the Field Office should include a review on the adequacy of the service coordination function, based upon discussions with management, a review of the adequacy of the client files (looking at a 10 percent sample of files, or a maximum of 10 cases), file notes and review of the reports submitted by the project. This portion of the review would be done by the loan servicer, or the Field Office CSA, or supportive services person if one is in that office, and travel funds are available to send the additional staff person.

Findings should be written-up in narrative format as an addendum to Form HUD 9834B, "Management Review Questionnaire" and summarized on the Form HUD-9834, "Management Review Report", under section 5, General Management Practices, which is sent to the project manager. Problematic findings should be discussed with the Headquarters Desk Officer prior to their being shared with the project.

Copies of problematic reviews concerning the operation of the service coordination function should be sent by the Chief, Loan Management Branch, to the Regional Director of Housing Management for his/her information, and Headquarters, per paragraph V(B), above. Headquarters staff will consult with the Field Office, as appropriate.

Regional Desk Officers for technical issues related to this Notice are: Otelia Hebert, Regions I, III, VI and VII, RoseMary Sunderland, Regions II, IV and V, and Dee Ann Walker, Regions VIII, IX and X.

Arthur J. Hill,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Housing-Federal Housing Commissioner.

[FR Doc. 90-24291 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-27-M

Office of the Regional Administrator—Regional Housing Commissioner

[Docket No. D-90-932]

Acting Regional Administrator, Region IV (Atlanta); Designation

AGENCY: Department of Housing and Urban Development.

ACTION: Designation.

SUMMARY: Updates the designation of officials who may serve as Acting Regional Administrator for Region IV.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 11, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: H.E. Rollins, Director, Management Systems Division, Office of Administration, Atlanta Regional Office, Department of Housing and Urban Development, room 634, Richard B. Russell Federal Building, 75 Spring Street, SW., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-3388, 404-331-5199.

Designation of Acting Regional Administrator for Region IV

Each of the officials appointed to the following positions is designated to serve as Acting Regional Administrator during the absence of, or vacancy in the position of, the Regional Administrator, with all the powers, functions, and duties redelegated or assigned to the Regional Administrator: Provided, That no official is authorized to serve as Acting Regional Administrator unless all other employees whose names or titles precede his/hers in this designation are unable to serve by reason of absence:

1. Deputy Regional Administrator
2. Director, Office of Housing
3. Director, Office of Administration
4. Director, Office of Public Housing
5. Director, Office of Community Planning and Development
6. Regional Counsel
7. Director, Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity
8. Georgia Program Coordinator
9. Director, Program Planning and Evaluation
10. Director, Operational Support Division

This designation supersedes the designation effective November 3, 1988 (53 FR 52510, December 28, 1988).

(Delegation of Authority by the Secretary effective May 4, 1962, (27 FR 4319, May 4, 1962); Dept. Interim Order II (31 FR 815, January 21, 1966)

This designation shall be effective as of September 11, 1990.

Raymond A. Harris,

Regional Administrator—Regional Housing Commissioner, Region IV (Atlanta).

[FR Doc. 90-24293 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[AZ-010-91-4410-08; 1784-010]

Arizona Strip District Advisory Council, Field Tours; Meeting

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Arizona Strip District, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of two field tours and a meeting.

SUMMARY: The Arizona Strip District Advisory Council will tour the Paria Plateau and Marble Canyon area and discuss the Proposed Arizona Strip District Resource Management Plan and other resource management issues.

The Arizona Strip District Grazing Advisory Board will tour the Shivwits Resource area and review range conditions and discuss maintenance of projects.

DATES: The Advisory Council will begin their tour at the Marble Canyon Lodge, Marble Canyon, Arizona November 14, 1990, at 8 a.m., A half day meeting will be held on November 15, 1990 at the Grand Canyon River Education facility at Lees Ferry beginning at 8 a.m.

The Grazing Board Tour will begin at the Arizona Strip District (Office 390 N. 3050 E., St. George, Utah) on November 16, 1990 at 8 a.m.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: G. William Lamb, District Manager, 390 N. 3050 E., St. George, Utah 84770 (Phone 801/673-3545).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The tours and meeting are open to the public, but the public must provide their own transportation for the tours. The Advisory Council will consider both oral and written statements from the public at 8 a.m. Thursday November 15, 1990. The Grazing Board will consider oral and written comments any time during the tour. People interested in commenting should contact BLM at 801/673-3545 at least 5 days in advance.

Dated: October 3, 1990.

G. William Lamb,

Arizona Strip District Manager.

[FR Doc. 90-24296 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-32-M

Bureau of Reclamation

Quarterly Status Tabulation of Water Service and Repayment Contract Negotiations

AGENCY: Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given of proposed contractual actions pending through December 1990. This notice is one of a variety of means being used to inform the public about proposed contractual actions for water service and repayment. The Bureau of Reclamation announcements of individual repayment and water service contract actions will be published in the

Federal Register and in newspapers of general circulation in the areas determined by the Bureau of Reclamation to be affected by the proposed action. Announcements may be in the form of news releases, legal notices, official letters, memorandums, or other forms of written material. Meetings, workshops, and/or hearings may also be used, as appropriate, to provide local publicity. The public participation requirements do not apply to proposed contracts for the sale of surplus or interim irrigation water for a term of 1 year or less. The Secretary of the Interior or the district may invite the public to observe any contract proceedings. All public participation procedures will be coordinated with those involved in complying with the National Environmental Policy Act if the Bureau determines that the contract action may or will have "significant" environmental effects.

ADDRESSES: The identity of the approving officer, and other information pertaining to a specific contract proposal, may be obtained by calling or writing the appropriate regional office at the address and telephone number given for each region in the supplementary information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dick L. Porter, Chief, Contracts & Repayment, Bureau of Reclamation, 1849 C St. NW., Washington, DC 20240; telephone (202) 208–3014, (FTS) 268–3014.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 226 of the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (96 Stat. 1273), and to § 426–20 of the rules and regulations published in the **Federal Register** dated December 6, 1983, Vol. 48, page 54785, the Bureau of Reclamation will publish notice of proposed or amendatory repayment contract actions or any contract for the delivery of water for irrigation or other uses in newspapers of general circulation in the affected area at least 60 days prior to contract execution and, Pursuant to the "Final Revised Public Participation Procedures" for water service and repayment contract negotiations, published in the **Federal Register** dated February 22, 1982, Vol. 47, page 7763, a tabulation is provided below of all proposed contractual actions in each of the five Reclamation regions. Each proposed action listed is, or is expected to be, in some stage of the contract negotiation process during October, November, or December of 1990. When contract negotiations are completed, and prior to execution, each proposed contract form must be approved by the Secretary, or pursuant to delegated or redelegated authority, the Commissioner of Reclamation or one of the Regional Directors. In some instances, congressional review and approval of a report, water rate, or other terms and conditions of the contract may be involved.

This notice is one of a variety of means being used to inform the public about proposed contractual actions. Individual notices of intent to negotiate, and other appropriate announcements, are made in the **Federal Register** for those actions found to have widespread public interest. When this is the case, the date of publication is given.

Acronym Definitions Used Herein

(FR) Federal Register
(ID) Irrigation District
(IDD) Irrigation and Drainage District
(M&I) Municipal and Industrial
(D&MC) Drainage and Minor Construction
(R&B) Rehabilitation and Betterment
(O&M) Operation and Maintenance
(CAP) Central Arizona Project
(CUP) Central Utah Project
(CVP) Central Valley Project
(P-SMBP) Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program
(CRSP) Colorado River Storage Project
(SRPA) Small Reclamation Projects Act
(BCP) Boulder Canyon Project

Pacific Northwest Region

Bureau of Reclamation, 550 West Fort Street. Box 043, Boise, Idaho 83724–0043, telephone (208) 334–1894.

1. *Cascade Reservoir Water Users, Boise Project, ID:* Repayment contracts for irrigation and municipal and industrial water; 19,201 acre-feet of stored water in Cascade Reservoir.

2. *Individual Irrigators. M&I, and Miscellaneous Water Users, Pacific Northwest Region, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, and Washington:* Temporary (interim) water service contracts for surplus project water for irrigation or M&I use to provide up to 10,000 acre-feet of water annually for terms up to 5 years; long-term contracts for similar service for up to 1,000 acre-feet of water annually.

3. *Rogue River Basin Water Users, Rogue River Basin Project, Oregon:* Water service contracts; $5 per acre-foot or $50 minimum per annum for terms up to 40 years.

4. *Willamette Basin Water Users, Willamette Basin Project, Oregon:* Water service contracts; $1.50 per acre-foot or $50 minimum per annum for terms up to 40 years.

5. *Irrigation Districts and Similar Water User Entities:* Amendatory repayment and water service contracts; purpose is to conform to the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (Pub L. 97–293).

6. *Forty-four Palisades Reservoir Shareholders, Minidoka Project, Idaho-Wyoming:* Contract amendments to extend term for which contract water may be subleased to other parties.

7. *City of Cle Elum, Yakima Project, Washington:* Amendatory or replacement M&I water service contract; 2,200 acre-feet (1,350 gallons per minute) annually for a term of up to 40 years.

8. *Three Irrigation Districts, Flathead Indian Irrigation Project:* Repayment of costs associated with rehabilitation of irrigation facilities.

9. *Baker Valley Irrigation District, Baker Project, Oregon:* Irrigation water service contract on a surplus interruptible basis to serve up to 13,000 acres; sale of excess capacity in Mason Reservoir (Phillips Lake) for a term of up to 40 years.

10. *Crooked River Project, Oregon:* Irrigation repayment or water service contracts with several individuals and with North Unit Irrigation District for a total of up to 25,000 acre-feet of storage space in Prineville Reservoir (Arthur R. Bowman Dam).

11. *Various Projects, PN Region:* R&B contracts for replacement of needle valves at storage dams.

12. *Minidoka-Palisades Project:* Repayment contract with Palisades Water Users Inc., for additional 500 acre-feet of storage space in Palisades Reservoir.

13. *Willow Creek Project, Oregon:* Repayment or water service contracts for a total of up to 3,500 acre-feet of storage space in Willow Creek Reservoir.

14. *Four Project Spaceholders, Minidoka-Palisades Project, Idaho-Wyoming:* Contract amendments to provide for rental of water to other parties.

15. *Bridgeport Irrigation District, Chief Joseph Dam Project, Washington:* Warren Act contract for the use of an irrigation outlet in Chief Joseph Dam.

16. *Five Irrigation Districts, Arrowrock Division of the Boise Project, Idaho:* Repayment contracts for Safety-of-Dams repair to Deer Flat Dam.

17. *State of Wyoming, Palisades Project, Idaho:* Proposed repayment contract with the State of Wyoming for the sale of 33,000 acre-feet of noncontracted space in Palisades Reservoir.

18. *Hermiston Irrigation District, Umatilla Project, Oregon:* Repayment contract for reimbursable cost for Safety-of-Dams repairs to Cold Springs Dam.

19. *Ochoco Irrigation District and Various Individual Spaceholders, Crooked River Project, Oregon:*

Repayment contract for reimbursable cost for Safety-of-Dams repairs to Arthur R. Bowman Dam and Ochoco Dams.

20. *The Dalles Irrigation District, Oregon:* SRPA loan repayment contract; $2,000,000 proposed loan obligation.

21. *Oroville-Tonasket Irrigation District, Chief Joseph Dam Project, Washington:* SRPA loan repayment contract; $661,500 proposed loan obligation.

22. *State of Idaho, Payette Division of the Boise Project, Idaho:* Proposed repayment contracts with the State of Idaho for the sale of uncontracted space in Cascade and Deadwood Reservoirs.

Mid-Pacific Region

Bureau of Reclamation, 2800 Cottage Way, Sacramento, California 95825–1898, telephone (916) 978–5030.

1. *Tuolumne Regional Water District, CVP, California:* Water service contract, up to 9,000 acre-feet from New Melones Reservoir.

2. *Calaveras County Water District, CVP, California:* Water service contract, up to 2,000 acre-feet from New Melones Reservoir; FR notice published February 5, 1982, Vol. 47, page 5473.

3. *Individual irrigators, M&I, and miscellaneous water users, Mid-Pacific Region, California, Oregon, and Nevada:* Temporary (interim) water service contracts for available project water for irrigation, M&I or fish and wildlife purposes providing up to 10,000 acre-feet of water annually for terms up to 5 years; Temporary Warren Act contracts for use of project facilities for terms up to 1 year; Long-term contracts for similar service for up to 1,000 acre-feet of water annually.

Note: Copies of the standard form of temporary water service contract for the various types of service are available, upon written request, from the Regional Director at the address shown above.

4. *Friant Unit Contractors, CVP, California:* Renewal of existing long-term water service contracts with numerous contractors on the Friant-Kern Canal whose contracts expire 1990–1997 with two contracts expiring later. Water quantities in existing contracts range from 1,200 to 175,440 acre-feet.

5. *ID's and similar water user entities:* Amendatory repayment and water service contracts; purpose is to conform to the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (P.L. 97-293).

6. *State of California, CVP, California:* Contract(s) for, (1) Sale of interim water to the Department of Water Resources for use by the State Water Project Contractors, and (2) acquisition of conveyance capacity in the California Aqueduct for use by the CVP, as contemplated in the Coordinated Operation Agreement.

7. *Madera ID, Madera Canal, CVP, California:* Warren Act contract to convey and/or store nonproject water through project facilities.

8. *County of Tulare, CVP, California:* Amendatory water service contract, to provide an additional 1,908 acre-feet and reallocate 400 acre-feet of water from the Ducor ID for a total increase of 2,308 acre-feet.

9. *Shasta Dam Area Public Utilities District, CVP, California:* Renewal/Increase of M&I water supply contract. Less than 6,000 acre-feet.

10. *U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, CVP, California:* Long-term contract for water supply for Federal refuge in Grasslands area of California.

11. *North Kern Water Storage District, Buena Vista Water Storage District, Tulare Lake Basin Water Storage District, and Hacienda Water District, Kern River Project, California:* Amendatory contract to provide storage space for M&I water.

12. *Contra Costa Water District, CVP, California:* Amendatory water service contract to add an additional point of delivery to accommodate the District's proposed Los Vaqueros project. Amendment will also conform contract to current water ratesetting policies.

13. *San Juan Suburban Water District, CVP, California:* Amend Contract No. 14–06–200–152A to provide for the current CVP water rates to conform the contract with the provisions of section 105 and 106 of Pub. L. 99–546.

14. *Centerville Community Services District, CVP, California:* Water service contract for up to 800 acre-feet of M&I water annually.

15. *Shasta County Water Agency, CVP, California:* Amendatory water service contract to provide for reduction in annual entitlement of 800 acre-feet.

16. *Central Valley Project, California:* Amendatory contracts to include the provision of the Act of July 2, 1956 (70 Stat. 483) and/or the Act of June 21, 1963 (77 Stat. 68) in existing water service contracts.

17. *California Department of Corrections, CVP, California:* Water service for up to 1,000 acre-feet of water annually to serve the Sierra Conservation Center (a State prison) near Jamestown, California.

18. *Redwood Valley Water District, SRPA, California:* Amendatory loan repayment contract.

19. *Placer County Water Agency, CVP, California:* Amend Contract No. 14–06–200–5082A to provide for the current CVP water rates.

20. *Broadview Water District, CVP, California:* Amend Contract No. 14–06–200–8092 to provide for change in point of diversion, right to construct new turnout on the San Luis Canal, and contract renewal.

21. *Sutter Butte Mutual Water Company, CVP, California:* Water service contract for a long-term supplemental water supply. Contract will assure Company's water users an alternate water supply during periods of deficiency in their appropriative water rights. Annual water quantity not determined at this time.

22. *Paramount Citrus Association, CVP, California:* Contract to convey nonproject water through Federal facilities with exemption of RRA under 426.18. Up to 4,000 acre-feet of water to be transferred through Friant-Kern Canal for delivery to Southern San Joaquin Municipal District.

23. *Butte Slough Irrigation Company, CVP, California:* Water service contract for a long-term supplemental water supply. Contract will assure Company's water users an alternate water supply during periods of deficiency in their appropriative water rights. Annual water quantity not determined at this time.

24. *Lindsay-Strathmore ID, Friant-Kern Canal, CVP, California:* Warren Act contract to convey and/or store nonproject water through project facilities.

25. *Madera ID, Hidden Unit, CVP, California:* Renewal of existing water service contract for 24,000 acre-feet of water which expires February 29, 1992.

26. *Chowchilla WD, Buchanan Unit, CVP, California:* Renewal of existing water service contract for 24,000 acre-feet of water which expires February 28, 1991.

27. *Truckee Carson Irrigation District, Newlands Project, Nevada:* Warren Act contract to convey and/or store nonproject water in Project facilities.

28. *Truckee Carson Irrigation District, Newlands Project, Nevada:* Contract for repayment of construction costs of Newlands Project.

29. *Santa Barbara County Water Agency, Cachuma Project, California:* Repayment contract for reimbursement of funds expended under the Emergency Fund Act for continuation of water service.

30. *San Luis and Delta-Mendota Water Users Authority, CVP, California:* Financing agreement to provide for replacement of impellers at Tracy Pumping Plant.

31. *San Luis Water District, CVP, California:* Amendatory water service contract to provide that the District pay

full operation and maintenance (O&M) rate for all deliveries resulting from Azhderian Pumping Plant enlargement and the cost of service rate for such deliveries beginning in 1996 and each year thereafter.

32. *United Water Conservation District, SRPA, California:* Amendatory loan repayment contract.

Lower Colorado Region

Bureau of Reclamation, P.O. Box 427 (Nevada Highway and Park Street), Boulder City, Nevada 89005, telephone (702) 293–8536.

1. *Agricultural and M&I water users, CAP, Arizona:* Water service subcontracts; a certain percent of available supply for irrigation entities and up to 640,000 acre-feet per year for M&I use.

2. *Southern Arizona Water Rights Settlement Act:* Sale of up to 28,200 acre-feet per year of municipal effluent to the City of Tucson, Arizona.

3. *Contracts with five agricultural entities located near the Colorado River, BCP, Arizona:* Water service contracts for up to 1,920 acre-feet per year total.

4. *Gila River Indian Community, CAP, Arizona:* Water service contract for delivery of up to 173,100 acre-feet per year.

5. *ID's and similar water user entities:* Amendatory repayment and water service contracts; purpose is to conform to the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (Pub. L. 97–293).

6. *Indian and non-Indian agricultural and M&I water users, CAP, Arizona:* Contracts for repayment of Federal expenditures for construction of distribution systems.

7. *State of Arizona, BCP, Arizona:* Contract for an undetermined amount of Colorado River water for M&I use and for agricultural use and related purposes on state-owned land.

8. *Imperial ID and/or the Coachella Valley Water District, California:* Contract providing for exchange of up to 10,000 acre-feet of water per year from a well field to be constructed adjacent to the All-American Canal (AAC) for an equivalent quantity and quality of Colorado River water and for O&M of the well field, Lower Colorado Water Supply Project, California.

9. *Lower Colorado Water Supply Project, California:* Water service and repayment contracts with nonagricultural users in California adjacent to the Colorado River for an aggregate consumptive use of up to 10,000 acre-feet of Colorado River water per year in exchange for an equivalent amount of water to be pumped into the AAC from a well field to be constructed adjacent to the canal.

10. Hutchison present perfected rights contract amendment to reflect the transfer of part of the right to Winterhaven, California, Supreme Court Decree in *Arizona* v. *California* and BCP.

11. Winterhaven present perfected rights contract for a portion of Hutchison Present Perfected Rights transferred to Winterhaven, Supreme Court Decree in *Arizona* v. *California* and BCP.

12. *County of San Bernardino, SRPA, California:* Repayment contract for a $29.6 million loan.

13. *Tohono O' Odham Nation, SRPA, Arizona:* Repayment contract for a $7.3 million loan for the Schuk Toak District.

14. *Sturges Trust, Supreme Court Decree in Arizona* v. *California and BCP, Arizona:* Contract for delivery of 8,500 acre-feet of Colorado River water per year for agricultural use as recommended by the State of Arizona and to recognize a 780 acre-feet present perfected right to the use of Colorado River water.

15. *Fort Mohave Indian Reservation, Supreme Court Decree in Arizona* v. *California and BCP, Arizona:* Contract for delivery of Colorado River water for its Federal establishment present perfected right, totaling 122,648 acre-feet of diversions annually.

16. *Colorado River Commission of Nevada, BCP, Nevada:* A surplus water contract which would allow them to utilize Colorado River water for M&I purposes when available.

17. *BCP, Arizona:* Contracts for additional allocations of Colorado River water to cities located along the Colorado River in Arizona for up to 15,076 acre-feet per year as recommended by the Arizona Department of Water Resources.

18. *National Park Service for Lake Mead National Recreation Area, Supreme Court decree in Arizona* v. *California and BCP in Arizona and Nevada:* Memorandum of Understanding for delivery of Colorado River water for its Federal establishment present perfected right of 500 acre-feet of diversions annually, and the Federal establishment perfected right pursuant to Executive Order No. 5125 (April 25, 1930).

19. *Eastern Municipal Water District, SRPA, California:* Repayment contract for $31 million loan.

Upper Colorado Region:

Bureau of Reclamation, P.O. Box 11568, 125 South State Street, Salt Lake City, Utah 84147, telephone (801) 524–5435.

1. *Individual irrigators, M&I, and miscellaneous water users, Utah. Wyoming, Colorado, and New Mexico:* Temporary (interim) water service contracts for surplus project water for irrigation or M&I use to provide up to 10,000 acre-feet of water annually for terms up to 5 years; long-term contracts for similar service for up to 1,000 acre-feet of water annually.

(a) *The Benevolent and Protective Order of the Elks, Lodge No. 1747, Farmington, New Mexico:* Navajo Reservoir water service contract; 20 acre-feet per year for municipal use; contract term for 40 years from execution.

2. *Southern Ute Indian Tribe, Animas-La Plata Project, Colorado:* Repayment contract for 26,500 acre-feet per year for M&I use and 2,600 acre-feet per year for irrigation use in Phase One and 700 acre-feet in Phase Two. Contract terms to be consistent with binding cost sharing agreement and water rights settlement agreement in principle.

3. *Ute Mountain Ute Tribe, Animas-La Plata Project, Colorado and New Mexico:* Repayment contract; 6,000 acre-feet per year for M&I use in Colorado; 26,400 acre-feet per year for irrigation use in Colorado; 900 acre-feet per year for irrigation use in New Mexico. Contract terms to be consistent with binding cost-sharing agreement and water rights settlement agreement.

4. *Navajo Indian Tribe, Animas-La Plata Project, New Mexico:* Repayment contract for 7,600 acre-feet per year for M&I use.

5. *La Plata Conservancy District, Animas-La Plata Project, New Mexico:* Repayment contract for 9,900 acre-feet per year for irrigation use.

6. *Uintah Water Conservancy District, Jensen Unit, Central Utah Project, Utah:* Amendatory repayment contract to reduce municipal and industrial water supply and corresponding repayment obligation.

7. *Vermejo Conservancy District, Vermejo Project, New Mexico:* Amendatory contract to relieve the district of further repayment obligation, presently exceeding $2 million, pursuant to Public Law 96–550.

8. *Conejos Water Conservancy District, San Luis Valley Project, Colorado:* Amendatory contract to place OM&R costs on a variable basis commensurate with the availability of project water.

9. *Weber Basin Water Conservancy District, Weber Basin Project, Utah:* Repayment Contract for Rehabilitation and Betterment work of selected project facilities.

Great Plains Region

Bureau of Reclamation, P.O. Box 36900, Federal Building, 316 North 26th Street, Billings, Montana 59107–6900, telephone (406) 657–6413.

1. *Individual irrigators, Municipal and Industrial (M&I), and miscellaneous water users, Great Plains Region: Montana, Wyoming, North Dakota, South Dakota, Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas:* Temporary (interim) water service contracts for surplus project water for irrigation or M&I use to provide up to 10,000 acre-feet of water annually for terms up to 5 years; long-term contracts for similar service for up to 1,000 acre-feet of water annually.

2. *Fort Shaw Irrigation District, Sun River Project, Montana:* R&B loan repayment contract; up to $1.5 million.

3. *Owl Creek Irrigation District, Owl Creek Unit, P–SMBP, Wyoming:* Amendatory water service contract to reflect reduced water supply benefits being received from Anchor Reservoir.

4. *Green Mountain Reservoir, Colorado-Big Thompson Project, Colorado:* Water service contracts; contract negotiations for sale of water from the marketable yield to water users within the Colorado River Basin of Western Colorado.

5. *Ruedi Reservoir, Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, Colorado:* Water service contracts; proposed second round contract negotiations for sale of agricultural, municipal, domestic and industrial water from the regulatory capacity of Ruedi Reservoir.

6. *Cedar Bluff Irrigation District No. 6, Cedar Bluff Unit, P–SMBP, Kansas:* Repayment contract; pending passage of Congressional legislation, terminate the Cedar Bluff Irrigation District's contract. The use of the District's portion of the reservoir storage capacity will be sold to the State of Kansas for fish, wildlife, recreation, and other purposes.

7. *Frenchman Valley Irrigation District, Frenchman Unit, P–SMBP, Nebraska:* Pending passage of congressional legislation, renegotiate District's existing contract to reduce payments based on payment ability and reduced water supply.

8. *Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, Montana:* SRPA Grant and loan contract for rehabilitation of Middle Creek Dam to meet required safety criteria and to increase reservoir storage capacity by 1,917 acre-feet which will be utilized for irrigation and municipal purposes.

9. *Garrison Diversion Unit, P–SMBP, North Dakota:* Repayment contract; Renegotiation of the master repayment contract with Garrison Diversion Conservancy District to bring the terms in line with the Garrison Diversion Unit Reformulation Act of 1986. Negotiation of repayment contracts with irrigators and M&I users.

10. *Corn Creek Irrigation District, Glendo Unit, P–SMBP, Wyoming:* Repayment contract for 10,350 acre-feet of supplemental irrigation water from Glendo Reservoir.

11. *Glen Elder Unit, P–SMBP, Kansas:* Negotiations for long-term contracts for agricultural water service from Waconda Lake.

12. *Foss Reservoir Master Conservancy District, Washita Basin Project, Oklahoma:* Amendatory repayment contract for remedial work.

13. *Arbuckle Master Conservancy District, Arbuckle Project, Oklahoma:* Contract for the repayment of costs incurred by the United States for the construction of the Sulphur, Oklahoma, pipeline and pumping plant (if constructed).

14. *Board of Water Commissioners of the City and County of Denver, the Colorado River Water Conservation District, and the Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District, Colorado-Big Thompson Project, Colorado:* Operating agreement for substitution of water in the proposed Muddy Creek or Rock Creek Reservoir for Green Mountain Reservoir water.

15. *Sargent Irrigation District, Middle Loup Division, P–SMBP, Nebraska:* R&B loan repayment contract not to exceed $2,435,000.

16. *Chinook Water Users Association, Milk River Project, Montana:* SRPA contract for loan of up to $6,000,000 for improvements to the Association's water conveyance system.

17. *Heart River Unit, Dickinson Subunit, P–SMBP, North Dakota:* Renegotiate Water Service Contract No. 179r–1412 with the City of Dickinson. Existing contract expired September 24, 1989.

18. *Malta Irrigation District, Malta Division, Milk River Project, Montana:* R&B contract for repayment of $5,600,000 loan.

19. *Midvale Irrigation District, Riverton Unit, P–SMBP, Wyoming:* Long-term contract for water service from Boysen Reservoir.

20. *Tom Green County Water Control and Improvement District No. 1, San Angelo Project, Texas:* Amendatory contract to increase irrigable acreage within the project.

21. East Bench Irrigation District, East Bench Unit, P-SMBP, deferment of semiannual payment of $21,800 due December 31, 1990. The deferment is due to extremely low water levels in Clark Canyon Reservoir.

22. *Palmetto Bend Project, Texas:* Amendment of the tripartite contract among the United States, the Lavaca-Navidad River Authority and the Texas Water Development Board to transfer the Board's remaining repayment obligation and interest in the Palmetto Bend Project to the Authority.

23. *City of Havre, Milk River Project, Montana:* New long-term water service contract for up to 2,800 acre-feet annually.

24. *Lakeview Irrigation District, Shoshone Project, Wyoming:* New long-term water service contract for up to 15,000 acre-feet of water annually from Buffalo Bill Reservoir.

25. *City of Rapid City, Rapid Valley Unit, P–SMBP, South Dakota:* Long-term water service contract renewal for approximately 7,000 acre-feet of water from Pactola Reservoir.

Opportunity for public participation and receipt of comments on contract proposals will be facilitated by adherence to the following procedures:

(1) Only persons authorized to act on behalf of the contracting entities may negotiate the terms and conditions of a specific contract proposal.

(2) Advance notice of meetings or hearings will be furnished to those parties that have made a timely written request for such notice to the appropriate regional or project office of the Bureau of Reclamation.

(3) All written correspondence regarding proposed contracts will be made available to the general public pursuant to the terms and procedures of the Freedom of Information Act (80 Stat. 383), as amended.

(4) Written comments on proposed contract or contract action must be submitted to the appropriate Bureau of Reclamation officials at locations and within the time limits set forth in the advance public notices.

(5) All written comments received and testimony presented at any public hearings will be reviewed and summarized by the appropriate regional office for use by the contract approving authority.

(6) Copies of specific proposed contracts may be obtained from the appropriate Regional Director or his designated public contact as they become available for review and comment.

(7) In the event modifications are made in the form of a proposed contract, the appropriate Regional Director shall determine whether republication of the notice and/or extension of the 60-day comment period is necessary.

Factors which shall be considered in making such a determination shall

include, but are not limited to: (i) The significance of the impact(s) of the modification, and (ii) the public interest which has been expressed over the course of the negotiations. As a minimum, the Regional Director shall furnish revised contracts to all parties who requested the contract in response to the initial public notice.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Dennis B. Underwood,

Commissioner.

[FR Doc. 90-24924 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-09-M

Fish and Wildlife Service

Receipt of Application for a Permit

The following applicant has applied for a permit to conduct certain activities with endangered species. This notice is provided pursuant to section 10(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531, *et seq.*):

Applicant: Erie Zoological Society, Erie, PA, PRT 749876.

The applicant requests a permit to export one captive-bred Bengal tiger (*Panthera tigris*) to Parque Zoologico Nacional, in the Republic of Dominica, for purposes of captive-breeding and zoological display.

Documents and other information submitted with this application are available to the public during normal business hours (7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m.) room 430, 4401 N. Fairfax Dr., Arlington VA 22203, or by writing to the Director, U.S. Office of Management Authority, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, room 433, Arlington, VA 22203.

Interested persons may comment on this application within 30 days of the date of this publication by submitting written views, arguments, or data to the Director at the above address. Please refer to the appropriate PRT number when submitting comments.

Dated: October 11, 1990.

Karen Willson,

Acting Chief, Branch of Permits, U.S. Office of Management Authority.

[FR Doc. 90-24313 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

Minerals Management Service

Information Collection Requirements for Subpart B, Exploration and Development and Production Plans

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service, Interior.

ACTION: Request for comments on the information collection requirements for Subpart B—Exploration and Development and Production Plans, 30 CFR Part 250 (OMB No. 1010-0049).

SUMMARY: The Minerals Management Service (MMS), as part of its continuing effort to reduce the paperwork and respondent burden (required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, Pub. L. 96-511, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), provides the general public, industry, and State and other Federal agencies an opportunity to comment on current and proposed information collection requirements. The MMS will evaluate all comments and will revise reporting and recordkeeping requirements, as appropriate, to minimize respondent burdens. This notice specifically requests comments regarding the information collection burdens imposed by MMS regulations on lessees that plan to conduct exploration, development, and production activities in the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). Comments will be used in the preparation of an information collection request to be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the renewal of information collection authorizations.

DATES: Comments may be submitted on or before November 15, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Comments and suggestions on these collection requirements should be submitted to Gerald D. Rhodes, Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards, Offshore Rules and Operations Division, Mail Stop 4700, Minerals Management Service, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070-4817, with copies to the Bureau Clearance Officer, Mail Stop 2300, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070-4817 and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1010-0049), Washington, DC 20503, telephone (202) 395-7340.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the current information collection requirements and supporting material may be obtained by contacting Gerald D. Rhodes, Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards; telephone (703) 787-1600 or (FTS) 393-1600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The OCS Lands Act, 43 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.*, requires the holders of OCS oil and gas and sulphur leases to submit Exploration or Development and Production Plans to the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) prior to commencing exploration, development, or production activities. To carry out these responsibilities, the Secretary has authorized the Director of MMS to issue regulations governing OCS oil and gas and sulphur lease operations. The rules implementing the requirements and associated information collections for Exploration and Development and Production Plans are contained in 30 CFR part 250, subpart B—Exploration and Development and Production Plans. The information collected under subpart B is analyzed and evaluated by MMS engineers, geologists, geophysicists, and environmental scientists to ensure that planned operations will not adversely affect the marine, coastal, or human environment. The information collected is also reviewed by affected States for consistency with approved Coastal Zone Management Plans.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 requires MMS to obtain approval of the information collection requirements for subpart B from OMB. The MMS obtained approval for the information collection requirements for subpart B in January 1988 during the restructuring and consolidation of the offshore operating regulations under 30 CFR part 250. This information collection was approved by OMB through January 31, 1991.

II. Current Actions

The MMS is preparing an information collection request that will be submitted to OMB in order to obtain renewal of the authorization for information collections under subpart B. An information collection authorization request must contain a description of the information collection requirements, statements justifying their collection, and responses to comments from individuals affected by the information collection. This notice provides a brief description of the information collection requirements for subpart B and the estimated burden for industry to prepare the information.

III. Request for Comments

The sections of subpart B that contain information collection requirements are listed below, along with MMS's estimates of the number of requests or annual plans submitted, preparation time per response or plan, and total burden hours for each requirement. The total burden for submitting plans has been calculated by multiplying the estimated number of initial and revised Exploration and Development and Production Plans that will be submitted in a year by the estimated time to prepare each initial and revised plan. The MMS requests the oil and gas and sulphur industries and other interested parties to comment on these information collection requirements, including comments regarding the clarity of the information requirements, availability of

required information, estimated burden hours, and frequency of collection.

(a) *Section 250.31 Preliminary activities.* Notification of the type, scope, and timing of preliminary activities—100 requests to submit notification per year, 1 hour per response, 100 total burden hours.

(b) *Section 250.33 Exploration plan.* Detailed descriptions of the exploration activities, including type of drilling unit to be used, well information, geologic information, new technology used, onshore support infrastructure, waste disposal, meteorological conditions, physical oceanography, onsite flora and fauna, environmentally sensitive areas, local archaeological and cultural resources, assessment of effects, coastal zone consistency certificate, responsible individuals, and other information as required by the Regional Supervisor—300 initial Exploration Plans submitted per year, 480 hours per initial plan, 300 revised Exploration Plans submitted per year, 80 hours per revised plan, 168,000 total burden hours.

(c) *Section 250.34 Development and production plan.* Detailed descriptions of development and production activities, including schedule of activities, types of drilling vessels or platforms, location of pipelines, geological and geophysical information, environmental safeguards, satisfaction of lease stipulations, reservoir engineering practices, drilling and completion programs, new technology, drilling fluids, waste disposal, onshore support facilities, existing environment, archaeological and cultural resources, aquatic biota, environmentally sensitive areas, physical oceanography, meteorological conditions, other uses of the area, assessment of effects, alternatives to activities, coastal zone consistency certificate, responsible individuals, and other information as required by the Regional Supervisor—100 initial Development and Production Plans submitted per year, 480 hours per initial plan, 200 revised Development and Production Plans submitted per year, 80 hours per revised plan, 64,000 total burden hours.

The total annual information collection burden on lessees for subpart B is 232,100 hours.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the information collection authorization request submitted to OMB for approval of this information collection. These comments will also become a matter of public record.

Authority: Section 204, Pub. L. 95–372, 92 Stat. 629 (43 U.S.C. 1334).

Dated: October 4, 1990.

Ed Cassidy,

Deputy Director, Minerals Management Service.

[FR Doc. 90–24267 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–MR–M

Information Collection Requirements for Subpart E, Well-Completion Operations

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service, Interior.

ACTION: Request for comments on the information collection requirements for Subpart E—Well-Completion Operations, 30 CFR part 250 (OMB No. 1010–0067).

SUMMARY: The Minerals Management Service (MMS), as part of its continuing effort to reduce the paperwork and respondent burden (required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, Pub. L. 96–511, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), provides the general public, industry, and State and other Federal agencies an opportunity to comment on current and proposed information collection requirements. The MMS will evaluate all comments and will revise reporting and recordkeeping requirements, as appropriate, to minimize respondent burdens. This notice specifically requests comments regarding the information collection burdens imposed by MMS regulations on lessees that conduct well-completion operations in the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). Comments will be used in the preparation of an information collection request to be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the renewal of information collection authorizations.

DATES: Comments may be submitted on or before November 15, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Comments and suggestions on these collection requirements should be submitted to Gerald D. Rhodes; Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards; Offshore Rules and Operations Division, Mail Stop 4700, Minerals Management Service, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817, with copies to the Bureau Clearance Officer, Mail Stop 2300, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817 and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1010–0067), Washington, DC 20503, telephone (202) 395–7340.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the current information collection requirements and supporting material may be obtained by contacting Gerald D. Rhodes, Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards, telephone (703) 787–1600 or (FTS) 393–1600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The OCS Lands Act, 43 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.*, gives the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) the responsibility to preserve, protect, and develop oil and gas resources in the OCS in a manner which is consistent with the need to make such resources available to meet the Nation's energy needs as rapidly as possible; balance orderly energy resources development with protection of the human, marine, and coastal environment; ensure the public a fair and equitable return on OCS resources; and preserve and maintain free enterprise competition.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 requires MMS to obtain approval of the information collection requirements for subpart E from OMB. The MMS obtained approval for the information collection requirements for subpart E in January 1988 during the restructuring and consolidation of the offshore operating regulations under 30 CFR part 250. This information collection was approved by OMB through January 31, 1991.

II. Current Actions

The MMS is preparing an information collection request that will be submitted to OMB in order to obtain renewal of the authorization for information collections for subpart E. An information collection authorization request must contain a description of the information collection requirements, statements justifying their collection, and responses to comments from individuals affected by the information collection. This notice provides a brief description of the information collection requirements for subpart E and the estimated burden for industry to prepare the information.

III. Request for Comments

The sections of subpart E that contain information collection requirements are listed below, along with MMS's estimates of the average number of annual responses, completion time per response, recordkeeping hours per lessee, and burden hours for each requirement. The burden hours have been calculated by multiplying the estimated number of well-completion activities (500) that will likely occur on OCS oil and gas leases during the next year by the estimated time to prepare the required information or recordkeeping.

The MMS requests the oil and gas industry and other interested parties to comment on these information collection requirements, including comments regarding the clarity of the information requirements, availability of required information, estimated burden hours, and frequency of collection.

(a) *Section 250.76 Crew instructions.* Record date and time of crew safety meetings

—0 responses per year, 0 hours per response, 50 hours of recordkeeping (1 recordkeeping entry per crew ×2 crews per completion ×500 completions ×0.05 hours per entry), 50 burden hours.

(b) *Section 250.81 Traveling-block safety device.* Record results of weekly operational check of safety device —0 responses per year, 0 hours per response, 50 hours of recordkeeping (1 operational check per week × average of 2 weeks per completion operation ×500 completions ×0.05 hours recordkeeping time per entry), 50 burden hours.

(c) *Section 250.85 Blowout prevention equipment.* Well-control procedure for annular preventer when expected surface pressure exceeds rated working pressure submitted to District Supervisor, as appropriate —10 responses per year, 1.0 hour per response, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 10 burden hours.

(d) *Section 250.86 Blowout preventer system testing, records, and drills.* Record pressure testing, actuations, and inspections of the blowout preventer system, system components, and marine risers or record reason for postponing testing —0 responses per year, 0 hours per response, 194 hours of recordkeeping (470 tests ×0.4 hours to document test+30 postponed tests ×0.2 hours to document reason for test delay =188+6 hours of recordkeeping), 194 burden hours.

(e) *Section 250.87 Tubing and wellhead equipment.* Casing shall be pressure tested, calipered, or otherwise evaluated every 30 days following prolonged operations that could damage casing, and results should be submitted to the District Supervisor —10 responses per year, 0.5 hours per response, 0 hour of recordkeeping, 5 burden hours.

The total annual information collection burden on lessees for subpart E is 309 hours.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the information collection request submitted to OMB for approval of this information collection. These comments will also become a matter of public record.

Authority: Sec. 204, Pub. L. 95–372, 92 Stat. 629 (43 U.S.C. 1334).

Dated: October 4, 1990.

Ed Cassidy,

Deputy Director, Minerals Management Service.

[FR Doc. 90–24266 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-MR-M

Information Collection Requirements for Subpart F, Well-Workover Operations

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service, Interior.

ACTION: Request for comments on the information collection requirements for Subpart F—Well-Workover Operations, 30 CFR part 250 (OMB No. 1010–0043).

SUMMARY: The Minerals Management Service (MMS), as part of its continuing effort to reduce the paperwork and respondent burden (required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, Pub. L. 96–511, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), provides the general public, industry, and State and other Federal agencies an opportunity to comment on current and proposed information collection requirements. The MMS will evaluate all comments and will revise reporting and recordkeeping requirements, as appropriate, to minimize respondent burdens. This notice specifically requests comments regarding the information collection burdens imposed by MMS regulations on lessees that conduct well-workover operations in the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). Comments will be used in the preparation of an information collection request to be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the renewal of information collection authorizations.

DATES: Comments may be submitted on or before November 15, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Comments and suggestions on these collection requirements should be submitted to Gerald D. Rhodes; Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards; Offshore Rules and Operations Division; Mail Stop 4700; Minerals Management Service; 381 Elden Street; Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817, with copies to the Bureau Clearance Officer; Mail Stop 2300; 381 Elden Street; Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817 and to the Office of Management and Budget; Paperwork Reduction Project (1010–0043); Washington, DC 20503, telephone (202) 395–7340.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the current information collection requirements and supporting material may be obtained by contacting Gerald D. Rhodes; Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards; telephone (703) 787–1600 or (FTS) 393–1600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The OCS Lands Act, 43 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.*, gives the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) the responsibility to preserve, protect, and develop oil and gas resources in the OCS in a manner which is consistent with the need to make such resources available to meet the Nation's energy needs as rapidly as possible; balance orderly energy resources development with protection of the human, marine, and coastal environment; ensure the public a fair and equitable return on OCS resources; and preserve and maintain free enterprise competition. To carry out these responsibilities, the Secretary has authorized the Director of MMS to issue rules governing OCS oil and gas and sulphur lease operations. The rules governing well-workover operations are contained in 30 CFR part 250, Subpart F—Well-Workover Operations.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 requires MMS to obtain approval of the information collection requirements for subpart F from OMB. The MMS obtained approval for the information collection requirements for subpart F in January 1988 during the restructuring and consolidation of the offshore operating regulations under 30 CFR part 250. This information collection was approved by OMB through January 31, 1991.

II. Current Actions

The MMS is preparing an information collection request that will be submitted to OMB in order to obtain renewal of the authorization for information collections for subpart F. An information collection authorization request must contain a description of the information collection requirements, statements justifying their collection, and responses to comments from individuals affected by the information collection. This notice provides a brief description of the information collection requirements for subpart F and the estimated burden for industry to prepare the information.

III. Request for Comments

The sections of subpart F that contain information collection requirements are listed below, along with MMS's estimates of the average number of annual responses, completion time per response, recordkeeping hours per lessee, and burden hours for each requirement. The burden hours have been calculated by multiplying the estimated number of well-workover activities (400) that will likely occur on OCS oil and gas leases during the next year and the estimated time to prepare the required information or recordkeeping. The MMS requests the oil and gas and sulphur industries and other interested parties to comment on these information collection requirements, including comments regarding the clarity of the information requirements, availability of required information, estimated burden hours, and frequency of collection.

(a) *Section 250.96 Crew instructions.* Record date and time of crew safety meetings—0 responses per year, 0 hours per response, 40 hours of recordkeeping (1 recordkeeping entry per crew x 2 crews per workover x 400 workovers x 0.05 hours per entry), 40 burden hours.

(b) *Section 250.101 Traveling-block safety device.* Record results of weekly operational check of safety device—0 responses per year, 0 hours per response, 40 hours of recordkeeping (1 operational check per week x average of 2 weeks per workover operation x 400 workovers x 0.05 hours recordkeeping time per entry), 40 burden hours.

(c) *Section 250.105 Blowout prevention equipment.* Well-control procedure for annular preventer when expected surface pressure exceeds rated working pressure submitted to District Supervisor, as appropriate—10 responses per year, 1.0 hours per response, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 10 burden hours.

(d) *Section 250.106 Blowout preventer system testing, records, and drills.* Record pressure testing, actuations, and inspections of the blowout preventer system, system components, and marine risers or record reason for postponing testing—0 responses per year, 0 hours per response, 155 hours of recordkeeping (375 tests x 0.4 hours to document test + 25 postponed tests x 0.2 hours to document reason for test delay = 150 + 5 hours of recordkeeping), 155 burden hours.

(e) *Section 250.107 Tubing and wellhead equipment.* Casing shall be pressure tested, calipered, or otherwise evaluated every 30 days following prolonged operations that could damage casing, and results should be submitted to the District Supervisor—10 responses per year, 0.5 hours per response, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 5 burden hours.

The total annual information collection burden on lessees for subpart F is estimated to be 250 hours.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the information collection request submitted to OMB for approval of this information collection. These comments will also become a matter of public record.

Authority: Section 204, Pub. L. 95–372, 92 Stat. 629 (43 U.S.C. 1334).

Dated: October 4, 1990.

Ed Cassidy,

Deputy Director, Minerals Management Service.

[FR Doc. 90–24268 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–MR–M

Information Collection Requirements for Subpart G, Abandonment of Wells

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service, Interior.

ACTION: Request for comments on the information collection requirements for Subpart G—Abandonment of Wells, 30 CFR part 250 (OMB No. 1010–0079).

SUMMARY: The Minerals Management Service (MMS), as part of its continuing effort to reduce the paperwork and respondent burden (required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, Pub. L. 96–511, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), provides the general public, industry, and State and other Federal agencies an opportunity to comment on current and proposed information collection requirements. The MMS will evaluate all comments and will revise reporting and recordkeeping requirements, as appropriate, to minimize respondent burdens. This notice specifically requests comments regarding the information collection burdens imposed by MMS regulations on lessees that plan to maintain the temporarily abandoned status of a well drilled under an oil and gas or sulphur lease in the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). Comments will be used in the preparation of an information collection request to be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the renewal of information collection authorizations.

DATES: Comments may be submitted on or before November 15, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Comments and suggestions on these collection requirements should be submitted to Gerald D. Rhodes, Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards, Offshore Rules and Operations Division, Mail Stop 4700, Minerals Management Service, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817, with copies to the Bureau Clearance Officer, Mail Stop 2300, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817 and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1010–0079), Washington, DC 20503, telephone (202) 395–7340.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the current information collection requirements and supporting material may be obtained by contacting Gerald D. Rhodes, Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards, telephone (703) 787–1600 or (FTS) 393–1600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The OCS Lands Act, 43 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.*, gives the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) the responsibility to preserve, protect, and develop oil and gas resources in the OCS in an appropriate manner. The OCS Lands Act requires the holders of OCS oil and gas and sulphur leases to conduct operations using technology, precautions, and techniques sufficient to prevent or minimize physical obstruction to other users of the waters or subsoil and seabed, or other occurrences which may cause damage to the environment or to property, or endanger life or health. To carry out these responsibilities, the Secretary has authorized the Director of MMS to issue regulations governing OCS oil and gas and sulphur lease operations. The rules governing the temporary abandonment of a drilling well are contained in 30 CFR Part 250, Subpart G—Abandonment of Wells. The information collected under Subpart G is evaluated by MMS to determine the necessity for allowing a well to remain in a temporarily abandoned status.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 requires MMS to obtain approval of the information collection requirements for subpart G from OMB. The MMS obtained approval for the information collection requirements for subpart G in January 1988 during the restructuring and consolidation of the offshore operating regulations under 30 CFR part 250. This information collection was approved by OMB through January 31, 1991.

II. Current Actions

The MMS is preparing an information collection request that will be submitted to OMB in order to obtain renewal of the authorization for information collections for subpart G. An information collection authorization request must contain a description of the information collection requirements, statements justifying their collection, and responses to comments from individuals affected by the information collection. This notice provides a brief description of the information collection requirements for subpart G and the estimated burden for industry to complete the required information.

III. Request for Comments

The section of subpart G that contains an information collection requirement is listed below, along with MMS's estimates of the number of annual reports, completion time per report, and total burden hours for the requirement. The total burden for reporting has been calculated by multiplying the estimated number of reentry reports that will be submitted in a year by the estimated time to complete each report. The MMS requests the oil and gas and sulphur industries and other interested parties to comment on these information collection requirements, including comments regarding the clarity of the information requirements, availability of required information, estimated burden hours, and frequency of collection.

Section 250.113 Temporary abandonment. An annual report describing plans for reentry to complete or permanently abandon well—1,000 reports per year, 0.25 hours per report, 250 total burden hours.

The total annual information collection burden on lessees for subpart G is 250 hours.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the information collection package submitted to OMB for approval of this information collection. These comments will also become a matter of public record.

Authority: Sec. 204, Pub. L. 95–372, 92 Stat. 629 (43 U.S.C. 1334).

Dated: October 4, 1990.

Ed Cassidy,

Deputy Director, Minerals Management Service.

[FR Doc. 90–24269 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–MR–M

Information Collection Requirements for Prospecting for Minerals Other Than Oil, Gas, and Sulphur in the Outer Continental Shelf

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service, Interior.

ACTION: Request for comments on the information collection requirements for Prospecting for Minerals Other Than Oil, Gas, and Sulphur in the Outer Continental Shelf, 30 CFR part 280 (OMB No. 1010–0072).

SUMMARY: The Minerals Management Service (MMS), as part of its continuing effort to reduce the paperwork and respondent burden (required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, Pub. L. 96–511, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), provides the general public, industry, and State and other Federal agencies an opportunity to comment on current and proposed information collection requirements. The MMS will evaluate all comments and will revise reporting and recordkeeping requirements, as appropriate, to minimize respondent burdens. This notice specifically requests comments regarding the information collection burdens imposed by MMS regulations on Prospecting for Minerals Other Than Oil, Gas, and Sulphur in the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). Comments will be used in the preparation of an information collection request to be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the renewal of information collection authorizations.

DATE: Comments may be submitted on or before November 15, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Comments and suggestions on these collection requirements should be submitted to Gerald D. Rhodes, Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards, Offshore Rules and Operations Division, Mail Stop 4700, Minerals Management Service, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817, with copies to the Bureau Clearance Officer, Mail Stop 2300, 381 Elden Street, Herndon, Virginia 22070–4817 and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1010–0072), Washington, DC 20503, telephone (202) 395–7340.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the current information collection requirements and supporting material may be obtained by contacting Gerald D. Rhodes, Chief, Branch of Rules, Orders, and Standards, telephone (703) 787–1600 or (FTS) 393–1600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Section 8(k) of the OCS Lands Act, 43 U.S.C. 1337, authorizes the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) "* * * to grant to the qualified persons offering the highest cash bonuses on a basis of competitive bidding leases of any mineral other than oil, gas, and sulphur in any area of the Outer Continental Shelf not then under lease for such mineral upon such royalty, rental, and other terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe * * *." To carry out these responsibilities, the Secretary has authorized the Director of MMS to issue rules governing the prospecting for minerals other than oil, gas, and sulphur. These rules are contained in 30 CFR Part 280—Prospecting for Minerals Other than Oil, Gas, and Sulphur in the OCS (Prospecting).

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 requires MMS to obtain approval of the information collection requirements for Prospecting from OMB. The MMS submitted an information collection authorization request for renewal in October 1989 and received approval for this information collection through January 1991.

II. Current Actions

The MMS is preparing an information collection request that will be submitted to OMB in order to obtain renewal of the information collection authorizations for Prospecting. An information collection authorization request must contain a description of the information collection requirements, statements justifying their collection, and responses to comments from individuals affected by the information collection. This notice provides a brief description of the information collection requirements for Prospecting and the estimated burden for industry to prepare the information.

III. Request for Comments

The sections of Prospecting that contain information collection requirements are listed below, along with MMS's estimates of the average number of annual responses, completion time per response, recordkeeping hours, and total burden hours for each requirement. The MMS requests the marine mining industry and other interested parties to comment on these information collection requirements, including comments regarding the clarity of the information requirements, availability of required information, estimated burden hours, and frequency of collection.

(a) Section 280.5 Application for a prospecting or scientific research permit. An application for a prospecting permit shall include name, address, and nationality of permittee and person(s) directly responsible for conducting the activities; description and map of the area(s) covered by the application; time covered by term of permit; description and schedule of activities to be conducted; prospecting plan; and indication of which data and information in the prospecting application are considered proprietary. An application for a scientific research permit shall include name of the person conducting the proposed research; type of research activity and manner in which it will be conducted; location of the proposed research activity designated on a map, plat, or chart; schedule for proposed scientific research activity; proposed time and manner in which the information and data resulting from the research will be made available to the public for inspection and reproduction; agreement that the information and data resulting from the scientific research activity will not be sold or withheld for exclusive use; name, registry number, registered owner, and port of registry of vessels used in the operation; and scientific research plan—9 applications per year, 10 hours per application, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 90 burden hours.

(b) *Section 280.6 Prospecting or scientific research plan.* The plan shall include identification of the mineral(s) or material(s) of interest; description of the activities to be conducted; type(s) of equipment to be used; name, registration, and mobile communication system of vessel(s); maps showing location of proposed activities and proposed survey grids for each surveying method; schedule for proposed activity; anticipated environmental consequences of proposed activity; mitigation measures used to avoid or minimize adverse environmental impacts of proposed activities; a plan for monitoring the effects of the activities on the environment; known archaeological resources in the area of the proposed activities; description of any potential conflicts with other uses or users in the permit area; and a drilling plan if appropriate—9 plans per year, 10 hours per plan, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 90 burden hours.

(c) *Section 280.7 Obligations of persons.* The permittee shall notify the Director of a substantial change from the approved plan—4 responses per year, 3 hours per response, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 12 burden hours.

(d) *Section 280.8 Reporting.* The quarterly report shall include a summary of the prospecting or scientific research activities conducted prior to the end of the reporting period and the results obtained—36 reports per year, 3.8 hours per report, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 136 burden hours.

(e) *Section 280.8 Reporting.* The final report shall include description of the work performed; charts, maps, or plats depicting the area and blocks in which any activities were conducted; dates actual activities were performed; summary of any mineral occurrences encountered including location, environmental features, and the nature and degree of adverse effects on the environment, aquatic life, archaeological resources, or other uses of the area; report of the results of the environmental monitoring; and descriptions of other activities conducted as specified by the Director—9 reports per year, 30 hours per report, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 270 burden hours.

(f) *Section 280.8 Reporting.* The permittee shall notify the Director of all serious accidents, any death or serious injury, or fire or explosion connected with any activity conducted—one response per year, 1 hour per response, 0 hours of recordkeeping, 1 burden hour.

(g) *Section 280.9 Recordkeeping.* A representative split of each geological sample and a quarter longitudinal segment of each core shall be available for inspection at the convenience of the Director for 1 year, and data and information collected under a permit, including environmental data and information; geological and geophysical data and information; drill logs; analyses of cores, cuttings, and samples; and maps and navigation tapes showing the location where samples were taken and test drilling conducted, shall be kept available for 3 years at a location approved by the Director—0 responses per year, 0 hours per response, 54 hours of recordkeeping, 54 burden hours.

The total annual information collection burden on permittees for Prospecting is estimated to be 653 hours.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the information collection request submitted to OMB for approval of this information collection. These comments will also become a matter of public record.

Authority: Section 204, Pub. L. 95–372, 92 Stat. 629 (43 U.S.C. 1337).

Dated: October 4, 1990.

Ed Cassidy,

Deputy Director, Minerals Management Service.

[FR Doc. 90–24270 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–MR–M

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places; Proposed NHL Boundaries

The National Park Service has been working to establish boundaries for all National Historic Landmarks for which no specific boundary was identified at the time of designation, and therefore, are without a clear delineation of the amount of property involved. The results of such designation make it important that we define specific boundaries for each landmark.

In accordance with the National Historic Landmark program regulations 36 CFR Part 65, the National Park Service notifies owners, public officials and other interested parties and provides them with an opportunity to make comments on the proposed boundaries.

Comments on the proposed boundaries will be received for 60 days after the date of this notice. Please address replies to Jerry L. Rogers, Associate Director, Cultural Resources, and Keeper of the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013–7127, Attention: Chief of Registration (202) 343–9536. Copies of the documentation of the landmarks and their proposed boundaries, including maps may be obtained from that same office.

Carol D. Shull,

Chief of Registration, National Register of Historic Places, Interagency Resources Division.

Hull-Rust-Mahoning National Historic Landmark St. Louis County, MN

Verbal Boundary Description:

The west one-quarter of the district includes southwestern, western, and northwestern boundaries of the district. These are drawn to include all historic mines associated with the large continuous Hull-Rust-Mahoning pit. They follow the southern and western rims of the historic mines in this area or straight lines connecting the rims (as with the Morton, Carmi, and Lamberton mines). The decision to follow the west and north edges of section 3 T58N R21W was determined by the local description of the mine leases in this area and by the total inaccessibility of this portion of the district. The northwest boundary of the district heads east to meet the north rim of the Kerr Mine which itself is part of the continuous large Hull-Rust-Mahoning pit.

Biltmore National Historic Landmark Ashville, NC

Verbal Boundary Description:

Beginning at the intersection of McDowell Street and the private road, proceed west along the southern curb of the private road, when the private road curves south, continue in the same westward direction to the south bank of the French Broad River; thence west along said bank 1.5 miles, thence southwest to the opposite bank of the river; thence northwest to the 2000' contour line; thence southwest to the east curb of Brevard Road; thence southerly along said curb to its intersection with Interstate 26; thence southeast along the west curb of Interstate 26 to the north curb of the Blue Ridge Parkway; thence follow said curb southeast, east, north, east, and northeast to the west curb of 2000, more or less, to a point; thence north to the southern curb of Cedar Cliff Road; thence northeast along said curb to its intersection with the west curb of Vanderbilt Forest Road; thence northerly along said curb to the point of origin.

Long Wharf and Custom House Block National Historic Landmark Boston, MA

Verbal Boundary Description:

Beginning at the intersection of the outer line of the southern bulkhead of Long Wharf and a line of convenience parallel to and 40 feet west of the west wall of the brick warehouse known as the Chart House; thence, northerly along said line of convenience 180 feet to a point; thence, easterly along a second line of convenience drawn at a right angle to the first approximately 170 feet to the northern bulkhead of Long Wharf; thence, easterly along the outer line of said northern bulkhead of Long Wharf (approximately 430 feet), southerly along the outer line of the eastern bulkhead of Long Wharf (approximately 220 feet), and westerly along the outer line of the southern bulkhead of Long Wharf (approximately 580 feet) to the point of beginning.

[FR Doc. 90–24261 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–70–M

Mississippi River Coordinating Commission Meeting

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets the schedule for the forthcoming meeting of the Mississippi River Coordinating Commission. Notice of this meeting is required under the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

DATES: October 26, 1990; 8:30 a.m. to 12 a.m.

ADDRESSES: Council Chambers, Metropolitan Council, Mears Park Centre, 230 East Fifth Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Norman J. Reigle, Superintendent, Mississippi National River and Recreation Area, Post Office Box 65456, St. Paul, MN 55165–0456 (612–290–4160).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Mississippi River Coordinating Commission was established by Pub. L. 100–696, November 18, 1988.

Dated: September 26, 1990.

Don H. Castleberry,

Regional Director, Midwest Region.

[FR Doc. 90–24259 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–70–M

Upper Delaware Scenic and Recreational River

AGENCY: National Park Service; Upper Delaware Citizens Advisory Council.

ACTION: Notice of change of meeting date.

SUMMARY: This notice changes the date of the October, 1990, meeting of the Upper Delaware Citizens Advisory Council. Notice of this meeting change is required under the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

DATE: November 2, 1990.

TYPE OF MEETING: Business.

ADDRESSES: Town of Tusten Hall, Bridge Street, Narrowsburg, New York.

Press Releases containing specific information regarding the subject of the monthly meeting will be published in the following area newspapers:

The Sullivan County Democrat
The Times Herald Record
The River Reporter
The Tri-state Gazette
The Pike County Dispatch
The Wayne Independent
The Hawley News Eagle
The Weekly Almanac

Announcements of cancellation due to inclement weather will be made by radio stations WDNH, WDLC, WSUL, and WVOS.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John T. Hutzky, Superintendent; Upper Delaware Scenic and Recreational River, P.O. Box C, Narrowsburg, New York 12764–0159; 717–729–8251.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Advisory Council was established under section 704(f) of the National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978, Public Law 95–625, 16 U.S.C. s1724 note, to encourage maximum public involvement in the development and implementation of the plans and programs authorized by the Act. The Council is to meet and report to the Delaware River Basin Commission, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Governors of New York and Pennsylvania in the preparation and implementation of the management plan, and on programs which relate to land and water use in the Upper Delaware Region.

All meetings are open to the public. Any member of the public may file with the Council a written statement concerning agenda items. The statement should be addressed to the Upper Delaware Citizens Advisory Council, P.O. Box 84, Narrowsburg, New York 12764. Minutes of the meeting will be available for inspection four weeks after the meeting, at the permanent headquarters of the Upper Delaware Scenic and Recreational River, River Road, 1-¾ miles north of Narrowsburg, New York; Damascus Township, Pennsylvania.

James W. Coleman, Jr.,

Regional Director, Mid-Atlantic Region.

[FR Doc. 90–24260 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–70–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance issued during the period September and October 1990.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) That sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) That increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,674; Remington Building Products, Millen, GA

TA–W–24,658; Woodstock Die Cast, Woodstock IL

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility has not been met for the reasons specified.

TA–W–24,683; Diebold, Inc., Canton, OH

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,696; Pharmacia Diagnostics, Inc., Fairfield, NJ

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,697; Phoenix Tube, New Brunswick, NJ

The investigation revealed that criterion (1) has not been met. A significant number or proportion of the workers did not become totally or partially separated as required for certification.

TA–W–24,668; Kessler Knitting & Dye Div., Grand Rapids, MI

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations.

Affirmative Determinations

TA–W–24,721; QED Exploration, Inc., Denver, CO

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 28, 1989 and before October 1, 1990.

TA–W–24,659; D.T.W., Inc., Three River, MI

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 17, 1989.

TA–W–24,667; Kessler, Inc., Wayland, MI

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 17, 1989.

TA–W–24,662; Elkay Industries, Inc., Wilkes-Barre, PA

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662A; Elkay Industries, Inc., New York, NY

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662B; Elkay Industries, Inc., Sumter, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662C; Elkay Industries, Inc., Coward, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662D; Elkay Industries, Inc., Camden, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662E; Elkay Industries, Inc., Heath Springs, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662F; Elkay Industries, Inc., Olanta, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662G; Elkay Industries, Inc., Holly Hill, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662H; Elkay Industries, Inc., Cheraw, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662I; Elkay Industries, Inc., Williston, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

TA–W–24,662J; Elkay Industries, Inc., Turbeville, SC

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 15, 1989.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of September and October 1990. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons to write to the above address.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Marvin M. Fooks,

Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 90–24316 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

Determinations Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance issued during the period September 1990.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made and a certification of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance to be issued, each of the group eligibility requirements of section 222 of the Act must be met.

(1) That a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, have become totally or partially separated,

(2) That sales or production, or both, of the firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely, and

(3) That increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by the firm or appropriate subdivision have contributed importantly to the separations, or threat thereof, and to the absolute decline in sales or production.

Negative Determinations

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criterion (3) has not been met. A survey of customers indicated that increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,701; Ted Butcher, Inc., Sequim, WA

TA–W–24,649; Package machinery Co., Reed Div., Stafford Springs, CT

TA–W–24,703; Watervliet Paper Co., Watervliet, MI

TA–W–24,632; Anchor Hocking Packaging Co., Connellsville, PA

TA–W–24,640; J.L. Coombs, Inc., Phillip, ME

TA–W–24,653; Signal Apparel, Inc., New Tazwell, TN

TA–W–24,685; Fairset Manufacturing Co., New York, NY

TA–W–24,656; Welchem, Inc., Houston, TX

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility has not been met for the reasons specified.

TA–W–24,675; Royal Canin U.S.A., Inc., Everson, PA

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,700; Smithkline Beecham, Bristol, TN

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,686; Gaylord Container Corp., Baltimore, OH

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,690; Kaman Instrumention, Colorado Springs, CO

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations

TA–W–24,664; Fourply, Inc, Grants Pass, OR

U.S. imports of softwood plywood were negligible.

TA–W–24,638; Fryburg Trucking Service, Inc., Belfield, ND

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA–W–24,646; Mike Byrd Casing Crews, Inc., Hamlin, TX

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA–W–24,679; Bohemia, Inc., Culp Creek, OR

U.S. imports of softwood were negligible during the relevant time period.

TA–W–24,666; Halstead Industries, Inc., Zelienople, PA

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,717; Joshi Technologies International, Tulsa, OK

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA–W–24,673; Prairie Producing Co., Houston, TX

Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the firm.

TA–W–24,680; Bradford Pipe, Inc., Titusville, PA

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

TA–W–24,681; Bradford, Inc., Bradford, PA

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Certifications

TA–W–24,647; Nelson Drilling, Inc., Gillette, WY

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 9, 1989.

TA–W–24,654; Terex Corp., Northwest Engineering, Green Bay, WI

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 10, 1989.

TA–W–24,682; D&G Shake Co., Inc., Amanda Park, WA

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 12, 1989.

TA–W–24,698; Schott Electronics, Inc., Seymour, CT

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 23, 1989.

TA–W–24,618; Oxford of Covington, Covington, GA

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after June 29, 1989.

TA–W–24,631; American Lantern Co., Newport, AR

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 8, 1989.

TA–W–24,720; Nidec Corp., Torrington, CT

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 27, 1989.

TA–W–24,677; Thor Energy, Shreveport, LA

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 12, 1989.

TA–W–24,665; General Electric Motor Division, Holland, MI

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 16, 1989.

TA–W–24,699; Skagit Shake Co., Concrete, WA

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 11, 1989.

TA–W–24,663; Fisher Price, Inc., Holland, NY

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 20, 1989.

TA–W–24,670; MGM, Inc., Mohall, ND

A certification was issued covering all workers separated on or after July 16, 1989.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of September 1990. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: October 4, 1990.

Marvin M. Fooks,

Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 90–24317 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

Job Training Partnership Act: Announcement of Proposed Noncompetitive Grant Award

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Notice of intent to award a noncompetitive grant.

SUMMARY: The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) announces its intent to modify our current grant on a non-competitive basis with the National Youth Employment Coalition for the provision of Specialized Services under the authority of the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA).

DATES: It is anticipated that this grant agreement will be executed by November 9, 1990, and will be funded for one year. Submit comments by 4:45 p.m. (Eastern Time), on October 31, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments regarding this proposed assistance award to: U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Room C–4305, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210, Attention: Charlotte Adams; Reference FR–DAA–001–91.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) announces its intent to modify its current grant with the National Youth Employment Coalition. The grantee will promote the development of coalitions at the local level among training and employment service providers and private sector employers, to identify and test more effective cooperative approaches and strategies for enhancing long-term training and job opportunities for youth. Funds for this activity are authorized by the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA), as amended, Title IV—Federally Administered Programs. The proposed funding is approximately $50,000 for a one-year period.

Signed at Washington, DC, on October 3, 1990.

Robert D. Parker,

ETA Grant Officer.

[FR Doc. 90–24321 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

[TA–W–24,551]

Helmerich and Payne, Inc. Iraan, TX; Dismissal of Application for Reconsideration

Pursuant to 29 CFR 90.18 an application for administrative reconsideration was filed with the Director of the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance for workers at Helmerich and Payne, Inc., Iraan, Texas. The review indicated that the application contained no new substantial information which would bear importantly on the Department's determination. Therefore, dismissal of the application was issued.

TA–W–24,551; Helmerich and Payne, Incorporated Iraan, Texas (October 4, 1990)

Signed at Washington, DC, this 10th day of October, 1990.

Marvin M. Fooks,

Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 90–24318 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

Mine Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. M–90–145–C]

Rawl Sales and Processing Co.; Petition for Modification of Application of Mandatory Safety Standard

Rawl Sales and Processing Company, P.O. Box 722, Matewan, West Virginia 25678 has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 75.900 (low- and medium-voltage circuits serving three-phase alternating current equipment; circuit breakers) to its Rocky Hollow Mine (I.D. No. 46–05195) located in Mingo County, West Virginia. The petition is filed under section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977.

A summary of the petitioner's statements follows:

1. The petition concerns the requirement that low- and medium-voltage power circuits serving three-phase alternating current equipment be protected by suitable circuit breakers of adequate interrupting capacity which are properly tested and maintained. Such breakers are required to be equipped with devices to provide protection against undervoltage, grounded phase, short circuit, and overcurrent.

2. As an alternate method, petitioner proposes to use shunt-trip circuit breakers and relays to obtain undervoltage protection with specific equipment and procedures as outlined in the petition.

3. The use of undervoltage circuit breakers creates an extremely hazardous safety condition. Whenever the power blinks, workers are dashing to each belt drive location to reset the circuit breakers. A sense of urgency often causes the workers to take unplanned actions which places their safety and that of their fellow workers in jeopardy.

4. Petitioner states that the proposed alternate method will provide the same degree of safety for the miners affected as that provided by the standard.

Request for Comments

Persons interested in this petition may furnish written comments. These comments must be filed with the Office of Standards, Regulations and Variances, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Room 627, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22203. All comments must be postmarked or received in that office on or before November 15, 1990. Copies of the petition are available for inspection at that address.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Patricia W. Silvey,

Director, Office of Standards, Regulations and Variances.

[FR Doc. 90-24319 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-43-M

[Docket No. M-90-142-C]

Wolf-Creek Collieries Co.; Petition for Modification of Application of Mandatory Safety Standard

Wolf-Creek Collieries Company, Caller 802, Lovely, Kentucky 41231, has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 75.900 (low- and medium-voltage circuits serving three-phase alternating current equipment; circuit breakers) to its No. 4 Mine (I.D. No. 15-04020) located in Martin County, Kentucky. The petition is filed under section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977.

A summary of the petitioner's statements follows:

1. The petition concerns the requirement that low- and medium-voltage power circuits serving three-phase alternating current equipment be protected by suitable circuit breakers of adequate interrupting capacity which are properly tested and maintained as prescribed by the Secretary and that such breakers be equipped with devices to provide protection against undervoltage, grounded phase, short circuit, and overcurrent.

2. The petitioner states that application of the standard would result in a diminution of safety for the following reasons:

(a) The mine is an old, extensively worked mine which has frequent power outages and an inconsistent power supply.

(b) After each power outage, a worker must go to each pump location and reset the breakers before the pumps will resume operating. This results in hasty, unplanned travel to old abandoned areas of the mine.

(c) Some areas of the mine accumulate water during the time involved in resetting power to the pumps.

3. The petitioner feels that the use of pump power contactors would provide the same degree of protection as the standard.

4. For these reasons, the petitioner requests a modification of the standard.

Request for Comments

Persons interested in this petition may furnish written comments. These comments must be filed with the Office of Standards, Regulations and Variances, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Room 627, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22203. All comments must be postmarked or received in that office on or before November 15, 1990. Copies of the petition are available for inspection at that address.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Patricia W. Silvey,

Director, Office of Standards, Regulations and Variances.

[FR Doc. 90-24320 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-43-M

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

National Film Preservation Board; Public Meeting, Dayton, OH

November 1, 1990.

AGENCY: Library of Congress, National Film Preservation Board.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

This notice is issued pursuant to Public Law 100-446, The National Film Preservation Act of 1988, 2 U.S.C. 178, by Dr. James H. Billington, the Librarian of Congress, to inform the public that the next meeting of the National Film Preservation Board will be held in Dayton, Ohio. The meeting will be held on Thursday, November 1, 1990 at 1:30 p.m., at Wright State University, University Center, room 155. The meeting site is located on the campus of Wright State University on University Center Drive. If necessary, the Board will also meet on Friday, November 2, at 9:30 a.m., at the same location.

For more information on the meeting location call the Library of Congress Public Information Office (202) 707-5000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eric Schwartz, Counsel, The National Film Preservation Board, Library of Congress, Washington, DC 20540. Telephone: (202) 707-8350.

Dated: October 11, 1990.

Approved by:

James H. Billington,

The Librarian of Congress.

[FR Doc. 90-24314 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1410-16-M

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 90-79]

NASA Advisory Council (NAC), Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee (SSAAC), Life Sciences Subcommittee; Meeting

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a forthcoming meeting of the NASA Advisory Council, Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee, Life Sciences Subcommittee.

DATES: October 23, 1990, 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.; and October 24, 1990, 8:30 a.m. to 1:15 p.m.

ADDRESSES: Holiday Inn-Capitol, Columbia B Room, 500 C Street, SW., Washington, DC 20024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Ronald J. White, Code SB, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546 (202/453-2128).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee consults with and advises the NASA Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) on long-range plans for, work in progress on, and accomplishments of NASA's Space Science and Applications programs. The Life Science Subcommittee provides advice to the Life Sciences Division concerning all of its programs in the space life sciences. the Subcommittee will meet to discuss Life Sciences status and issues, activities of the Office of Space Science and Applications, and reports on Life Sciences activities. The Subcommittee is chaired by Dr. Francis J. Haddy and is composed of 22 members. The meeting will be closed October 24, from 12:15 p.m. to 1:15 p.m. to discuss and evaluate qualifications of candidates being considered for membership on the Subcommittee. Such discussions would invade the privacy of the individuals involved. Since this session will be concerned with matters listed in 5 U.S.C. 552(c) (6), it has been determined that the meeting will be closed to the public

for this period of time. The remainder of the meeting will be open to the public up to the capacity of the room (approximately 45 including Subcommittee members). It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants.

TYPE OF MEETING: Open—except for a closed session as noted in the agenda below.

Agenda

Tuesday, October 23

8:30 a.m.—Introductory Remarks.
8:45 a.m.—Office of Space Science and Applications Status.
9:30 a.m.—Life Sciences Status.
10:45 a.m.—Reports on Activities of Other Advisory Committees.
11:15 a.m.—Summary of Life Sciences Activities.
1:30 p.m.—Review of Life Sciences Report to Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee (SSAAC).
2:30 p.m.—Search for Extraterrestrial Intelligence (SETI) Program Overview.
3:30 p.m.—NASA Activities Related to Biospheric Research Program and Earth Observing system (EOS).
4:30 p.m.—New Life Sciences Strategic Plan/Revision of "Rationale * * *" Document.
5:30 p.m.—Adjourn.

Wednesday, October 24

8:30 a.m.—Life Sciences Report to SSAAC.
9:30 a.m.—Lifesat Update: Relation to Radiation Program.
11:15 a.m.—Committee Strategy and Actions.
12:15 p.m.—Closed Session.
1:15 p.m.—Adjourn.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

John W. Gaff,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

[FR Doc. 90-24331 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

[Notice 90-80]

NASA Advisory Council (NAC), Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee (SSAAC); Meeting

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a forthcoming meeting of the NASA Advisory Council, Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee.

DATES: October 31, 1990, 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.; November 1, 1990, 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.; and November 2, 1990, 8:30 a.m. to 3 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 600 Independence Avenue SW., room 226A, Washington, DC 20546.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Joseph K. Alexander, Code S, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546 (202/453-1430).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee consults with and advises the NASA Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) on long range plans for, work in progress on, and accomplishments of NASA's Space Science and Applications programs. The Committee will meet to discuss the Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) Program Status, Fiscal Year 1991 and Future Issues. The Committee is chaired by Dr. Berrien Moore and is composed of 26 members. The meeting will be open to the public up to the capacity of the room (approximately 50 including Committee members). It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants.

Type of Meeting: Open.

Agenda

Wednesday, October 31

8:30 a.m.—Introductory Remarks.
8:45 a.m.—Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) Overview.
10:40 a.m.—Committee Discussion.
1:15 p.m.—Report on Hubble Space Telescope.
2 p.m.—Report on Magellan.
2:30 p.m.—Report on Comet Rendezvous Asteroid Flyby (CRAF)/Cassini.
3:30 p.m.—OSSA Program Issues.
4:30 p.m.—Committee Discussion.
5:30 p.m.—Adjourn.

Thursday, November 1

8:30 a.m.—Committee Business.
8:45 a.m.—Report on the Space Station Science and Applications Advisory Subcommittee (SSSAAS).
9:15 a.m.—Report on Exploration Science Working Group (EXSWG).
9:45 a.m.—Divisional Discussions.
5:30 p.m.—Adjourn.

Friday, November 2

8:30 a.m.—Writing Groups.
11:30 a.m.—Committee Discussion.
1:30 p.m.—Meeting with the OSSA Associate Administrator.
3 p.m.—Adjourn.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

John W. Gaff,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

[FR Doc. 90-24332 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

[Notice 90-81]

NASA Advisory Council (NAC), Space Station Science and Applications Advisory Subcommittee (SSSAAS); Meeting

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of Meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a forthcoming meeting of the NASA Advisory Council, Space Station Science and Applications Advisory Subcommittee (SSSAAS).

DATES: October 29, 1990, 8:30 a.m. to 10 p.m.; October 30, 1990, 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.; and October 31, 1990, 8 a.m. to 2 p.m.

ADDRESSES: Greenbelt Marriott Hotel, 6400 Ivy Lane, Greenbelt, MD 20770.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Robert C. Rhome, Code S, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546 (202/453-1425).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Space Station Science and Applications Advisory Subcommittee (SSSAAS) reports to the Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee (SSAAC) and consults with and advises the NASA Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) on the new capabilities to be made available by the Space Station program and how these may be most effectively utilized. It also advises the NASA Space Station Freedom Office on how the Space Station program may most effectively support potential science and applications users. The Subcommittee will meet to receive reports from NASA Division representatives and discuss issues relating to Space Station Freedom. The Subcommittee is chaired by Dr. Robert J. Bayuzick and is composed of 20 members. The meeting will be closed on Tuesday, October 30, 1990, at 7:30 p.m.–10 p.m. to allow for a discussion on qualifications of individuals being considered for membership to the Space Station Science and Applications Advisory

Subcommittee. Such a discussion would invade the privacy of the individuals involved. Since this session will be concerned with matters listed in 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(6), it has been determined that the meeting will be closed to the public for this period of time. The remainder of the meeting will be open to the public up to the seating capacity of the room (approximately 50 people including members of the Group). It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants.

Type of Meeting: Open—except for a closed session, as noted in the agenda below.

Agenda

Monday, October 29

8:30 a.m.—Opening Remarks.
9 a.m.—Outlook of Space Science and Applications Outlook-Fiscal Year 1991.
9:30 a.m.—Reports on Space Station Freedom (SSF).
11 a.m.—Science Utilization Management (SUM) Support of the SSF Preliminary Review Process.
11:30 a.m.—Multilateral Science Working Group Status.
1 p.m.—Bartering and Cooperative Programs Status.
1:30 p.m.—Exploration and Technology SSF Utilization Plans.
2:15 p.m.—Office of Commercial Programs SSF Utilization Plans.
3 p.m.—Splinter Group Sessions.
7:30 p.m.—Splinter Group Sessions.
10 p.m.—Adjourn.

Tuesday, October 30

8 a.m.—Utilization Technical Working Group (UTWG).
8:45 a.m.—Small Attached and Rapid Response (SARR) Project Status.
9:45 a.m.—Robotics Laboratory Briefing.
1 p.m.—SSF Data Management System Briefing.
3:30 p.m.—Reports on Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) Data Issues Update.
4 p.m.—Science Operations Workshop, Plenary Discussions and Findings.
7:30 p.m.—Closed session.
10 p.m.—Adjourn.

Wednesday, October 31

8 a.m.—Woods Hole Response Plan.
9 a.m.—Splinter Group Sessions.
10:30 a.m.—Early Utilization of SSF.
12 p.m.—Working Lunch—Splinter Group Sessions.
2 p.m.—Adjourn.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

John W. Gaff,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

[FR Doc. 90-24333 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

[Notice 90-82]

NASA Advisory Council (NAC), Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee (SSAAC), Microgravity Science and Applications Advisory Subcommittee; Meeting

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a forthcoming meeting of the NASA Advisory Council, Space Science and Applicantions Advisory Committee, Microgravity Science and Applications Advisory Subcommittee.

DATES: October 30, 1990, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

ADDRESSES: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 600 Independence Avenue, SW., room 226A, Washington, DC 20546.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Roger K. Crouch, Code SN, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546 (202/453-1490).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Space Science and Applications Advisory Committee consults with and advises the NASA Office of Space Science and Applications (OSSA) on long range plans for, and work in progress on, and accomplishments of NASA's Space Science and Applications programs. The Microgravity Science and Applications Advisory Subcommittee provides advice to the Microgravity Science and Applications Division concerning all of its programs in the microgravity sciences. The Subcommittee will meet to review the current status of the Microgravity Science and Applications Division. The Subcommittee is chaired by Dr. Dudley Saville and is composed of 7 members. The meeting will be open to the public up to the capacity of the room (approximately 20 including Subcommittee members). It is imperative that the meeting be held on this date to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants.

Type of Meeting: Open.

Agenda

Tuesday, October 30

9 a.m.—Introduction and Review of Current Status of the Microgravity Science and Applications Division.
10 a.m.—Discussion of the Role of the Prinicipal Investigator in Flight Hardware Development.
1 p.m.—Discussion of Science Objectives of the Division.
3 p.m.—Summary and Conclusions.
4 p.m.—Adjourn.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

John W. Gaff,

Advisory Committee Management Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

[FR Doc. 90-24334 Filed 10-15-90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Public Disclosure of Selected General Licensee Information

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Request for public comment.

SUMMARY: Any device used under the general license in § 31.5 must be manufactured and distributed under a specific license issued by the NRC or by an Agreement State. The device must be so designed that it can be operated by persons with no training in radiological protection. Usually it is required that installation, servicing and periodic testing of the device be performed by a specific licensee, usually the device vendor, whose training and experience with radiation have been evaluated by a regulatory agency. When the user no longer needs the device, it must be transferred to a specific licensee for disposal. Persons obtaining devices for use under a general license are identified to the NRC in quarterly reports of transfers. These reports are submitted by the specifically licensed distributors. The NRC is considering releasing the names and addresses of the general licensees identified in the quarterly reports of transfer. The NRC is soliciting comments whether this information should be made public.

DATE: Submit comments by November 15, 1990. Comments received after this date will be considered if it is practical to do so, but the Commission is able to assure consideration only for comments received by this date.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments to: David L. Meyer, Chief, Regulatory Publications Branch, Division of

Freedom of Information and Publications Services, Office of Administration, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555.

Hand deliver comments to: 7920 Norfolk Avenue, Bethesda, Maryland, between 7:45 a.m. and 4:14 p.m. on Federal workdays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Donnie H. Grimsley, Director, Division of Freedom of Information and Publications Services, Office of Administration, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555. Telephone (301) 492–7211.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NRC and the Agreement States regulate the distribution and use of all products within the United States that contain byproduct material. The NRC classifies the regulatory control of byproduct material into one of three categories: specific license, general license, or exempt from regulations. The classification depends on the type, quantity and use of the material.

Specific licenses are issued to persons who have filed an application demonstrating that their training, experience, equipment and facilities are adequate to perform the requested task to meet the NRC public health and safety protection requirements.

There are many products containing radioactive material that can be used by the general public and industry without extensive radiation safety program. These products contain relatively small amounts of radioactive materials that are sealed within the device (sealed source) so that they can be used by persons without radiological training. The products containing byproduct material, along with small amounts of source material, fall under the category of general licenses. General licenses are in effect for persons using certain radioactive material without the filing of an application with the Commission.

Devices used under the general licenses must be manufactured and distributed under a specific license. The specific license may be issued by the NRC or by an Agreement State. The radiation safety of the device design is evaluated against regulatory requirements prior to being listed on a specific authorizing distribution to general licensees.

Those who obtain devices under the general license are listed in the manufacturers quarterly reports of transfer to the NRC. Agreement State distributors have similar reporting requirements in that they are required to notify the NRC when they sell generally licensed devices in areas under NRC jurisdiction.

The general license policy was implemented in 1959 by the AEC as a means of simplifying the specific license process where a case-by-case determination of the adequacy of qualification is not necessary A generally licensed device uses radioactive material contained in a sealed source within a shielded device. The device is designed with inherent radiation safety features so that it can be used by persons without radiation training or experience beyond precautions which can be placed on a label or simple instruction guide.

The quarterly reports of transfer have, in the past, been withheld from public disclosure under 10 CFR 2.270. The NRC is considering making public the names and addresses of its general licensees because it now has an automated general license data base which allows it to extract the names and addresses of NRC general licensee without revealing any confidential data associated with the reports of transfer.

The NRC is proposing to place this information in its Public Document Room and update it semi-annually. Agreement State general licensees are not included in this data base and would, therefore, be excluded from the information that would be made publicly available in the NRC Public Document Room.

Any person who requests this type of information under the jurisdiction of an Agreement State should contact the Agreement State directly NRC is soliciting public comments to determine whether this information should now be made public.

Dated at Bethesda, Maryland, this 10th day of October 1990.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Donnie H. Grimsley,

Director, Division of Freedom of Information and Publications Services, Office of Administration.

[FR Doc. 90–24326 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Aviation Proceedings; Agreements Filed During the Week Ended October 5, 1990

The following Agreements were filed with the Department of Transportation under the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 412 and 414. Answers may be filed within 21 days of date of filing.

Docket number: 47196

Date filed: October 2, 1990
Parties: Members of the International Air Transport Association
Subject: Canada-Europe Expedited Resolutions
Proposed effective date. October 28, 1990

Docket number: 47198

Date filed: October 5, 1990
Parties: Members of the International Air Transport Association
Subject: USA–Europe Agreement
Proposed effective date: January 1, 1991

Phyllis T. Kaylor,

Chief, Documentary Services Division.

[FR Doc. 90–24277 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–62–M

Applications for Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Foreign Air Carrier Permits Filed During the Week Ended October 5, 1990

The following Applications for Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Foreign Air Carrier Permits were filed under subpart Q of the Department of Transportation's Procedural Regulations (See 14 CFR 302.1701 *et. seq.*). The due date for Answers, Conforming Applications, or Motions to Modify Scope are set forth below for each application. Following the answer period DOT may process the application by expedited procedures. Such procedures may consist of the adoption of a show-cause order a tentative order or in appropriate cases a final order without further proceedings.

Docket number: 47195

Date filed: October 1, 1990
Due date for answers conforming applications, or motion to modify scope: October 29, 1990
Description. Application of Air Micronesia, Inc., pursuant to section 401 of the Act and subpart Q of the Regulations, applies for an amendment to its certificate of public convenience and necessity for Route 170 to engage in foreign air transportation of persons, property and mail between Guam/Saipan and Seoul, Korea, and between Guam/Saipan and Taipei, Taiwan.

Docket number: 47199

Date filed: October 5, 1990
Due date for answers conforming applications, or motion to modify scope: November 2, 1990
Description. Application of American Airlines, Inc., pursuant to section 401 of the Act and subpart Q of the Regulations, applies for a certificate of public convenience and necessity so as to authorize foreign air

transportation of persons, property, and mail between Miami, Florida, and Mexico City, Mexico.

Phyllis T. Kaylor,

Chief, Documentary Services Division.

[FR Doc. 90–24278 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–62–M

Federal Aviation Administration

[Summary Notice No. PE–90–42]

Petitions for Exemption; Summary of Petitions Received; Dispositions of Petitions Issued

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of petitions for exemption received and of dispositions of prior petitions.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to FAA's rulemaking provisions governing the application, processing, and disposition of petitions for exemption (14 CFR part 11), this notice contains a summary of certain petitions seeking relief from specified requirements of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR chapter I), dispositions of certain petitions previously received, and corrections. The purpose of this notice is to improve the public's awareness of, and participation in, this aspect of FAA's regulatory activities. Neither publication of this notice nor the inclusion or omission of information in the summary is intended to affect the legal status of any petition or its final disposition.

DATES: Comments on petitions received must identify the petition docket number involved and must be received on or before: November 5, 1990.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on any petition in triplicate to:

Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Chief Counsel, Attn: Rules Docket (AGC–10), Petition Docket No. _____, 800 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20591.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The petition, any comments received, and a copy of any final disposition are filed in the assigned regulatory docket and are available for examination in the Rules Docket (AGC–10), Room 915G, FAA Headquarters Building (FOB 10A), 800 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone (202) 267–3132.

This notice is published pursuant to paragraphs (c), (e), and (g) of § 11.27 of part 11 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 11).

Issued in Washington, DC, on October 9, 1990.

Denise Donohue Hall,

Manager, Program Management Staff, Office of the Chief Counsel.

Petitions for Exemption

Docket No.: 18881
Petitioner: International Aerobatic Club
Sections of the FAR affected: 14 CFR 91.22(a)(1)
Description of relief sought: To extend Exemption No. 2689, as amended, which allows petitioner's members to participate and practice for participation in aerobatic competitions without meeting the fuel requirements for flight under visual flight rules. Exemption No. 2689, as amended, will expire on March 31, 1991.

Docket no.: 26346
Petitioner: United Airlines
Sections of the FAR affected: 14 CFR 121.417
Description of relief sought: To allow petitioner to accomplish the one-time emergency firefighting training for its crewmembers by using simulation rather than an actual fire.

[FR Doc. 90–24290 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

Federal Highway Administration

Environmental Impact Statement: Salt Lake County, UT

AGENCY: Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: The FHWA is issuing this notice to advise the public that an environmental impact statement will be prepared for the proposed highway project in Salt Lake County, UT.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bill Gedris, Environmental Coordinator, Federal Highway Administration, 2520 West 4700 South, Suite 9A, Salt Lake City, Utah 84118, Telephone: (801) 524–5141; or Tom Smith, Preconstruction Engineer, Utah Department of Transportation, District Two, 2060 South 2400 West, Salt Lake City, Utah 84104, Telephone: (801) 975–4806.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FHWA, in cooperation with the Utah Department of Transportation, will prepare an environmental impact statement (EIS) on a proposal to extend the planned West Valley Highway approximately 6 miles from 12600 South to a connection with I–15 near Draper or a Redwood Road connection south of Bluffdale in Salt Lake County, Utah. The proposed extension would provide increased traffic capacity for the west side of the Salt Lake City metropolitan area as a component of the planned West Valley Highway which is presently under various stages of design.

The concept of a West Valley Highway has been included in long-range transportation planning for the Salt Lake Valley for nearly 30 years and has received considerable public and political attention during the past several years. The extension proposed here will be an obvious and necessary component of that facility. Alternatives under consideration include (1) Taking no action, (2) using alternate travel routes, and (3) constructing the extension on one of several alternative alignments. Incorporated into and analyzed with the various build alternatives will be design variations of grade and alignment.

A scoping document describing the proposed action and soliciting comments, concerns, and issues will be sent to all appropriate Federal, State, and local agencies, and to private organizations and individuals expected to be interested in the project. A public scoping meeting will be scheduled and held in the city of Riverton in October of 1990. Notice of additional public scoping meetings to present information and solicit comments relative to alternatives for consideration and possible impacts will be given as the proposed project proceeds. Upon release of the draft EIS for public and agency review and comment, public notice will be given of the time and place for a public hearing to be held to receive comments.

To ensure that the full range of issues related to this proposed action are addressed and all significant issues are identified, comments and suggestions are invited from all interested parties. Comments or questions concerning this proposed action and the EIS should be directed to the FHWA or UDOT at the addresses provided above.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Number 20.205, Highway Research, Planning and Construction. The regulations impending Executive Order 12372 regarding intergovernmental consultation on Federal programs and activities apply to this program.)

Issued on: October 5, 1990.

Donald P. Steinke,

Division administrator, Salt Lake City, Utah.

[FR Doc. 90–24303 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–22–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Public Information Collection Requirements Submitted to OMB for Review

Date: October 10, 1990.

The Department of Treasury has submitted the following public information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, Pub. L. 96–511 Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by calling the Treasury Bureau Clearance Officer listed. Comments regarding this information collection should be addressed to the OMB reviewer listed and to the Treasury Department Clearance Officer, Department of the Treasury, room 3171 Treasury Annex, 1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washinton, DC 20220.

Internal Revenue Service

OMB Number: New

Form Number: IRS Form 8435.

Type: Volunteer Opportunity Survey

Description. The Volunteer Opportunity Survey provides the IRS Taxpayer Education Coordinators with information which they use in giving training and/or orientation to individuals who volunteer for any of the Internal Revenue Service's eight volunteer and education programs.

Respondents. Individuals or households, Federal agencies or employees, Non-profit institutions, Small businesses or organizations.

Estimated Number of Respondents. 40,000.

Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent: 10 minutes.

Frequency of Response: On occasion and Annually

Estimated Total Reporting Burden. 6,864 hours.

Clearance Officer: Garrick Shear, (202) 535–4297, Internal Revenue Service, room 5571, 1111 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washinton, DC 20224.

OMB Reviewer: Milo Sunderhauf, (202) 395–6880, Office of Management and Budget, room 3001 New Executive Office Building, Washington DC 20503.

Lois K. Holland,

Departmental Reports, Management Officer

[FR Doc. 90–24315 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4830–01–M

Office of Thrift Supervision

Superior Federal Savings Association; Appointment of Conservator

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the authority contained in section 5(d)(2) (B) and (H) of the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933, as amended by section 301 of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, the Office of Thrift Supervision has duly appointed the Resolution Trust Corporation as sole Conservator for Superior Federal Savings Association, Cleveland, Ohio, on October 5, 1990.

Dated: October 9, 1990

By the Office of Thrift Supervision.

Nadine Y. Washington,

Executive Secretary

[FR Doc. 90–24330 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6720–01–M

Replacement of Conservator With Receiver; First Federal Savings and Loan Association of Central Indiana

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the authority contained in subdivision (F) of section 5(d)(2) of the Home Owners Loan Act of 1933, as amended by section 301 of the Financial Institutions Reform Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, the Office of Thrift Supervision duly replaced the Resolution Trust Corporation as Conservator for First Federal Savings and Loan Association of Central Indiana, Anderson, Indiana, OTS Docket No 8704, with the Resolution Trust Corporation as sole Receiver for the Association on October 5, 1990.

Dated: October 9, 1990.

By the Office of Thrift Supervision.

Nadine Y. Washington,

Executive Secretary

[FR Doc. 90–24327 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6720–01–M

Replacement of Conservator With Receiver, Midwest Savings Association, F. A.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the authority contained in subdivision (F) of section 5 (d)(2) of the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933, as amended by section 301 of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, the Office of Thrift supervision duly replaced the Resolution Trust Corporation as Conservator for Midwest Savings Association, F.A., Minneapolis, Minnesota, with the Resolution Trust Corporation as sole Receiver for the Association on October 5, 1990.

Dated: October 9, 1990.

By the Office of Thrift Supervision,

Nadine Y. Washington,

Executive Secretary

[FR Doc. 90–24328 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6720–01–M

Appointment of Receiver, Superior Savings Association,

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the authority contained in section 5(d)(2)(C) of the Home Owners Loan Act of 1933, as amended by section 301 of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, the Office of Thrift Supervision has duly appointed the Resolution Trust Corporation as sole Receiver for Superior Savings Association, Cleveland, Ohio, Docket No 1640, on October 5, 1990.

Dated: October 9, 1990.

By the Office of Thrift Supervision,

Nadine Y. Washington,

Executive Secretary

[FR Doc. 90–24329 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6720–01–M

Sunshine Act Meetings

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices of meetings published under the "Government in the Sunshine Act" (Pub. L. 94-409) 5 U.S.C. 552b(e)(3).

BLACKSTONE RIVER VALLEY NATIONAL HERITAGE CORRIDOR; COMMISSION HEARING

There will be a public hearing on the draft Five Year Plan/Work Plan of the Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commission. Notice is hereby given in accordance with section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code, that this hearing will be held. The Commission was established pursuant to Public Law 99-647, in order to protect and interpret the nationally significant resources of the Blackstone Valley.

PLACE: Unitarian Church Hall, 13 Maple Street, Mendon, MA

DATE: October 27, 1990

TIME: 10:00 AM to 12:00 Noon

This is the opportunity for individuals, groups, or local governments to comment on the proposed work plan for the National Heritage Corridor. Projects which are consistent with the approved Plan for the National Heritage Corridor may be advocated at the hearing. Comments or presentations will be limited to 4 minutes each.

Comments may also be provided in writing. Comments received by October 22 will be brought to public attention at the Public Hearing. Written comments may be any length. All comments must be received in Commission Headquarters no later than October 30, 1990.

Copies of the Five Year Plan or the National Heritage Corridor Plan ("Cultural Heritage and Land Management Plan") may be obtained at Commission Headquarters.

Mailing address and phone: Blackstone River Valley NHC Commission, P.O. Box 34, Uxbridge, MA 01569, 508-278-9400

Street Address: 21 Mendon Street, Uxbridge, MA

Carol Dandrade,

Acting Executive Director, Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor.

[FR Doc. 90-24432 Filed 10-12-90; 12:57 pm]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-M

BLACKSTONE RIVER VALLEY

NATIONAL HERITAGE CORRIDOR

Meeting of the Commission

Notice is hereby given in accordance with section 552b of title 5, United States Code, that a meeting of the Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commission will be held on Thursday, November 1, 1990.

The Commission was established pursuant to Public Law 99-647. The purpose of the Commission is to assist federal, state and local authorities in the development and implementation of an integrated resource management plan for those lands and waters within the Corridor.

The meeting will convene at 7:00 p.m. at Blackstone Senior Center, Blackstone Municipal Building, St. Paul Street, Blackstone, MA for the following reasons:

1. Report of the Chairman.
2. Report of the Treasurer.
3. Report of the Executive Subcommittee for Budget and Administration: Work Plan/Five Year Plan; Policy Development Initiative.
4. Report of the Tourism and Economic Development Subcommittee.
5. Report of the Planning Subcommittee.
6. Report of the Public Information and Education Subcommittee.
7. Status of Corridor Legislation.
8. Report of the Town of Blackstone.
9. Public Comments.

It is anticipated that about twenty people will be able to attend the session in addition to the Commission members.

Interested persons may make oral or written presentations to the Commission or file written statements. Such requests should be made prior to the meeting to: James Pepper, Executive Director, Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commission, P.O. Box 34, Uxbridge, MA 01569. Telephone (508) 278-9400 or (508) 278-5124.

Further information concerning this meeting may be obtained from James Pepper, Executive Director of the Commission at the address below.

James Pepper,

Executive Director, Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commission.

[FR Doc. 90-24489 Filed 10-12-90; 3:52 pm]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-M

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

FEDERAL REGISTER CITATION OF PREVIOUS ANNOUNCEMENT: October 10, 1990, 55 FR 41306.

PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED TIME AND DATE OF MEETING: October 10, 1990, 10:00 a.m.

CHANGE IN THE MEETING: The following docket numbers have been added to the Agenda scheduled for October 10, 1990:

Item No., Docket No., and Company

CAG-8 CP78-124-017, Northern Border Pipeline Company

CAG-36 RP89-191-000, Northwest Pipeline Corporation

Lois D. Cashell,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90-24503 Filed 10-12-90; 4:01 pm]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMISSION

[USITC SE-90-24]

TIME AND DATE: Tuesday, October 23, 1990 at 10:30 a.m.

PLACE: Room 101, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20435.

STATUS: Open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Agenda
2. Minutes
3. Ratifications
4. Petitions and Complaints
5. Inv. No. 731-TA-455(F) (Certain Laser Light-Scattering Instruments and Parts Thereof from Japan)—briefing and vote.
6. Any items left over from previous agenda

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: Kenneth R. Mason, Secretary, (202) 252-1000.

Dated: October 9, 1990.

Kenneth R. Mason,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90-24462 Filed 10-12-90; 12:57 pm]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Parole Commission

Record of Vote

Authority: Public Law 94-409; 5 U.S.C. Section 552b.

I, Benjamin F. Baer, Chairman of the United States Parole Commission, presided at a meeting of said Commission which started at two o'clock p.m. on Friday, September 21, 1990 at the Commission's Central Office, 550 Friendship Boulevard, Chevy Chase, Maryland 20815, by conference telephone call. This meeting ending at or about 3:30 p.m. The purpose of this meeting was to discuss appropriate policy for the Commission to follow in compliance with the appellate court

decision rendered in *Rizzo* v. *Armstrong*, No. 89–55389 (9th Cir. August 30, 1990) (opinion to be published). This matter required immediate consideration. Seven Commissioners were in attendance, constituting a quorum when the vote for early consideration was submitted.

Upon motion duly made, seconded, and carried, the following Commissioners voted that Commission business required immediate consideration of the matters discussed: Benjamin F. Baer, Cameron M. Batjer, Jasper Clay, Jr., Vincent Fechtel, Jr., Carol Pavilack Getty, Daniel Lopez, and Victor M.F. Reyes.

In witness whereof, I make this official record of the vote taken for immediate consideration of the matters discussed at the meeting and authorize this record to be made available to the public.

Dated: September 21, 1990.

Benjamin F. Baer,

Chariman, U.S. Parole Commission.

[FR Doc. 90–24487 Filed 10–12–90; 2:19 pm]

BILLING CODE 4401–01–M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

DATE: Weeks of October 15, 22, 29, and November 5, 1990.

PLACE: Commissioners' Conference Room, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland.

STATUS: Open and Closed.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

Week of October 15

Monday, October 15

10:00 a.m.—Briefing on Regulatory Impact Survey Recommendations (Public Meeting)

2:00 p.m.—Briefing on Decoupling Siting Requirements from Future Designs and Update of Source Term Matters (Public Meeting)

Wednesday, October 17

11:30 a.m.—Affirmation/Discussion and Vote (Public Meeting)

a. Petitions to Intervene and Requests for Hearing in Shoreham Operating License Amendment Proceeding

b. Kerr-McGee's Motion for a Hearing Under section 274o

Week of October 22—Tentative

Thursday, October 25

10:00 a.m.—Periodic Briefing on Industry Implementation of Generic Safety Issues (Public Meeting)

Friday, October 26

10:00 a.m.—Briefing on NUMARC's Perspective of the State of the Nuclear Industry (Public Meeting)

11:30 a.m.—Affirmation/Discussion and Vote (PUBLIC MEETING) (if needed)

Week of October 29—Tentative

Monday, October 29

10:00 a.m.—Briefing on Issues Raised by the Provision Requiring Title Transfer of Low Level Waste (Public Meeting)

Tuesday, October 30

10:00 a.m.—Briefing on Nonprescriptive Nuclear Safety Regulation (Public Meeting)

Wednesday, October 31

10:00 a.m.—Discussion of Management-Organization and Internal Personnel Matters (Closed—Ex. 2 & 6)

11:30 a.m.—Affirmation/Discussion and Vote (Public Meeting) (if needed)

Week of November 5—Tentative

Thursday, November 8

10:00 a.m.—Briefing on Progress of Research in the Area of Organization and Management (Public Meeting)

2:00 p.m.—Periodic Meeting with the Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards (ACRS) (Public Meeting)

3:30 p.m.—Affirmation/Discussion and Vote (Public Meeting) (if needed)

Note: Affirmation sessions are initially scheduled and announced to the public on a time-reserved basis. Supplementary notice is provided in accordance with the Sunshine Act as specific items are identified and added to the meeting agenda. If there is no specific subject listed for affirmation, this means that no item has as yet been identified as requiring any Commission vote on this date.

TO VERIFY THE STATUS OF MEETINGS CALL: (Recording)—(301) 492–0292.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION: William Hill (301) 492–1661.

Dated: October 11, 1990.

William M. Hill, Jr.

Office of the Secretary

[FR Doc. 90–24502 Filed 10–12–90; 4:06 pm]

BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Agency Meeting

"FEDERAL REGISTER" CITATION OF PREVIOUS ANNOUNCEMENT: [55 FR 40994 October 5, 1990].

STATUS: Closed meeting.

PLACE: 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC.

DATE PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED: Tuesday, October 2, 1990.

CHANGE IN THE MEETING: Additional item.

The following additional item was considered at a closed meeting on Tuesday, October 9, 1990, at 2:30 p.m.

Institution and settlement of administrative proceeding of an enforcement nature.

Commissioner Lochner, as duty officer, voted to consider the items listed for the closed meeting in closed sesssion.

At times, changes in Commission priorities require alterations in the scheduling of meeting items. For further information and to ascertain what, if any, matters have been added, deleted or postponed, please contact: Jonathan Gottlieb at (202) 272–2200.

Dated: October 10, 1990.

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 90–24401 Filed 10–11–90; 5:00 pm]

BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

Corrections

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains editorial corrections of previously published Presidential, Rule, Proposed Rule, and Notice documents. These corrections are prepared by the Office of the Federal Register. Agency prepared corrections are issued as signed documents and appear in the appropriate document categories elsewhere in the issue.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 90M-0273]

Grain Processing Corp.; Premarket Approval of Pure-Dent® B851 Absorbable Dusting Powder

Correction

In notice document 90-23118 beginning on page 40009 in the issue of Monday, October 1, 1990, make the following correction:

On page 40009, in the third column, under **SUPPLELMENTARY INFORMATION**, in the third line, "Muscatinge, IA" should read "Muscatine, IA".

BILLING CODE 1505-01-D

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 90M-0244]

Sorin Biomedica, S.p.A.; Premarket Approval of EBK

Correction

In notice document 90-23119 appearing on page 40010 in the issue of Monday, October 1, 1990, make the following corrections:

On page 40010, in the second column:

1. Under **SUMMARY**, in the fifth line, and under **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**, in the fourth line, "Stillwater, NM" should read "Stillwater, MN".

2. At **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**, in the third line, "(HFZ-410)" should read "(HFZ-440)".

3. Under **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**, in the second paragraph, in the first line, "December 8, 1898" should read "December 8, 1989".

BILLING CODE 1505-01-D

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 90M-0245]

Sorin Biomedica, S. p. A.; Premarket Approval of AB-HAVK

Correction

In notice document 90-23120 beginning on page 40010 in the issue of Monday, October 1, 1990, make the following correction:

On page 40011, in the second column, in the seventh line from the top, "part 21" should read "part 12".

BILLING CODE 1505-01-D

federal register

Tuesday
October 16, 1990

Part II

Department of Transportation

Coast Guard

46 CFR Parts 38, 54, 98, and 151

Intervals for Required Internal Examination and Hydrostatic Testing of Pressure Vessel Type Cargo Tanks on Barges; Final Rule

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

46 CFR Parts 38, 54, 98, and 151

[CGD 85-061]

RIN 2115-AC18

Intervals for Required Internal Examination and Hydrostatic Testing of Pressure Vessel Type Cargo Tanks on Barges

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is amending the regulations that govern internal inspection and hydrostatic test intervals for pressure vessel type cargo tanks on barges that transport liquefied gaseous cargoes and Grade A flammable liquids. This action adopts the interim final rule published on December 11, 1989 as a final rule with changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rulemaking is effective on October 16, 1990.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: LCDR William C. Bennett, Standards Development Branch, Office of Marine Safety, Security, and Environmental Protection, telephone (202)-267-1181. Normal working hours are between 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except federal holidays.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On December 11, 1989, an interim final rule (IFR) entitled Intervals for Required Internal Examination and Hydrostatic Testing of Pressure Vessel Type Cargo Tanks on Barges, was published in the **Federal Register** (54 FR 50958). The Coast Guard received 8 letters commenting on the IFR. A public hearing was not requested and one was not held.

Drafting Information

The principal persons involved in drafting this proposal are: LCDR William C. Bennett, Project Manager, and Mr. Nick Grasselli, Project Counsel, Office of Chief Counsel.

Background and Purpose

On September 8, 1987, following industry requests that the Coast Guard review and amend existing inspection requirements, a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM), entitled Intervals for Required Internal Examination and Hydrostatic Testing of Pressure Vessel Type Cargo Tanks on Barges, was published in the **Federal Register** (52 FR 33841). The NPRM proposed to extend the internal examination interval from 8 years to 10 years for most pressure vessel type cargo tanks (PVCTs) carrying cargoes which qualified for a maximum internal examination interval of 8 years. Tanks dedicated to propylene oxide service would have to be internally examined at a maximum interval of 10 years, and the periodic hydrostatic testing requirement would be removed. The single most controversial proposal of the NPRM concerned nondestructive testing of PVCTs subject to the proposed 10 year internal examination interval. The rules proposed in the NPRM required these tanks to undergo nondestructive testing after 25 years of service and every 5 years thereafter. New design and fabrication requirements for tanks, which are permitted by regulation to be constructed as Class II and III pressure vessels, were also proposed.

As a result of the comments received, changes were made to the NPRM and on December 11, 1989, the IFR was published in the **Federal Register** (54 FR 50958). In the FR the internal examination interval was left at 10 years for most PVCTs. The nondestructive testing requirement for PVCTs subject to the 10 year internal examination interval was changed to start at the first internal examination conducted after the tanks are 30 years old or older, and to be performed at 10 year intervals. As a result, the internal examination and nondestructive testing can now be coordinated and conducted at the same time.

Another change made in the IFR, which had been considered but not proposed in the NPRM, was the extension of the internal examination and hydrostatic test interval for PVCTs in chlorine service from two to three years. This change was not adopted in the NPRM because the Coast Guard was reluctant to propose regulatory requirements less stringent than standards set for other modes of bulk chlorine transportation.

The Coast Guard decided to publish the IFR instead of a final rule to allow a comment period for the changes made concerning the hydrostatic test and internal examination intervals for PVCTs in chlorine service. The IFR comment period expired on March 12, 1990. No comments were received concerning the chlorine tank hydrostatic test and internal examination intervals. However, 8 comments were received concerning alignment of the intervals for testing excess flow valves and safety relief valves with hydrostatic test, internal examination, and drydocking intervals.

This rulemaking adopts the IFR, and changes the intervals for testing the excess flow valves and safety relief valves on PVCTs in chlorine service, as discussed below, effective immediately upon publication. Since the only changes being made are corrective or provide relief to owners and operators of barges with chlorine tanks, a delayed effective date is unnecessary. Therefore, the Coast Guard finds good cause to make this rulemaking effective upon publication in the **Federal Register.**

Discussion of Comments and Changes

1. *Section 38.25-1.* One comment pointed out that although the new 10 year internal examination interval lines up with the regular intervals for drydocking, internal structural examinations, and inspections for certification, it does not line up with the 4 year interval for testing of safety relief valves on tanks carrying liquified flammable gas and other Subchapter D and I cargoes. The comment proposed that the safety relief valve test interval for tanks carrying these cargoes be changed from 4 to 5 years, to line up with drydock and other inspection and examination requirements. The Coast Guard has determined it is imprudent to extend the interval beyond 4 years. Most safety relief valves on tanks carrying Subchapter D and I cargoes are mounted on manifolds or the tanks themselves, exposed to the weather and mechanical abuse. When tested at the required 4 year intervals, the safety relief valves exhibit many setting and adjustment problems and it has become common for the owners or operators to "swap out" the valves with ones which have been rebuilt and bench tested. For these reasons, the present 4 year safety relief valve test interval has not been increased to 5 years.

2. *Table 54.01-5(b).* When this table, titled Pressure Vessel Classification, was revised and published in the IFR, several footnote numbers were inadvertently left out of the table. Table 54.01-5(b) is republished with corrections.

3. *Part 151.* Seven of the comments pointed out that even though the internal examination and hydrostatic test interval for PVCTs in chlorine service was now 3 years, 46 CFR 151.04-5 (g) and (i) still required the excess flow valves and safety relief valves for these tanks to be tested every 2 years at the time of the inspection for certification. This effectively negated the advantages of the 3 year internal examination and hydrostatic test intervals, because the tanks must be emptied and gas-freed in order to test the valves. They requested that the excess flow and safety relief valve test intervals be extended to 3 years also.

These types of valves on chlorine tanks are not subject to excessive mechanical abuse or exposure to the weather, being protected by weathertight metallic domes. The valves in service on shoreside chlorine tanks which are tested every 3 to 6 years have not experienced any problems. Therefore, the Coast Guard is changing the 2 year interval for tests of excess flow valves and safety relief valves in chlorine service to 3 years, which will be alignment with the new 3 year internal exam and hydrostatic test requirements.

Regulatory Evaluation

The Coast Guard considers these regulations to be non-major under Executive Order 12291 and non-significant under DOT regulatory policies and procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979). A regulatory evaluation has been prepared and placed in the public docket as required by the Policies and Procedures for Simplification, Analysis, and Review of Regulations (DOT Order 2100.5, dated May 22, 1980). It may be inspected or copied at the Marine Safety Council, U.S. Coast Guard Headquarters, Room 3406, 2100 Second Street SW., Washington, DC 20593–0001, between 7 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

Because the economic impact as a result of the changes to the excess flow valve and safety relief valve test intervals for chlorine tanks is so minimal, the Coast Guard finds that no further economic evaluation is necessary.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

These regulations would affect companies that own or operate barges carrying cargoes in PVCTs; some of these companies may be small entities. For this rulemaking, the Coast Guard considered a small entity to be one operating a single barge. The amendments will provide an economic benefit to these barge owners and operators by reducing the frequency of costly inspections. The Coast Guard does not consider this economic impact to be significant. The estimated cost savings of $1,042 per barge per year represents about 2 days revenue for this type of barge. The Coast Guard has identified ten companies as small entities. The Coast Guard certifies in accordance with section 605(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)) that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Paperwork Reduction Act

These regulations contain information collection requirements. These items were submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review under section 3504(h) of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) and OMB approved them. The affected section numbers are §§ 38.25–3, 98.25–97, and 151.04–7. The corresponding OMB Control Number is 2115–0563.

Federalism

This action has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612, and it has been determined that this rulemaking does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Environmental Assessment

Reduced tank cleaning will result in a slight reduction in air and water pollution. Due to the small number of barges that would be affected by these regulations, this slight reduction is considered insignificant. The use of more sophisticated examination methods on older cargo tanks is expected to decrease the probability of catastrophic tank failure and improve the reliability of these tanks. This effect is more important as a safety benefit because an uncontrolled release of the type of cargo generally carried in these tanks presents an immediate threat to life but the gases tend to rapidly dissipate, thereby posing no known persistent environmental threat. The Coast Guard considered the environmental impact of these regulations and concluded that preparation of an environmental impact statement is not necessary. An environmental assessment and a finding of no significant impact are available in the rulemaking docket for inspection or copying at the Marine Safety Council, U.S. Coast Guard Headquarters, Room 3406, 2100 Second Street SW., Washington, DC 20593–0001, between 7 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday and Friday, except Federal holidays.

List of Subjects

46 CFR Part 38

Cargo vessels, Fire prevention, Gases, Hazardous materials transportation, Incorporation by reference, Marine safety.

46 CFR Part 54

Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Vessels.

46 CFR Part 98

Cargo vessels, Hazardous materials transportation, Incorporation by reference, Marine safety.

46 CFR Part 151

Cargo vessels, Hazardous materials transportation, Incorporation by reference, Marine safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set out above, the interim final rule amending title 46, chapter I, of the Code of Federal Regulations, which was published at 54 FR 50958 on December 11, 1989, is adopted as a final rule with the following changes:

PART 54—PRESSURE VESSELS

1. The authority citation for part 54 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1509; 43 U.S.C. 1333; 46 U.S.C. 3306, 3703, 5115; E.O. 12234, 45 FR 58801, 3 CFR 1980 Comp., p. 277; 49 CFR 1.46.

§ 54.01–5 [Amended]

2. In § 54.01–5, Table 54.01–5(b) is revised to read as follows:

* * * * *

TABLE 54.01–5(b)—PRESSURE VESSEL CLASSIFICATION [8]

Class	Service contents	Class limits on pressure and temperature	Joint requirements [1,6,7]	Radiography requirements, section VIII, ASME Code [5,7]	Post weld heat treatment required [5,7]	Shop inspect. required	Plan approval required
I	(a) Vapor or gas. (b) Liquid (c) Hazardous materials [2]	Over 600 p.s.i. or 700°F Over 600 p.s.i. or 400°F	(1) For category A; (1) or (2) For category B. All categories C and D must have full penetration welds extending through the entire thickness of the vessel wall or nozzle wall.	Full on all butt joints regardless of thickness. Exceptions listed in Table UCS–57 of ASME Code do not apply.	For carbon or low alloy steel, in accordance with Table UCS–56, regardless of thickness. For other materials, in accordance with section VIII, ASME Code.	Yes [4]	Yes [4].

TABLE 54.01-5(b)—PRESSURE VESSEL CLASSIFICATION [8]—Continued

Class	Service contents	Class limits on pressure and temperature	Joint requirements [1,6,7]	Radiography requirements, section VIII, ASME Code [3,7]	Post weld heat treatment required [5,7]	Shop inspect. required	Plan approval required
I–L Low temperature.	(a) Vapor or gas.	Over 250 p.s.i. and service temperature below 0°F	(1) for categories A and B. All categories C and D must have full penetration welds extending through the entire thickness of the vessel wall or nozzle wall. No backing rings or strips left in place.	Full on all butt joints regardless of thickness. Exceptions listed in Table UCS–57 of ASME Code do not apply.	For carbon or low alloy steel, in accordance with Table UCS–56, regardless of thickness. For other materials, in accordance with section VIII, ASME Code.	Yes	Yes.
	(b) Liquid	Over 250 p.s.i. and service temperature below 0°F					
	(c) Hazardous materials [2]						
II	(a) Vapor or gas.	30 through 600 p.s.i. or 275° through 700°F	(1) or (2) for category A. (1), (2), or (3) for category B. Categories C and D in accordance with UW–16 of ASME Code.	Spot, unless exempted by UW–11(c) of ASME Code.	In accordance with section, VIII of ASME Code.	Yes [4]	Yes [4].
	(b) Liquid	200 through 600 p.s.i. or 250° through 400°F					
	(c) Hazardous materials [2,3,6]						
II–L Low temperature.	(a) Vapor or gas.	0 through 250 p.s.i. and service temperature below 0°F	(1) for category A; (1) or (2) for category B. All categories C and D must have full penetration welds extending through the entire thickness of the vessel wall or nozzle wall.	Spot. The exemption of UW–II(c) of ASME Code does not apply.	Same as for I–L except that mechanical stress relief may be substituted if allowed under Subpart 54.30 of this chapter.	Yes	Yes.
	(b) Liquid	0 through 250 p.s.i. and service temperature below 0°F					
	(c) Hazardous materials [2]						
III	(a) Vapor or gas.	Under 30 p.s.i. and 0° through 275°F	In accordance with Section VIII of AMSE Code.	Spot, unless exempted UW–II(c) of ASME Code.	In accordance with Section VIII of ASME Code.	Yes [4]	Yes [4]
	(b) Liquid	Under 200 p.s.i. and 0° through 250°F					
	(c) Hazardous materials [2,3,6]						

[1] Welded joint categories are defined under UW–3 of the ASME Code. Joint types are described in Table UW–12 of the ASME Code, and numbered "(1)," "(2)", etc.
[2] See § 54.20–2.
[3] See §§ 54.25–8(c) and 54.25–10(d).
[4] See §§ 54.01–15 and 54.10–3 for exemptions.
[5] Specific requirements modifying Table UCS–56 of the ASME Code are found in § 54.25–7.
[6] See § 54.20–3 (c) and (f)
[7] Applies only to welded pressure vessels.
[8] Does not include special requirements for heat exchanger. Section 54.01–2 contains an explanation of those special requirements.

PART 151—BARGES CARRYING BULK LIQUID HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CARGOES

3. The authority citation for part 151 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1903(b); 46 U.S.C. 3703; 49 CFR 1.46.

4. In § 151.50–31, paragraphs (q) through (s) are redesignated as paragraphs (r) through (t), respectively, and new paragraph (q) is added to read as follows:

§ 151.50–31 Chlorine.

* * * * *

(q) During each internal inspection, each cargo tank excess flow valve and safety relief valve must be inspected and tested in accordance with paragraphs (g) and (i) of § 151.04–5 of this chapter.

* * * * *

Signed: August 16, 1990.

J.D. Sipes,

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Chief, Office of Marine Safety, Security and Environmental Protection.

[FR Doc. 90–22588 Filed 10–15–90; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–44–M

federal register

Tuesday
October 16, 1990

Part III

The President

Proclamation 6203—National Disability Employment Awareness Month, 1990

Proclamation 6204—National Forest Products Week, 1990

Proclamation 6205—Country Music Month, 1990

Legislation

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

Proclamation 6203 of October 12, 1990

National Disability Employment Awareness Month, 1990

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The United States' ability to remain strong and prosperous in the increasingly technological, increasingly competitive global marketplace will be determined, in large part, by our success in harnessing the energy, creativity, and talent of all our citizens. A great many of those among the estimated 43 million Americans who have disabilities are both eager and able to help our country meet the challenges of our rapidly changing world. Recognizing this rich source of human potential and providing these individuals with greater opportunities to bring their knowledge, ideas, and commitment to the workplace is, therefore, not only a moral imperative, but also a crucial investment in our Nation's future.

Over the years, the United States has made significant progress in facilitating the movement of persons with disabilities into the mainstream of American life. We have opened doors to education and business, and we have developed effective rehabilitation and training programs that are helping millions of people with disabilities to become skilled, productive workers. Advances in technology and the removal of architectural barriers and other obstacles in housing, transportation, and the workplace have also enabled Americans with disabilities to enjoy greater freedom, independence, and mobility.

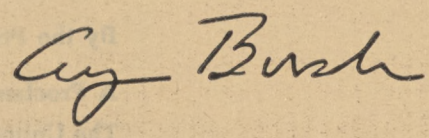
While Americans with disabilities have made many advances in education, public accommodations, and employment, we know that more doors remain to be opened. Thus, it was with great pleasure that I signed into law on July 26 historic new civil rights legislation—the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Expanding upon the goals of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, this legislation is the world's first comprehensive declaration of equality for persons with disabilities. The Americans with Disabilities Act prohibits employers covered by the act from discriminating against qualified applicants or employees on the basis of a disability; it guarantees persons with disabilities access to public accommodations, such as offices, hotels, and shopping centers; and it calls for improved access to transportation, State and local government services, and telecommunications as well.

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 reaffirms our national commitment to providing persons with disabilities equal opportunities to participate in the social and economic life of our country. During this year's observance of National Disability Employment Awareness Month, we not only celebrate the enactment of this legislation, but also recognize the many contributions that persons with disabilities have made, and continue to make, in the Nation's workplace.

The Congress, by Joint Resolution approved August 11, 1945, as amended (36 U.S.C. 155), has called for the designation of the month of October of each year as "National Disability Employment Awareness Month." This special month is a time for all Americans to join together in recognizing the unlimited potential of persons with disabilities and in renewing our determination to provide equal employment opportunities for them.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE BUSH, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the month of October 1990 as National Disability Employment Awareness Month. I call upon the people of the United States to continue working to guarantee for Americans with disabilities equal employment opportunities and the full rights and privileges of citizenship.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twelfth day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and fifteenth.



[FR Doc. 90-24550
Filed 10-15-90; 9:05 am]
Billing code 3195-01-M

Presidential Documents

Proclamation 6204 of October 12, 1990

National Forest Products Week, 1990

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Ever since the first American colonists described for their contemporaries in Europe the splendor of the New World, this country's forests have been recognized around the globe for their majestic beauty. However, our forests have also been an invaluable resource, one that has played a singularly important role in the building of our Nation. Centuries ago, our forests provided Native Americans and European settlers with a variety of foods and raw materials for shelter, tools, and fuel. As the Nation expanded westward, they provided the timbers necessary to build ships and railroads for transportation and commerce, as well as telegraph and telephone lines.

Today we continue to rely on our Nation's forests and forest products in a multitude of ways. Forests serve as the habitat for much of our Nation's wildlife and provide a peaceful, scenic setting for family outings and other recreational activities. They also continue to provide raw materials for fuel, construction, and a variety of wood and paper products.

Although we have the choice of many different building products, we continue to value wood for our homes and furnishings. Wood is strong and durable, yet also flexible and versatile. New technology and techniques for its treatment, preservation, and design continue to increase its usefulness.

The Department of Agriculture reports that forest products contribute 4 percent to the Gross National Product and account for almost 2 million jobs in wood manufacturing and related industries and an estimated $25 billion in annual wages to working men and women. According to the Department, the forest industry ranks among the top 10 employers in 48 of the 50 States. Forest products thus make a significant contribution to our Nation's economic strength and progress, as well as to our individual physical comfort and well-being.

Unfortunately, in the past, our ancestors did not always recognize the need for careful stewardship of our forest resources. Taking for granted this country's vast, dense forests and striving to meet the great and urgent demands of a growing Nation led to rapid and sometimes wasteful use of forest resources. Forest cut-out and move-out practices were, for too long, assumed to be an inevitable part of development, while conservation strategies were viewed as a limitation on progress. Fortunately, however, a more enlightened view of forest management eventually emerged. Farsighted leaders such as President Theodore Roosevelt and Gifford Pinchot, the Nation's first trained forester, successfully contended that systematic and scientific management of our forests could guarantee their productivity for years to come.

While it is clear that forests can be used to meet consumer needs, it is also clear that they must be replenished in a timely manner—especially when natural regeneration does not appear to be sufficient. Over the years careful studies and experience have helped us to improve management of this precious, yet renewable, resource. Indeed, today's forest managers view the forest as a whole ecosystem that, when handled wisely, can ensure a sustained yield of forest products. Policies and practices developed according to this view are compatible with other environmental interests such as water-

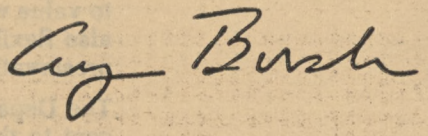
shed and wildlife protection. Targeting research to develop more environmentally sensitive methods of harvesting forest products and increasing cooperation among government and private forest managers are keys to successful stewardship of this vital natural resource.

Each of us has a stake in the stewardship of our Nation's forests. Ensuring that our children and our children's children are able to enjoy abundant natural resources and a healthy environment calls for personal action. Accordingly, local governments are rapidly organizing recycling programs in which every citizen can participate. Each American can also make a difference by planting trees. Through Federal efforts such as the America the Beautiful initiative, every State, community, and individual in the Nation will have the opportunity to help plant and maintain nearly 1 billion trees per year across the country. These trees, planted in both urban and rural areas, will stand in addition to the more than 2 billion trees planted regularly through previously established government programs and existing private efforts.

In recognition of the value of our forests, the Congress, by Public Law 86–753 (36 U.S.C. 163), designated the week beginning on the third Sunday in October of each year as "National Forest Products Week" and authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of this week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE BUSH, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week beginning October 21, 1990, as National Forest Products Week and call upon all Americans to observe that week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twelfth day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and fifteenth.



[FR Doc. 90–24551
Filed 10–15–90; 9:06 am]
Billing code 3195–01–M

Presidential Documents

Proclamation 6205 of October 12, 1990

Country Music Month, 1990

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Whether they tap their feet to the spirited sound of bluegrass or quietly hum along with the soulful melodies of traditional ballads, millions of Americans—and, indeed, fans around the world—enjoy listening to country music each day. However, country music is more than a favorite source of entertainment; it is also a rich and colorful expression of the hopes, experiences, and values of the American people.

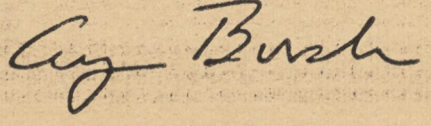
Encompassing a wide range of musical genres, from folk songs and religious hymns to rhythm and blues, country music reflects our Nation's cultural diversity as well as the aspirations and ideals that unite us. It springs from the heart of America and speaks eloquently of our history, our faith in God, our devotion to family, and our appreciation for the value of freedom and hard work. With its simple melodies and timeless, universal themes, country music appeals to listeners of all ages and from all walks of life.

The popularity of country music, both throughout the Nation and throughout the world, is a great tribute to generations of talented American composers, musicians, lyricists, and singers. This month, we gratefully acknowledge their many gifts to us and proudly celebrate the uniquely American art form that is country music.

The Congress, by House Joint Resolution 603, has designated October 1990 as "Country Music Month" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of this month.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE BUSH, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim October 1990 as Country Music Month. I invite all Americans to observe this month with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twelfth day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and fifteenth.



[FR Doc. 90-24570
Filed 10-15-90; 10:31 am]
Billing code 3195-01-M

federal register

Tuesday
October 16, 1990

Part IV

Office of Management and Budget

Final OMB Sequester Report to the President and Congress for Fiscal Year 1991; Report Transmittal

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

Final OMB Sequester Report to the President and Congress for Fiscal Year 1991

AGENCY: Office of Management and Budget.

ACTION: Report Transmittal.

SUMMARY: This notice transmits the *Final OMB Sequester Report to the President and Congress for Fiscal Year 1991* as required by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99–177) as amended by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Reaffirmation Act of 1987 (Public Law 100–119)

Dated: October 15, 1990.

Richard G. Darman,

Director.

BILLING CODE 3110-01-M

FINAL OMB SEQUESTER REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1991

NOTICE

There should be no release of this document until 12 noon (E.D.T.), Monday, October 15, 1990.

October 15, 1990

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

THE DIRECTOR

The following is the text of a letter transmitting the *Final OMB Sequester Report to the President and Congress for Fiscal Year 1991.*

October 15, 1990

The President
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Enclosed please find the *Final OMB Sequester Report to the President and Congress for Fiscal Year 1991.* It has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99–177) as amended by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Reaffirmation Act of 1987 (Public Law 100–119).

As required by law, the budget estimates contained in this report are based on economic and technical assumptions published by the Office of Management and Budget in the July 16th Mid-Session Review, and on laws enacted and final regulations promulgated as of October 10, 1990.

The report finds that, under current law, sequestration is necessary in order to meet the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings (G-R-H) deficit reduction target. Accordingly, a final Presidential sequestration order has been prepared for issuance today. The Further Continuing Appropriations Act of 1991 (Public Law 101–412), however, has suspended until October 19th implementation of reductions required under the final order.

This final sequester report estimates the fiscal year 1991 G-R-H baseline deficit (which is very substantially different from the current estimate of the consolidated budget deficit) to be $147.3 billion, $83.3 billion above the $64 billion deficit target. This G-R-H deficit estimate strictly adheres to the requirements of the G-R-H law. Consequently, it reflects events that are likely not to happen, such as the expiration of the food stamp program, or the failure to increase funding authority for S&L case resolutions. And it does *not* reflect updated economic assumptions. By making reasonable assumptions, such as the continuation of the food stamp program and additional funding for S&L case resolutions, and adjusting for the most recent economic forecast, the current baseline consolidated deficit for 1991 is estimated to be $295.0 billion.

This report provides calculations of the amounts and percentages by which various budgetary resources would be reduced under the assumption of a necessary $83.3 billion sequester. As required by law, the report includes projected budget baseline levels, Mid-Session economic assumptions, a discussion of the sequestration calculations, and comparisons with the estimates provided by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office in his report.

Respectfully yours,

Richard G. Darman
Director

Enclosure

IDENTICAL LETTERS SENT TO HONORABLE DAN QUAYLE AND HONORABLE THOMAS S. FOLEY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	i
I. THE G-R-H BASELINE DEFICIT	1
II. ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS	5
III. COMPOSITION OF G-R-H BASELINE OUTLAYS AND RESOURCES SUBJECT TO SEQUESTER	6
IV. SEQUESTRATION CALCULATIONS	8
V. COMPARISONS WITH CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ESTIMATES	12
APPENDIX: OCTOBER SEQUESTERABLE BASELINE AND REDUCTIONS BY AGENCY AND BUDGET ACCOUNT	A–1

LIST OF TABLES

	Page
1. G-R-H Baseline Totals for 1991	3
2. G-R-H Baseline Deficits for 1991—Based on Laws in Effect in January, July, August, and October	4
3. Economic Assumptions	5
4. Real Economic Growth Rates by Quarter	5
5. Composition of G-R-H Baseline Outlay Estimates for 1991	7
6. Sequestration Calculations for 1991	8
7. Programs Subject to Special Sequestration Rules	9
8. G-R-H Pre- and Post-Sequester Baseline Estimates for 1991 by Function	10
9. G-R-H Pre- and Post-Sequester Baseline Estimates for 1991 by Agency	11
10. Differences Between OMB and CBO G-R-H Baselines	12
11. Budgetary Resource Reductions Using CBO Assumptions	13
12. Differences Between OMB and CBO Sequesterable Resources by Resource Type	14
13. Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More than $5 Million	17

GENERAL NOTES

1. All years referred to are fiscal years unless otherwise noted.
2. Details in the tables and text may not add to totals because of rounding.
3. Unless otherwise noted, the source of all data in this report is the Office of Management and Budget.
4. Unless otherwise noted, "the Act" refers to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99–177) as amended by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Reaffirmation Act of 1987 (Public Law 100–119).

I. THE G-R-H BASELINE DEFICIT

The Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, (commonly known as Gramm-Rudman-Hollings, or G-R-H) sets deficit targets for 1991 through 1993. The Act requires automatic reductions in selected programs (a sequester) to achieve these targets if they cannot be reached through the legislative process. The table below shows the deficit targets specified in the Act. Except in 1993, the Act allows a $10 billion margin-of-error. However, if the deficit exceeds the sequester trigger level, which is $74 billion in 1991, the Act requires a sequester sufficient to reduce the baseline deficit to the target level—$64 billion in 1991.

Deficit Targets

(In billions of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Target Deficit	Sequester Trigger
1991	64.0	74.0
1992	28.0	38.0
1993	zero	zero

Under the Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) is obliged to determine each year whether or not sequestration is necessary and, if so, the magnitude of the sequester. The Congressional Budget Office (CBO) is obliged to prepare independently its own sequestration reports. The CBO reports are transmitted to the Director of OMB and to Congress, and provide a basis for comparison against which Congress and others may assess the OMB reports. The OMB reports to the President and the Congress provide the basis for sequestration orders to be issued by the President. The timetable for the OMB and CBO reports and Presidential orders for calendar year 1990 is as follows:

Report or Order	Date
Snapshot date for initial OMB and CBO report	August 15th
Initial CBO report	August 20th
Initial OMB report	August 25th
Initial Presidential order	August 25th
Final CBO report	October 10th
Final OMB report	October 15th
Final Presidential order	October 15th

OMB issued an estimate of the G-R-H baseline deficit in the Mid-Session Review of the Budget, which was published on July 16, 1990. Under the Act, subsequent G-R-H reports must use the economic and technical assumptions used in the Mid-Session Review. Both the OMB and CBO initial sequestration reports are based on laws enacted and regulations promulgated as final as of August 15th (the snapshot date). The final reports, however, do not share a common snapshot date. Rather, the G-R-H law requires that the final reports be based on laws enacted and final regulations promulgated by the latest possible date before the reports are issued. The CBO final report was issued on October 10th. Because no changes in law after the CBO snapshot date affected the OMB G-R-H baseline estimates, both the OMB and CBO final reports reflect the same enacted legislation and final regulations.

As required by the Act, this report:

- estimates the 1991 G-R-H baseline deficit, using the economic and technical assumptions indicated in the Mid-Session Review;
- calculates the sequester amounts required; and
- presents and explains significant differences between the estimates in this report and the estimates in the CBO report.

Baseline Estimates

This report shows the current-law G-R-H baseline deficit (which is different from the current estimate of the consolidated budget deficit) to be $147.3 billion, $83.3 billion above the $64 billion deficit target specified in the Act for 1991 and $73.3 billion above the level that would trigger a sequester. As shown in Table 1, OMB's current 1991 G-R-H baseline estimate for receipts is $1,121.4 billion. G-R-H baseline outlays are estimated to total $1,268.8 billion. These estimates include the receipts and outlays of the off-budget social security trust funds, although social security benefits themselves are exempt from sequestration.

The G-R-H baseline estimates assume that current law for revenues and spending authority (including most entitlements) will continue unchanged, and that expiring provisions of law providing revenues and spending authority will terminate as scheduled, except as provided in the G-R-H Act.[1] Because no 1991 appropriations bills have been enacted, baseline estimates for discretionary spending accounts are based on the 1990 appropriations adjusted for inflation and pay costs.

By following the specifications set forth in the Act for developing the baseline, the G-R-H estimates in this report include no adjustments for anomalies that result from the requirements of the Act. For instance, the G-R-H estimates assume that in 1991 the authorization for the food stamp program will expire and that the 1990 decennial census will be repeated in 1991. The latter certainly will not occur, and the former is highly unlikely. Nonetheless, the G-R-H Act requires that the baseline be calculated as if these unlikely events were reality.

In addition, the Act requires that G-R-H estimates of the Resolution Trust Corporation (RTC) net outlays be constrained by the current law limit on the availability of RTC funding as provided by the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act (FIRREA) of 1989 (Public Law 101–73). It now appears that the RTC may reach the $50 billion limit in early 1991. For G-R-H baseline purposes, therefore, the RTC must be treated as if it were to run out of funds. Assuming no additional funding, RTC outlays could range from $-14 billion to $14 billion. The G-R-H estimates use a figure in the middle of this range, producing RTC outlays for 1991 of about $0.1 billion. In reality, RTC net outlays for 1991 are likely to exceed $88 billion—but, since this requires a change of law, the G-R-H baseline does not reflect this fact.

Although the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait has had a substantial impact on oil prices and other economic factors, these economic effects are not reflected in this report. The G-R-H law requires that the estimates in this report use the Mid-Session Review economic assumptions. For purposes of estimating the current baseline consolidated deficit, however, it seems reasonable to use updated economic and technical assumptions and to make other adjustments, such as assuming continuation of the food stamp program and additional funding for RTC. Under these assumptions, the baseline consolidated deficit for 1991 is currently estimated to be $295.0 billion. (This estimate excludes savings that would result from enactment of legislation consistent with the Budget Summit Agreement and the Congresional budget resolution.)

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[1] The G-R-H Act allows for continuation of expiring programs in the following cases: excise taxes dedicated to a trust fund (but not spending authority in that trust fund); Commodity Credit Corporation price support programs; contract authority for transportation trust funds; and authority to provide insurance through the Federal Housing Administration fund.

Table 1.—G-R-H Baseline Totals for 1991

(In billions of dollars)

	Laws and regulations in effect as of:			
	January 1, 1990	July 10, 1990	August 15, 1990	October 10, 1990
G-R-H Receipts	1,121.7	1,121.7	1,121.7	1,121.4
G-R-H Outlays	1,269.4	1,270.1	1,271.2	1,268.8
G-R-H Deficit	147.6	148.4	149.4	147.3

Memorandum: Current Baseline Consolidated Deficit: $295.0 billion.

OMB's estimate of the G-R-H baseline deficit is further affected by a technical spendout requirement specified in the G-R-H Act. The Act requires that in developing the G-R-H baseline the Director of OMB shall assume that the aggregate spendout rate (the ratio of new outlays to new budgetary resources) from sequesterable discretionary resources for defense programs not differ by more than one-half percentage point from the comparable rate contained in the sequester report submitted for the previous fiscal year. The Act applies the same requirement to nondefense programs. The estimates for defense programs meet this requirement. To meet the requirement for nondefense programs, however, a $0.1 billion upward adjustment of the estimated outlays from new budgetary resources is needed in order to bring the aggregate spendout rate within one-half a percentage point of the benchmark rate.

Final Sequester Order

Because these estimates indicate that a sequester would be required for 1991 under current law, the President is required to issue a final sequester order to withhold funds necessary to reduce outlays by $83.3 billion. The final order for 1991 will be issued today, but its implementation has been suspended until October 19th under the Further Continuing Appropriations Act of 1991 (Public Law 101–412).

Given the unprecedented size of the sequester estimated in the Mid-Session Review and the August initial sequester report, agencies and departments were required to develop detailed plans to manage sequesterable programs. In addition to various programmatic reductions, these plans include reductions-in-force, furloughs, and hiring freezes to reduce staff costs. Because the sequester estimate in this report is of the same magnitude as the August estimate, these plans would in general still apply if the final sequester order were implemented. For an illustrative description of the programmatic impact of a potential $100 billion sequester, see pages 18 through 38 in the Mid-Session Review of the Budget.

Changes Since January

Estimates of the G-R-H baseline using current economic and technical assumptions but assuming laws and regulations in effect on January 1, 1990, produce a fiscal year 1991 deficit of $147.6 billion. Table 2 shows the impact on this estimated deficit of legislation enacted and final regulations promulgated since January. In total, these policy changes have reduced the baseline deficit by $0.3 billion.

The Dire Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act of 1990 (Public Law 101–302) increased the 1991 baseline deficit by $0.7 billion. As a result of the embargo of Iraq, defaults on loans guaranteed by the Commodity Credit Corporation and the Export-Import Bank are expected to increase, adding $0.9 billion in outlays.

Since August 15th, the snapshot date for the initial sequester report, the G-R-H baseline deficit has been reduced by $2.1 billion. An increase in the deposit insurance premium paid by banks to the Bank Insurance Fund is anticipated to yield $1.2 billion in additional collections in 1991. Establishment of the 1991 Federal pay raise of 3.5 percent effective January 1991 reduces outlays by $0.9 billion

because the final pay raise is lower than the previous baseline estimate, which was calculated according to the G-R-H rules. Legislation enacted since August 15th has reduced the deficit by about $0.1 billion.

Table 2.—G-R-H Baseline Deficits for 1991—Based on Laws in Effect in January, July, August, and October

(In billions of dollars)

January G-R-H baseline deficit	147.6
Changes in law January 1st–July 10th:	
1990 supplemental appropriations (Public Law 101–302)	0.7
Other (including debt service)	0.1
Subtotal, changes in law January 1st–July 10th	0.8
July (Mid-Session Review) G-R-H baseline deficit	148.4
Changes in law July 10th–August 15th:	
Executive Orders 12722–12725	0.9
Other (including debt service)	0.1
Subtotal, changes in law July 10th–August 15th	1.0
August G-R-H baseline deficit	149.4
Changes in law August 15th–October 10th:	
Desert Shield authority in 1991 continuing appropriations (Public Law 101–403)	0.4
Customs and Trade Act of 1990 (Public Law 101–382)	-0.4
Establishment of 1991 Federal pay raise (net)	-0.9
Bank Insurance Fund assessment rate increase	-1.2
Other (including debt service)	-0.1
Subtotal, changes in law August 15th–October 10th	-2.1
October G-R-H baseline deficit	147.3
MEMORANDUM	
Net deficit reduction achieved January 1st–October 10th	0.3

II. ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS

The principal economic assumptions underlying the G-R-H baseline estimates for 1991 are shown in Table 3. The Act requires the OMB Director to publish an estimate of the rate of real GNP growth for the last two quarters of fiscal year 1990 and for each quarter of fiscal year 1991. These estimates are shown in Table 4. Notwithstanding significant intervening events (such as those in the Mideast), these economic assumptions are the same as those used by OMB for its Mid-Session Review of the Budget—as required by law. They are *not* current estimates. They are far too optimistic. They are merely the estimates required by law.

Table 3.—Economic Assumptions

(Fiscal year 1991)

Gross National Product:	
Current dollars (in billions of dollars)	5,853.6
Percent change, year over year	7.0
Constant dollars (in billions of dollars)	4,311.4
Percent change, year over year	2.6
GNP Implicit Price Deflator (percent change, year over year) [1]	4.3
CPI-W (percent change, year over year)	4.3
Civilian Unemployment Rate (percent, fiscal year average)	5.7
Interest Rates (fiscal year average):	
91-day Treasury bills	7.2
10-year Treasury notes	8.2

[1] As required under the Act, the discretionary program inflation adjustment and pay raise costs are estimated using the increase in the GNP deflator (4.2 percent) from the economic assumptions presented in January. All other estimates in this report, however, use the economic assumptions presented in the Mid-Session Review of the Budget and shown in this table.

Table 4.—Real Economic Growth Rates by Quarter

(In percent, annual rates)

FY 1990			FY 1991			
Actual		Estimate	Estimates			
Jan.–Mar. 1990 [1]	Apr.–June 1990 [2]	July–Sept. 1990	Oct.–Dec. 1990	Jan.–Mar. 1991	Apr.–June 1991	July–Sept. 1991
1.3	2.2	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0

[1] As reported by the Department of Commerce (May 24, 1990) and used in the Mid-Session Review of the Budget. Subsequently, the Department of Commerce revised the "actual" for January–March 1990 to 1.7 percent. Pursuant to the Act, OMB may not update the Mid-Session figure for purposes of estimating the G-R-H baseline.

[2] On September 25, 1990, the Department of Commerce reported a "final" estimate for April–June 1990 of 0.4 percent.

III. COMPOSITION OF G-R-H BASELINE OUTLAYS AND RESOURCES SUBJECT TO SEQUESTER

For defense and nondefense programs combined, an estimated $919.6 billion in outlays, or 72 percent of total outlays, are associated with budgetary resources exempt from sequestration under current law. This total for exempt programs includes military personnel accounts, which the President has chosen to exempt under authority provided in the G-R-H Act. The burden of sequestration, therefore, falls on programs that comprise the remaining 28 percent of budget outlays. Of these outlays, defense programs account for 35 percent, special rule nondefense programs account for 31 percent, and other nondefense programs account for 34 percent.

Table 5 provides further detail on the G-R-H baseline outlay estimates for 1991 under current law. An estimated $120.8 billion of 1991 outlays for defense programs, or 39 percent of total defense outlays, are associated with budgetary resources subject to an across-the-board percentage reduction.

An estimated $228.3 billion of outlays for nondefense programs, or 24 percent of total nondefense outlays, are associated with sequesterable budgetary resources under current law. About $108.2 billion of these outlays, or 11 percent of total nondefense outlays, are for programs with automatic spending increases and for certain special rule programs, the largest of which is medicare. The Act limits the extent of spending reductions for these programs. Of the total estimated 1991 nondefense outlays of $962.8 billion, an estimated $120.1 billion—about 12 percent of nondefense outlays—are associated with budgetary resources subject to an across-the-board percentage reduction.[2] An estimated $734.5 billion of nondefense outlays, or 76 percent of total nondefense outlays, are exempt from sequestration.

A sequester does not reduce outlays directly; rather, it permanently cancels budget authority and other authority to obligate and expend funds (except that special rules apply to amounts sequestered in special and trust funds). For defense programs, sequesterable budgetary resources consist of new budget authority provided for 1991 and unobligated balances of budget authority provided in previous years. For nondefense programs, the sequesterable budgetary resources are new budget authority; new direct loan obligations, commitments, or limitations; new guaranteed loan commitments or limitations; obligation limitations; and spending authority as defined in Section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974. This definition of spending authority includes various mandatory and permanent appropriations, as well as Federal payments financed by offsetting collections that are credited to budget accounts.

The Act exempts a number of programs and activities of the Federal Government from the sequestration process. As shown in Table 5, the largest are social security benefits, net interest, certain low-income programs, most Federal retirement and disability benefits, veterans compensation and pensions, and regular State unemployment insurance benefits. Also exempt from sequestration are prior legal obligations of the Government in certain specified budget accounts. Outlays from obligated or unobligated balances of prior-year appropriations for nondefense programs are generally not subject to sequestration.

Federal administrative expenses for most otherwise exempt programs and activities, however, are sequesterable, including programs that are self-supporting. Although budgetary resources available for Federal pay are subject to sequestration, the Act provides that rates of pay for civilian employees (and rates of basic pay, basic subsistence allowances, and basic quarter allowances for members of the uniformed services), or any scheduled pay increases, may not be reduced pursuant to a sequestration order.

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[2] The estimated $120.1 billion nondefense total subject to across-the-board reduction excludes $5.7 billion of 1992 outlays for Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) that would also be subject to a 1991 sequester.

Certain programs and activities, while not exempt, are subject to special rules that have the effect of limiting the amount of the spending reduction. For example, the sequestration reduction for medicare, veterans medical care, and certain health programs (but not for the administrative expenses of these programs) is limited to two percent annually. In addition, the total amount of the automatic spending increases in three programs specified in the Act is sequesterable, but the program bases are exempt. Although the Federal share of extended unemployment benefits is sequesterable, if States act to increase their share by the amount of the reduction in the Federal share, total budget outlays, which include both the Federal and State shares, will not be changed by the sequestration.

For credit programs, the measures governing sequesterable budgetary resources are direct loan obligations and guaranteed loan commitments. In the event of a sequester, the Act requires that credit limitations enacted in annual appropriations acts be reduced, and that *de facto* limitations be imposed on both types of new credit activity where there is no enacted limitation.

Table 5.—Composition of G-R-H Baseline Outlay Estimates for 1991

(Dollar amounts in billions)

	Outlays	Percent of Total
Defense programs: [1]		
Subject to across-the-board reduction	120.8	9.5
Exempt from sequestration [2]	185.2	14.6
Subtotal, defense programs	305.9	24.1
Nondefense programs:		
Subject to sequestration:		
Certain programs with automatic spending increases [3]	1.4	0.1
Certain special rule programs [4]	106.8	8.4
Subject to across-the-board reductions [5]	120.1	9.5
Subtotal, subject to sequestration	228.3	18.0
Exempt from sequestration:		
Social security	264.6	20.9
Federal retirement, disability, and workers compensation	70.8	5.6
Earned income tax credit	4.7	0.4
Low-income programs [6]	82.7	6.5
Veterans compensation and pensions	15.9	1.3
State unemployment benefits	18.3	1.4
Offsetting receipts and collections	−64.6	−5.1
Net interest	192.1	15.1
Other [7]	150.0	11.8
Subtotal, exempt from sequestration	734.5	57.9
Subtotal, nondefense programs	962.8	75.9
Total	1,268.8	100.0

[1] Function 050, excluding Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) programs.
[2] Largely outlays from military personnel accounts and obligated balances.
[3] National Wool Act, special milk, and vocational rehabilitation programs.
[4] Guaranteed student loans, foster care and adoption assistance, medicare, veterans medical care, and other health programs.
[5] Excludes $5.7 billion in estimated 1992 outlays for CCC that would be subject to a 1991 sequester.
[6] Family support payment, child nutrition, medicaid, food stamps, SSI, and WIC.
[7] Outlays from prior year appropriations, certain prior legal obligations, and other exempt programs.

IV. SEQUESTRATION CALCULATIONS

This report indicates that, under current law, an outlay reduction of $83.3 billion, the difference between the current baseline deficit and the target of $64 billion, is required. The reductions are determined using the following steps, as shown in Table 6.

First, one-half of the required deficit reduction is assigned to defense programs (budget accounts in the national defense function, 050, excluding the Federal Emergency Management Agency) and the other half to nondefense programs.

Second, the savings from eliminating automatic spending increases in three specific programs, which are listed in Table 7, are applied to the required reduction in outlays for nondefense programs. The amount of savings from eliminating these adjustments in 1991 is $58 million.

Third, the amount of outlay savings to be obtained from programs subject to other special sequestration rules, also listed in Table 7, is then calculated. The estimated savings from these special rule programs, $1.8 billion for 1991, are applied toward the required spending reductions in nondefense programs.

Table 6.—Sequestration Calculations for 1991

(Dollar amounts in billions)

	Estimate
Required deficit reduction	83.3
Defense programs: [1]	
Total required outlay reductions	41.7
Estimated outlays associated with across-the-board sequesterable budgetary resources [2]	120.8
Uniform reduction percentage	34.5%
Nondefense programs:	
Total required outlay reductions	41.7
Estimated savings from automatic spending increases	0.1
Estimated savings from the application of special rules	1.8
Amount remaining to be obtained from uniform percentage reductions of budgetary resources	39.8
Estimated outlays associated with across-the-board sequesterable budgetary resources [3]	125.8
Uniform reduction percentage	31.6%

[1] Function 050, excluding FEMA programs.
[2] Reflects Presidential exemption of military personnel accounts.
[3] Includes $5.7 billion in estimated 1992 outlays for the CCC and $3.5 billion in outlays from offsetting collections that are subject to a 1991 sequester.

The reductions in defense programs and remaining reductions in nondefense programs are applied to budgetary resources on a uniform percentage basis, computed separately for each category. The uniform reduction percentages are computed from outlay estimates. The remaining outlay savings to be achieved separately in defense and nondefense spending are divided by the estimated outlays associated with sequesterable budgetary resources in each category. The two resulting uniform reduction percentages for defense and nondefense are then applied separately to all of the remaining sequesterable budgetary resources (budget authority, credit authority, and other spending authority) in each category.

Under current estimates, the uniform percentage reduction is 31.6 percent for nondefense programs. For defense programs, on August 10, 1990, the Director of OMB notified Congress of the

President's intent to exempt the military personnel accounts from sequestration, as permitted by the G-R-H Act. For the remaining defense programs subject to sequester, the uniform percentage reduction is 34.5 percent.

The Act requires special calculations to achieve the uniform percentage reduction for child support enforcement (CSE). The Federal matching rate on most CSE expenditures would be reduced from 66 percent to 40 percent, and the rate for computer-related expenditures and genetic testing would be reduced from 90 percent to 54 percent. Nondefense savings from the across-the-board reductions also include $1.8 billion of 1992 outlay savings from the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC). Under the Act, CCC outlay reductions in 1992 resulting from contract adjustments made in 1991 following a sequester are to be credited to the overall outlay reduction required in 1991.

Table 7.—Programs Subject to Special Sequestration Rules

(Outlay amounts in millions of dollars)

	Required Outlay Reductions	Scheduled Increase (percent)
Programs with Automatic Spending Increases Subject to Sequestration:		
National Wool Act [1]	5	4.8
Special milk program [2]	—	—
Vocational rehabilitation [3]	53	4.5
Total	58	
Other Programs Subject to Special Sequestration Rules:		
Guaranteed student loans	36	
Foster care and adoption assistance	4	
Health programs with sequester limited to 2 percent:		
Medicare	1,598	
Veterans medical care and other health programs	207	
Total	1,844	

[1] Payment increases are based on changes in the wool parity price.

[2] Benefits are indexed to the Producer Price Index for Fresh Processed Milk. No automatic increase is projected for 1991.

[3] The automatic spending increase for this program is specified in the program's authorizing legislation and requires an annual percent increase in funding for the State grant and Indian set-aside portions of the program equal to the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for urban consumers over the past year.

Table 8.—G-R-H Pre- and Post-Sequester Baseline Estimates for 1991 by Function

(In billions of dollars)

Function	October Baseline		Post-Sequester		Sequester Estimate	
	Budget Authority	Outlays	Budget Authority	Outlays	Budget Authority	Outlays
National defense	313.2	306.3	233.0	264.5	80.2	41.7
International affairs	19.9	18.2	13.5	15.0	6.4	3.2
General science, space, and technology	15.2	15.2	10.4	12.3	4.8	2.9
Energy	6.8	5.0	4.8	3.3	2.1	1.6
Natural resources and environment	18.9	18.6	11.8	14.2	7.1	4.4
Agriculture [1]	19.0	14.3	16.7	11.8	2.3	2.5
Commerce and housing credit	17.2	15.0	16.0	13.4	1.2	1.6
Transportation	32.2	30.9	22.2	27.3	10.0	3.5
Community and regional development	9.4	8.1	7.1	7.6	2.3	0.6
Education, training, employment, and social services	43.7	42.5	32.8	38.7	10.8	3.8
Health	68.2	67.0	62.3	64.7	5.9	2.3
Medicare	122.9	105.4	122.9	103.1	*	2.3
Income security	179.5	146.3	173.8	143.4	5.7	2.9
Social security	340.6	266.9	340.6	266.3	—	0.6
Veterans benefits and services	31.9	31.3	30.7	30.4	1.2	0.9
Administration of justice	13.2	12.3	8.9	9.1	4.4	3.2
General government	12.7	11.8	8.5	8.4	4.2	3.4
Net interest [2]	192.1	192.1	188.3	188.3	3.8	3.8
Allowances (spendout rate adjustment)	—	0.1	—	*	—	*
Undistributed offsetting receipts	-38.4	-38.4	-38.4	-38.4	—	—
Total	1,418.2	1,268.8	1,265.7	1,183.4	152.5	85.3

* $50 million or less.

[1] Estimates exclude $5.7 billion of 1992 CCC budget authority and outlays that would be subject to a 1991 sequester of $1.8 billion.

[2] Estimates reflect the $3.8 billion debt service reduction that would result from the sequester.

Table 9.—G-R-H Pre- and Post-Sequester Baseline Estimates for 1991 by Agency

(In billions of dollars)

Agency	October Baseline		Post-Sequester		Sequester Estimate	
	Budget Authority	Outlays	Budget Authority	Outlays	Budget Authority	Outlays
Legislative Branch	2.3	2.4	1.7	1.8	0.7	0.6
The Judiciary	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.3	0.5	0.5
Executive Office of the President	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Funds Appropriated to the President	12.9	12.1	8.5	10.4	4.5	1.7
Agriculture [1]	43.0	35.2	37.6	29.8	5.4	5.4
Commerce	3.8	3.8	2.6	2.8	1.2	1.0
Defense—Military	302.5	295.8	225.9	256.4	76.6	39.4
Defense—Civil	38.7	26.3	37.5	25.6	1.1	0.8
Education	25.7	25.0	19.4	23.6	6.3	1.4
Energy	15.2	13.9	9.6	10.1	5.6	3.8
Health and Human Services, except Social Security	234.7	216.0	226.2	208.5	8.5	7.5
Health and Human Services, Social Security	336.6	262.9	336.6	262.3	—	0.6
Housing and Urban Development	18.2	23.2	13.6	22.6	4.6	0.6
Interior	6.5	6.2	4.0	4.4	2.5	1.8
Justice	9.7	8.8	6.6	6.7	3.1	2.1
Labor	32.2	28.1	30.3	26.8	1.9	1.3
State	4.5	3.9	3.3	3.1	1.2	0.9
Transportation	31.2	29.9	21.5	26.5	9.7	3.3
Treasury [2]	276.6	275.5	270.1	269.3	6.6	6.2
Veterans Affairs	31.7	31.2	30.6	30.3	1.2	0.9
Environmental Protection Agency	5.6	5.7	3.8	5.2	1.8	0.5
General Services Administration	1.8	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.2
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	12.9	12.9	8.8	10.3	4.1	2.5
Office of Personnel Management	58.8	36.7	57.7	36.7	1.1	0.1
Small Business Administration	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.2
Other independent agencies	19.6	19.3	16.3	17.2	3.3	2.1
Allowances (spendout rate adjustment)	—	0.1	—	*	—	*
Undistributed offsetting receipts	-109.6	-109.6	-109.6	-109.6	—	—
Total	1,418.2	1,268.8	1,265.7	1,183.4	152.5	85.3

*$50 million or less.

[1] Estimates exclude $5.7 billion of 1992 CCC budget authority and outlays that would be subject to a 1991 sequester of $1.8 billion.

[2] Estimates reflect the $3.8 billion debt service reduction that would result from the sequester.

V. COMPARISONS WITH CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ESTIMATES

As shown in Table 10, the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) estimates in its final sequester report a baseline deficit for 1991 of $163.4 billion, $16.1 billion above the final OMB G-R-H baseline estimate of $147.3 billion. Under CBO assumptions, a sequester of $99.4 billion would be triggered if no further policy changes were made, while OMB estimates that a sequester of $83.3 billion would be required. This section provides the comparisons between OMB and CBO estimates that are required by the G-R-H Act.

Table 10.—Differences Between OMB and CBO G-R-H Baselines

(In billions of dollars)

	Outlays	Receipts	Deficit
OMB baseline	1,268.8	1,121.4	147.3
Changes due to:			
Conceptual differences:			
Food stamps	18.0	—	18.0
Airport and airway trust fund	—	-0.9	0.9
Other (largely debt service)	0.8	—	0.8
Subtotal, conceptual	18.9	-0.9	19.7
Economic assumptions:			
Level of GNP and incomes	—	-6.4	6.4
Interest (including debt service)	-1.0	-0.4	-0.6
Inflation and cost-of-living adjustments	-3.2	—	-3.2
Subtotal, economic	-4.2	-6.8	2.6
Technical:			
Resolution Trust Corporation	7.9	—	7.9
Other deposit insurance	2.1	—	2.1
Medicare and medicaid	-2.4	—	-2.4
Net interest (including debt service)	-2.4	—	-2.4
Other	-2.1	9.3	-11.4
Subtotal, technical	3.1	9.3	-6.3
Total differences	17.7	1.6	16.1
CBO baseline	1,286.5	1,123.1	163.4

Different economic assumptions account for $2.6 billion of the difference between OMB and CBO baseline deficit estimates. CBO forecasts slower real growth and lower interest and inflation rates than OMB. As a result, CBO estimates lower incomes and thus lower receipts, lower interest costs, and lower inflation adjustments for outlays. Technical estimating differences offset $6.3 billion of the difference in the baseline deficit estimates, as discussed below. Conceptual differences between the OMB and CBO estimates account for $19.7 billion. The primary conceptual difference stems from a different legal interpretation of the G-R-H law as it pertains to the expiration of the authority to appropriate funds for the food stamp program beyond 1990. OMB holds the view that the G-R-H baseline rules preclude counting new funds for food stamps in the absence of reauthoriztion, while CBO holds a contrary view.

Technical differences include $9.3 billion higher receipts under CBO assumptions, due to different estimating assumptions and assumed levels of capital gains realizations, and $3.1 billion higher

outlays under CBO assumptions. The technical difference for outlays is the net of $9.9 billion higher outlays for the Resolution Trust Corporation (RTC) and other deposit insurance programs, and $6.9 billion lower CBO estimates for medicare and medicaid, net interest, and other programs. The higher CBO estimate for the RTC reflects differences in OMB and CBO assumptions about how much of the $50 billion available to that agency will be spent on savings and loan case resolutions in fiscal year 1990 and how much in fiscal year 1991.

The Act requires three comparisons of differences between OMB and CBO estimates. Table 11 shows, by type of sequesterable resource for defense and nondefense programs, the amount of budgetary resources that would be sequestered using the OMB estimate of the required outlay reductions and CBO's estimating methodology. Table 12 identifies differences between OMB and CBO estimates of the aggregate amount of resources to be sequestered by type of resource for defense and nondefense programs. Table 13 identifies differences for accounts where OMB and CBO estimates of sequesterable resources differ by $5 million or more. Explanations of these differences are presented in the footnotes, which appear at the end of the table.

Table 11.—Budgetary Resource Reductions Using CBO Assumptions

(In billions of dollars)

	Sequester Amount
Defense programs: [1]	
Budget authority	80.0
Unobligated balances	13.3
Nondefense programs:	
Budget authority	55.5
Budget authority—special rules	0.3
401C authority	13.5
401C authority—use of offsetting collections	0.7
401C authority—special rules	1.9
Obligation limitation and other 401C authority	8.3
Direct loan limitation	5.9
Direct loan floor	0.6
Loan guarantee limitation	58.6
Guaranteed loan floor	—
MEMORANDUM: Aggregate outlay reductions required—$83.3 billion	

Source: Congressional Budget Office.
[1] Function 050, excluding FEMA programs.

Table 12.—Differences Between OMB and CBO Sequesterable Resources by Resource Type

(In millions of dollars)

DEFENSE	
Budget authority subject to across-the-board reductions:	
CBO estimate	232,270
Difference:	
Procurement	-603
Operation and maintenance	413
Research, development, test, and evaluation	142
Other	59
Total, difference	11
OMB estimate	232,281
401(c) authority:	
CBO and OMB estimate	21
Unobligated balances—defense:	
CBO estimate	38,581
Difference:	
Procurement	602
Atomic energy defense activities	-500
Research, development, test, and evaluation	383
Military construction	164
Family housing	64
Total, difference	714
OMB estimate	39,295
NONDEFENSE	
Budget authority subject to across-the-board reductions:	
CBO estimate	188,076
Difference:	
Federal buildings fund	1,699
Uranium supply and enrichment activities [1]	-1,469
Clean coal technology [1]	-956
Conservation reserve program	455
Family support payments to States [1]	-419
Disaster loan fund	375
Payments to States for family support activities	350
Public broadcasting fund [1]	-299
Housing assistance	-270
FMS interest buydown	-270
Unanticipated needs for natural disasters	-207
Departmental administration, Department of Energy [1]	-160
SPR petroleum [1]	-136
Veterans readjustment benefits	-115
Other	-757
Total, difference	-2,180
OMB estimate	185,896
Budget authority—automatic spending increases:	
CBO and OMB estimate	69
Budget authority—special rules:	
CBO estimate	267
Difference	-9
OMB estimate	258

Table 12.—Differences Between OMB and CBO Sequesterable Resources by Resource Type—Continued

(In millions of dollars)

401(c) authority:	
CBO estimate	34,207
Difference:	
Commodity Credit Corporation fund (includes 1992)	-974
Clean coal technology [1]	956
Family support payments to States [1]	362
Public broadcasting fund [1]	299
Unemployment trust fund (unemployment compensation) [1]	113
Supplemental annuity pension fund	112
Other	450
Total, difference	1,318
OMB estimate	35,525
401(c) authority—offsetting collections:	
CBO estimate	2,126
Difference:	
Uranium supply and enrichment activities [1]	1,288
Departmental administration, Department of Energy [1]	183
Other	-30
Total, difference	1,441
OMB estimate	3,567
401(c) authority—automatic spending increases:	
CBO estimate	3
Commodity Credit Corporation fund	2
OMB estimate	5
401(c) authority—special rules: [2]	
CBO estimate	1,801
Difference:	
Federal supplementary medical insurance trust fund [1]	-146
Other	-12
Total, difference	-158
OMB estimate	1,643
Obligation limitation:	
CBO estimate	26,633
Difference:	
Federal supplementary medical insurance trust fund [1]	110
Unemployment trust fund (unemployment compensation) [1]	-102
Other	-120
Total, difference	-112
OMB estimate	26,521
Direct loan limitation:	
CBO estimate	18,907
Difference:	
Commodity Credit Corporation fund	2,081
Other	-17
Total, difference	2,064
OMB estimate	20,972

Table 12.—Differences Between OMB and CBO Sequesterable Resources by Resource Type—Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Direct loan floor:	
CBO estimate	2,050
Rural electrification and telephone revolving fund	4
OMB estimate	2,054
Guaranteed loan limitation:	
CBO estimate	188,533
Difference:	
Federal ship financing fund, fishing vessels	376
Commodity Credit Corporation fund	200
FHA insurance	148
Guarantees of mortgage-backed securities	82
Other	70
Total, difference	875
OMB estimate	189,408

[1] All or a substantial portion of the difference is the result of different classification by resource type.
[2] CBO calls this resource group "Obligation limitation—special rules."

Table 13.—Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More Than $5 Million

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Resource	OMB Base	CBO Base	Difference	Explanation
Legislative Branch					
Senate					
Senate items (01-05-0110-801-A)	Budget Authority	384,136	392,500	8,364	1
House of Representatives					
Salaries and expenses (01-10-0400-801-A)	Budget Authority	549,080	561,223	12,143	1
Government Printing Office					
Office of Superintendent of Documents: Salaries and expenses (01-30-0201-808-A)	Budget Authority	17,007	25,347	8,340	1,2
Government Printing Office revolving fund (01-30-4505-808-A)	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	0	38,383	38,383	4
	Obligation limitation	38,383	0	−38,383	4
General Accounting Office					
Salaries and expenses (01-35-0107-801-A)	Budget Authority	378,654	386,138	7,484	1
The Judiciary					
Courts of Appeals, District Courts and Other Services					
Salaries and expenses (02-25-0920-752-A)	Budget Authority	1,309,843	1,330,266	20,423	1
Registry administration (02-25-5101-752-A)	401(C) Authority	3,500	12,000	8,500	5
Funds Appropriated to the President					
Unanticipated Needs					
Unanticipated needs for natural disasters (04-06-0033-453-A)	Budget Authority	0	206,759	206,759	2
International Security Assistance					
Foreign Military Financing (04-09-1082-152-A)	Budget Authority	5,030,402	5,021,232	−9,170	1
Economic support fund (04-09-1037-152-A)	Budget Authority	4,132,559	4,086,628	−45,931	1,2
Agency for International Development					
Functional development assistance program (04-14-1021-151-A)	Budget Authority	1,310,000	1,290,454	−19,546	1,2,12
Development fund for Africa (04-14-1014-151-A)	Budget Authority	601,484	594,696	−6,788	1,12
Operating expenses, Agency for International Development (04-14-1000-151-A)	Budget Authority	447,703	454,928	7,225	1,2
Military Sales Programs					
FMS interest buydown (04-37-8682-152-A)	Budget Authority	0	270,000	270,000	12
Department of Agriculture					
Agricultural Research Service					
Agricultural Research Service (05-18-1400-352-A)	Budget Authority	610,318	618,535	8,217	1
Foreign Assistance Programs					
Expenses, PL 480, foreign assistance programs, Agriculture (05-57-2274-151-A)	Obligation limitation	1,587,468	1,582,424	−5,044	1
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service					
Salaries and expenses (05-60-3300-351-A)	Budget Authority	11,575	110	−11,465	3
	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	23,986	51,998	28,012	5
Conservation reserve program (05-60-3319-302-A)	Budget Authority	1,878,038	1,423,443	−454,595	5
Commodity Credit Corporation					
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund (05-66-4336-351-A)	401(C) Authority	4,548,549	4,795,000	246,451	5
	401(C) Authority	5,712,394	6,440,000	727,606	5
	Direct Loan Limitation	10,000,000	7,919,000	−2,081,000	5
	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	5,500,000	5,300,000	−200,000	5
Rural Electrification Administration					
Reimbursement to the Rural elec. and tel. revolv. fund for int. (05-72-3101-271-A)	Budget Authority	277,700	250,387	−27,313	5
Rural electrification and telephone revolving fund (05-72-4230-271-A)	Direct Loan Limitation	3,488,538	3,478,504	−10,034	1
Farmers Home Administration					
Salaries and expenses (05-75-2001-452-A)	Budget Authority	441,096	449,528	8,432	1
Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund (05-75-4140-351-A)	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	162,151	192,000	29,849	5
	Direct Loan Limitation	1,671,400	1,654,744	−16,656	1,12
	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	3,164,287	3,158,214	−6,073	1
Rural Housing Insurance Fund (Appr.) (05-75-4141-371-A)	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	86,052	48,630	−37,422	5
Rural development loan fund (05-75-4233-452-A)	Budget Authority	17,470	0	−17,470	6
Soil Conservation Service					
Conservation operations (05-78-1000-302-A)	Budget Authority	496,885	506,861	9,976	1
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service					
Salaries and expenses (05-79-1600-352-A)	Budget Authority	370,260	375,331	5,071	1
	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	29,580	23,112	−6,468	5

Table 13.—Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More Than $5 Million—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Resource	OMB Base	CBO Base	Difference	Explanation
Food Safety and Inspection Service					
Salaries and expenses (05-83-3700-554-A)	Budget Authority	438,473	447,790	9,317	1
	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	38,586	54,000	15,414	5
Food and Nutrition Service					
Food stamp program (05-84-3505-605-A)	Budget Authority	0	53,332	53,332	5
Child nutrition programs (05-84-3539-605-A)	Budget Authority	4,135	9,944	5,809	8
Forest Service					
National forest system (05-96-1106-302-A)	Budget Authority	1,197,458	1,218,035	20,577	1,5
Forest service fire fighting (05-96-1111-302-A)	Budget Authority	845,311	854,200	8,889	1
Forest Service permanent appropriations (05-96-9922-302-A)	Budget Authority	0	9,062	9,062	2
Forest Service permanent appropriations (05-96-9921-806-A)	401(C) Authority	377,425	338,955	-38,470	5
Department of Commerce					
Bureau of the Census					
Periodic censuses and programs (06-07-0450-376-A)	Budget Authority	1,483,860	1,509,059	25,199	1
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration					
Operations, research, and facilities (06-48-1450-306-A)	Budget Authority	1,330,812	1,341,897	11,085	1
Federal ship financing fund, fishing vessels (06-48-4417-376-A)	401(C) Authority	5,400	0	-5,400	4
	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	0	6,550	6,550	4
	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	480,000	104,000	-376,000	5
Department of Defense—Military					
Operation and Maintenance					
Operation and maintenance, Army (07-10-2020-051-A)	Budget Authority	24,299,220	23,781,123	-518,097	1,2
Operation and maintenance, Navy (07-10-1804-051-A)	Budget Authority	26,001,039	25,664,597	-336,442	1,2
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps (07-10-1106-051-A)	Budget Authority	1,881,853	1,887,435	5,582	1,2
Operation and maintenance, Air Force (07-10-3400-051-A)	Budget Authority	23,018,829	22,363,719	-655,110	1,2
Operation and maintenance, Defense agencies (07-10-0100-051-A)	Budget Authority	8,130,714	8,151,698	20,984	1,2
Operation and maintenance, Air Force Reserve (07-10-3740-051-A)	Budget Authority	1,049,265	1,054,611	5,346	1,2
Operation and maintenance, Air National Guard (07-10-3840-051-A)	Budget Authority	2,107,675	2,113,076	5,401	1,2
Drug interdiction Defense (07-10-0105-051-A)	Budget Authority	30,645	462,006	431,361	2
Environmental restoration, Defense (07-10-0810-051-A)	Budget Authority	0	625,144	625,144	2
Procurement					
Aircraft procurement, Army (07-15-2031-051-A)	Budget Authority	3,844,510	3,864,099	19,589	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	702,737	686,737	-16,000	10
Missile procurement, Army (07-15-2032-051-A)	Budget Authority	2,587,403	2,547,492	-39,911	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	651,960	601,260	-50,700	10
Procurement of weapons and tracked combat vehicles, Army (07-15-2033-051-A)	Budget Authority	2,535,390	2,685,172	149,782	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	1,097,334	1,091,834	-5,500	10
Procurement of ammunition, Army (07-15-2034-051-A)	Budget Authority	2,017,357	2,031,997	14,640	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	246,335	201,135	-45,200	10
Other procurement, Army (07-15-2035-051-A)	Budget Authority	3,615,676	3,655,117	39,441	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	1,166,611	1,062,611	-104,000	10
Aircraft procurement, Navy (07-15-1506-051-A)	Budget Authority	9,543,052	9,638,849	95,797	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	1,861,479	1,831,479	-30,000	10
Weapons procurement, Navy (07-15-1507-051-A)	Budget Authority	5,528,022	5,519,634	-8,388	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	1,411,075	1,353,274	-57,801	10
Shipbuilding and conversion, Navy (07-15-1611-051-A)	Budget Authority	11,682,207	11,972,304	290,097	1,2
Other procurement, Navy (07-15-1810-051-A)	Budget Authority	7,881,196	8,071,773	190,577	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	3,819,915	3,801,415	-18,500	10
Procurement, Marine Corps (07-15-1109-051-A)	Budget Authority	1,210,839	1,102,383	-108,456	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	222,381	207,181	-15,200	10
Aircraft procurement, Air Force (07-15-3010-051-A)	Budget Authority	16,037,703	16,096,413	58,710	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	7,132,558	7,067,694	-64,864	10
Missile procurement, Air Force (07-15-3020-051-A)	Budget Authority	6,584,129	6,854,195	270,066	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	2,538,951	2,408,909	-130,042	10
Other procurement, Air Force (07-15-3080-051-A)	Budget Authority	8,839,294	8,591,464	-247,830	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	2,093,509	2,029,804	-63,705	10
Procurement, Defense agencies (07-15-0300-051-A)	Budget Authority	1,387,518	1,310,934	-76,584	1,2
National Guard and Reserve Equipment (07-15-0350-051-A)	Budget Authority	1,030,246	986,669	-43,577	1,2
Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation					
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Army (07-20-2040-051-A)	Budget Authority	5,546,445	5,566,710	20,265	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	351,349	269,349	-82,000	10
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Navy (07-20-1319-051-A)	Budget Authority	9,884,825	9,787,918	-96,907	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	440,048	414,048	-26,000	10
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Air Force (07-20-3600-051-A)	Budget Authority	14,038,406	13,959,866	-78,540	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	1,874,192	1,693,934	-180,258	10
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense agencies (07-20-0400-051-A)	Budget Authority	8,383,291	8,396,726	13,435	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	984,699	889,699	-95,000	10

Table 13.—Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More Than $5 Million—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Resource	OMB Base	CBO Base	Difference	Explanation
Military Construction					
Military construction, Army (07-25-2050-051-A)	Unobligated Balances—Defense	338,004	246,758	-91,246	10
Military construction, Navy (07-25-1205-051-A)	Unobligated Balances—Defense	420,192	399,542	-20,650	10
Military construction, Air Force (07-25-3300-051-A)	Budget Authority	1,223,616	1,218,148	-5,468	1,2
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	558,550	521,050	-37,500	10
Military construction, Defense agencies (07-25-0500-051-A)	Unobligated Balances—Defense	353,696	347,886	-5,810	10
North Atlantic Treaty Organization Infrastructure (07-25-0804-051-A)	Unobligated Balances—Defense	19,231	0	-19,231	10
Military construction, Army National Guard (07-25-2085-051-A)	Unobligated Balances—Defense	93,727	100,727	7,000	10
Family Housing					
Family housing, Army (07-30-0702-051-A)	Unobligated Balances—Defense	92,975	86,640	-6,335	10
Family housing, Air Force (07-30-0704-051-A)	Unobligated Balances—Defense	57,950	0	-57,950	10
Revolving and Management Funds					
Army industrial fund (07-40-4992-051-A)	Budget Authority	31,052	0	-31,052	2
Department of Defense—Civil					
Corps of Engineers—Civil					
Operation and maintenance, general (08-10-3123-301-A)	Budget Authority	1,267,640	1,258,809	-8,831	1,12
Rivers and harbors contributed funds (08-10-8862-301-A)	401(C) Authority	205,500	145,600	-59,900	5
Harbor maintenance trust fund (08-10-8863-301-A)	Budget Authority	168,461	192,500	24,039	12
Department of Education					
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education					
Compensatory education for the disadvantaged (18-10-0900-501-A)	Budget Authority	5,593,832	5,583,095	-10,737	1
Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Svcs.					
Special institutions for the handicapped (18-20-0604-501-A)	Budget Authority	0	5,890	5,890	1,3
Special institutions for the handicapped (Gallaudet) (18-20-0604-501-C)	Budget Authority	21,629	0	-21,629	1,3
Special institutions for the handicapped (APHB) (18-20-0604-501-D)	Budget Authority	5,901	0	-5,901	1,3
Special institutions for the handicapped (18-20-0604-502-A)	Budget Authority	0	167,862	167,862	1,3
Special institutions for the handicapped (NTID) (18-20-0604-502-B)	Budget Authority	37,585	0	-37,585	1,3
Special institutions for the handicapped (Gallaudet) (18-20-0604-502-C)	Budget Authority	48,854	0	-48,854	1,3
Office of Postsecondary Education					
Student financial assistance (18-40-0200-502-A)	Budget Authority	6,340,325	6,325,536	-14,789	1
Departmental Management					
Salaries and expenses (Elementary, secondary and vocational ed.) (18-80-0800-501-A)	Budget Authority	22,466	0	-22,466	1,3
Salaries and expenses (Higher education) (18-80-0800-502-A)	Budget Authority	99,690	0	-99,690	1,3
Salaries and expenses (Research and general education aids) (18-80-0800-503-A)	Budget Authority	139,772	289,030	149,258	1,3
Salaries and expenses (Social services) (18-80-0800-506-A)	Budget Authority	22,739	0	-22,739	1,3
Department of Energy					
Atomic Energy Defense Activities					
Atomic energy defense activities (19-10-0220-053-A)	Budget Authority	10,050,633	10,035,886	-14,747	1
	Unobligated Balances—Defense	0	500,000	500,000	10
Energy Programs					
Uranium supply and enrichment activities (19-20-0226-271-A)	Budget Authority	0	1,469,091	1,469,091	4,12
	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,287,700	0	-1,287,700	4,12
Energy conservation (Energy conservation) (19-20-0215-272-A)	Budget Authority	383,518	425,533	42,015	7,12
SPR petroleum (19-20-0233-274-A)	Budget Authority	224,310	360,787	136,477	4,12
	401(C) Authority	184,818	90,000	-94,818	4,5,12
Clean Coal Technology (19-20-0235-271-A)	Budget Authority	0	956,000	956,000	4
	401(C) Authority	956,000	0	-956,000	4
Isotope production and distribution fund (19-20-4180-271-A)	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	16,243	0	-16,243	5
Departmental Administration					
Departmental administration (Energy information, policy, and reg.) (19-60-0228-276-A)	Budget Authority	208,375	368,515	160,140	1,4
	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	183,413	0	-183,413	1,4
Department of Health and Human Services					
Food and Drug Administration					
Program expenses (09-10-0600-554-A)	Budget Authority	615,317	627,039	11,722	1
Health Care Financing Administration					
Federal hospital insurance trust fund (09-38-8005-571-A)	Obligation limitation	1,037,864	1,021,734	-16,070	1
FHI 2% split (G-R-H) (09-38-8005-571-S)	Obligat. limit.—Spec. Rules	1,190,000	1,203,000	13,000	5
Federal supplementary medical insurance trust fund (09-38-8004-571-A)	Obligation limitation	1,469,858	1,360,037	-109,821	1
FSMI 2% split (G-R-H) (09-38-8004-571-S)	Obligat. limit.—Spec. Rules	408,000	554,000	146,000	11

Table 13.—Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More Than $5 Million—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Resource	OMB Base	CBO Base	Difference	Explanation
Social Security Administration					
Supplemental security income program (09-60-0406-609-A)	Budget Authority	827,094	849,576	22,482	1
Family Support Administration					
Family support payment to States (CSE) (09-70-1501-609-B)	Budget Authority	1,166,599	1,586,000	419,401	4,5
	401(C) Authority	362,401	0	-362,401	4,5
Community services block grant (09-70-1504-506-A)	Budget Authority	397,068	412,372	15,304	1,4
	401(C) Authority	8,041	0	-8,041	1,4
Payments to States for Family Support Activities (09-70-1509-504-A)	Budget Authority	0	20,800	20,800	3
Payments to States for Family Support Activities (09-70-1509-609-A)	Budget Authority	1,000,000	650,000	-350,000	5
Interim assistance to States for legalization (09-70-1508-506-A)	401(C) Authority	840,000	910,000	70,000	5
Health and Human Services Social Security					
Social Security					
Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund (16-05-8006-651-A)	Obligation limitation	1,686,297	1,727,520	41,223	1
Federal disability insurance trust fund (16-05-8007-651-A)	Obligation limitation	537,763	547,189	9,426	1
Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Housing Programs					
Subsidized housing programs (Housing assistance) (25-02-0164-604-A)	Budget Authority	7,528,368	8,921,285	1,392,917	1,3,12
Asst. for the renewal of expiring section 8 subsidy cont. (25-02-0194-604-A)	Budget Authority	1,122,844	0	-1,122,844	1,3,12
FHA Mutual Mortgage and Cooperative Housing Insurance Fund (25-02-4070-371-A)	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	65,345,176	65,272,000	-73,176	1,3,5
FHA general and special risk insurance funds (25-02-4072-371-A)	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	11,593,499	11,519,000	-74,499	1,3
Rental housing assistance fund (25-02-4041-604-A)	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	70,000	50,000	-20,000	5
Government National Mortgage Association					
Guarantees of mortgage-backed securities (25-04-4238-371-A)	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	85,063,753	84,982,040	-81,713	5
Community Planning and Development					
Community development grants (25-06-0162-451-A)	Budget Authority	3,014,473	3,043,575	29,102	1
Rehabilitation loan fund (25-06-4036-451-A)	Direct Loan Limitation	87,548	75,000	-12,548	12
Department of the Interior					
Bureau of Land Management					
Management of lands and resources (10-04-1109-302-A)	Budget Authority	454,023	461,466	7,443	1
Oregon and California grant lands (10-04-1116-302-A)	Budget Authority	66,606	99,364	32,758	1,2
Firefighting (10-04-1119-302-A)	Budget Authority	276,490	362,069	85,579	1,2
Miscellaneous permanent appropriations (10-04-9921-806-A)	401(C) Authority	142,394	129,539	-12,855	5
Minerals Management Service					
Payments to states from receipts under Mineral Leasing Act (10-06-5003-806-A)	401(C) Authority	531,593	464,770	-66,823	5
Bureau of Reclamation					
Colorado River Dam Fund, Boulder Canyon Project (10-10-5856-301-A)	401(C) Authority	53,335	30,458	-22,877	5
Reclamation trust funds (10-10-8070-301-A)	401(C) Authority	97,195	56,264	-40,931	5
Fish and Wildlife Service					
Construction (10-18-1612-303-A)	Budget Authority	80,336	71,658	-8,678	1
Land acquisition (10-18-5020-303-A)	Budget Authority	96,722	102,990	6,268	1,2
Miscellaneous permanent appropriations (10-18-9923-303-A)	401(C) Authority	134,500	144,200	9,700	5
Sport fish restoration (10-18-8151-303-A)	401(C) Authority	212,400	206,000	-6,400	5
National Park Service					
Operation of the national park system (10-24-1036-303-A)	Budget Authority	799,700	813,346	13,646	1
Construction (10-24-1039-303-A)	Budget Authority	317,429	258,292	-59,137	1
Bureau of Indian Affairs					
Operation of Indian programs (Area and regional development) (10-76-2100-452-A)	Budget Authority	608,873	614,907	6,234	1
Construction (10-76-2301-452-A)	Budget Authority	183,471	167,415	-16,056	1,2
White Earth Settlement Fund (10-76-2204-452-A)	401(C) Authority	6,000	0	-6,000	5
Revolving fund for loans (10-76-4409-452-A)	401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	10,890	0	-10,890	5
Office of Territorial Affairs					
Administration of territories (10-82-0412-808-A)	Budget Authority	50,849	44,255	-6,594	8
Department of Justice					
Legal Activities					
Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys (11-05-0322-752-A)	Budget Authority	540,403	549,730	9,327	1
Federal Bureau of Investigation					
Salaries and expenses (11-10-0200-751-A)	Budget Authority	1,754,474	1,783,742	29,268	1

Table 13.—Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More Than $5 Million—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Resource	OMB Base	CBO Base	Difference	Explanation
Drug Enforcement Administration					
Salaries and expenses (11-12-1100-751-A)	Budget Authority	571,551	578,558	7,007	1
Immigration and Naturalization Service					
Salaries and expenses (11-15-1217-751-A)	Budget Authority	877,287	891,864	14,577	1
Immigration user fee (11-15-5087-751-A)	401(C) Authority	125,142	109,200	-15,942	5
Immigration examinations fee (11-15-5088-751-A)	401(C) Authority	157,233	90,000	-67,233	5
Federal Prison System					
Salaries and expenses (11-20-1060-753-A)	Budget Authority	1,175,782	1,194,265	18,483	1
Department of Labor					
Employment and Training Administration					
Training and employment services (12-05-0174-504-A)	Budget Authority	4,093,932	4,087,252	-6,680	1
Federal unemployment benefits and allowances (12-05-0326-603-A)	Budget Authority	198,500	186,000	-12,500	5
Unemployment trust fund (Training and employment) (12-05-8042-504-A)	Obligation limitation	1,134,169	1,142,000	7,831	1
Unemployment trust fund (Unemployment compensation) (12-05-8042-603-A)	401(C) Authority	112,800	0	-112,800	5
	Obligation limitation	1,897,529	1,999,324	101,795	1
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation					
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund (12-12-4204-601-A)	Obligation limitation	44,060	74,852	30,502	7
Employment Standards Administration					
Black lung disability trust fund (12-15-8144-601-A)	Budget Authority	53,349	0	-53,349	4
	Obligation limitation	0	54,019	54,019	4
Department of State					
Administration of Foreign Affairs					
Salaries and expenses (14-05-0113-153-A)	Budget Authority	1,867,228	1,890,185	22,957	1
Other					
Migration and refugee assistance (14-25-1143-151-A)	Budget Authority	446,460	461,351	14,891	2
United States emergency refugee and migration assistance fund (14-25-0040-151-A)	Budget Authority	88,320	77,776	-10,544	2
Department of Transportation					
Federal Highway Administration					
Federal-aid highways (21-05-8083-401-A)	Obligation limitation	12,722,820	12,703,000	-19,820	1
Federal Railroad Administration					
Regional rail reorganization program (21-16-4100-401-A)	Budget Authority	23	10,256	10,233	8
Federal Aviation Administration					
Operations (21-25-1301-402-A)	Budget Authority	3,141,201	3,199,548	58,347	1
Trust fund share of FAA Operations (21-25-8104-402-A)	Budget Authority	841,083	856,184	15,101	1
Coast Guard					
Operating expenses (21-30-0201-403-A)	Budget Authority	2,126,466	2,149,069	22,603	1
Pollution fund (21-30-5168-304-A)	401(C) Authority	0	6,700	6,700	3
Offshore oil pollution compensation fund (21-30-5167-304-A)	Obligation limitation	0	62,213	62,213	3
Deepwater port liability fund (21-30-5170-304-A)	Obligation limitation	0	51,844	51,844	3
Oil spill liability trust fund (21-30-8125-304-A)	401(C) Authority	75,000	0	-75,000	3,5
Department of the Treasury					
Financial Management Service					
Salaries and expenses (15-10-1801-803-A)	Budget Authority	235,822	299,333	63,511	4
United States Customs Service					
Salaries and expenses (15-15-0602-751-A)	Budget Authority	1,109,295	1,129,111	19,816	1
	401(C) Authority	157,125	164,141	7,016	5
Internal Revenue Service					
Processing tax returns and assistance (15-45-0912-803-A)	Budget Authority	1,921,691	1,950,730	29,099	1
Tax Law Enforcement (15-45-0913-803-A)	Budget Authority	3,732,171	3,809,983	77,812	1
United States Secret Service					
Salaries and expenses (15-55-1408-751-A)	Budget Authority	381,323	387,620	6,297	1

Table 13.—Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More Than $5 Million—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Resource	OMB Base	CBO Base	Difference	Explanation
Department of Veterans Affairs					
Veterans Benefits Administration					
Burial benefits and miscellaneous assistance (29–10–0155–701–A)	Budget Authority	143,100	128,900	–14,200	5
Readjustment benefits (29–10–0137–702–A)	Budget Authority	238,386	353,000	114,614	5
Veterans Health Services and Research Administration					
Medical care (29–20–0160–703–A)	Budget Authority	906,352	990,750	84,398	1,12
Departmental Administration					
General operating expenses (29–30–0151–705–A)	Budget Authority	845,317	860,805	15,488	1
Environmental Protection Agency					
Salaries and expenses (20–00–0200–304–A)	Budget Authority	899,888	914,669	14,781	1
General Services Administration					
Real Property Activities					
Federal buildings fund (23–05–4542–804–A)	Budget Authority	1,725,617	26,229	–1,699,388	13
National Aeronautics and Space Administration					
Research and development (Space flight) (26–00–0108–253–A)	Budget Authority	2,409,104	2,400,997	–8,107	1
Research and development (Space science, applications, etc) (26–00–0108–254–A)	Budget Authority	2,537,687	2,520,128	–17,559	1
Space Flight, Control, and Data Comm. (space flight) (26–00–0105–253–A)	Budget Authority	3,910,106	3,630,121	–279,985	1,2
Space Flight, Control, and Data Comm. (supporting act.) (26–00–0105–255–A)	Budget Authority	822,825	1,014,224	191,399	1,2
Construction of facilities (Space flight) (26–00–0107–253–A)	Budget Authority	100,845	189,051	88,206	1,2
Research and program management (Space flight) (26–00–0103–253–A)	Budget Authority	949,742	964,572	14,830	1
Research and program management (Space science, applications, etc) (26–00–0103–254–A).	Budget Authority	670,380	680,736	10,356	1
Research and program management (Air transportation) (26–00–0103–402–A)	Budget Authority	411,304	418,516	7,212	1
Small Business Administration					
Salaries and expenses (28–00–0100–376–A)	Budget Authority	393,043	363,337	–29,706	1,2
Business loan and investment fund (28–00–4154–376–A)	Budget Authority	77,629	0	–77,629	6
	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	4,684,061	4,675,436	–8,625	1
Disaster loan fund (28–00–4153–453–A)	Budget Authority	375,000	0	–375,000	12
	Direct Loan Limitation	350,000	411,000	61,000	12
Surety bond guarantees revolving fund (28–00–4156–376–A)	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	1,532,400	1,500,000	–32,400	1
Other Independent Agencies					
Corporation for Public Broadcasting					
Public broadcasting fund (32–90–0151–503–A)	Budget Authority	0	298,870	298,870	4
	401(C) Authority	298,870	0	–298,870	4
District of Columbia					
Federal payment to the District of Columbia (33–40–1700–806–A)	Budget Authority	448,581	579,848	131,267	3
	401(C) Authority	20,300	0	–20,300	3
Federal payment to D.C. (water and sewer services) (33–40–1700–806–B)	Budget Authority	9,050	0	–9,050	3
Federal payment to D.C. (retirement funds) (33–40–1700–806–C)	Budget Authority	54,257	0	–54,257	3
Federal payment to D.C. (St. Elizabeth's Hospital) (33–40–1700–806–D)	Budget Authority	15,630	0	–15,630	3
Federal payment to D.C. (Inaugural Expenses) (33–40–1700–806–E)	Budget Authority	33,106	0	–33,106	3
Export-Import Bank of the United States					
Export-Import Bank of the United States (33–90–4027–155–A)	Guaranteed Loan Limitation	10,619,400	10,599,064	–20,336	1
Federal Emergency Management Agency					
Disaster relief (34–50–0104–453–A)	Budget Authority	1,303,490	1,298,388	–5,102	1,2
Railroad Retirement Board					
Supplemental Annuity Pension Fund (40–10–8012–601–A)	401(C) Authority	111,820	0	–111,820	6
Tennessee Valley Authority					
TVA fund (Energy supply) (40–80–4110–271–A)	Obligation limitation	58,954	0	–58,954	6

Table 13.—Detailed List of Sequesterable Resources for Which OMB and CBO Estimates Differ by More Than $5 Million—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Resource	OMB Base	CBO Base	Difference	Explanation
United States Information Agency					
Salaries and expenses (41–10–0201–154–A)	Budget Authority	661,409	670,285	8,876	1

Explanation:

1 Different adjustment factors for increased personnel costs and nonpay inflation.
2 Different assumptions about enacted 1990 levels, including transfers and rescissions.
3 Different account structure.
4 Different resource type classification.
5 Different assumptions about resource levels under current law for mandatory programs.
6 OMB classifies as sequesterable; CBO as exempt.
7 OMB classifies as exempt, CBO as sequestarable.
8 OMB error.
9 CBO error.
10 Technical estimating differences for unobligated balances due to rescissions.
11 Different assumptions regarding behavioral response of providers to payment reductions.
12 Different estimating techniques.
13 Different scoring of previously authorized lease-purchase projects.

APPENDIX: OCTOBER SEQUESTERABLE BASELINE AND REDUCTIONS BY AGENCY AND BUDGET ACCOUNT

(Fiscal year 1991; in thousands of dollars)

Percentages Used:
Nondefense, 31.6 percent
Defense, 34.5 percent

G-R-H Sequester Amounts
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Legislative Branch		
Senate		
Senate items (01-05-0110-A):		
Budget Authority	384,136	121,387
Outlays	368,386	116,410
Congressional use of foreign currency, Senate (01-05-0188-A):		
401(C) Authority	1,575	498
Outlays	1,575	498
House of Representatives		
Mileage of Members (01-10-0208-A):		
Budget Authority	219	69
Outlays	110	35
Salaries and expenses (01-10-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	549,080	173,509
Outlays	526,976	166,524
Congressional use of foreign currency, House of Representative (01-10-0488-A):		
401(C) Authority	3,360	1,062
Outlays	3,360	1,062
Joint Items		
Joint Economic Committee (01-12-0181-A):		
Budget Authority	3,597	1,137
Outlays	3,417	1,080
Joint Committee on Printing (01-12-0180-A):		
Budget Authority	1,222	386
Outlays	1,120	354
Special Services Office (01-12-0190-A):		
Budget Authority	246	78
Outlays	246	78
Joint Committee on Taxation (01-12-0460-A):		
Budget Authority	4,468	1,412
Outlays	4,021	1,271
Office of the Attending Physician (01-12-0425-A):		
Budget Authority	1,457	460
Outlays	1,457	460
General expenses, Capitol police (01-12-0476-A):		
Budget Authority	1,955	618
Outlays	1,703	538
Capitol Police Board (01-12-0474-A):		
Budget Authority	57,389	18,135
Outlays	55,667	17,591
Official mail costs (01-12-0825-A):		
Budget Authority	103,176	32,604
Outlays	103,176	32,604
Capitol Guide Service (01-12-0170-A):		
Budget Authority	1,375	434
Outlays	1,273	402
Statements of appropriations (01-12-0499-A):		
Budget Authority	21	7
Congressional Budget Office		
Salaries and expenses (01-14-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	20,027	6,329
Outlays	18,024	5,696
Architect of the Capitol		
Botanic Garden, Salaries and Expenses (01-15-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	129,754	41,002
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	120	38
Outlays	97,825	30,913
Library of Congress		
Salaries and expenses (01-25-0101-A):		
Budget Authority	161,912	51,164
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	5,888	1,861
Outlays	140,785	44,488
Copyright Office: Salaries and expenses (01-25-0102-A):		
Budget Authority	12,509	3,953
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	14,509	4,585
Outlays	25,129	7,941
Congressional Research Service: Salaries and expenses (01-25-0127-A):		
Budget Authority	47,712	15,077
Outlays	43,276	13,675
Books for the blind and physically handicapped: Salaries and expenses (01-25-0141-A):		
Budget Authority	38,675	12,221
Outlays	14,425	4,558
Furniture and furnishings (01-25-0146-A):		
Budget Authority	2,687	849
Outlays	1,993	630
Gift and trust fund accounts (01-25-9971-A):		
Obligation limitation	328	104
Government Printing Office		
Congressional printing and binding (01-30-0203-A):		
Budget Authority	77,263	24,415
Outlays	64,128	20,264
Office of Superintendent of Documents: Salaries and expenses (01-30-0201-A):		
Budget Authority	17,007	5,374
Outlays	10,714	3,386
Government Printing Office revolving fund (01-30-4505-A):		
Obligation limitation	38,383	12,129
General Accounting Office		
Salaries and expenses (01-35-0107-A):		
Budget Authority	378,654	119,655
Outlays	331,100	104,628
United States Tax Court		
Salaries and expenses (01-40-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	29,296	9,258
Outlays	25,458	8,045
Tax Court independent counsel, U.S. Tax Court (01-40-5023-A):		
401(C) Authority	10	3
Outlays	10	3
Legislative Branch Boards and Commissions		
National Commission of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (01-45-1300-A):		
Budget Authority	1,039	328
Outlays	831	263
Commission on Security and Cooperation in Europe: Salaries and expenses (01-45-0110-A):		
Budget Authority	874	276
Outlays	818	258
National Commission on Children (01-45-1050-A):		
Budget Authority	1,384	437
Outlays	1,312	415
International conferences and contingencies: House, Senate exp (01-45-0500-A):		
401(C) Authority	340	107
Outlays	340	107
Copyright Royalty Tribunal: Salaries and expenses (01-45-0310-A):		
Budget Authority	104	33
Outlays	58	18
Biomedical Ethics: Salaries and expenses (01-45-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	606	191
Outlays	606	191
U.S. Bipartisan Commission on Comprehensive Health Care (01-45-1100-A):		
Budget Authority	486	154
Outlays	486	154
Office of Technology Assessment		
Salaries and expenses (01-50-0700-A):		
Budget Authority	19,140	6,048
Outlays	15,101	4,772
Total, Legislative Branch:		
Budget Authority	2,047,470	647,000
401(C) Authority	5,285	1,670
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	20,517	6,484
Obligation limitation	38,711	12,233
Outlays	1,864,906	589,312
The Judiciary		
Supreme Court of the United States		
Salaries and expenses (02-05-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	17,035	5,383
Outlays	11,647	3,680
Care of the building and grounds (02-05-0103-A):		
Budget Authority	4,552	1,438
Outlays	4,151	1,312
United States Court of Appeals for Federal Circuit		
Salaries and expenses (02-07-0510-A):		
Budget Authority	7,844	2,479
Outlays	6,740	2,130
United States Court of International Trade		
Salaries and expenses (02-15-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	7,658	2,420
Outlays	7,268	2,297
Courts of Appeals, District Courts and Other Services		
Salaries and expenses (02-25-0920-A):		
Budget Authority	1,309,843	413,910
401(C) Authority	7,500	2,370
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	37,100	11,724
Outlays	1,243,195	392,850
Defender services (02-25-0923-A):		
Budget Authority	127,061	40,151
Outlays	123,402	38,995
Fees of jurors and commissioners (02-25-0925-A):		
Budget Authority	60,409	19,089
Outlays	49,837	15,748
Court security (02-25-0930-A):		
Budget Authority	60,320	19,061
Outlays	36,674	11,589
Registry administration (02-25-5101-A):		
401(C) Authority	3,500	1,106
Outlays	3,500	1,106
Administrative Office of the United States Courts		
Salaries and expenses (02-26-0927-A):		
Budget Authority	35,069	11,082
Outlays	29,122	9,203
Federal Judicial Center		
Salaries and expenses (02-30-0928-A):		
Budget Authority	13,005	4,110
Outlays	10,535	3,329
Judiciary Retirement Funds		
Payment to Judicial Officers' Retirement Fund (02-35-0941-A):		
Budget Authority	5,000	1,580
Total, The Judiciary:		
Budget Authority	1,647,796	520,703
401(C) Authority	11,000	3,476
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	37,100	11,724
Outlays	1,526,071	482,239
Executive Office of the President		
The White House Office		
Salaries and expenses (03-10-0110-A):		
Budget Authority	31,489	9,951
Outlays	28,052	8,864

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Executive Residence at the White House		
Operating expenses (03-20-0210-A):		
Budget Authority	7,036	2,243
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	540	171
Outlays	6,686	2,113
Official Residence of the Vice President		
Operating expenses (03-21-0211-A):		
Budget Authority	599	189
Outlays	408	129
Special Assistance to the President		
Salaries and expenses (03-22-1454-A):		
Budget Authority	2,399	758
Outlays	2,145	678
Council of Economic Advisers		
Salaries and expenses (03-28-1900-A):		
Budget Authority	2,984	943
Outlays	2,686	849
Council/Office on Environmental Quality		
Council on Environmental Quality and Office of Environmental Quality (03-31-1453-A):		
Budget Authority	1,526	482
Outlays	1,373	434
Office of Policy Development		
Salaries and expenses (03-35-2200-A):		
Budget Authority	3,203	1,012
Outlays	2,533	800
National Security Council		
Salaries and expenses (03-38-2000-A):		
Budget Authority	5,556	1,756
Outlays	4,223	1,334
National Space Council		
Salaries and expenses (03-39-0020-A):		
Budget Authority	1,023	323
Outlays	716	226
National Critical Materials Council		
Salaries and expenses (03-41-0111-A):		
Budget Authority	413	130
Outlays	372	118
Office of Administration		
Salaries and expenses (03-42-0038-A):		
Budget Authority	19,356	6,116
Outlays	16,221	5,126
Office of Management and Budget		
Salaries and Expenses (03-45-0300-A):		
Budget Authority	46,155	14,585
Outlays	42,459	13,417
Office of Federal Procurement Policy: Salaries and expenses (03-45-0201-A):		
Budget Authority	2,734	864
Outlays	2,426	767
Office of National Drug Control Policy		
Salaries and Expenses (03-47-1457-A):		
Budget Authority	38,497	12,165
Outlays	23,617	7,463
Special forfeiture fund (03-47-5001-A):		
Budget Authority	113,578	35,891
Outlays	56,789	17,945
Office of Science and Technology Policy		
Salaries and expenses (03-49-2600-A):		
Budget Authority	2,946	931
Outlays	1,769	559

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Office of the United States Trade Representative		
Salaries and expenses (03-50-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	18,517	5,851
Outlays	16,490	5,211
Total, Executive Office of the President:		
Budget Authority	298,073	94,190
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	540	171
Outlays	208,965	66,033
Funds Appropriated to the President		
Unanticipated Needs		
Unanticipated needs (04-06-0037-A):		
Budget Authority	1,042	329
Outlays	1,000	316
Investment in Management Improvement		
Investment in Management Improvement (04-08-0061-A):		
Budget Authority	521	165
Outlays	391	124
International Security Assistance		
Foreign Military Financing (04-09-1082-A):		
Budget Authority	5,030,402	1,589,607
Direct Loan Limitation	421,232	133,109
Outlays	1,766,970	558,363
Economic support fund (04-09-1037-A):		
Budget Authority	4,132,559	1,305,889
Outlays	2,085,633	659,060
International military education and training (04-09-1081-A):		
Budget Authority	49,178	15,540
Outlays	24,589	7,770
Peacekeeping operations (04-09-1032-A):		
Budget Authority	34,149	10,791
Outlays	23,563	7,446
Multilateral Assistance		
Contribution to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (04-12-0077-A):		
Budget Authority	51,877	16,393
Outlays	5,188	1,639
Contribution to the International Development Association (04-12-0073-A):		
Budget Authority	1,001,207	316,381
Outlays	147,564	46,630
Contribution to the International Finance Corporation (04-12-0078-A):		
Budget Authority	77,740	24,568
Contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank (04-12-0072-A):		
Budget Authority	98,920	31,259
Outlays	4,920	1,555
Contribution to the Asian Development Bank (04-12-0076-A):		
Budget Authority	182,322	57,614
Contribution to the African Development Fund (04-12-0079-A):		
Budget Authority	108,940	34,425
Contribution to the African Development Bank (04-12-0082-A):		
Budget Authority	9,892	3,126
Outlays	9,892	3,126
International organizations and programs (04-12-1005-A):		
Budget Authority	285,651	90,266
Outlays	214,239	67,700
Agency for International Development		
Functional development assistance program (04-14-1021-A):		
Budget Authority	1,310,000	413,960
Outlays	102,966	32,537
Development fund for Africa (04-14-1014-A):		
Budget Authority	601,484	190,069
Outlays	48,119	15,206

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Special assistance initiative (04-14-1042-A):		
Budget Authority	166,003	52,457
Outlays	30,628	9,678
American schools and hospitals abroad (04-14-1013-A):		
Budget Authority	39,440	12,463
Outlays	13,704	4,330
International disaster assistance (04-14-1035-A):		
Budget Authority	31,149	9,843
Outlays	7,787	2,461
Operating expenses, Agency for International Development (04-14-1000-A):		
Budget Authority	447,703	141,474
Outlays	335,777	106,106
Operating expenses of the AID Office of Inspector General (04-14-1007-A):		
Budget Authority	31,722	10,024
Outlays	23,792	7,518
Housing and other credit guaranty programs (04-14-4340-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	7,216	2,280
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	520,552	164,494
Outlays	7,216	2,280
Private sector revolving fund (04-14-4341-A):		
Budget Authority	5,187	1,639
Direct Loan Limitation	3,631	1,147
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	94,936	30,000
Trade and Development Program		
Trade and development program (04-16-1001-A):		
Budget Authority	32,821	10,371
Outlays	8,205	2,593
Peace Corps		
Peace Corps (04-18-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	172,801	54,605
Outlays	141,006	44,558
Overseas Private Investment Corporation		
Overseas Private Investment Corporation (04-20-4030-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	12,912	4,080
Direct Loan Limitation	20,750	6,557
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	220,422	69,653
Outlays	14,577	4,606
Inter-American Foundation		
Inter-American Foundation (04-22-4031-A):		
Budget Authority	17,565	5,551
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	10,000	3,160
Outlays	18,748	5,924
African Development Foundation		
African Development Foundation (04-24-0700-A):		
Budget Authority	9,220	2,914
Outlays	4,979	1,573
International Monetary Programs		
Contribution to Enhanced Struct Adjust Facility of the IMF (04-35-0005-A):		
Budget Authority	145,253	45,900
Outlays	2,905	918
Military Sales Programs		
Special defense acquisition fund (04-37-4116-A):		
Obligation limitation	286,926	90,669
Foreign military sales trust fund (04-37-8242-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	270,000	85,320
Outlays	270,000	85,320
Special Assistance for Central America		
Central American reconciliation assistance (04-55-1038-A):		
Budget Authority	27,467	8,680
Outlays	27,467	8,680
Total, Funds Appropriated to the President:		
Budget Authority	14,102,215	4,456,301
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	300,128	94,840

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Obligation limitation	286,926	90,669
Direct Loan Limitation	445,613	140,813
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	835,910	264,147
Outlays	5,341,823	1,688,017
Department of Agriculture		
Office of the Secretary		
Office of the Secretary (05-03-0115-A):		
Budget Authority	7,596	2,400
Outlays	7,542	2,383
Gifts and bequests (05-03-8203-A):		
401(C) Authority	2,500	790
Outlays	2,041	645
Departmental Administration		
Departmental administration (05-05-0120-A):		
Budget Authority	22,934	7,247
Outlays	16,717	5,283
Hazardous Waste Management (05-05-0500-A):		
Budget Authority	20,764	6,561
Outlays	10,101	3,192
Office of budget and program analysis (05-05-0503-A):		
Budget Authority	4,709	1,488
Outlays	4,035	1,275
Rental payments and building operations and maintenance (05-05-0117-A):		
Budget Authority	75,050	23,716
Outlays	67,010	21,175
Advisory committees (05-05-0118-A):		
Budget Authority	1,556	492
Outlays	1,154	365
Office of Governmental and Public Affairs		
Office of Public Affairs (05-06-0130-A):		
Budget Authority	8,845	2,795
Outlays	6,091	1,925
Office of the Inspector General		
Office of the Inspector General (05-08-0900-A):		
Budget Authority	53,927	17,041
Outlays	49,389	15,607
Office of the General Counsel		
Office of the General Counsel (05-10-2300-A):		
Budget Authority	22,418	7,083
Outlays	19,823	6,264
Agricultural Research Service		
Agricultural Research Service (05-18-1400-A):		
Budget Authority	610,318	192,869
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	3,600	1,138
Outlays	475,376	150,219
Buildings and facilities (05-18-1401-A):		
Budget Authority	11,123	3,515
Outlays	2,213	699
Cooperative State Research Service		
Cooperative State Research Service (05-24-1500-A):		
Budget Authority	398,847	126,036
401(C) Authority	2,850	901
Outlays	224,824	71,044
Extension Service		
Extension Service (05-27-0502-A):		
Budget Authority	384,679	121,559
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	245	77
Outlays	341,840	108,021
National Agricultural Library		
National Agricultural Library (05-30-0300-A):		
Budget Authority	15,288	4,831
Outlays	11,496	3,633

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
National Agricultural Statistics Service		
National Agricultural Statistics Service (05-33-1801-A):		
Budget Authority	69,659	22,012
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,717	543
Outlays	61,745	19,511
Economic Research Service		
Economic Research Service (05-36-1701-A):		
Budget Authority	52,764	16,673
Outlays	44,576	14,086
World Agricultural Outlook Board		
World agricultural outlook board (05-50-2100-A):		
Budget Authority	1,987	628
Outlays	1,589	502
Foreign Agricultural Service		
Foreign Agricultural Service (05-51-2900-A):		
Budget Authority	105,574	33,361
Outlays	65,456	20,684
Office of International Cooperation and Development		
Office of International Corporation and Development (05-53-3200-A):		
Budget Authority	6,292	1,988
Outlays	6,292	1,988
Scientific activities overseas (05-53-1404-A):		
Budget Authority	912	288
Outlays	547	173
Foreign Assistance Programs		
Expenses, PL 480, foreign assistance programs, Agriculture (05-57-2274-A):		
Budget Authority	1,020,321	322,421
Obligation limitation	1,587,468	501,640
Direct Loan Limitation	822,763	259,993
Outlays	1,020,321	322,421
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service		
Salaries and expenses (05-60-3300-A):		
Budget Authority	11,575	3,658
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	23,966	7,580
Outlays	24,099	7,615
Agricultural conservation program (05-60-3315-A):		
Budget Authority	190,028	60,049
Outlays	87,223	27,562
Colorado river basin salinity control program (05-60-3318-A):		
Budget Authority	10,775	3,405
Outlays	5,388	1,703
Conservation reserve program (05-60-3319-A):		
Budget Authority	1,878,038	593,460
Outlays	1,310,385	414,082
Water Bank program (05-60-3320-A):		
Budget Authority	12,754	4,030
Outlays	1,849	584
Emergency conservation program (05-60-3316-A):		
Budget Authority	31,184	9,854
Outlays	16,216	5,124
Forestry incentives program (05-60-3336-A):		
Budget Authority	12,969	4,098
Outlays	4,280	1,352
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation		
Administrative and operating expenses (05-63-2707-A):		
Budget Authority	247,366	78,168
Outlays	176,850	55,885
Commodity Credit Corporation		
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund (05-66-4336-A):		
401(C) Authority	10,260,943	3,242,458
Direct Loan Limitation	10,000,000	3,160,000

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	5,500,000	1,738,000
Outlays	10,260,943	3,242,458
Commodity Credit Corporation Fund (05-66-4336-I):		
401(C) Authority—ASI	5,400	5,400
Outlays	5,400	5,400
Rural Electrification Administration		
Salaries and expenses (05-72-3100-A):		
Budget Authority	32,714	10,338
Outlays	29,442	9,304
Reimbursement to the Rural electric and telephone revolving fund for int. (05-72-3101-A):		
Budget Authority	277,700	87,753
Outlays	277,700	87,753
Purchase of Rural Telephone Bank capital stock (05-72-3102-A):		
Budget Authority	29,916	9,453
Outlays	29,916	9,453
Rural communication development fund (05-72-4142-A):		
Budget Authority	1,264	399
Outlays	1,264	399
Rural electrification and telephone revolving fund (05-72-4230-A):		
Budget Authority	5,202	1,644
Direct Loan Limitation	3,488,538	1,102,378
Direct Loan Floor	1,869,739	590,836
Outlays	234,588	74,130
Rural telephone bank (05-72-4231-A):		
Direct Loan Limitation	219,383	69,325
Direct Loan Floor	184,481	58,296
Outlays	9,118	2,881
Farmers Home Administration		
Salaries and expenses (05-75-2001-A):		
Budget Authority	441,096	139,386
Outlays	402,915	127,321
Rural water and waste disposal grants (05-75-2066-A):		
Budget Authority	216,423	68,390
Outlays	8,657	2,736
Rural community fire protection grants (05-75-2067-A):		
Budget Authority	3,221	1,018
Outlays	1,450	458
Rural housing for domestic farm labor (05-75-2004-A):		
Budget Authority	11,318	3,576
Outlays	113	36
Mutual and self-help housing (05-75-2006-A):		
Budget Authority	8,997	2,843
Outlays	720	228
Very low income housing repair grants (05-75-2064-A):		
Budget Authority	13,025	4,116
Outlays	12,374	3,910
Compensation for construction defects (05-75-2071-A):		
Budget Authority	521	165
Outlays	260	82
Rural housing preservation grants (05-75-2070-A):		
Budget Authority	19,944	6,302
Outlays	598	189
Rural development grants (05-75-2065-A):		
Budget Authority	17,095	5,402
Outlays	2,564	810
Agricultural credit insurance fund (05-75-4140-A):		
Budget Authority	3,601	1,138
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	162,151	51,240
Direct Loan Limitation	1,671,400	528,162
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	3,164,287	999,915
Outlays	1,246,852	394,005
Self-help housing land development fund (05-75-4222-A):		
Direct Loan Limitation	521	165
Outlays	130	41
Rural housing insurance fund (05-75-4141-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	86,052	27,192
Obligation limitation	308,760	97,568
Direct Loan Limitation	1,985,770	627,503

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Outlays	1,232,978	389,621
Rural development insurance fund (05–75–4155–A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	970	307
Direct Loan Limitation	463,350	146,419
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	201,431	63,652
Outlays	32,572	10,293
Rural development loan fund (05–75–4233–A):		
Budget Authority	17,470	5,521
Direct Loan Limitation	20,107	6,354
Outlays	2,011	635
Soil Conservation Service		
Conservation operations (05–78–1000–A):		
Budget Authority	496,885	157,016
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	10,079	3,185
Outlays	467,213	147,639
Watershed planning (05–78–1066–A):		
Budget Authority	9,190	2,904
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	236	75
Outlays	8,139	2,572
River basin surveys and investigations (05–78–1069–A):		
Budget Authority	12,801	4,045
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	269	85
Outlays	12,302	3,887
Watershed and flood prevention operations (05–78–1072–A):		
Budget Authority	251,041	79,329
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	8,892	2,810
Outlays	159,709	50,468
Great plains conservation program (05–78–2268–A):		
Budget Authority	21,757	6,875
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	20	6
Outlays	9,476	2,994
Resource conservation and development (05–78–1010–A):		
Budget Authority	28,405	8,976
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,013	320
Outlays	25,008	7,903
Miscellaneous contributed funds (05–78–8210–A):		
401(C) Authority	560	177
Outlays	392	124
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service		
Salaries and expenses (05–79–1600–A):		
Budget Authority	370,260	117,002
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	29,580	9,347
Outlays	354,107	111,898
Buildings and facilities (05–79–1601–A):		
Budget Authority	14,170	4,478
Outlays	9,934	3,139
Federal Grain Inspection Service		
Salaries and expenses (05–80–2400–A):		
Budget Authority	8,525	2,694
Outlays	7,326	2,315
Inspection and weighing services (05–80–4050–A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	37,164	11,744
Outlays	37,164	11,744
Agricultural Marketing Service		
Marketing services (05–81–2500–A):		
Budget Authority	34,548	10,917
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	40,381	12,760
Outlays	67,680	21,387
Payments to States and possessions (05–81–2501–A):		
Budget Authority	1,288	407
Outlays	335	106
Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act fund (05–81–5070–A):		
401(C) Authority	5,675	1,793
Outlays	3,754	1,186
Funds for strengthening markets, income, and supply (section 3 (05–81–5209–A):		
401(C) Authority	375,277	118,588
Outlays	44,052	13,920

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Miscellaneous trust funds (05–81–9972–A):		
401(C) Authority	87,689	27,710
Outlays	66,898	21,140
Milk market orders assessment fund (05–81–8412–A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	41,032	12,966
Outlays	41,032	12,966
Office of Transportation		
Office of Transportation (05–82–2800–A):		
Budget Authority	2,497	789
Outlays	2,082	658
Food Safety and Inspection Service		
Salaries and expenses (05–83–3700–A):		
Budget Authority	438,473	138,557
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	38,586	12,193
Outlays	443,594	140,176
Exp. and refunds, insp. and grading (05–83–8137–A):		
401(C) Authority	1,200	379
Outlays	977	309
Food and Nutrition Service		
Food program administration (05–84–3508–A):		
Budget Authority	95,526	30,186
Outlays	85,018	26,866
Child nutrition programs (05–84–3539–A):		
Budget Authority	4,135	1,307
Outlays	4,135	1,307
Supplemental feeding programs (05–84–3510–A):		
Budget Authority	5,000	1,580
Outlays	5,000	1,580
Food donations programs for selected groups (05–84–3503–A):		
Budget Authority	244,174	77,159
Outlays	199,618	63,079
Temporary emergency food assistance program (05–84–3635–A):		
Budget Authority	51,915	16,405
Outlays	30,889	9,761
Human Nutrition Information Service		
Human Nutrition Information Services (05–86–3501–A):		
Budget Authority	9,407	2,973
Outlays	5,371	1,697
Packers and Stockyards Administration		
Packers and Stockyards Administration (05–90–2600–A):		
Budget Authority	9,958	3,147
Outlays	9,052	2,860
Agricultural Cooperative Service		
Agricultural Cooperative Service (05–92–3000–A):		
Budget Authority	4,910	1,552
Outlays	3,520	1,112
Forest Service		
National forest system (05–96–1106–A):		
Budget Authority	1,197,458	378,397
Outlays	1,033,654	326,698
Construction (05–96–1103–A):		
Budget Authority	231,221	73,066
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	2,835	896
Outlays	103,006	32,550
Forest research (05–96–1104–A):		
Budget Authority	156,106	49,329
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,018	322
Outlays	125,301	39,595
State and private forestry (05–96–1105–A):		
Budget Authority	115,797	36,592
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	604	191
Outlays	62,647	19,796
Forest service fire fighting (05–96–1111–A):		
Budget Authority	845,311	267,118
Outlays	821,624	259,633

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Range betterment fund (05–96–5207–A):		
Budget Authority	4,570	1,444
Outlays	3,711	1,173
Land acquisition (05–96–5004–A):		
Budget Authority	66,068	20,884
Outlays	17,941	5,669
Acquisition of lands for nat'l forests (05–96–5208–A):		
Budget Authority	1,103	349
Outlays	627	198
Acq. of lands to complete land exchanges (05–96–5216–A):		
Budget Authority	1,105	349
Outlays	989	313
Operations and maintenance of quarters (05–96–5219–A):		
401(C) Authority	5,888	1,861
Outlays	1,881	594
Forest Service permanent appropriations (05–96–9922–A):		
401(C) Authority	148,164	46,820
Outlays	134,761	42,584
Forest Service permanent appropriations (05–96–9921–A):		
401(C) Authority	377,425	119,266
Outlays	359,935	113,739
Working capital fund (05–96–4605–A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	10,101	3,192
Outlays	10,101	3,192
Reforestation trust fund (05–96–8046–A):		
401(C) Authority	30,000	9,480
Outlays	29,916	9,453
Cooperative work trust fund (05–96–8028–A):		
401(C) Authority	329,502	104,123
Outlays	272,256	86,033
Gifts, donations, bequests for forest and rangeland research (05–96–8034–A):		
Budget Authority	30	9
Outlays	30	9
Total, Department of Agriculture:		
Budget Authority	11,123,411	3,514,996
401(C) Authority	11,627,673	3,674,348
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	500,531	158,169
401(C) Authority—ASI	5,400	5,400
Obligation limitation	1,896,228	599,208
Direct Loan Limitation	18,671,832	5,900,299
Direct Loan Floor	2,054,220	649,134
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	8,865,718	2,801,567
Outlays	22,941,390	7,253,167
Department of Commerce		
General Administration		
Salaries and expenses (06–05–0120–A):		
Budget Authority	28,977	9,157
Outlays	27,759	8,772
Office of the Inspector General (06–05–0126–A):		
Budget Authority	13,884	4,387
Outlays	13,301	4,203
Economic Development Administration		
Grants and loans administration (06–06–0125–A):		
Budget Authority	26,409	8,345
Outlays	23,188	7,327
Economic development assistance programs (06–06–2050–A):		
Budget Authority	199,522	63,049
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	195,375	61,736
Outlays	19,952	6,305
Bureau of the Census		
Salaries and expenses (06–07–0401–A):		
Budget Authority	104,036	32,875
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	8,000	2,528
Outlays	100,592	31,787
Periodic censuses and programs (06–07–0450–A):		
Budget Authority	1,483,860	468,900
Outlays	1,338,330	422,912

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Economic and Statistical Analysis		
Salaries and expenses (06-08-1500-A):		
Budget Authority	32,189	10,172
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	395	125
Outlays	29,043	9,178
International Trade Administration		
Operations and administration (06-25-1250-A):		
Budget Authority	187,801	59,345
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	14,600	4,614
Outlays	146,999	46,452
Export Administration		
Operations and administration (06-30-0300-A):		
Budget Authority	43,139	13,632
Outlays	36,668	11,587
Minority Business Development Agency		
Minority business development (06-40-0201-A):		
Budget Authority	41,404	13,084
Outlays	21,033	6,646
United States Travel and Tourism Administration		
Salaries and expenses (06-44-0700-A):		
Budget Authority	14,711	4,649
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,450	458
Outlays	12,493	3,945
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration		
Operations, research, and facilities (06-48-1450-A):		
Budget Authority	1,330,812	420,537
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	15,315	4,840
Outlays	923,148	291,715
Fisheries Promotional Fund (06-48-5124-A):		
Budget Authority	2,084	659
Outlays	1,149	363
Promote and develop fishery products and research (06-48-5139-A):		
401(C) Authority	2,506	792
Outlays	1,381	436
Fishing vessel and gear damage compensation fund (06-48-5119-A):		
Budget Authority	108	34
Outlays	108	34
Fishermen's contingency fund (06-48-5120-A):		
Budget Authority	765	242
Outlays	727	230
Foreign fishing observer fund (06-48-5122-A):		
Budget Authority	2,045	646
Outlays	1,965	621
Coastal energy impact fund (06-48-4315-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	8,000	2,528
Outlays	8,000	2,528
Federal ship financing fund, fishing vessels (06-48-4417-A):		
401(C) Authority	5,400	1,706
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	480,000	151,680
Outlays	5,319	1,681
Aviation weather services program (06-48-8105-A):		
Budget Authority	30,825	9,741
Outlays	30,825	9,741
Patent and Trademark Office		
Salaries and expenses (06-51-1006-A):		
Budget Authority	89,476	28,274
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	241,620	76,352
Outlays	290,832	91,903
Technology Administration		
Salaries and Expenses (06-53-1100-A):		
Budget Authority	4,036	1,275
Outlays	3,471	1,097

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Information products and services (06-53-8546-A):		
401(C) Authority	53,000	16,748
Outlays	39,287	12,415
National Institute of Standards and Technology		
Scientific and technical research and services (06-55-0500-A):		
Budget Authority	170,288	53,811
Outlays	132,825	41,973
Working capital fund (06-55-4650-A):		
Budget Authority	562	178
Outlays	282	89
National Telecommunications and Information Administration		
Salaries and expenses (06-60-0550-A):		
Budget Authority	14,593	4,611
Outlays	11,675	3,689
Public telecommunications facilities, planning and constructio (06-60-0551-A):		
Budget Authority	20,839	6,585
Outlays	2,417	764
Total, Department of Commerce:		
Budget Authority	3,842,365	1,214,188
401(C) Authority	60,908	19,246
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	289,380	91,445
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	675,375	213,418
Outlays	3,222,759	1,018,393
Department of Defense—Military		
Operation and Maintenance		
Operation and maintenance, Army (07-10-2020-A):		
Budget Authority	24,299,220	8,383,231
Outlays	19,779,564	6,823,950
Operation and maintenance, Navy (07-10-1804-A):		
Budget Authority	26,001,039	8,970,358
Outlays	20,020,900	6,907,176
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps (07-10-1106-A):		
Budget Authority	1,861,853	649,239
Outlays	1,369,989	472,646
Operation and maintenance, Air Force (07-10-3400-A):		
Budget Authority	23,018,829	7,941,496
Outlays	17,655,442	6,091,127
Operation and maintenance, Defense agencies (07-10-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	8,130,714	2,805,096
Outlays	6,911,107	2,384,332
Office of the Inspector General (07-10-0107-A):		
Budget Authority	100,856	34,799
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	19	7
Outlays	75,663	26,104
Operation and maintenance, Army Reserve (07-10-2080-A):		
Budget Authority	907,915	313,231
Outlays	690,015	238,055
Operation and maintenance, Navy Reserve (07-10-1806-A):		
Budget Authority	961,982	331,884
Outlays	607,972	209,750
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve (07-10-1107-A):		
Budget Authority	81,722	28,194
Outlays	58,839	20,299
Operation and maintenance, Air Force Reserve (07-10-3740-A):		
Budget Authority	1,049,265	361,996
Outlays	845,708	291,769
Operation and maintenance, Army National Guard (07-10-2065-A):		
Budget Authority	1,945,704	671,268
Outlays	1,511,813	521,575

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Operation and maintenance, Air National Guard (07-10-3840-A):		
Budget Authority	2,107,675	727,148
Outlays	1,700,893	586,808
National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army (07-10-1705-A):		
Budget Authority	4,826	1,665
Outlays	2,655	916
Court of Military Appeals, Defense (07-10-0104-A):		
Budget Authority	4,108	1,417
Outlays	3,451	1,191
Drug Interdiction Defense (07-10-0105-A):		
Budget Authority	30,645	10,573
Outlays	12,258	4,229
Goodwill Games (07-10-0106-A):		
Budget Authority	15,132	5,221
Outlays	12,106	4,177
Foreign currency fluctuations, Defense (07-10-0801-A):		
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	299,186	103,219
Environmental restoration, Defense (07-10-0810-A):		
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	211	73
Outlays	116	40
Humanitarian Assistance (07-10-0819-A):		
Budget Authority	10,420	3,595
Outlays	7,638	2,635
Restoration of the Rocky Mountain Arsenal (07-10-5098-A):		
401(C) Authority	21,300	7,348
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	29,880	10,309
Outlays	21,300	7,348
Procurement		
Aircraft procurement, Army (07-15-2031-A):		
Budget Authority	3,844,510	1,326,356
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	702,737	242,444
Outlays	591,142	203,944
Missile procurement, Army (07-15-2032-A):		
Budget Authority	2,587,403	892,654
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	651,960	224,926
Outlays	161,968	55,879
Procurement of weapons and tracked combat vehicles, Army (07-15-2033-A):		
Budget Authority	2,535,390	874,710
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	1,097,334	378,580
Outlays	36,327	12,533
Procurement of ammunition, Army (07-15-2034-A):		
Budget Authority	2,017,357	695,988
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	246,335	84,986
Outlays	769,655	265,531
Other procurement, Army (07-15-2035-A):		
Budget Authority	3,615,676	1,247,408
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	1,166,611	402,481
Outlays	430,406	148,490
Aircraft procurement, Navy (07-15-1506-A):		
Budget Authority	9,543,052	3,292,353
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	1,861,479	642,210
Outlays	1,539,612	531,166
Weapons procurement, Navy (07-15-1507-A):		
Budget Authority	5,528,022	1,907,168
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	1,411,075	486,821
Outlays	624,519	215,459
Shipbuilding and conversion, Navy (07-15-1611-A):		
Budget Authority	11,682,207	4,030,361
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	8,439,096	2,911,488

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Outlays	804,852	277,674
Other procurement, Navy (07–15–1810–A):		
Budget Authority	7,881,196	2,719,013
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	3,819,915	1,317,871
Outlays	1,275,421	440,020
Procurement, Marine Corps (07–15–1109–A):		
Budget Authority	1,210,839	417,739
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	222,381	76,721
Outlays	225,016	77,631
Aircraft procurement, Air Force (07–15–3010–A):		
Budget Authority	16,037,703	5,533,008
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	7,132,558	2,460,733
Outlays	926,810	319,749
Missile procurement, Air Force (07–15–3020–A):		
Budget Authority	6,584,129	2,271,524
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	2,538,951	875,938
Outlays	1,879,355	648,377
Other procurement, Air Force (07–15–3080–A):		
Budget Authority	8,839,294	3,049,556
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	2,093,509	722,261
Outlays	6,275,429	2,165,023
Procurement, Defense agencies (07–15–0300–A):		
Budget Authority	1,387,518	478,694
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	362,333	125,005
Outlays	507,458	175,073
National Guard and Reserve Equipment (07–15–0350–A):		
Budget Authority	1,030,246	355,435
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	476,830	164,506
Outlays	162,765	56,154
Defense Production Act purchases (07–15–0360–A):		
Budget Authority	45,305	15,630
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	47,627	16,431
Chemical agents and munitions destruction, Defense (07–15–0390–A):		
Budget Authority	264,898	91,390
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	17,287	5,964
Outlays	107,512	37,092

Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation

Research, development, test, and evaluation, Army (07–20–2040–A):		
Budget Authority	5,546,445	1,913,524
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	351,349	121,215
Outlays	3,007,876	1,037,717
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Navy (07–20–1319–A):		
Budget Authority	9,884,825	3,410,265
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	440,048	151,817
Outlays	5,781,929	1,994,766
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Air Force (07–20–3600–A):		
Budget Authority	14,038,406	4,843,250
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	1,874,192	646,596
Outlays	9,149,743	3,156,661
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense agencies (07–20–0400–A):		
Budget Authority	8,383,291	2,892,235
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	984,699	339,721
Outlays	5,030,610	1,735,560

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Developmental test and evaluation, Defense (07–20–0450–A):		
Budget Authority	185,706	64,069
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	32,733	11,293
Outlays	46,965	16,203
Operational test and evaluation, Defense (07–20–0460–A):		
Budget Authority	13,259	4,574
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	1,909	659
Outlays	606	209

Military Construction

Military construction, Army (07–25–2050–A):		
Budget Authority	756,254	261,598
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	338,004	116,611
Outlays	350,802	121,027
Military construction, Navy (07–25–1205–A):		
Budget Authority	1,166,204	402,340
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	420,192	144,966
Outlays	261,755	90,305
Military construction, Air Force (07–25–3300–A):		
Budget Authority	1,223,616	422,148
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	558,550	192,700
Outlays	294,058	101,450
Military construction, Defense agencies (07–25–0500–A):		
Budget Authority	531,243	183,279
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	353,696	122,025
Outlays	123,891	42,742
North Atlantic Treaty Organization infrastructure (07–25–0804–A):		
Budget Authority	419,706	144,799
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	19,231	6,635
Outlays	87,787	30,287
Military construction, Army National Guard (07–25–2085–A):		
Budget Authority	240,171	82,859
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	93,727	32,336
Outlays	24,040	8,294
Military construction, Air National Guard (07–25–3830–A):		
Budget Authority	245,773	84,792
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	104,179	35,942
Outlays	27,996	9,659
Military construction, Army Reserve (07–25–2086–A):		
Budget Authority	103,284	35,633
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	35,015	12,080
Outlays	18,671	6,441
Military construction, Naval Reserve (07–25–1235–A):		
Budget Authority	58,977	20,347
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	10,545	3,638
Outlays	9,733	3,358
Military construction, Air Force Reserve (07–25–3730–A):		
Budget Authority	48,140	16,608
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	12,163	4,196
Outlays	6,452	2,226
Base realignment and closure account (07–25–0103–A):		
Budget Authority	521,000	179,745
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	85,000	29,325
Outlays	203,616	70,248

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Foreign currency fluctuations, construction (07–25–0803–A):		
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	152,484	52,607

Family Housing

Family housing, Army (07–30–0702–A):		
Budget Authority	1,508,084	520,289
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	92,975	32,076
Outlays	1,054,951	363,958
Family housing, Navy and Marine Corps (07–30–0703–A):		
Budget Authority	831,850	286,988
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	137,094	47,297
Outlays	415,815	143,456
Family housing, Air Force (07–30–0704–A):		
Budget Authority	906,544	312,758
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	57,950	19,993
Outlays	564,695	194,820
Family housing, Defense agencies (07–30–0706–A):		
Budget Authority	22,011	7,594
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	70	24
Outlays	15,116	5,215

Revolving and Management Funds

National Defense Stockpile transaction fund (07–40–4555–A):		
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	421,828	145,531
Air Force stock fund (07–40–4921–A):		
Budget Authority	115,766	39,939
Outlays	45,149	15,576
Army industrial fund (07–40–4992–A):		
Budget Authority	31,052	10,713
Outlays	12,110	4,178
Emergency response fund (07–40–4965–A):		
Budget Authority	104,200	35,949
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	100,000	34,500
Total, Department of Defense—Military:		
Budget Authority	222,074,467	76,615,693
401(C) Authority	21,300	7,348
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	39,294,947	13,556,757
Outlays	114,139,942	39,378,278

Department of Defense—Civil

Cemeterial Expenses, Army

Salaries and expenses (08–05–1805–A):		
Budget Authority	12,899	4,076
Outlays	9,623	3,041

Corps of Engineers—Civil

General investigations (08–10–3121–A):		
Budget Authority	134,624	42,541
Outlays	94,237	29,779
Construction, general (08–10–3122–A):		
Budget Authority	1,006,931	318,190
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	250	79
Outlays	403,022	127,355
Operation and maintenance, general (08–10–3123–A):		
Budget Authority	1,288,184	407,066
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	3,500	1,106
Outlays	1,038,156	328,057
Regulatory Program (08–10–3126–A):		
Budget Authority	71,301	22,531
Outlays	67,736	21,405
Flood control and coastal emergencies (08–10–3125–A):		
Budget Authority	20,838	6,585
Outlays	10,419	3,292

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
General expenses (08-10-3124-A):		
Budget Authority	147,895	46,735
Outlays	118,316	37,388
Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries (08-10-3112-A):		
Budget Authority	344,097	108,735
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	195	62
Outlays	241,064	76,176
Permanent appropriations (08-10-9921-A):		
401(C) Authority	12,000	3,792
Outlays	48	15
Revolving fund (08-10-4902-A):		
Budget Authority	10,274	3,247
Outlays	8,220	2,598
Inland waterways trust fund (08-10-8861-A):		
Budget Authority	122,245	38,629
Outlays	73,347	23,178
Rivers and harbors contributed funds (08-10-8862-A):		
401(C) Authority	205,500	64,938
Outlays	96,145	30,382
Harbor maintenance trust fund (08-10-8863-A):		
Budget Authority	168,461	53,234
Outlays	168,461	53,234
Soldiers' and Airmen's Home		
Operation and maintenance (08-20-8931-A):		
Budget Authority	40,358	12,753
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	144	46
Outlays	35,458	11,205
Capital outlay (08-20-8932-A):		
Budget Authority	9,768	3,087
Outlays	3,419	1,080
Forest and Wildlife Conservation, Military Reservations		
Wildlife conservation (08-30-5095-A):		
401(C) Authority	2,200	695
Outlays	1,450	458
The Mildred and Claude Pepper Foundation		
Mildred and Claude Pepper Foundation (08-31-0826-A):		
Budget Authority	10,420	3,293
Outlays	10,420	3,293
Total, Department of Defense—Civil:		
Budget Authority	3,388,295	1,070,702
401(C) Authority	219,700	69,425
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	4,089	1,293
Outlays	2,379,541	751,936
Department of Education		
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education		
Compensatory education for the disadvantaged (18-10-0900-A):		
Budget Authority	5,593,832	1,767,651
Outlays	671,260	212,118
Impact aid (18-10-0102-A):		
Budget Authority	763,111	241,143
Outlays	614,498	194,181
School improvement programs (18-10-1000-A):		
Budget Authority	1,477,227	466,804
Outlays	177,264	56,015
Indian education (18-10-0101-A):		
Budget Authority	76,711	24,241
Outlays	11,220	3,546
Office of Bilingual Education and Minority Languages Affairs		
Bilingual and immigrant Education (18-15-1300-A):		
Budget Authority	196,598	62,125
Outlays	23,591	7,455

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services		
Education for the handicapped (18-20-0300-A):		
Budget Authority	2,141,575	676,738
Outlays	264,558	83,600
Rehabilitation services and handicapped research (18-20-0301-A):		
Budget Authority	262,285	82,882
Outlays	201,959	63,819
Rehab svcs/handicap rsrch split for G-R-H: ASI (G-R-H) (18-20-0301-I):		
Budget Authority—ASI	68,782	68,782
Outlays	52,962	52,962
Special institutions for the handicapped (NTID) (18-20-0604-B):		
Budget Authority	37,585	11,877
Outlays	36,164	11,428
Special institutions for the handicapped (Gallaudet) (18-20-0604-C):		
Budget Authority	70,483	22,273
Outlays	67,290	21,264
Special institutions for the handicapped (APHB) (18-20-0604-D):		
Budget Authority	5,901	1,865
Outlays	5,901	1,865
Office of Vocational and Adult Education		
Vocational and adult education (18-30-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	1,169,613	369,598
401(C) Authority	7,148	2,259
Outlays	141,213	44,623
Office of Postsecondary Education		
Student financial assistance (18-40-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	6,340,325	2,003,543
Outlays	1,174,049	370,999
Guaranteed student loans (18-40-0230-A):		
401(C) Authority—Spec. Rules	44,573	44,573
Outlays	35,658	35,658
Higher education (18-40-0201-A):		
Budget Authority	650,763	205,641
Outlays	95,116	30,057
Howard University (18-40-0603-A):		
Budget Authority	190,109	60,074
Outlays	181,473	57,345
College housing and academic facilities loans (18-40-0242-A):		
Budget Authority	39,709	12,548
Direct Loan Limitation	31,260	9,878
Outlays	6,789	2,145
College housing loans (18-40-4250-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	50	16
Outlays	50	16
Office of Educational Research and Improvement		
Research, statistics and improvement of practice (18-50-1100-A):		
Budget Authority	99,242	31,360
Outlays	42,674	13,485
Libraries (18-50-0104-A):		
Budget Authority	142,385	44,994
Outlays	51,244	16,193
Departmental Management		
Program Administration (18-80-0800-A):		
Budget Authority	284,667	89,955
Outlays	236,270	74,661
Office for Civil Rights (18-80-0700-A):		
Budget Authority	46,419	14,668
Outlays	38,528	12,175

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Office of the Inspector General (18-80-1400-A):		
Budget Authority	24,069	7,606
Outlays	19,977	6,313
Total, Department of Education:		
Budget Authority	19,612,609	6,197,586
Budget Authority—ASI	68,782	68,782
401(C) Authority	7,148	2,259
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	50	16
401(C) Authority—Spec. Rules	44,573	44,573
Direct Loan Limitation	31,260	9,878
Outlays	4,149,708	1,371,923
Department of Energy		
Atomic Energy Defense Activities		
Atomic energy defense activities (19-10-0220-A):		
Budget Authority	10,050,633	3,467,468
Outlays	6,532,911	2,253,854
Energy Programs		
General science and research activities (19-20-0222-A):		
Budget Authority	1,144,871	361,779
Outlays	865,522	273,505
Energy supply, R&D activities (19-20-0224-A):		
Budget Authority	2,276,645	719,420
Outlays	1,138,322	359,710
Uranium supply and enrichment activities (19-20-0226-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,287,700	406,913
Outlays	1,287,700	406,913
Fossil energy research and development (19-20-0213-A):		
Budget Authority	435,831	137,723
Outlays	174,332	55,089
Naval petroleum and shale reserves (19-20-0219-A):		
Budget Authority	197,391	62,376
Outlays	108,565	34,307
Energy conservation (19-20-0215-A):		
Budget Authority	383,518	121,192
Outlays	76,552	24,190
Strategic petroleum reserve (19-20-0218-A):		
Budget Authority	200,562	63,378
Outlays	110,309	34,858
SPR petroleum (19-20-0233-A):		
Budget Authority	224,310	70,882
401(C) Authority	184,818	58,402
Outlays	373,089	117,896
Energy information administration (19-20-0216-A):		
Budget Authority	67,004	21,173
Outlays	43,552	13,762
Emergency preparedness (19-20-0234-A):		
Budget Authority	6,823	2,156
Outlays	5,459	1,725
Economic regulation (19-20-0217-A):		
Budget Authority	19,060	6,023
Outlays	13,342	4,216
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (19-20-0212-A):		
Budget Authority	120,357	38,033
Outlays	108,946	34,427
Geothermal resources development fund (19-20-0206-A):		
Budget Authority	80	25
Outlays	80	25
Clean Coal Technology (19-20-0235-A):		
401(C) Authority	956,000	302,096
Outlays	148,002	46,769
Payments to states under Federal Power Act (19-20-5105-A):		
401(C) Authority	2,343	740
Nuclear waste disposal fund (19-20-5227-A):		
Budget Authority	307,445	97,153
Outlays	153,723	48,576
Isotope production and distribution fund (19-20-4180-A):		
Budget Authority	16,689	5,274
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	16,243	5,133

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Outlays	16,243	5,133
Power Marketing Administration		
Operation and maintenance, Alaska Power Administration (19-50-0304-A):		
Budget Authority	1,903	601
Outlays	1,506	476
Operation and maintenance, Southeastern Power Administration (19-50-0302-A):		
Budget Authority	385	122
Outlays	327	103
Operation and maintenance, Southwestern Power Administration (19-50-0303-A):		
Budget Authority	6,012	1,900
Outlays	3,737	1,181
Construction, rehabilitation, operation and maintenance, WAPA (19-50-5068-A):		
Budget Authority	43,035	13,599
Outlays	19,388	6,127
Bonneville Power Administration fund (19-50-4045-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	45,800	14,473
Outlays	45,800	14,473
Colorado river basins power marketing fund, WAPA (19-50-4452-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	7,668	2,423
Outlays	7,668	2,423
Departmental Administration		
Departmental administration (19-60-0228-A):		
Budget Authority	208,375	65,846
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	183,413	57,958
Outlays	312,632	98,792
Office of the Inspector General (19-60-0236-A):		
Budget Authority	23,565	7,447
Outlays	23,565	7,447
Total, Department of Energy:		
Budget Authority	15,734,494	5,263,570
401(C) Authority	1,143,161	361,238
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,540,824	486,900
Outlays	11,571,272	3,845,977
Department of Health and Human Services		
Food and Drug Administration		
Program expenses (09-10-0600-A):		
Budget Authority	615,317	194,440
Outlays	517,116	163,409
Buildings and facilities (09-10-0603-A):		
Budget Authority	8,701	2,750
Outlays	1,305	412
Revolving fund for certification and other services (09-10-4309-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	3,230	1,021
Outlays	3,230	1,021
Health Resources and Services		
Health resources and services (09-15-0350-A):		
Budget Authority	1,294,718	409,131
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	365	115
Outlays	684,444	216,285
Health resources and services 2% split (G-R-H) (09-15-0350-G):		
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	10,550	10,550
Outlays	6,330	6,330
Vaccine improvement program trust fund (09-15-8175-A):		
Budget Authority	5,127	1,620
Outlays	5,053	1,597
Indian Health		
Tribal Health Administration (09-17-0390-A):		
Budget Authority	92,019	29,078
Outlays	67,303	21,268

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Tribal and Federal Health Services 2% split (G-R-H) (09-17-0390-G):		
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	22,700	22,700
401(C) Authority—Spec. Rules	60	60
Outlays	16,585	16,585
Indian health facilities 2% split (G-R-H) (09-17-0391-G):		
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	1,493	1,493
Outlays	793	793
Centers for Disease Control		
Disease control, research, and training (09-20-0943-A):		
Budget Authority	1,168,238	369,163
401(C) Authority	346	109
Outlays	642,670	203,083
National Institutes of Health		
National Cancer Institute (09-25-0849-A):		
Budget Authority	1,702,546	538,035
Outlays	833,662	263,437
National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute (09-25-0872-A):		
Budget Authority	1,117,361	353,086
Outlays	525,562	166,084
National Institute of Dental Research (09-25-0873-A):		
Budget Authority	141,437	44,694
Outlays	77,963	24,636
National Insti. of Diabetes, and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (09-25-0884-A):		
Budget Authority	606,690	191,714
Outlays	194,069	61,325
National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (09-25-0886-A):		
Budget Authority	510,959	161,463
Outlays	209,492	66,206
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (09-25-0885-A):		
Budget Authority	867,929	274,265
Outlays	288,156	91,057
National Institute of General Medical Sciences (09-25-0851-A):		
Budget Authority	710,412	224,491
Outlays	255,738	80,813
National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (09-25-0844-A):		
Budget Authority	461,497	145,833
Outlays	152,302	48,127
National Eye Institute (09-25-0887-A):		
Budget Authority	246,245	77,813
Outlays	91,044	28,769
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (09-25-0862-A):		
Budget Authority	238,352	75,320
Outlays	132,890	41,993
National Institute on Aging (09-25-0843-A):		
Budget Authority	249,499	78,842
Outlays	82,326	26,015
National Ins. of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseas (09-25-0888-A):		
Budget Authority	176,017	55,621
Outlays	72,443	22,892
NID and Other Communicative Disorders (09-25-0890-A):		
Budget Authority	122,519	38,716
Outlays	50,506	15,960
Research resources (09-25-0848-A):		
Budget Authority	368,709	116,512
Outlays	234,276	74,031
National Center for Nursing Research (09-25-0889-A):		
Budget Authority	35,175	11,115
Outlays	5,689	1,797

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
National Center for Human Genome Research (09-25-0891-A):		
Budget Authority	62,037	19,604
Outlays	21,707	6,860
John E. Fogarty International Center (09-25-0819-A):		
Budget Authority	16,165	5,108
Outlays	7,761	2,452
National Library of Medicine (09-25-0807-A):		
Budget Authority	85,274	26,946
Outlays	51,887	16,397
Office of the Director (09-25-0846-A):		
Budget Authority	111,910	35,363
401(C) Authority	200	63
Outlays	52,797	16,684
Buildings and facilities (09-25-0838-A):		
Budget Authority	63,606	20,099
Outlays	12,721	4,020
Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration		
Alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health (09-30-1361-A):		
Budget Authority	2,736,127	864,616
Outlays	930,259	293,962
Federal subsidy for St. Elizabeths Hospital (09-30-1300-A):		
Budget Authority	18,756	5,927
Outlays	18,756	5,927
Office of Assistant Secretary for Health		
Public health service management (09-37-1101-A):		
Budget Authority	79,333	25,069
Outlays	47,793	15,103
Medical treatment effectiveness (09-37-1105-A):		
Budget Authority	27,956	8,834
Outlays	15,655	4,947
Health Care Financing Administration		
Program management (09-38-0511-A):		
Budget Authority	104,806	33,118
Outlays	104,806	33,118
Federal hospital insurance trust fund (09-38-8005-A):		
401(C) Authority	103,825	32,809
Obligation limitation	1,037,804	327,946
Outlays	883,566	279,207
FHI 2% split (G-R-H) (09-38-8005-S):		
Obligat. limit.—Spec. Rules	1,190,000	1,190,000
Outlays	1,190,000	1,190,000
Federal supplementary medical insurance trust fund (09-38-8004-A):		
401(C) Authority	27,599	8,721
Obligation limitation	1,469,858	464,475
Outlays	1,304,638	412,266
FSMI 2% split (G-R-H) (09-38-8004-S):		
Obligat. limit.—Spec. Rules	408,000	408,000
Outlays	408,000	408,000
Social Security Administration		
Special benefits for disabled coal miners (09-60-0409-A):		
Budget Authority	7,115	2,248
Outlays	7,115	2,248
Supplemental security income program (09-60-0406-A):		
Budget Authority	827,094	261,362
Outlays	827,094	261,362
Family Support Administration		
Program administration (09-70-1500-A):		
Budget Authority	89,008	28,127
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	417	132
Outlays	62,612	19,785
Family support payment to States (CSE) (09-70-1501-B):		
Budget Authority	1,166,599	368,645
401(C) Authority	362,401	114,519
Outlays	1,529,000	483,164

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Low income home energy assistance (09-70-1502-A):		
Budget Authority	1,503,606	475,139
Outlays	1,368,281	432,377
Refugee and Entrant Assistance (09-70-1503-A):		
Budget Authority	390,564	123,418
Outlays	253,867	80,222
Community services block grant (09-70-1504-A):		
Budget Authority	397,068	125,473
401(C) Authority	8,041	2,541
Outlays	279,525	88,330
Payments to States for Family Support Activities (09-70-1509-A):		
Budget Authority	1,000,000	316,000
Outlays	763,000	241,108
Interim assistance to States for legalization (09-70-1508-A):		
401(C) Authority	840,000	265,440
Outlays	252,825	79,893
Human Development Services		
Social services block grant (09-80-1634-A):		
Budget Authority	2,800,000	884,800
Outlays	2,660,000	840,560
Human development services (09-80-1636-A):		
Budget Authority	3,059,713	966,869
Outlays	1,778,479	561,999
Payments to State for foster care and adoption assistance (09-80-1645-A):		
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	5,132	5,132
Outlays	3,683	3,683
Policy Management		
General Departmental administration (09-90-0120-A):		
Budget Authority	82,692	26,131
Outlays	57,884	18,291
Office of the Inspector General (09-90-0128-A):		
Budget Authority	52,891	16,714
Outlays	39,670	12,536
Office for Civil Rights (09-90-0135-A):		
Budget Authority	18,128	5,728
Outlays	16,496	5,213
Office of Consumer Affairs (09-90-0137-A):		
Budget Authority	1,919	606
Outlays	1,535	485
Policy research (09-90-0122-A):		
Budget Authority	5,214	1,648
Outlays	2,086	659
Total, Department of Health and Human Services:		
Budget Authority	25,447,148	8,041,295
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	39,875	39,875
401(C) Authority	1,342,412	424,202
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	4,012	1,268
401(C) Authority—Spec. Rules	60	60
Obligation limitation	2,507,662	792,421
Obligat. limit.—Spec. Rules	1,598,000	1,598,000
Outlays	20,104,465	7,484,777
Health and Human Services Social Security		
Social Security		
Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund (16-05-8006-A):		
Obligation limitation	1,686,297	532,870
Outlays	1,452,576	459,014
Federal disability insurance trust fund (16-05-8007-A):		
Obligation limitation	537,763	169,933
Outlays	469,246	148,282
Total, Health and Human Services Social Security:		
Obligation limitation	2,224,060	702,803
Outlays	1,921,822	607,296

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Housing Programs		
Subsidized housing programs (25-02-0164-A):		
Budget Authority	7,528,368	2,378,964
Outlays	71,957	22,738
Asst. for the renewal of expiring section 8 subsidy cont. (25-02-0194-A):		
Budget Authority	1,122,844	354,819
Outlays	61,532	19,444
Congregate services program (25-02-0178-A):		
Budget Authority	6,074	1,919
Housing counseling assistance (25-02-0156-A):		
Budget Authority	3,591	1,135
Section 8 moderate rehab. single room occupancy (25-02-0195-A):		
Budget Authority	76,259	24,098
Outlays	3,045	962
Manufactured home inspection and monitoring (25-02-5271-A):		
401(C) Authority	7,320	2,313
Outlays	6,500	2,054
Interstate land sales (25-02-5270-A):		
401(C) Authority	600	190
Outlays	600	190
FHA Mutual Mortgage and Cooperative Housing Insurance Fund (25-02-4070-A):		
Obligation limitation	227,388	71,855
Direct Loan Limitation	74,258	23,466
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	65,345,176	20,649,076
Outlays	227,388	71,855
FHA general and special risk insurance funds (25-02-4072-A):		
Obligation limitation	179,945	56,863
Direct Loan Limitation	16,633	5,256
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	11,593,499	3,663,546
Outlays	179,945	56,863
Housing for the elderly or handicapped fund (25-02-4115-A):		
Direct Loan Limitation	492,516	155,635
Rental housing assistance fund (25-02-4041-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	70,000	22,120
Outlays	70,000	22,120
Nonprofit sponsor assistance (25-02-4042-A):		
Direct Loan Limitation	1,114	352
Nehemiah Housing Opportunity Fund (25-02-4071-A):		
Budget Authority	25,220	7,970
Public and Indian Housing Programs		
Payments for operation of low income housing projects (25-03-0163-A):		
Budget Authority	1,943,363	614,103
Outlays	893,436	282,326
Government National Mortgage Association		
Guarantees of mortgage-backed securities (25-04-4238-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	5,950	1,880
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	85,063,753	26,880,146
Outlays	5,950	1,880
Community Planning and Development		
Community development grants (25-06-0162-A):		
Budget Authority	3,014,473	952,573
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	147,722	46,680
Outlays	121,500	38,394
Rental rehabilitation grants (25-06-0182-A):		
Budget Authority	133,360	42,142
Urban homesteading (25-06-0171-A):		
Budget Authority	13,541	4,279
Outlays	13,541	4,279
Emergency shelter grants program (25-06-0181-A):		
Budget Authority	76,237	24,091
Outlays	11,436	3,614

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Transitional and supportive housing demonstration programs (25-06-0188-A):		
Budget Authority	132,152	41,760
Rental Housing Assistance for the Homeless (25-06-0187-A):		
Budget Authority	11,191	3,536
Outlays	5,595	1,768
Rehabilitation loan fund (25-06-4036-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	13,703	4,330
Direct Loan Limitation	87,548	27,665
Outlays	29,685	9,380
Policy Development and Research		
Research and technology (25-28-0108-A):		
Budget Authority	21,284	6,726
Outlays	6,385	2,018
Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity		
Fair housing activities (25-29-0144-A):		
Budget Authority	12,931	4,086
Outlays	1,940	613
Management and Administration		
Salaries and expenses, including transfer of funds (25-35-0143-A):		
Budget Authority	359,133	113,486
Outlays	276,385	87,338
Office of the Inspector General (25-35-0189-A):		
Budget Authority	24,705	7,807
Outlays	19,023	6,011
Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development:		
Budget Authority	14,504,726	4,583,494
401(C) Authority	7,920	2,503
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	89,653	28,330
Obligation limitation	407,333	128,718
Direct Loan Limitation	672,069	212,374
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	162,150,150	51,239,448
Outlays	2,005,843	633,847
Department of the Interior		
Bureau of Land Management		
Management of lands and resources (10-04-1109-A):		
Budget Authority	454,023	143,471
Outlays	394,999	124,820
Construction and access (10-04-1110-A):		
Budget Authority	11,152	3,524
Outlays	2,788	881
Payments in lieu of taxes (10-04-1114-A):		
Budget Authority	109,410	34,574
Outlays	109,410	34,574
Oregon and California grant lands (10-04-1116-A):		
Budget Authority	66,606	21,047
Outlays	49,288	15,575
Special acquisition of lands and minerals (10-04-1117-A):		
401(C) Authority	1,300	411
Outlays	1,300	411
Firefighting (10-04-1119-A):		
Budget Authority	276,490	87,371
Outlays	193,543	61,160
Land acquisition (10-04-5033-A):		
Budget Authority	16,018	5,062
Outlays	2,403	759
Range improvements (10-04-5132-A):		
Budget Authority	10,162	3,211
Outlays	6,401	2,023
Service charges, deposits, and forfeitures (10-04-5017-A):		
Budget Authority	6,250	1,975
Outlays	5,500	1,738
Operation and maintenance of quarters (10-04-5048-A):		
401(C) Authority	250	79
Outlays	210	66
Miscellaneous permanent appropriations (10-04-9921-A):		
401(C) Authority	146,894	46,418
Outlays	145,425	45,955

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Miscellaneous trust funds (10-04-9971-A):		
Budget Authority	100	32
401(C) Authority	600	190
Outlays	357	113
Minerals Management Service		
Leasing and royalty management (10-06-1917-A):		
Budget Authority	183,369	57,945
Outlays	128,358	40,561
Payments to states from receipts under Mineral Leasing Act (10-06-5003-A):		
401(C) Authority	531,593	167,983
Outlays	531,593	167,983
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement		
Regulation and technology (10-08-1801-A):		
Budget Authority	107,041	33,825
Outlays	63,118	19,945
Abandoned mine reclamation fund (10-08-5015-A):		
Budget Authority	200,838	63,465
Outlays	69,326	21,907
Bureau of Reclamation		
Construction program (10-10-0684-A):		
Budget Authority	680,171	214,934
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	34,000	10,744
Outlays	605,400	191,306
Loan program (10-10-0667-A):		
Budget Authority	35,057	11,078
Direct Loan Limitation	31,922	10,087
Outlays	21,560	6,813
General investigations (10-10-5060-A):		
Budget Authority	11,842	3,742
Outlays	7,627	2,410
Emergency fund (10-10-5043-A):		
Budget Authority	1,027	325
Outlays	621	196
Operation and maintenance (10-10-5064-A):		
Budget Authority	218,031	68,898
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	8,143	2,573
Outlays	177,553	56,107
General administrative expenses (10-10-5065-A):		
Budget Authority	49,277	15,572
Outlays	44,349	14,014
Colorado River Dam Fund, Boulder Canyon Project (10-10-5656-A):		
Budget Authority	-3,262	-1,031
401(C) Authority	53,335	16,854
Outlays	28,692	9,067
Miscellaneous permanent appropriations (10-10-9922-A):		
401(C) Authority	280	88
Outlays	224	71
Lower Colorado River basin development fund (10-10-4079-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	96,821	30,595
Outlays	96,821	30,595
Upper Colorado River basin fund (10-10-4081-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	31,604	9,987
Outlays	31,604	9,987
Working capital fund (10-10-4524-A):		
Budget Authority	8,733	2,760
Outlays	6,987	2,208
Reclamation trust funds (10-10-8070-A):		
401(C) Authority	97,195	30,714
Outlays	77,907	24,619
Geological Survey		
Surveys, investigations and research (10-12-0804-A):		
Budget Authority	522,553	165,127
401(C) Authority	250	79
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	78,427	24,783
Outlays	574,872	181,660

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Operation and maintenance of quarters (10-12-5055-A):		
401(C) Authority	55	17
Outlays	45	14
Bureau of Mines		
Mines and minerals (10-14-0959-A):		
Budget Authority	185,811	58,716
Outlays	121,148	38,283
Helium fund (10-14-4053-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	4,564	1,442
Outlays	4,564	1,442
Fish and Wildlife Service		
Resource management (10-18-1611-A):		
Budget Authority	416,290	131,548
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	4,396	1,389
Outlays	337,033	106,502
Construction (10-18-1612-A):		
Budget Authority	80,336	25,386
Outlays	16,067	5,077
Land acquisition (10-18-5020-A):		
Budget Authority	96,722	30,564
Outlays	43,525	13,754
Migratory bird conservation account (10-18-5137-A):		
401(C) Authority	31,600	9,986
Outlays	21,704	6,858
North America Wetlands Conservation Fund (10-18-5241-A):		
401(C) Authority	10,000	3,160
Outlays	7,000	2,212
National wildlife refuge fund (10-18-5091-A):		
Budget Authority	9,287	2,935
401(C) Authority	6,294	1,989
Outlays	11,455	3,620
Operations and maintenance of quarters (10-18-5050-A):		
401(C) Authority	1,809	572
Outlays	648	205
Miscellaneous permanent appropriations (10-18-9923-A):		
401(C) Authority	134,500	42,502
Outlays	40,350	12,751
Sport fish restoration (10-18-8151-A):		
401(C) Authority	212,400	67,118
Outlays	63,720	20,136
Contributed funds (10-18-8216-A):		
401(C) Authority	5,600	1,770
Outlays	1,776	561
African elephant conservation fund (10-18-8154-A):		
401(C) Authority	1,300	411
Outlays	260	82
National Park Service		
Operation of the national park system (10-24-1036-A):		
Budget Authority	799,700	252,705
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	2,800	885
Outlays	602,575	190,414
National recreation and preservation (10-24-1042-A):		
Budget Authority	16,684	5,272
Outlays	12,489	3,947
Construction (10-24-1039-A):		
Budget Authority	317,429	100,308
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	11,000	3,476
Outlays	58,615	18,522
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts (10-24-1038-A):		
Budget Authority	9,499	3,002
Outlays	4,360	1,384
Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor Commission (10-24-1043-A):		
Budget Authority	260	82
Outlays	196	62
Land acquisition (10-24-5035-A):		
Budget Authority	125,651	39,706
401(C) Authority	30,000	9,480
Outlays	43,976	13,896

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Historic preservation fund (10-24-5140-A):		
Budget Authority	34,265	10,828
Outlays	11,289	3,567
Operations and maintenance of quarters (10-24-5049-A):		
401(C) Authority	8,795	2,779
Outlays	5,859	1,851
Miscellaneous permanent appropriations (10-24-9924-A):		
401(C) Authority	980	310
Outlays	116	37
Bureau of Indian Affairs		
Operation of Indian programs (10-76-2100-A):		
Budget Authority	1,064,143	336,269
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	2,000	632
Outlays	691,791	218,605
Construction (10-76-2301-A):		
Budget Authority	183,471	57,977
Outlays	45,825	14,481
White Earth Settlement Fund (10-76-2204-A):		
401(C) Authority	6,000	1,896
Outlays	6,000	1,896
Payment to the Navaho Rehabilitation Trust Fund (10-76-2368-A):		
Budget Authority	834	264
Outlays	834	264
Operations and maintenance of quarters (10-76-5051-A):		
401(C) Authority	6,330	2,000
Outlays	654	207
Miscellaneous permanent appropriations (10-76-9925-A):		
401(C) Authority	68,141	21,533
Outlays	7,572	2,393
Revolving fund for loans (10-76-4409-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	10,890	3,441
Direct Loan Limitation	9,000	2,844
Outlays	11,090	3,504
Indian loan guaranty and insurance fund (10-76-4410-A):		
Budget Authority	4,916	1,553
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	45,000	14,220
Outlays	3,599	1,137
Navajo Rehabilitation Trust Fund (10-76-8368-A):		
401(C) Authority	872	276
Outlays	872	276
Cooperative fund (Papago) (10-76-8366-A):		
401(C) Authority	868	274
Office of Territorial Affairs		
Administration of territories (10-82-0412-A):		
Budget Authority	50,849	16,068
Outlays	25,590	8,086
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (10-82-0414-A):		
Budget Authority	34,310	10,842
Outlays	30,535	9,649
Compact of free association (10-82-0415-A):		
Budget Authority	22,345	7,061
Outlays	19,882	6,283
Office of the Secretary		
Salaries and Expenses (10-84-0102-A):		
Budget Authority	52,423	16,566
Outlays	47,180	14,909
Construction management (10-84-0103-A):		
Budget Authority	1,875	592
Outlays	1,689	534
Oil spill emergency fund (10-84-0119-A):		
Budget Authority	7,585	2,397
Outlays	7,585	2,397
Office of the Solicitor		
Office of the Solicitor (10-86-0107-A):		
Budget Authority	26,356	8,328
Outlays	23,719	7,495

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Office of Inspector General		
Office of Inspector General (10-88-0104-A):		
Budget Authority	21,312	6,735
Outlays	19,182	6,062
National Indian Gaming Commission		
National Indian Gaming Commission (10-89-0118-A):		
Budget Authority	782	247
Outlays	704	222
Total, Department of the Interior:		
Budget Authority	6,528,023	2,062,858
401(C) Authority	1,357,241	428,889
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	284,645	89,947
Direct Loan Limitation	40,922	12,931
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	45,000	14,220
Outlays	5,731,329	1,811,101
Department of Justice		
General Administration		
Salaries and expenses (11-03-0129-A):		
Budget Authority	100,459	31,745
Outlays	90,011	28,443
Office of the Inspector General (11-03-0328-A):		
Budget Authority	21,394	6,760
Outlays	20,202	6,384
United States Parole Commission		
Salaries and expenses (11-04-1061-A):		
Budget Authority	10,936	3,456
Outlays	9,405	2,972
Legal Activities		
Salaries and expenses, General legal activities (11-05-0128-A):		
Budget Authority	307,138	97,056
Outlays	267,210	84,438
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division (11-05-0319-A):		
Budget Authority	35,910	11,348
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	20,000	6,320
Outlays	49,446	15,625
Salaries and expenses, Foreign Claims Settlement Commission (11-05-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	458	145
Outlays	332	105
Salaries and expenses, United States Attorneys (11-05-0322-A):		
Budget Authority	540,403	170,767
Outlays	475,555	150,275
Salaries and expenses, United States Marshals Service (11-05-0324-A):		
Budget Authority	285,447	90,721
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	58	18
Outlays	229,959	72,667
Support of United States prisoners (11-05-1020-A):		
Budget Authority	165,098	52,168
Outlays	99,053	31,301
Fees and expenses of witnesses (11-05-0311-A):		
Budget Authority	70,528	22,318
Outlays	49,510	15,645
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service (11-05-0500-A):		
Budget Authority	30,140	9,524
Outlays	25,618	8,095
Independent counsel (11-05-0327-A):		
401(C) Authority	4,000	1,264
Outlays	4,000	1,264
Civil Liberties Public Education Fund (11-05-0329-A):		
401(C) Authority	500,000	158,000
Outlays	500,000	158,000
United States trustees system fund (11-05-5073-A):		
Budget Authority	62,535	19,761
Outlays	56,281	17,785

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Assets forfeiture fund (11-05-5042-A):		
Budget Authority	103,101	32,580
401(C) Authority	272,000	85,952
Outlays	150,040	47,413
Interagency Law Enforcement		
Organized crime drug enforcement (11-07-0323-A):		
Budget Authority	223,948	70,768
Outlays	172,440	54,491
Federal Bureau of Investigation		
Salaries and expenses (11-10-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	1,754,474	554,414
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	20,352	6,431
Outlays	1,406,125	444,336
Drug Enforcement Administration		
Salaries and expenses (11-12-1100-A):		
Budget Authority	571,551	180,610
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,500	474
Outlays	430,163	135,932
Immigration and Naturalization Service		
Salaries and expenses (11-15-1217-A):		
Budget Authority	877,287	277,223
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	3,817	1,206
Outlays	705,647	222,984
Immigration emergency fund (11-15-1218-A):		
Budget Authority	36,470	11,525
Immigration legalization (11-15-5086-A):		
401(C) Authority	33,093	10,457
Outlays	33,093	10,457
Immigration user fee (11-15-5087-A):		
401(C) Authority	125,142	39,545
Outlays	125,142	39,545
Immigration examinations fee (11-15-5088-A):		
401(C) Authority	157,233	49,686
Outlays	157,233	49,686
Federal Prison System		
Salaries and expenses (11-20-1060-A):		
Budget Authority	1,175,782	371,547
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	12,746	4,028
Outlays	1,103,871	348,823
National Institute of Corrections (11-20-1004-A):		
Budget Authority	10,389	3,283
Outlays	4,156	1,313
Buildings and facilities (11-20-1003-A):		
Budget Authority	1,455,599	459,969
Outlays	145,560	45,997
Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated (11-20-4500-A):		
Obligation limitation	2,965	937
Outlays	2,965	937
Office of Justice Programs		
Justice assistance (11-21-0401-A):		
Budget Authority	640,077	202,264
Outlays	140,847	44,498
Public safety officers' benefits (11-21-0403-A):		
Budget Authority	26,075	8,240
Outlays	26,075	8,240
Crime Victims Fund (11-21-5041-A):		
401(C) Authority	125,000	39,500
Outlays	62,500	19,750
Total, Department of Justice:		
Budget Authority	8,475,289	2,678,192
401(C) Authority	1,216,468	384,404
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	58,473	18,477
Obligation limitation	2,965	937
Outlays	6,542,409	2,067,401

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Department of Labor		
Employment and Training Administration		
Program administration (12-05-0172-A):		
Budget Authority	67,376	21,291
Outlays	49,993	15,798
Training and employment services (12-05-0174-A):		
Budget Authority	4,093,932	1,293,683
Outlays	205,979	65,089
Community service employment for older Americans (12-05-0175-A):		
Budget Authority	382,427	120,847
Outlays	68,837	21,752
Federal unemployment benefits and allowances (12-05-0326-A):		
Budget Authority	269,500	85,162
Outlays	219,800	69,457
State unemployment insurance and employment services (12-05-0179-A):		
Budget Authority	22,924	7,244
Outlays	5,585	1,765
Unemployment trust fund (12-05-8042-A):		
401(C) Authority	112,800	35,645
Obligation limitation	3,031,698	958,016
Outlays	2,497,792	789,302
Labor-Management Services		
Salaries and expenses (12-10-0104-A):		
Budget Authority	77,023	24,339
Outlays	65,970	20,847
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation		
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation fund (12-12-4204-A):		
Obligation limitation	44,060	13,923
Outlays	44,060	13,923
Employment Standards Administration		
Salaries and expenses (12-15-0105-A):		
Budget Authority	225,298	71,194
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,275	403
Outlays	197,555	62,427
Black lung disability trust fund (12-15-8144-A):		
Budget Authority	53,349	16,858
Outlays	53,349	16,858
Special workers' compensation expenses (12-15-9971-A):		
Obligation limitation	1,057	334
Outlays	1,057	334
Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
Salaries and expenses (12-18-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	278,288	87,939
Outlays	242,502	76,634
Mine Safety and Health Administration		
Salaries and expenses (12-19-1200-A):		
Budget Authority	175,202	55,364
Outlays	158,453	50,071
Bureau of Labor Statistics		
Salaries and expenses (12-20-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	200,610	63,393
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,100	348
Outlays	164,537	51,994
Departmental Management		
Salaries and expenses (12-25-0165-A):		
Budget Authority	121,936	38,532
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	425	134
Outlays	102,729	32,462
Inspector General salaries and expenses (12-25-0106-A):		
Budget Authority	43,145	13,634
Outlays	31,944	10,094

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Total, Department of Labor:		
Budget Authority	6,011,010	1,899,480
401(C) Authority	112,800	35,645
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	2,800	885
Obligation limitation	3,076,815	972,273
Outlays	4,110,142	1,298,804
Department of State		
Administration of Foreign Affairs		
Salaries and expenses (14–05–0113–A):		
Budget Authority	1,867,228	590,044
Outlays	1,475,111	466,135
Office of the Inspector General (14–05–0529–A):		
Budget Authority	21,496	6,793
Outlays	21,057	6,657
Acquisition and maintenance of buildings abroad (14–05–0535–A):		
Budget Authority	305,469	96,528
Outlays	56,206	17,761
Representation allowances (14–05–0545–A):		
Budget Authority	4,793	1,515
Outlays	4,122	1,303
Protection of foreign missions and officials (14–05–0520–A):		
Budget Authority	9,482	2,996
Outlays	7,681	2,427
Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service (14–05–0522–A):		
Budget Authority	4,830	1,526
Outlays	3,429	1,084
Payment to the American Institute in Taiwan (14–05–0523–A):		
Budget Authority	11,610	3,669
Outlays	8,591	2,715
International Organizations and Conferences		
Contributions to international organizations (14–10–1126–A):		
Budget Authority	640,780	202,486
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	40	13
Outlays	608,781	192,375
Contributions for international peacekeeping activities (14–10–1124–A):		
Budget Authority	84,484	26,697
Outlays	84,484	26,697
International conferences and contingencies (14–10–1125–A):		
Budget Authority	6,515	2,059
Outlays	4,431	1,400
International Commissions		
Salaries and expenses, IBWC (14–15–1069–A):		
Budget Authority	10,895	3,443
Outlays	9,806	3,099
Construction, IBWC (14–15–1078–A):		
Budget Authority	11,935	3,771
Outlays	5,967	1,886
American sections, international commissions (14–15–1032–A):		
Budget Authority	4,623	1,461
Outlays	3,652	1,154
International fisheries commissions (14–15–1067–A):		
Budget Authority	12,657	4,000
Outlays	12,657	4,000
Other		
Migration and refugee assistance (14–25–1143–A):		
Budget Authority	446,460	141,081
Outlays	334,846	105,811
United States emergency refugee and migration assistance fund (14–25–0040–A):		
Budget Authority	88,320	27,909
Outlays	44,160	13,955
International narcotics control (14–25–1022–A):		
Budget Authority	117,784	37,220
Outlays	35,336	11,166
Anti-terrorism assistance (14–25–0114–A):		
Budget Authority	10,393	3,284
Outlays	8,314	2,627
U.S. bilateral science and technology agreements (14–25–1151–A):		
Budget Authority	4,138	1,308
Outlays	4,138	1,308
Soviet-East European research and training (14–25–0118–A):		
Budget Authority	4,793	1,515
Outlays	4,793	1,515
Payment to the Asia Foundation (14–25–0525–A):		
Budget Authority	14,484	4,577
Outlays	12,967	4,098
International Center, Washington, D.C. (14–25–5151–A):		
401(C) Authority	1,284	406
Outlays	1,284	406
Fisherman's protective fund (14–25–5116–A):		
Budget Authority	1,042	329
Outlays	1,042	329
Fisherman's guaranty fund (14–25–5121–A):		
Budget Authority	938	296
Outlays	938	296
Total, Department of State:		
Budget Authority	3,685,149	1,164,507
401(C) Authority	1,284	406
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	40	13
Outlays	2,753,803	870,204
Department of Transportation		
Federal Highway Administration		
Motor carrier safety (21–05–0552–A):		
Budget Authority	34,680	10,959
Outlays	28,046	8,863
Railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects (21–05–0557–A):		
Budget Authority	5,156	1,629
Outlays	1,031	326
Miscellaneous appropriations (21–05–9911–A):		
Budget Authority	152,226	48,103
Outlays	30,445	9,621
Federal-aid highways (21–05–8083–A):		
Budget Authority	1,042,000	329,272
401(C) Authority	14,101,139	4,455,960
Obligation limitation	12,722,820	4,020,411
Outlays	2,372,828	749,814
Highway-related safety grants (21–05–8019–A):		
401(C) Authority	10,000	3,160
Obligation limitation	9,771	3,088
Outlays	1,954	617
Baltimore-Washington Parkway (21–05–8014–A):		
Budget Authority	12,466	3,939
Outlays	2,493	788
Trust fund share of other highway programs (21–05–8009–A):		
Budget Authority	10,313	3,259
Outlays	2,062	652
Highway safety research and development (21–05–8017–A):		
Budget Authority	6,317	1,996
Outlays	1,263	399
Motor carrier safety grants (21–05–8048–A):		
401(C) Authority	62,540	19,763
Obligation limitation	62,540	19,763
Outlays	27,209	8,598
Miscellaneous trust funds—Highway (21–05–9972–A):		
Budget Authority	65,824	20,800
Outlays	13,165	4,160
University transportation centers (21–05–8065–A):		
Budget Authority	5,194	1,641
Outlays	1,039	328
Right-of-way revolving fund (trust revolving fund) (21–05–8402–A):		
Direct Loan Limitation	44,153	13,952
Outlays	44,153	13,952
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration		
Operations and research (21–10–0650–A):		
Budget Authority	76,403	24,143
Outlays	49,998	15,799
Trust fund share of operations and research (21–10–8016–A):		
Budget Authority	33,083	10,454
Outlays	21,650	6,841
State and community highway safety grants (21–10–8020–A):		
401(C) Authority	126,000	39,816
Obligation limitation	136,108	43,010
Outlays	55,804	17,634
Federal Railroad Administration		
Office of the Administrator (21–16–0700–A):		
Budget Authority	22,467	7,100
Outlays	17,359	5,485
Railroad safety (21–16–0702–A):		
Budget Authority	32,803	10,366
Outlays	26,242	8,292
Railroad safety research and development (21–16–0745–A):		
Budget Authority	9,957	3,146
Outlays	5,975	1,888
Commuter rail service (21–16–0747–A):		
Budget Authority	5,127	1,620
Outlays	564	178
Settlements of railroad litigation (21–16–0708–A):		
Budget Authority	235	74
Outlays	235	74
Northeast corridor improvement program (21–16–0123–A):		
Budget Authority	25,469	8,049
Outlays	5,094	1,610
Grants to National Railroad Passenger Corporation (21–16–0704–A):		
Budget Authority	630,082	199,106
Outlays	582,185	183,970
Amtrak Corridor Improvement Loans (21–16–0720–A):		
Budget Authority	3,647	1,152
Outlays	1,824	576
Regional rail reorganization program (21–16–4100–A):		
Budget Authority	23	7
Outlays	23	7
Urban Mass Transportation Administration		
Administrative expenses (21–20–1120–A):		
Budget Authority	33,129	10,469
Outlays	29,816	9,422
Research, training and human resources (21–20–1121–A):		
Budget Authority	10,389	3,283
Outlays	2,078	657
Interstate transfer grants (21–20–1127–A):		
Budget Authority	166,220	52,526
Outlays	3,324	1,050
Washington metro (21–20–1128–A):		
Budget Authority	88,304	27,904
Outlays	1,766	558
Formula grants (21–20–1129–A):		
Budget Authority	1,693,364	535,103
Outlays	547,310	172,950
Discretionary grants (21–20–8191–A):		
401(C) Authority	1,400,000	442,400
Obligation limitation	1,184,316	374,244
Outlays	59,168	18,697
Federal Aviation Administration		
Operations (21–25–1301–A):		
Budget Authority	3,141,201	992,620
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	14,484	4,577
Outlays	2,678,555	846,423
Aircraft purchase loan guarantee program (21–25–1399–A):		
Budget Authority	150	47
Outlays	150	47

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Grants-in-aid for airports (Airport and airway trust fund) (21-25-8106-A):		
401(C) Authority	1,800,000	558,800
Obligation limitation	1,485,000	469,260
Outlays	237,699	75,062
Facilities and equipment (Airport and airway trust fund) (21-25-8107-A):		
Budget Authority	1,793,421	566,721
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	49,860	15,756
Outlays	370,883	117,199
Research, engineering and development (Airport and airway trust fund (21-25-8108-A):		
Budget Authority	177,263	56,021
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	350	111
Outlays	121,611	38,429
Trust fund share of FAA Operations (21-25-8104-A):		
Budget Authority	841,083	265,782
Outlays	841,083	265,782
Coast Guard		
Operating expenses (21-30-0201-A):		
Budget Authority	2,126,466	671,963
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	5,718	1,807
Outlays	1,812,721	572,820
Acquisition, construction, and improvements (21-30-0240-A):		
Budget Authority	462,819	146,251
Outlays	50,780	16,046
Alteration of bridges (21-30-0244-A):		
Budget Authority	2,421	765
Outlays	557	176
Retired pay (Coast Guard) (21-30-0241-A):		
Budget Authority	39,325	12,427
Outlays	39,325	12,427
Reserve training (21-30-0242-A):		
Budget Authority	74,077	23,408
Outlays	66,232	20,929
Research, development, test, and evaluation (21-30-0243-A):		
Budget Authority	21,297	6,730
Outlays	7,212	2,279
Boat safety (21-30-8149-A):		
Budget Authority	62,332	19,697
Outlays	40,704	12,862
Oil spill liability trust fund (21-30-8125-A):		
Budget Authority	5,000	1,580
401(C) Authority	75,000	23,700
Outlays	36,125	11,416
Maritime Administration		
Operations and training (21-35-1750-A):		
Budget Authority	69,821	22,063
Outlays	58,860	18,600
Ready reserve force (21-35-1710-A):		
Budget Authority	92,738	31,995
Outlays	71,408	24,636
Federal ship financing fund (21-35-4301-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	7,300	2,307
Obligation limitation	4,040	1,277
Outlays	7,300	2,307
Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation		
Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation (21-40-4089-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,400	442
Outlays	1,400	442
Operations and maintenance (21-40-8003-A):		
Budget Authority	11,848	3,744
Outlays	11,848	3,744
Office of the Inspector General		
Salaries and expenses (21-45-0130-A):		
Budget Authority	32,992	10,425
Outlays	28,508	9,008

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Research and Special Programs Administration		
Research and special programs (21-50-0104-A):		
Budget Authority	17,873	5,648
Outlays	11,796	3,728
Pipeline safety (21-50-5172-A):		
Budget Authority	10,584	3,345
Outlays	8,468	2,676
Office of the Secretary		
Salaries and expenses (21-55-0102-A):		
Budget Authority	57,487	18,166
Outlays	51,739	16,350
Transportation planning, research, and development (21-55-0142-A):		
Budget Authority	7,030	2,221
Outlays	2,791	882
Payments to air carriers, DOT (21-55-0150-A):		
Budget Authority	31,930	10,090
Outlays	25,544	8,072
Commission on aviation security and terrorism (21-55-1850-A):		
Budget Authority	1,042	329
Working capital fund (21-55-4520-A):		
Budget Authority	4,628	1,462
Outlays	4,628	1,462
Total, Department of Transportation:		
Budget Authority	13,249,726	4,189,599
401(C) Authority	17,574,679	5,553,599
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	79,112	25,000
Obligation limitation	15,604,595	4,931,053
Direct Loan Limitation	44,153	13,952
Outlays	10,523,929	3,327,630
Department of the Treasury		
Salaries and expenses (15-05-0101-A):		
Budget Authority	60,493	19,116
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	306	97
Outlays	53,005	16,750
International affairs (15-05-0171-A):		
Budget Authority	26,047	8,231
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	5,832	1,780
Outlays	28,324	6,950
Office of the Inspector General (15-05-0106-A):		
Budget Authority	15,790	4,990
Outlays	13,642	4,311
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center		
Salaries and expenses (15-08-0104-A):		
Budget Authority	36,978	11,685
Outlays	33,280	10,516
Acquisitions, construction, improvements, and related expenses (15-08-0105-A):		
Budget Authority	15,630	4,939
Outlays	7,815	2,470
Financial Management Service		
Salaries and expenses (15-10-1801-A):		
Budget Authority	235,822	74,526
Outlays	190,309	60,138
Saint Lawrence Seaway toll rebate program (15-10-8865-A):		
Budget Authority	10,441	3,299
Outlays	10,304	3,256
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms		
Salaries and expenses (15-13-1000-A):		
Budget Authority	275,026	86,908
Outlays	247,522	78,217
United States Customs Service		
Salaries and expenses (15-15-0602-A):		
Budget Authority	1,109,295	350,537
401(C) Authority	157,125	49,652
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	16,550	5,230

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Outlays	1,063,467	336,056
Operation and maintenance, air interdiction program (15-15-0604-A):		
Budget Authority	240,038	75,852
Outlays	132,021	41,719
Customs forfeiture fund (15-15-5693-A):		
Budget Authority	15,479	4,891
401(C) Authority	34,510	10,905
Outlays	49,989	15,797
Payments from forfeited assets (15-15-5696-A):		
401(C) Authority	40,000	12,640
Outlays	40,000	12,640
Customs services at small airports (15-15-5694-A):		
Budget Authority	2,241	708
Outlays	2,241	708
Refunds, transfers and expenses, unclaimed and abandoned goods (15-15-8789-A):		
401(C) Authority	17,819	5,631
Outlays	17,819	5,631
Bureau of Engraving and Printing		
Bureau of Engraving and Printing fund (15-20-4502-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	32,331	10,217
Outlays	32,331	10,217
United States Mint		
Salaries and expenses (15-25-1616-A):		
Budget Authority	52,130	16,473
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	106,419	33,629
Outlays	157,725	49,841
Bureau of the Public Debt		
Administering the public debt (15-35-0560-A):		
Budget Authority	201,998	63,831
Outlays	177,153	55,960
Internal Revenue Service		
Administration and Management (15-45-0911-A):		
Budget Authority	74,076	23,408
Outlays	66,669	21,067
Processing tax returns and assistance (15-45-0912-A):		
Budget Authority	1,921,631	607,235
Outlays	1,520,011	480,323
Tax Law Enforcement (15-45-0913-A):		
Budget Authority	3,732,171	1,179,366
Outlays	3,355,222	1,060,250
Reimbursement to State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies (15-45-5099-A):		
401(C) Authority	100	32
Outlays	100	32
Federal tax lien revolving fund (15-45-4413-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	6,000	1,896
Outlays	6,000	1,896
United States Secret Service		
Salaries and expenses (15-55-1408-A):		
Budget Authority	381,323	120,498
Outlays	325,023	102,707
Contribution for annuity benefits (15-55-1407-A):		
401(C) Authority	18,000	5,688
Outlays	18,000	5,688
Total, Department of the Treasury:		
Budget Authority	8,406,609	2,656,487
401(C) Authority	267,554	84,548
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	167,238	52,848
Outlays	7,547,972	2,385,160
Department of Veterans Affairs		
Veterans Benefits Administration		
Burial benefits and miscellaneous assistance (29-10-0155-A):		
Budget Authority	143,100	45,220
Outlays	142,916	45,161

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Readjustment benefits (29-10-0137-A):		
Budget Authority	238,386	75,330
Outlays	219,300	69,299
Veterans Health Services and Research Administration		
Medical care (29-20-0160-A):		
Budget Authority	906,352	286,407
Outlays	763,068	241,129
Medical care (29-20-0160-G):		
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	217,913	217,913
401(C) Authority—Spec. Rules	507	507
Outlays	182,934	182,934
Medical and prosthetic research (29-20-0161-A):		
Budget Authority	221,483	69,989
Outlays	163,232	51,581
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses (29-20-0152-A):		
Budget Authority	48,632	15,368
Outlays	28,352	8,959
Grants to the Republic of the Philippines (29-20-0144-A):		
Budget Authority	513	162
Outlays	46	15
Departmental Administration		
General operating expenses (29-30-0151-A):		
Budget Authority	845,317	267,120
Outlays	777,692	245,751
Office of the Inspector General (29-30-0170-A):		
Budget Authority	22,688	7,169
Outlays	21,100	6,668
Grants for the construction of State veterans cemeteries (29-30-0183-A):		
Budget Authority	4,468	1,412
Outlays	7	2
Construction, major projects (29-30-0110-A):		
Budget Authority	425,701	134,522
Outlays	19,582	6,188
Construction, minor projects (29-30-0111-A):		
Budget Authority	96,812	30,593
Outlays	49,858	15,755
Grants for construction of state extended care facilities (29-30-0181-A):		
Budget Authority	43,003	13,589
Parking garage revolving fund (29-30-4538-A):		
Budget Authority	29,742	9,398
Outlays	1,487	470
Total, Department of Veterans Affairs:		
Budget Authority	3,026,197	956,279
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	217,913	217,913
401(C) Authority—Spec. Rules	507	507
Outlays	2,369,574	673,912
Environmental Protection Agency		
Salaries and expenses (20-00-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	893,868	284,365
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	2,200	695
Outlays	776,104	245,249
Office of the Inspector General (20-00-0112-A):		
Budget Authority	32,191	10,172
Outlays	19,314	6,103
Research and development (20-00-0107-A):		
Budget Authority	239,608	75,716
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	5,000	1,580
Outlays	95,129	30,061
Abatement, control, and compliance (20-00-0108-A):		
Budget Authority	832,261	262,994
Outlays	386,063	121,996

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Buildings and facilities (20-00-0110-A):		
Budget Authority	15,267	4,824
Outlays	2,520	796
Construction grants (20-00-0103-A):		
Budget Authority	2,029,846	641,431
Outlays	33,206	10,493
Revolving fund for certification and other services (20-00-4311-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	1,200	379
Outlays	200	63
Registration and expedited processing revolving fund (20-00-4310-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	16,000	5,056
Outlays	14,738	4,657
Hazardous substance superfund (20-00-8145-A):		
Budget Authority	1,594,389	503,827
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	13,200	4,171
Obligation limitation	227,450	71,874
Outlays	345,022	109,975
Leaking underground storage tank trust fund (20-00-8153-A):		
Budget Authority	77,208	24,396
Obligation limitation	6,077	1,920
Outlays	23,162	7,319
Total, Environmental Protection Agency:		
Budget Authority	5,720,658	1,807,727
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	37,600	11,881
Obligation limitation	233,527	73,794
Outlays	1,698,458	536,712
General Services Administration		
Real Property Activities		
Federal buildings fund (23-05-4542-A):		
Budget Authority	1,725,617	545,295
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	6,900	2,180
Outlays	351,130	110,957
Personal Property Activities		
Federal supply service (23-10-0116-A):		
Budget Authority	49,620	15,680
Outlays	43,418	13,720
Expenses of transportation audit contracts (23-10-5250-A):		
401(C) Authority	15,760	4,980
Outlays	410	130
Information Resources Management Service		
Operating expenses, information resources management service (23-15-0900-A):		
Budget Authority	33,831	10,691
Outlays	15,073	4,763
Federal Property Resources Activities		
Operating expenses, federal property resources service (23-25-0533-A):		
Budget Authority	11,532	3,644
Outlays	8,949	2,828
Real property relocation (23-25-0535-A):		
Budget Authority	8,276	2,615
Outlays	753	238
Expenses, disposal of surplus real and related personal proper (23-25-5254-A):		
401(C) Authority	3,800	1,201
Outlays	3,522	1,113
General Activities		
General management and administration, salaries and expenses (23-30-0110-A):		
Budget Authority	141,620	44,752
Outlays	96,504	30,495
Office of Inspector General (23-30-0108-A):		
Budget Authority	27,255	8,613
Outlays	24,011	7,587

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued

(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Allowances and office staff for former Presidents (23-30-0105-A):		
Budget Authority	1,482	468
Outlays	1,288	407
Consumer information center fund (23-30-4549-A):		
Budget Authority	1,395	441
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	551	174
Outlays	762	241
Total, General Services Administration:		
Budget Authority	2,000,628	632,199
401(C) Authority	19,560	6,181
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	7,451	2,354
Outlays	545,820	172,479
National Aeronautics and Space Administration		
Research and development (26-00-0108-A):		
Budget Authority	5,466,332	1,727,361
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	10,781	3,407
Outlays	2,809,543	887,815
Space flight, control, and data communications (26-00-0105-A):		
Budget Authority	4,732,931	1,495,608
401(C) Authority	113,829	35,970
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	26,075	8,240
Outlays	3,373,872	1,066,143
Construction of facilities (26-00-0107-A):		
Budget Authority	428,254	135,328
Outlays	24,441	7,723
Research and program management (26-00-0103-A):		
Budget Authority	2,107,687	666,022
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	4,141	1,309
Outlays	1,812,488	572,746
Office of the Inspector General (26-00-0109-A):		
Budget Authority	9,092	2,873
Outlays	7,728	2,442
Science, Space and Technology Education Trust Fund (26-00-8978-A):		
401(C) Authority	1,000	316
Outlays	1,000	316
Total, National Aeronautics and Space Administration:		
Budget Authority	12,744,276	4,027,190
401(C) Authority	114,829	36,286
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	40,997	12,956
Outlays	8,029,072	2,537,185
Office of Personnel Management		
Salaries and expenses (27-00-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	115,548	36,513
Outlays	109,770	34,687
Office of the Inspector General (27-00-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	2,999	948
Outlays	2,848	900
Government payment for annuitants, employees health benefits (27-00-0206-A):		
Budget Authority	3,509,563	1,109,022
Government payment for annuitants, employ. life insur. benefit (27-00-0500-A):		
Budget Authority	6,040	1,909
Outlays	5,710	1,804
Revolving fund (27-00-4571-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	792	250
Outlays	792	250
Civil service retirement and disability fund (27-00-8135-A):		
Obligation limitation	68,712	21,713
Outlays	67,974	21,480
Employees health benefits fund (27-00-8440-A):		
Obligation limitation	14,863	4,697
Outlays	14,863	4,697
Employees life insurance fund (27-00-8424-A):		
Obligation limitation	1,119	354
Outlays	1,119	354

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Retired employees health benefits fund (27-00-8445-A):		
Obligation limitation	216	68
Outlays	216	68
Total, Office of Personnel Management:		
Budget Authority	3,634,150	1,148,392
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	792	250
Obligation limitation	84,910	26,832
Outlays	203,292	64,240
Small Business Administration		
Salaries and expenses (28-00-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	393,043	124,202
Outlays	287,707	90,915
Office of the Inspector General (28-00-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	7,707	2,435
Outlays	6,920	2,187
Business loan and investment fund (28-00-4154-A):		
Budget Authority	77,629	24,531
Direct Loan Limitation	77,629	24,531
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	4,684,061	1,480,163
Outlays	51,058	16,134
Disaster loan fund (28-00-4153-A):		
Budget Authority	375,000	118,500
Direct Loan Limitation	350,000	110,600
Outlays	140,000	44,240
Surety bond guarantees revolving fund (28-00-4156-A):		
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	1,532,400	484,238
Total, Small Business Administration:		
Budget Authority	853,379	269,668
Direct Loan Limitation	427,629	135,131
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	6,216,461	1,964,401
Outlays	485,685	153,476
Other Independent Agencies		
ACTION		
Operating expenses (30-01-0103-A):		
Budget Authority	183,376	57,947
Outlays	105,441	33,319
Administrative Conference of the United States		
Salaries and expenses (30-05-1700-A):		
Budget Authority	1,941	613
Outlays	1,650	521
Advisory Commission on Conferences in Ocean Shipping		
Advisory Comm on Conferences in Ocean Shipping: S and E (30-10-2500-A):		
Budget Authority	311	98
Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations		
Salaries and expenses (30-15-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	1,346	425
Outlays	1,232	389
Advisory Committee on Federal Pay		
Salaries and expenses (30-20-1800-A):		
Budget Authority	214	68
Outlays	202	64
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation		
Salaries and expenses (30-25-2300-A):		
Budget Authority	1,973	623
Outlays	1,933	611
American Battle Monuments Commission		
Salaries and expenses (30-30-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	16,689	5,274
Outlays	13,987	4,420

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Appalachian Regional Commission		
Appalachian regional development programs (30-40-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	154,129	48,705
Outlays	12,330	3,896
Architectural and Transportion Barriers Compliance Board		
Salaries and expenses (30-45-3200-A):		
Budget Authority	2,006	634
Outlays	1,791	566
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency		
Arms control and disarmament activities (30-50-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	34,817	11,002
Outlays	29,596	9,352
Barry Goldwater Scholarship Foundation		
Barry Goldwater Scholarship and Excellence in Education Foundation (30-70-8281-A):		
401(C) Authority	3,495	1,104
Outlays	1,575	498
Board for International Broadcasting		
Grants and expenses (30-85-1145-A):		
Budget Authority	197,980	62,562
Outlays	192,041	60,685
Israel Relay Station (30-85-1146-A):		
Budget Authority	190,708	60,264
Outlays	57,212	18,079
Christopher Columbus Quincentennary Jubilee Commission		
Salaries and expenses (31-30-0800-A):		
Budget Authority	226	71
Outlays	226	71
Gifts and donations (31-30-8095-A):		
401(C) Authority	29	9
Outlays	27	9
Commission for Preservation of America's Heritage Abroad		
Salaries and Expenses (31-50-3700-A):		
Budget Authority	207	65
Outlays	207	65
Commission for Study of International Migration and Cooperative Economic Development		
Comm. for the Study of Int. Mig. and Coop. Econ. Dev: S (31-55-1400-A):		
Budget Authority	1,341	424
Outlays	872	276
Commission of Fine Arts		
Salaries and expenses (31-60-2600-A):		
Budget Authority	530	167
Outlays	486	154
National capital arts and cultural affairs (31-60-2602-A):		
Budget Authority	5,655	1,787
Outlays	5,655	1,787
Commission on Agricultural Workers		
Commission on Agricultural Workers: Salaries and expens (31-65-0057-A):		
Budget Authority	799	252
Outlays	651	206
Commission on Civil Rights		
Salaries and expenses (31-75-1900-A):		
Budget Authority	5,944	1,878
Outlays	5,503	1,739

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Comm on the Bicentennial of the U.S. Constitution		
Salaries and expenses (32-15-0054-A):		
Budget Authority	15,529	4,907
Outlays	10,657	3,368
Commission on the Ukraine Famine		
Commission on the Ukraine Famine: Salaries and expenses (32-35-0050-A):		
Budget Authority	104	33
Outlays	104	33
Committee for Purchase from the Blind and Other Severely Handicapped		
Salaries and expenses (32-45-2000-A):		
Budget Authority	1,087	343
Outlays	991	313
Commodity Futures Trading Commission		
Commodity Futures Trading Commission (32-55-1400-A):		
Budget Authority	40,812	12,897
Outlays	36,141	11,421
Competitiveness Policy Council		
Competitiveness policy council (32-68-3750-A):		
Budget Authority	781	247
Outlays	703	222
Consumer Product Safety Commission		
Product safety (32-85-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	36,477	11,527
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	10	3
Outlays	31,015	9,801
Corporation for Public Broadcasting		
Public broadcasting fund (32-90-0151-A):		
401(C) Authority	298,870	94,443
Outlays	298,870	94,443
Court of Veterans Appeals		
Salaries and expenses (32-95-0300-A):		
Budget Authority	4,056	1,282
Outlays	3,447	1,089
Practice registration fee (32-95-5113-A):		
401(C) Authority	5	2
Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board		
Salaries and expenses (33-20-3900-A):		
Budget Authority	7,181	2,477
Unobligated Balances—Defense	252	87
Outlays	7,075	2,441
Delaware River Basin Commission		
Salaries and expenses (33-30-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	221	70
Outlays	206	65
Contribution to Delaware River Basin Commission (33-30-0102-A):		
Budget Authority	354	112
Outlays	354	112
District of Columbia		
Federal payment to the District of Columbia (33-40-1700-A):		
Budget Authority	448,581	141,752
401(C) Authority	20,300	6,415
Outlays	468,881	148,166
Federal payment to D.C. (water and sewer services) (33-40-1700-B):		
Budget Authority	9,050	2,860
Outlays	9,050	2,860

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Federal payment to D.C. (retirement funds) (33–40–1700–C):		
Budget Authority	54,257	17,145
Outlays	54,257	17,145
Federal payment to D.C. (St. Elizabeth's Hospital) (33–40–1700–D):		
Budget Authority	15,630	4,939
Outlays	15,630	4,939
Federal payment to D.C. (Inaugural Expenses) (33–40–1700–E):		
Budget Authority	33,106	10,461
Outlays	33,106	10,461
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission		
Salaries and expenses (33–70–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	192,601	60,862
Outlays	169,797	53,656
Export-Import Bank of the United States		
Export-Import Bank of the United States (33–90–4027–A):		
Budget Authority	134,877	42,621
Obligation limitation	22,505	7,112
Direct Loan Limitation	638,100	201,640
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	10,619,400	3,355,730
Outlays	61,414	19,407
Farm Credit System Assistance Board		
Revolving fund for administrative expenses (34–15–4132–A):		
Obligation limitation	2,298	726
Outlays	–14	–4
Federal Communications Commission		
Salaries and expenses (34–35–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	112,007	35,394
Outlays	105,287	33,271
Federal Election Commission		
Salaries and expenses (34–45–1600–A):		
Budget Authority	16,061	5,075
Outlays	14,234	4,498
Federal Emergency Management Agency		
Disaster relief (34–50–0104–A):		
Budget Authority	1,303,490	411,903
Outlays	108,000	34,128
Salaries and expenses (34–50–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	155,497	49,138
Outlays	129,867	41,037
Emergency management planning and assistance (34–50–0101–A):		
Budget Authority	327,133	103,374
Outlays	156,825	49,557
Office of the Inspector General (34–50–0300–A):		
Budget Authority	2,689	850
Outlays	2,474	782
Emergency food and shelter program (34–50–0103–A):		
Budget Authority	135,556	42,836
Outlays	135,556	42,836
National insurance development fund (34–50–4235–A):		
401(C) Authority	242	76
Outlays	242	76
Federal Labor Relations Authority		
Salaries and expenses (34–60–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	18,325	5,791
Outlays	15,632	4,940
Federal Maritime Commission		
Salaries and expenses (34–65–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	16,094	5,086
Outlays	14,372	4,542

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service		
Salaries and expenses (34–70–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	27,826	8,793
Outlays	24,851	7,853
Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission		
Salaries and expenses (34–75–2800–A):		
Budget Authority	4,223	1,334
Outlays	3,743	1,183
Federal Trade Commission		
Salaries and expenses (34–85–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	58,714	18,554
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	20,000	6,320
Outlays	76,366	24,132
Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission		
Salaries and expenses (34–90–0700–A):		
Budget Authority	29	9
Outlays	27	9
Harry S Truman Scholarship Foundation		
Harry S Truman memorial scholarship trust fund (35–10–8296–A):		
Obligation limitation	3,102	980
Outlays	3,058	966
Institute of American Indian and Alaska Native Culture and Arts Development		
Salaries and expenses (35–25–2900–A):		
Budget Authority	4,486	1,418
Outlays	4,486	1,418
Institute of Museum Services		
Institute of Museum Services (35–30–0300–A):		
Budget Authority	23,627	7,466
Outlays	6,192	1,957
Intelligence Community Staff		
Intelligence community staff (35–35–0400–A):		
Budget Authority	29,199	10,074
Outlays	19,563	6,749
Interagency Council on the Homeless		
Interagency Council on the Homeless (35–40–1300–A):		
Budget Authority	1,133	358
Outlays	1,020	322
International Cultural and Trade Center Commission		
International Cultural and Trade Center Commission: Salaries and expenses (35–50–1800–A):		
Budget Authority	1,122	355
Outlays	1,066	337
International Trade Commission		
Salaries and expenses (35–60–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	40,075	12,664
Outlays	36,522	11,541
Interstate Commerce Commission		
Salaries and expenses (35–70–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	46,338	14,643
Outlays	43,094	13,618
Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin		
Contribution to Interstate Commission on the Potomac Ri (35–80–0446–A):		
Budget Authority	308	97
Outlays	308	97

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Japan-United States Friendship Commission		
Japan-United States friendship trust fund (36–15–8025–A):		
Budget Authority	1,247	394
Outlays	1,247	394
Legal Services Corporation		
Payment to the Legal Services Corporation (36–50–0501–A):		
Budget Authority	329,820	104,223
Outlays	287,272	90,778
Marine Mammal Commission		
Salaries and expenses (36–70–2200–A):		
Budget Authority	1,000	316
Outlays	787	249
Martin Luther King, Jr. Federal Holiday Commission		
Salaries and expenses (36–75–0600–A):		
Budget Authority	313	99
Outlays	250	79
Merit Systems Protection Board		
Salaries and expenses (36–80–0100–A):		
Budget Authority	21,926	6,929
Outlays	20,350	6,431
National Archives and Records Administration		
Operating expenses (37–15–0300–A):		
Budget Authority	130,035	41,091
Outlays	100,297	31,694
National archives trust fund (37–15–8436–A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	11,181	3,533
Outlays	11,181	3,533
National Capital Planning Commission		
Salaries and expenses (37–20–2500–A):		
Budget Authority	3,218	1,017
Outlays	2,961	936
National Commission on American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian Housing		
Salries and Expenses (37–37–0030–A):		
Budget Authority	521	165
Outlays	52	16
National Commission on Libraries and Information Science		
Salaries and expenses (37–40–2700–A):		
Budget Authority	781	247
Outlays	625	198
White House conference on library and information services (37–40–2701–A):		
Budget Authority	3,358	1,061
Outlays	685	216
Nat Comm on Severely Distressed Housing		
Salaries and expenses (37–53–0020–A):		
Budget Authority	2,084	659
Outlays	208	66
National Commission to Prevent Infant Mortality		
National Commission to Prevent Infant Mortality (37–90–1500–A):		
Budget Authority	417	132
Outlays	417	132
National Council on Disability		
Salaries and expenses (38–05–3500–A):		
Budget Authority	1,600	506
Outlays	1,043	330

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
National Endowment for the Arts		
National Endowment for the Arts: Grants and administrat (38-25-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	177,061	55,951
Outlays	58,625	18,526
National Endowment for the Humanities		
National Endowment for the Humanities: Grants and admin (38-30-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	163,492	51,663
Outlays	74,399	23,510
National Institute of Building Sciences		
Payment to the National Institute of Building Sciences (38-35-3601-A):		
Budget Authority	513	162
Outlays	513	162
National Labor Relations Board		
Salaries and expenses (38-40-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	145,919	46,110
Outlays	135,266	42,744
National Mediation Board		
Salaries and expenses (38-45-2400-A):		
Budget Authority	6,649	2,101
Outlays	5,053	1,597
National Science Foundation		
Research and related activities (38-50-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	1,776,990	561,529
Outlays	889,308	281,021
Academic Research Facilities (38-50-0150-A):		
Budget Authority	20,517	6,483
Outlays	2,052	648
Office of the Inspector General (38-50-0300-A):		
Budget Authority	2,667	843
Outlays	2,534	801
U.S. Antarctic program activities (38-50-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	74,975	23,692
Outlays	37,113	11,728
U.S. Antarctic Logistical Support Activities (38-50-0202-A):		
Budget Authority	83,078	26,253
Outlays	41,123	12,995
Science and engineering education activities (38-50-0106-A):		
Budget Authority	212,844	67,259
Outlays	31,714	10,022
National Transportation Safety Board		
Salaries and expenses (38-60-0310-A):		
Budget Authority	28,362	8,962
Outlays	25,811	8,156
Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation		
Payment to the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (38-75-1300-A):		
Budget Authority	27,669	8,743
Outlays	27,669	8,743
Nuclear Regulatory Commission		
Salaries and expenses (38-85-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	455,829	144,042
Outlays	341,872	108,032
Office of the Inspector General (38-85-0300-A):		
Budget Authority	2,995	946
Outlays	2,216	700
Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board		
Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board: Salaries and Expe (38-95-0500-A):		
Budget Authority	2,051	648
Outlays	1,512	478

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission		
Salaries and expenses (39-10-2100-A):		
Budget Authority	6,257	1,977
Outlays	5,338	1,687
Office of Government Ethics		
Salaries and expenses (39-20-1100-A):		
Budget Authority	3,508	1,109
Outlays	3,371	1,065
Office of Navajo and Hopi Indian Relocation		
Salaries and expenses (39-21-1100-A):		
Budget Authority	37,950	11,992
Outlays	13,662	4,317
Office of Special Counsel		
Salaries and expenses (39-22-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	5,320	1,681
Outlays	4,947	1,563
Office of the Nuclear Waste Negotiator		
Salaries and expenses (39-25-0070-A):		
Budget Authority	2,051	648
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation		
Salaries and expenses (39-50-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	2,474	782
Outlays	2,003	633
Public development (39-50-0102-A):		
Budget Authority	3,282	1,037
Outlays	2,462	778
Land acquisition and development fund (39-50-4084-A):		
Budget Authority	104	33
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	3,000	948
Outlays	3,104	981
Postal Service, Payments to the Postal Service		
Payment to the Postal Service fund (39-60-1001-A):		
Budget Authority	472,469	149,300
Outlays	472,469	149,300
Payment to the Postal Service fund for nonfunded liabilities (39-60-1004-A):		
Budget Authority	37,955	11,994
Outlays	37,955	11,994
President's Comm on Catastrophic Nuclear Accidents		
Presidential Commission on Catastrophic Nuclear Accidents (39-75-2200-A):		
Budget Authority	375	118
Outlays	375	118
Railroad Retirement Board		
Rail Industry Pension Fund (40-10-8011-A):		
Obligation limitation	33,774	10,673
Outlays	33,774	10,673
Supplemental Annuity Pension Fund (40-10-8012-A):		
401(C) Authority	111,820	35,335
Obligation limitation	2,293	725
Outlays	56,886	17,976
Railroad social security equivalent benefit account (40-10-8010-A):		
Obligation limitation	32,753	10,350
Outlays	32,753	10,350
Securities and Exchange Commission		
Salaries and expenses (40-30-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	173,551	54,842
Outlays	146,303	46,232

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Selective Service System		
Salaries and expenses (40-45-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	26,944	9,296
Outlays	22,121	7,632
Smithsonian Institution		
Salaries and expenses (40-55-0100-A):		
Budget Authority	234,212	74,011
Outlays	207,347	65,522
Construction and improvements, National Zoological Park (40-55-0129-A):		
Budget Authority	6,694	2,115
Outlays	3,012	952
Repair and restoration of buildings (40-55-0132-A):		
Budget Authority	27,581	8,716
Outlays	11,032	3,486
Construction (40-55-0133-A):		
Budget Authority	8,671	2,740
Outlays	3,468	1,096
Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art (40-55-0200-A):		
Budget Authority	41,829	13,218
Outlays	36,475	11,526
Repair, restoration and renovation of buildings (40-55-0201-A):		
Budget Authority	1,869	591
Outlays	198	63
Salaries and expenses, Woodrow Wilson International Center (40-55-0400-A):		
Budget Authority	4,809	1,520
Outlays	2,981	942
Endowment challenge fund (40-55-8188-A):		
401(C) Authority	270	85
Outlays	270	85
Canal Zone biological area fund (40-55-8190-A):		
401(C) Authority	150	47
Outlays	135	43
State Justice Institute		
State Justice Institute (40-65-0052-A):		
Budget Authority	12,385	3,914
Outlays	3,090	976
Susquehanna River Basin Commission		
Salaries and expenses (40-70-0500-A):		
Budget Authority	206	65
Outlays	194	61
Contribution to Susquehanna River Basin Commission (40-70-0501-A):		
Budget Authority	283	89
Outlays	283	89
Tennessee Valley Authority		
Tennessee Valley Authority fund (40-80-4110-A):		
Budget Authority	124,257	39,265
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	58,954	18,629
Obligation limitation	60,454	19,103
Outlays	89,520	28,288
United States Holocaust Memorial Council		
Holocaust Memorial Council (41-05-3300-A):		
Budget Authority	2,393	756
Outlays	1,893	598
United States Information Agency		
Salaries and expenses (41-10-0201-A):		
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	7,834	2,476
Outlays	7,834	2,476
Salaries and expenses (41-10-0201-A):		
Budget Authority	661,409	209,005
Outlays	549,638	173,686

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Office of the Inspector General (41–10–0300–A):		
Budget Authority	3,800	1,201
Outlays	3,040	961
Educational and cultural exchange program (41–10–0209–A):		
Budget Authority	164,765	52,066
Outlays	84,030	26,553
National Endowment for Democracy (41–10–0210–A):		
Budget Authority	17,475	5,522
Outlays	8,291	2,620
Radio broadcasting to Cuba (41–10–0208–A):		
Budget Authority	13,059	4,127
Outlays	10,186	3,219
East West Center (41–10–0202–A):		
Budget Authority	21,288	6,727
Outlays	21,288	6,727
Radio construction (41–10–0204–A):		
Budget Authority	87,587	27,677
Outlays	16,642	5,259
United States Institute of Peace		
Operating expenses (41–15–1300–A):		
Budget Authority	7,866	2,486
Outlays	7,866	2,486

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
United States Sentencing Commission		
Salaries and expenses (41–30–0938–A):		
Budget Authority	7,442	2,352
Outlays	6,849	2,164
Total, Other Independent Agencies:		
Budget Authority	10,018,879	3,167,804
401(C) Authority	435,181	137,516
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	100,979	31,909
Obligation limitation	157,179	49,669
Direct Loan Limitation	638,100	201,640
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	10,619,400	3,355,730
Unobligated Balances—		
Defense	252	87
Outlays	6,554,326	2,072,586
Allowances		
G-R-H aggregate spendout rate requirement (51–05–6070–A):		
Outlays	70,000	22,120
Total, Allowances:		
Outlays	70,000	22,120
Total Government:		
Budget Authority	418,177,042	138,880,100
Budget Authority—ASI	68,782	68,782

G-R-H Sequester Amounts—Continued
(In thousands of dollars)

Account Title	Sequester Base	Sequester Amount
Budget Authority—Spec. Rules	257,788	257,788
401(C) Authority	35,546,101	11,233,187
401(C) Authority—Off. Coll.	3,566,951	1,127,160
401(C) Authority—ASI	5,400	5,400
401(C) Authority—Spec. Rules	45,140	45,140
Obligation limitation	26,520,911	8,380,610
Obligat. limit.—Spec. Rules	1,598,000	1,598,000
Direct Loan Limitation	20,971,578	6,627,018
Direct Loan Floor	2,054,220	649,134
Guaranteed Loan Limitation	189,408,014	59,852,931
Unobligated Balances— Defense	39,295,199	13,556,844
Outlays	248,544,318	83,344,205

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federal register

Tuesday
October 16, 1990

Part V

The President

Final Order of October 15, 1990: Emergency Deficit Control Measures for Fiscal Year 1991

Budget Message

Federal Register
Vol. 55, No. 200
Tuesday, October 16, 1990

Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

Final Order of October 15, 1990

Emergency Deficit Control Measures for Fiscal Year 1991

By the authority vested in me as President by the statutes of the United States of America, including section 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99–177), as amended by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Reaffirmation Act of 1987 (Public Law 100–119) (hereafter referred to as "the Act"), I hereby order that the following actions shall be taken to implement the sequestrations and reductions determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget as set forth in his report dated October 15, 1990, under section 251 of the Act:

(1) Each automatic spending increase that would, but for the provisions of the Act, take effect during fiscal year 1991 is permanently sequestered or reduced as provided in section 252.

(2) The following are sequestered as provided in section 252: new budget authority; unobligated balances; new loan guarantee commitments or limitations; new direct loan obligations, commitments, or limitations; spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, as amended; and obligation limitations.

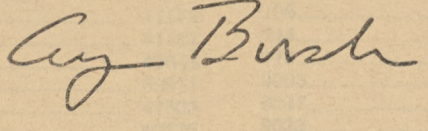
(3) For accounts making payments otherwise required by substantive law, the head of each Department or agency is directed to modify the calculation of each such payment to the extent necessary to reduce the estimate of total required payments for the fiscal year by the amount specified by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget in his report of October 15, 1990.

(4) For accounts making commitments for guaranteed loans as authorized by substantive law, the head of each Department or agency is directed to reduce the level of such commitments or obligations to the extent necessary to conform to the limitations established by the Act and specified by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget in his report of October 15, 1990.

All reductions and sequestrations shall be made in strict accordance with the specifications of the October 15th report of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the requirements of section 252(b).

This order supersedes the Initial Order issued on August 25, 1990.

This order shall be published in the Federal Register.



THE WHITE HOUSE,
October 15, 1990.

[FR Doc. 90–24612
Filed 10–15–90; 1:21 pm]
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Reader Aids

Federal Register

Vol. 55, No. 200

Tuesday, October 16, 1990

INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE

Federal Register

Index, finding aids & general information	523-5227
Public inspection desk	523-5215
Corrections to published documents	523-5237
Document drafting information	523-5237
Machine readable documents	523-3447

Code of Federal Regulations

Index, finding aids & general information	523-5227
Printing schedules	523-3419

Laws

Public Laws Update Service (numbers, dates, etc.)	523-6641
Additional information	523-5230

Presidential Documents

Executive orders and proclamations	523-5230
Public Papers of the Presidents	523-5230
Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents	523-5230

The United States Government Manual

General information	523-5230

Other Services

Data base and machine readable specifications	523-3408
Guide to Record Retention Requirements	523-3187
Legal staff	523-4534
Library	523-5240
Privacy Act Compilation	523-3187
Public Laws Update Service (PLUS)	523-6641
TDD for the hearing impaired	523-5229

FEDERAL REGISTER PAGES AND DATES, OCTOBER

39911-40150.....1
40151-40374.....2
40375-40644.....3
40645-40786.....4
40787-41050.....5
41051-41176.....9
41177-41328.....10
41329-41484.....11
41485-41656.....12
41657-41822.....15
41823-41978.....16

CFR PARTS AFFECTED DURING OCTOBER

At the end of each month, the Office of the Federal Register publishes separately a List of CFR Sections Affected (LSA), which lists parts and sections affected by documents published since the revision date of each title.

3 CFR

Proclamations:
6188.....40365
6189.....40367
6190.....40369
6191.....40371
6192.....40785
6193.....41041
6194.....41043
6195.....41045
6196.....41329
6197.....41331
6198.....41485
6199.....41651
6200.....41657
6201.....41819
6202.....41821
6203.....41921
6204.....41923
6205.....41925

Executive Orders:
12002 (See EO 12730).....40373
12131 (See EO 12730).....40373
12214 (See EO 12730).....40373
12730.....40373

Administrative Orders:
Orders:
October 15, 1990

5 CFR

550.....41177
841.....41178
870.....41178
871.....41178
872.....41178
873.....41178
890.....41178
1204.....39911
1205.....39911
1631.....41051

Proposed Rules:
2412.....40188

7 CFR

1.....41179
6.....41487
29.....40645
58.....39911
210.....41502
301.....40375
354.....41057
401.....40787
415.....40788
723.....39913
724.....39913
725.....39913
726.....39913
910.....40789, 41661
948.....41179
955.....41823
958.....41663
981.....41824
1030.....41333
1079.....41181, 41504
1106.....41827
1137.....41060
1530.....41487
Ch. XVI.....41170
Ch. XVII.....41170
1765.....41170
1924.....41828
1933.....41828
1944.....40376, 41828
1950.....40645

Proposed Rules:
47.....41094
401.....40841
433.....40842
800.....40136
966.....41195
984.....41694
1046.....40670
1930.....39982
1944.....39982

9 CFR

77.....40995
78.....41505
97.....41057
151.....40260
202.....41183

10 CFR

55.....41334
420.....41322
440.....41322
455.....41322
465.....41322

Proposed Rules:
13.....40997
50.....41095

11 CFR

100.....40376
102.....40377
104.....40376, 40377
106.....40377
114.....40376
116.....40376
9003.....40377
9007.....40377
9033.....40377
9035.....40377
9038.....40377

Proposed Rules:
109.....40397
110.....41100
114.....40397

12 CFR

3.....41171

210.....40791
265.....41184
327.....40814
613.....41309
614.....41309
615.....41309
616.....41309
618.....41309
619.....41309
1400.....41185

Proposed Rules:
3.....40843
211.....40190
265.....40190

13 CFR
107.....40356
120.....40151

Proposed Rules:
121.....40847

14 CFR
13.....41415
25.....41415, 41785
39.....39954–39957, 40152, 40159, 40817, 40819, 41185, 41186, 41309, 41335, 41336, 41507–41515, 41849–41851
61.....40262, 41415
63.....40262
65.....40262
71.....40160, 40378, 40821, 40823, 41852–41855
91.....40360, 40758
93.....40758
108.....40262
121.....40262
135.....40262

Proposed Rules:
Ch. I.....40191, 41200, 41862
21.....40851
23.....40598, 40755, 40851
27.....41000
29.....41000
39.....40191–40198, 40853, 40855, 41196–41198, 41341–41345, 41862
71.....40041, 40200, 40398, 41544, 41785

15 CFR
2011.....40646
2013.....40646
770.....40823, 40825
771.....40825, 40827
774.....40825
778.....40825
779.....40825
785.....40825
786.....40825
787.....40825
791.....40825
799.....40825

16 CFR
305.....40161

Proposed Rules:
1700.....40856

17 CFR
3.....41061
171.....41061
200.....41188
239.....40162

Proposed Rules:
270.....41100

18 CFR
284.....40828

19 CFR
Ch. I.....40162, 41785
201.....40378

20 CFR

Proposed Rules:
401.....41200

21 CFR
333.....40379
341.....40381
448.....40379
522.....40653

Proposed Rules:
101.....41106
155.....41346
356.....41170

24 CFR
200.....41016
201.....40168
203.....40168, 40830, 41016
221.....41016
222.....41016
226.....41016
234.....40168, 41016
235.....41016
251.....41312
252.....41312
255.....41312
888.....40044

Proposed Rules:
200.....40399

25 CFR
61.....41516

26 CFR
1.....41310, 41664, 41665
43.....41519
47.....41519
602.....41665

Proposed Rules:
1.....40401, 40402, 40870, 40875, 41310, 41695
43.....41545, 41546

28 CFR
0.....40654
551.....40354

29 CFR
510.....39958
2610.....41686
2619.....41688
2622.....41686
2644.....41689
2676.....41689

Proposed Rules:
29.....41348
1910.....40676
1926.....40676

30 CFR

Proposed Rules:
7.....40124
18.....40124
57.....40124
75.....40124
800.....40996
904.....40677, 41864
946.....40678

31 CFR
317.....39959
321.....39959
535.....40830

Proposed Rules:
103.....41696

32 CFR
775.....39960

Proposed Rules:
199.....41107
811.....41348

33 CFR
100.....39961, 41075, 41076
110.....40383
117.....39962–39964
165.....39965, 39966, 40169, 40383, 41076, 41078, 41690
334.....41522

Proposed Rules:
100.....41108
110.....39985, 41109
117.....41110
165.....39986, 41110
325.....41354

34 CFR
682.....40120

Proposed Rules:
200.....41112
668.....40148

36 CFR
79.....41639

Proposed Rules:
7.....40679
217.....41357

38 CFR
17.....40169
21.....40170
36.....40654

Proposed Rules:
36.....40682

39 CFR
111.....40657

Proposed Rules:
111.....40560

40 CFR
52.....40658, 40831, 40996, 41523, 41691
60.....40170
61.....40834
248.....40384
249.....40384
250.....40384
252.....40384
253.....40384
261.....40834

Proposed Rules:
51.....41546
52.....40201, 40202, 40403, 40687, 40875, 41204, 41553
60.....40879
141.....40205
144.....40404
145.....40404
146.....40404
147.....40404
148.....40404
180.....40206
185.....40206
186.....40206
260.....40206, 40881
261.....40206, 40881
262.....40206, 40881
263.....40881
264.....40206, 40881
265.....40206, 40881
266.....40881
268.....40881
270.....40206, 40881
271.....40206, 40881

41 CFR
Ch. 101, Apps. A and B.....41525
101–47.....41189
301–1.....41525
301–3.....41525
301–7.....41525
301–8.....41525
301–11.....41525
301–12.....41525
301–14.....41525
302–1.....41525
302–2.....41525
302–5.....41525
302–6.....41525

Proposed Rules:
50–202.....41555

42 CFR

Proposed Rules:
57.....41865
60.....40140

43 CFR

Public Land Orders:
6786.....40996
6803.....41189
6804.....41855

Proposed Rules:
426.....40687

44 CFR
64.....41079
65.....41082, 41083
67.....41084

Proposed Rules:
67.....41113

45 CFR

Proposed Rules:
1180.....41360

46 CFR
16.....40178
25.....39967
38.....41916
50.....39968
54.....41916
56.....39968
61.....39968
64.....40755
91.....40260
98.....40755, 41916
151.....41916
580.....40996
581.....40966

Proposed Rules:
580.....40996
581.....40996

47 CFR
73.....39969, 39970, 40390, 40391, 40837, 40839, 41086–

41088, 41337, 41338, 41692, 41693
80.....40179
Proposed Rules:
1.....41117
2.....40888
73.....41361, 41704, 41705
97.....40688

48 CFR

52.....40392
53.....39970
219.....39970
237.....39970
247.....39970
252.....39970
503.....39972
504.....39972
505.....39972
515.....39972
552.....39972
701.....39975
734.....39975
737.....39975
752.....39975
970.....41538
Proposed Rules:
9.....41434
27.....41788
52.....41788
752.....41238
950.....40210
952.....40210
970.....40210
1515.....40689
1552.....40689

49 CFR

1.....40661
27.....40762
37.....40762
106.....39977
107.....39977
171.....39977
172.....39977
173.....39977
175.....39977
177.....39977
178.....39977
179.....39977
387.....40633
571.....41190
594.....40634
665.....41174
835.....41540
1039.....41338
Proposed Rules:
387.....40691
391.....41028
394.....41705
544.....41241
552.....41117
571.....40404, 41309, 41556, 41561
1201.....40890

50 CFR

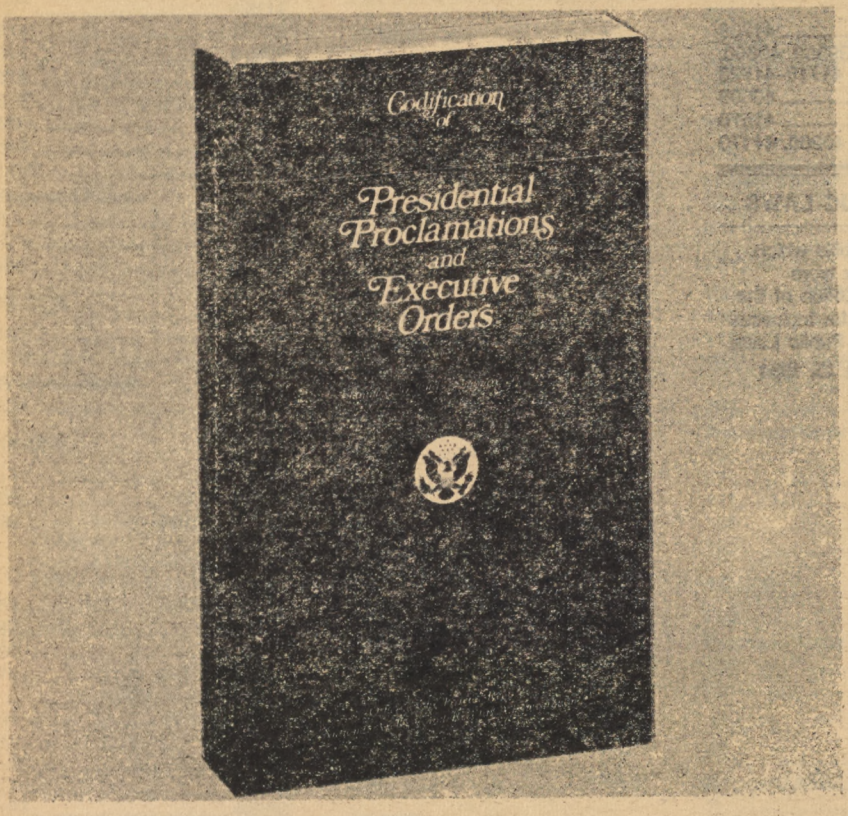
20.....40392, 41644
217.....40839
227.....41088, 41092
264.....41856
646.....40181, 40394
652.....40840
656.....40181
661.....40677, 40668, 41542
663.....41192
672.....40185, 40186, 41191, 41339
675.....41191, 41543
Proposed Rules:
14.....41708
17.....39988, 39989, 40890, 41244–41248, 41718–41725
216.....40693
611.....41570
646.....40260, 41170

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Note: No public bills which have become law were received by the Office of the Federal Register for inclusion in today's List of Public Laws.

Last List October 15, 1990

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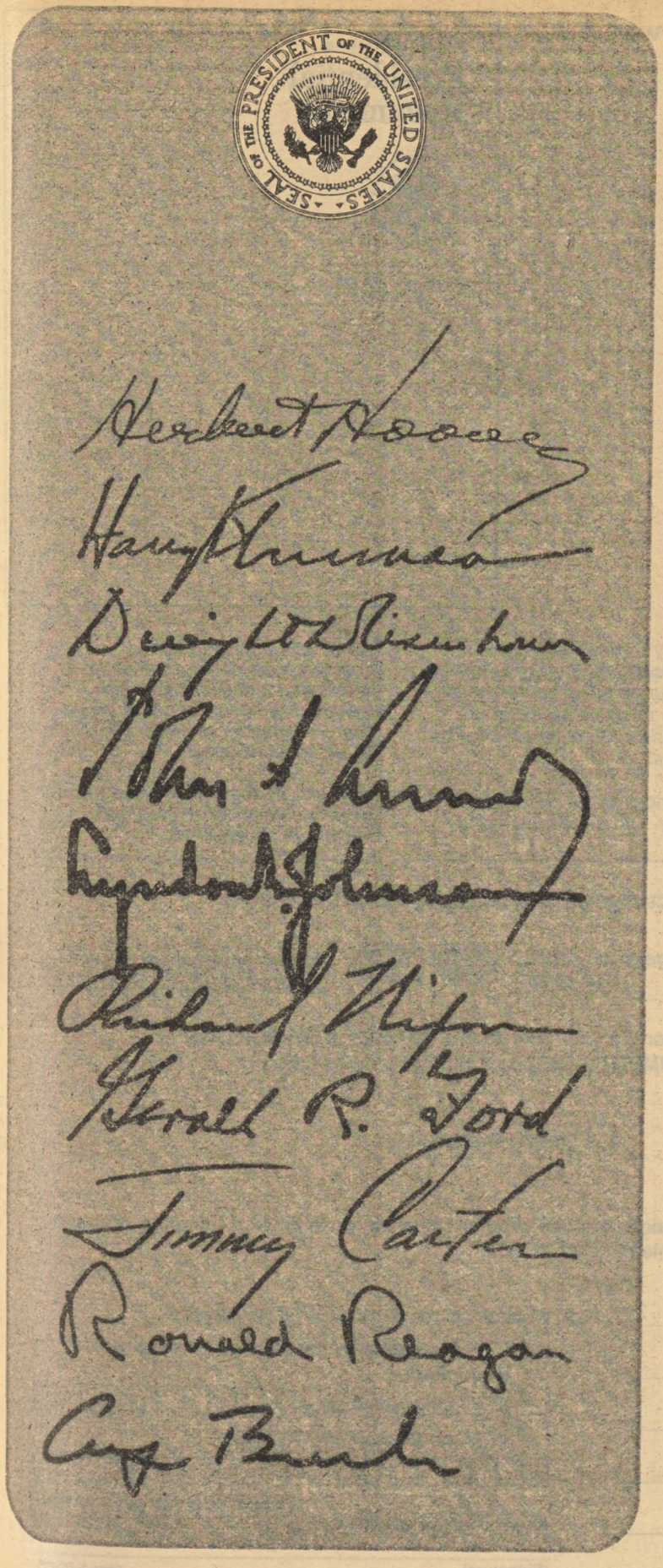
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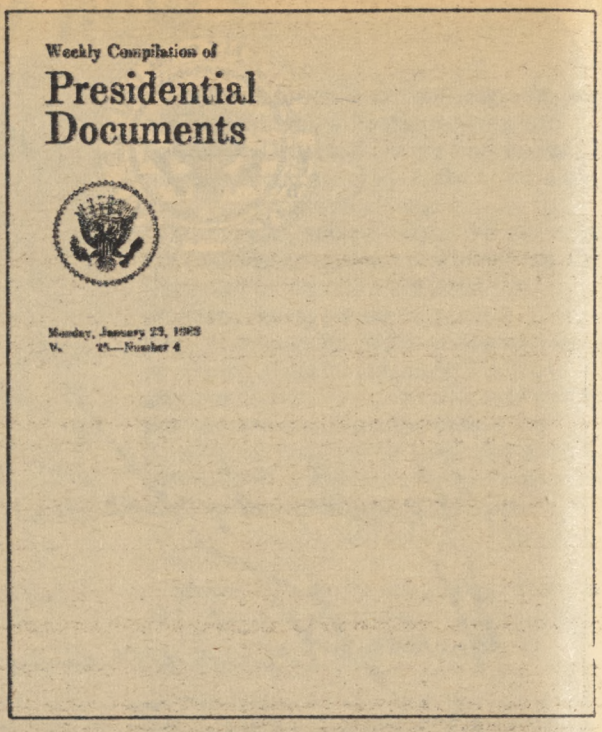
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